

## 6.SinglechannelKerasCGAN

April 12, 2024

```
[1]: %pwd
```

```
[1]: 'D:\\Desktop\\Deep Learning\\GAN for Face expression Classification\\Research'
```

```
[2]: import os
```

```
[3]: os.chdir("../")
```

```
[4]: %pwd
```

```
[4]: 'D:\\Desktop\\Deep Learning\\GAN for Face expression Classification'
```

```
[5]: import logging
from pathlib import Path
logging.basicConfig(
    # filename='extract_data.log',
    level=logging.INFO,
    format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s',
    datefmt='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'
)
```

```
[6]: import os
import shutil
from pathlib import Path
from PIL import Image
import logging

class CopyAndAugmentBalancedDataset:
    def __init__(self, source_directory, copy_directory, target_size=(256,
↪256)):
        self.source_directory = source_directory
        self.copy_directory = copy_directory
        self.target_size = target_size
        self.class_indices = self._get_class_indices()
        self.min_count = min(len(files) for files in self.class_indices.
↪values())
        self._log_class_info()
```

```

def _get_class_indices(self):
    """Scan the source directory and map each class to its images."""
    class_indices = {}
    for class_name in os.listdir(self.source_directory):
        class_path = Path(self.source_directory) / class_name
        if class_path.is_dir():
            class_indices[class_name] = [os.path.join(class_path, fname)
↪for fname in os.listdir(class_path)]
    return class_indices

def _log_class_info(self):
    """Log information about the classes and their image counts."""
    logging.info(f"Number of unique classes: {len(self.class_indices)}")
    for class_name, files in self.class_indices.items():
        logging.info(f"Count of images in {class_name}: {len(files)}")
    logging.info(f"Minimum frequency among classes: {self.min_count}")

def _augment_and_copy_image(self, source_path, target_path):
    """Resize image and save to target path."""
    try:
        with Image.open(source_path) as img:
            # Update from Image.ANTIALIAS to Image.Resampling.LANCZOS
            img_resized = img.resize(self.target_size, Image.Resampling.
↪LANCZOS)
            img_resized.save(target_path)
            logging.debug(f"Image {source_path} resized and copied to
↪{target_path}")
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Error processing image {source_path}: {e}")

def copy_and_augment_balanced_dataset(self):
    """Copy and augment a balanced dataset to the copy directory."""
    logging.info("Starting to copy and augment the dataset...")
    for class_name, files in self.class_indices.items():
        copy_path = Path(self.copy_directory) / class_name
        copy_path.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
        selected_files = files[:self.min_count]
        for file_path in selected_files:
            target_file_path = copy_path / Path(file_path).name
            self._augment_and_copy_image(file_path, target_file_path)
        logging.info(f"Augmented balanced dataset copied to {self.
↪copy_directory}")

```

```

[7]: source_directory = Path(os.getcwd()) / "Dataset/images" / "train"
    copy_directory = Path(os.getcwd()) / "Dataset/images" / "Balanced_train"

```

```
augmented_dataset_copier = CopyAndAugmentBalancedDataset(source_directory,
↳copy_directory, target_size=(256, 256))
augmented_dataset_copier.copy_and_augment_balanced_dataset()
```

```
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Number of unique classes: 7
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in angry: 3993
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in disgust: 436
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in fear: 4103
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in happy: 7164
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in neutral: 4982
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in sad: 4938
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Count of images in surprise: 3205
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Minimum frequency among classes: 436
2024-04-11 23:42:20 - INFO - Starting to copy and augment the dataset...
2024-04-11 23:42:23 - INFO - Augmented balanced dataset copied to
D:\Desktop\Deep Learning\GAN for Face expression
Classification\Dataset\images\Balanced_train
```

```
[8]: import torch

if torch.cuda.is_available():
    print("CUDA is available! You can use GPU for accelerated computations.")
else:
    print("CUDA is not available. You can use CPU for computations.")
```

CUDA is not available. You can use CPU for computations.

```
[38]: #Parameters

# Root directory for dataset
dataroot = Path(os.getcwd()) / "Dataset/images" / "Balanced_train"

# Number of workers for dataloader
workers = 3

# Batch size during training
batch_size = 128

# Spatial size of training images. All images will be resized to this size,
↳using a transformer.
image_size = 28

# Number of channels in the training images. For color images this is 3
num_channels = 1

# Size of z latent vector (i.e. size of generator input)
nz = 100
```

```

# Size of feature maps in generator
ngf = 64

# Size of feature maps in discriminator
ndf = 64

# Number of training epochs
num_epochs = 10

# Learning rate for optimizers
lr = 0.0002

# Beta1 hyperparameter for Adam optimizers
beta1 = 0.5

# Number of GPUs available. Use 0 for CPU mode.
ngpu = 1

# Number of classes (for example)
num_classes = 7

```

```

[39]: import torchvision.transforms as transforms
import torchvision.datasets as dset
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import torchvision.utils as vutils

```

```

[40]: #Preparing the dataset and applying transformations to the images in the dataset
transform = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Resize(image_size),
    transforms.CenterCrop(image_size),
    transforms.Grayscale(num_output_channels=1), # Convert to grayscale
    transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Normalize((0.5,), (0.5,)) # Normalize with single mean and std,
    ↪for grayscale
])
dataset = dset.ImageFolder(root=dataroot, transform=transform)

```

```

[41]: #Actually loading the data
dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=batch_size,
                                         shuffle=True, num_workers=workers)

```

```

[42]: # Deciding which device we want to run on
device = torch.device("cuda:0" if (torch.cuda.is_available() and ngpu > 0) else ↪
    ↪"cpu")
device

```

```
[42]: device(type='cpu')
```

```
[43]: # Plot some training images
real_batch = next(iter(dataloader))
plt.figure(figsize=(16,16))
plt.axis("off")
plt.title("Training Images")
plt.imshow(np.transpose(vutils.make_grid(real_batch[0].to(device)[:64], ↵
    ↪padding=2, normalize=True).cpu(),(1,2,0)))
plt.show()
```



## 1 Imports

```
[44]: import keras

from keras import layers
from keras import ops
from tensorflow_docs.vis import embed
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import imageio
```

## 2 Constants and hyperparameters

```
[45]: batch_size = batch_size
num_channels = num_channels
num_classes = num_classes
image_size = image_size
latent_dim = 128
```

## 3 Loading the Custom dataset and preprocessing it

```
[46]: import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf

# Assuming you already have your PyTorch dataset defined as 'dataset'

# Separate images and labels
X = []
y = []
for img, label in dataset:
    X.append(img.numpy()) # Convert PyTorch tensor to NumPy array
    y.append(label) # Append label directly without converting to NumPy array

# Concatenate the lists of arrays to create 'all_digits' and 'all_labels'
all_digits = np.concatenate(X, axis=0)
all_labels = np.array(y) # Convert list to NumPy array

# Scale the pixel values to [0, 1] range, add a channel dimension to the images,
# and one-hot encode the labels.
all_digits = all_digits.astype("float32") / 255.0
all_digits = np.reshape(all_digits, (-1, image_size, image_size, num_channels))
all_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(all_labels, num_classes)

# Create TensorFlow Dataset from 'all_digits' and 'all_labels'
tf_dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((all_digits, all_labels))
dataset = tf_dataset.shuffle(buffer_size=len(all_digits)).batch(batch_size)
```

```

logging.info(f"Shape of training images: {all_digits.shape}")
logging.info(f"Shape of training labels: {all_labels.shape}")

# Print dataset size
logging.info(f"Number of samples: {len(all_digits)}")

# Print shapes of TensorFlow dataset
for img, label in dataset.take(1): # Take a single batch for printing shapes
    logging.info(f"Shape of images: {img.shape}")
    logging.info(f"Shape of labels: {label.shape}")

```

```

2024-04-12 00:11:33 - INFO - Shape of training images: (3052, 28, 28, 1)
2024-04-12 00:11:33 - INFO - Shape of training labels: (3052, 7)
2024-04-12 00:11:33 - INFO - Number of samples: 3052
2024-04-12 00:11:33 - INFO - Shape of images: (128, 28, 28, 1)
2024-04-12 00:11:33 - INFO - Shape of labels: (128, 7)

```

[https://keras.io/examples/generative/conditional\\_gan/](https://keras.io/examples/generative/conditional_gan/)

## 4 Calculating the number of input channel for the generator and discriminator

In a regular (unconditional) GAN, we start by sampling noise (of some fixed dimension) from a normal distribution. In our case, we also need to account for the class labels. We will have to add the number of classes to the input channels of the generator (noise input) as well as the discriminator (generated image input).

```

[47]: generator_in_channels = latent_dim + num_classes
      discriminator_in_channels = num_channels + num_classes
      logging.info(f"generator_in_channels are {generator_in_channels} ,
      ↪discriminator_in_channels are {discriminator_in_channels}")

```

```

2024-04-12 00:11:33 - INFO - generator_in_channels are 135 ,
discriminator_in_channels are 8

```

## 5 Creating the discriminator and generator

```

[48]: num_channels

```

```

[48]: 1

```

```

[49]: image_size

```

```

[49]: 28

```

```
[50]: import tensorflow.keras as keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers

# New image dimension
image_size = image_size

# Create the discriminator.
discriminator = keras.Sequential(
    [
        keras.layers.InputLayer((image_size, image_size,
↳discriminator_in_channels)),
        layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), strides=(2, 2), padding="same"),
        layers.LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.2),
        layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), strides=(2, 2), padding="same"),
        layers.LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.2),
        layers.GlobalMaxPooling2D(),
        layers.Dense(1),
    ],
    name="discriminator",
)

generatorimage_size = int(image_size/4)
# Create the generator.
generator = keras.Sequential(
    [
        keras.layers.InputLayer((generator_in_channels,)),
        layers.Dense(generatorimage_size * generatorimage_size *
↳generator_in_channels),
        layers.LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2),
        layers.Reshape((generatorimage_size, generatorimage_size,
↳generator_in_channels)),
        layers.Conv2DTranspose(128, (4, 4), strides=(2, 2), padding="same"),
        layers.LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2),
        layers.Conv2DTranspose(64, (4, 4), strides=(2, 2), padding="same"),
        layers.LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2),
        layers.Conv2D(num_channels, (7, 7), padding="same", activation="tanh"),
↳ # Output 3 channels for RGB
    ],
    name="generator",
)
```

D:\Desktop\Deep Learning\GAN for Face expression Classification\venv\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\layers\activations\leaky\_relu.py:41: UserWarning: Argument `alpha` is deprecated. Use `negative\_slope` instead.  
 warnings.warn(



```
[51]: discriminator.summary()
```

Model: "discriminator"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	4,672
leaky_re_lu_10 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 128)	73,856
leaky_re_lu_11 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 7, 7, 128)	0
global_max_pooling2d_2 (GlobalMaxPooling2D)	(None, 128)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129

Total params: 78,657 (307.25 KB)

Trainable params: 78,657 (307.25 KB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

```
[52]: generator.summary()
```

Model: "generator"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 6615)	899,640
leaky_re_lu_12 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 6615)	0
reshape_2 (Reshape)	(None, 7, 7, 135)	0
conv2d_transpose_4 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 14, 14, 128)	276,608
leaky_re_lu_13 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 14, 14, 128)	0

conv2d_transpose_5 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	131,136
leaky_re_lu_14 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	0
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 1)	3,137

Total params: 1,310,521 (5.00 MB)

Trainable params: 1,310,521 (5.00 MB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

## 6 Creating a ConditionalGAN model

```
[53]: class ConditionalGAN(keras.Model):
    def __init__(self, discriminator, generator, latent_dim):
        super().__init__()
        self.discriminator = discriminator
        self.generator = generator
        self.latent_dim = latent_dim
        self.seed_generator = keras.random.SeedGenerator(1337)
        self.gen_loss_tracker = keras.metrics.Mean(name="generator_loss")
        self.disc_loss_tracker = keras.metrics.Mean(name="discriminator_loss")

    @property
    def metrics(self):
        return [self.gen_loss_tracker, self.disc_loss_tracker]

    def compile(self, d_optimizer, g_optimizer, loss_fn):
        super().compile()
        self.d_optimizer = d_optimizer
        self.g_optimizer = g_optimizer
        self.loss_fn = loss_fn

    def train_step(self, data):
        # Unpack the data.
        real_images, one_hot_labels = data

        logging.info(f"Real Images shape: {real_images.shape}")
        logging.info(f"One-hot Labels shape: {one_hot_labels.shape}")
```

```

        # Add dummy dimensions to the labels so that they can be concatenated
        ↪with
        # the images. This is for the discriminator.
        logging.info(f"image shape: {image_size}")
        image_one_hot_labels = one_hot_labels[:, :, None, None]
        image_one_hot_labels = ops.repeat(
            image_one_hot_labels, repeats=[image_size * image_size]
        )
        logging.info(f"num_classes: {num_classes}")
        image_one_hot_labels = ops.reshape(
            image_one_hot_labels, (-1, image_size, image_size, num_classes)
        )

        # Sample random points in the latent space and concatenate the labels.
        # This is for the generator.
        batch_size = ops.shape(real_images)[0]
        random_latent_vectors = keras.random.normal(
            shape=(batch_size, self.latent_dim), seed=self.seed_generator
        )
        random_vector_labels = ops.concatenate(
            [random_latent_vectors, one_hot_labels], axis=1
        )

        # Decode the noise (guided by labels) to fake images.
        generated_images = self.generator(random_vector_labels)

        logging.info(f"Generated Images shape: {generated_images.shape}")

        # Combine them with real images. Note that we are concatenating the
        ↪labels
        # with these images here.
        fake_image_and_labels = ops.concatenate(
            [generated_images, image_one_hot_labels], -1
        )
        real_image_and_labels = ops.concatenate([real_images,
        ↪image_one_hot_labels], -1)
        combined_images = ops.concatenate(
            [fake_image_and_labels, real_image_and_labels], axis=0
        )

        # Assemble labels discriminating real from fake images.
        labels = ops.concatenate(
            [ops.ones((batch_size, 1)), ops.zeros((batch_size, 1))], axis=0
        )

        # Train the discriminator.
        with tf.GradientTape() as tape:

```

```

        predictions = self.discriminator(combined_images)
        d_loss = self.loss_fn(labels, predictions)
        grads = tape.gradient(d_loss, self.discriminator.trainable_weights)
        self.d_optimizer.apply_gradients(
            zip(grads, self.discriminator.trainable_weights)
        )

        # Sample random points in the latent space.
        random_latent_vectors = keras.random.normal(
            shape=(batch_size, self.latent_dim), seed=self.seed_generator
        )
        random_vector_labels = ops.concatenate(
            [random_latent_vectors, one_hot_labels], axis=1
        )

        # Assemble labels that say "all real images".
        misleading_labels = ops.zeros((batch_size, 1))

        # Train the generator (note that we should *not* update the weights
# of the discriminator)!
        with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
            fake_images = self.generator(random_vector_labels)
            fake_image_and_labels = ops.concatenate(
                [fake_images, image_one_hot_labels], -1
            )
            predictions = self.discriminator(fake_image_and_labels)
            g_loss = self.loss_fn(misleading_labels, predictions)
            grads = tape.gradient(g_loss, self.generator.trainable_weights)
            self.g_optimizer.apply_gradients(zip(grads, self.generator.
↪ trainable_weights))

        # Monitor loss.
        self.gen_loss_tracker.update_state(g_loss)
        self.disc_loss_tracker.update_state(d_loss)

        logging.info(f"Generator Loss: {self.gen_loss_tracker.result()}")
        logging.info(f"Discriminator Loss: {self.disc_loss_tracker.result()}")

        return {
            "g_loss": self.gen_loss_tracker.result(),
            "d_loss": self.disc_loss_tracker.result(),
        }

```

## 7 Training the Conditional GAN

```
[ ]: cond_gan = ConditionalGAN(
    discriminator=discriminator, generator=generator, latent_dim=latent_dim
)
cond_gan.compile(
    d_optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.0003),
    g_optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.0003),
    loss_fn=keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
)

# Fit the model and capture the loss history
history = cond_gan.fit(dataset, epochs=100)
```

Epoch 1/100

```
2024-04-12 00:13:06 - INFO - Real Images shape: (None, 28, 28, 1)
2024-04-12 00:13:06 - INFO - One-hot Labels shape: (None, 7)
2024-04-12 00:13:06 - INFO - image shape: 28
2024-04-12 00:13:06 - INFO - num_classes: 7
2024-04-12 00:13:06 - INFO - Generated Images shape: (None, 28, 28, 1)
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - Generator Loss: Tensor("div_no_nan:0", shape=(),
dtype=float32)
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - Discriminator Loss: Tensor("div_no_nan_1:0",
shape=(), dtype=float32)
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - Real Images shape: (None, 28, 28, 1)
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - One-hot Labels shape: (None, 7)
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - image shape: 28
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - num_classes: 7
2024-04-12 00:13:08 - INFO - Generated Images shape: (None, 28, 28, 1)
2024-04-12 00:13:09 - INFO - Generator Loss: Tensor("div_no_nan:0", shape=(),
dtype=float32)
2024-04-12 00:13:09 - INFO - Discriminator Loss: Tensor("div_no_nan_1:0",
shape=(), dtype=float32)
```

```
24/24          9s 242ms/step -
d_loss: 0.6932 - g_loss: 0.6947 - discriminator_loss: 0.6932 - generator_loss:
0.6933
```

Epoch 2/100

```
24/24          6s 238ms/step -
d_loss: 0.6929 - g_loss: 0.6963 - discriminator_loss: 0.6933 - generator_loss:
0.6941
```

Epoch 3/100

```
24/24          6s 237ms/step -
d_loss: 0.6928 - g_loss: 0.6946 - discriminator_loss: 0.6935 - generator_loss:
0.6933
```

Epoch 4/100

```
24/24          6s 239ms/step -
d_loss: 0.6931 - g_loss: 0.6938 - discriminator_loss: 0.6931 - generator_loss:
```

0.6936  
Epoch 5/100  
24/24                    6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6934 - g\_loss: 0.6936 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6931 - generator\_loss:  
0.6941  
Epoch 6/100  
24/24                    6s 246ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6936 - g\_loss: 0.6936 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6931 - generator\_loss:  
0.6944  
Epoch 7/100  
24/24                    6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6946 - g\_loss: 0.6922 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6941 - generator\_loss:  
0.6926  
Epoch 8/100  
24/24                    6s 242ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6935 - g\_loss: 0.6934 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6935 - generator\_loss:  
0.6939  
Epoch 9/100  
24/24                    6s 242ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6936 - g\_loss: 0.6924 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6933 - generator\_loss:  
0.6932  
Epoch 10/100  
24/24                    6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6932 - g\_loss: 0.6931 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6933 - generator\_loss:  
0.6931  
Epoch 11/100  
24/24                    6s 242ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6929 - g\_loss: 0.6939 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6931 - generator\_loss:  
0.6933  
Epoch 12/100  
24/24                    6s 251ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6940 - g\_loss: 0.6928 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6934 - generator\_loss:  
0.6938  
Epoch 13/100  
24/24                    6s 247ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6931 - g\_loss: 0.6941 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6937 - generator\_loss:  
0.6933  
Epoch 14/100  
24/24                    6s 244ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6946 - g\_loss: 0.6923 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6939 - generator\_loss:  
0.6930  
Epoch 15/100  
24/24                    6s 247ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6953 - g\_loss: 0.6924 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6947 - generator\_loss:  
0.6951  
Epoch 16/100  
24/24                    6s 245ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6907 - g\_loss: 0.6998 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6941 - generator\_loss:

0.6957  
Epoch 17/100  
24/24 6s 247ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6904 - g\_loss: 0.7046 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6951 - generator\_loss:  
0.6966  
Epoch 18/100  
24/24 6s 251ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6942 - g\_loss: 0.6995 - discriminator\_loss: 0.7013 - generator\_loss:  
0.6966  
Epoch 19/100  
24/24 6s 248ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.7026 - g\_loss: 0.7614 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6977 - generator\_loss:  
0.7807  
Epoch 20/100  
24/24 6s 247ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.7489 - g\_loss: 0.7291 - discriminator\_loss: 0.7513 - generator\_loss:  
0.7230  
Epoch 21/100  
24/24 6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.7532 - g\_loss: 0.6949 - discriminator\_loss: 0.7504 - generator\_loss:  
0.6913  
Epoch 22/100  
24/24 6s 243ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.7344 - g\_loss: 0.7306 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6574 - generator\_loss:  
0.8445  
Epoch 23/100  
24/24 6s 245ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6949 - g\_loss: 0.7187 - discriminator\_loss: 0.7056 - generator\_loss:  
0.7054  
Epoch 24/100  
24/24 6s 235ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.7629 - g\_loss: 0.6584 - discriminator\_loss: 0.7427 - generator\_loss:  
0.6844  
Epoch 25/100  
24/24 6s 230ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6102 - g\_loss: 0.8191 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6419 - generator\_loss:  
0.7756  
Epoch 26/100  
24/24 6s 233ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6940 - g\_loss: 0.7047 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6982 - generator\_loss:  
0.6998  
Epoch 27/100  
24/24 6s 233ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6544 - g\_loss: 0.7445 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6476 - generator\_loss:  
0.7518  
Epoch 28/100  
24/24 6s 234ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6682 - g\_loss: 0.7212 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6715 - generator\_loss:

0.7171  
Epoch 29/100  
24/24 6s 231ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6763 - g\_loss: 0.7147 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6824 - generator\_loss:  
0.7067  
Epoch 30/100  
24/24 6s 235ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6955 - g\_loss: 0.6948 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6975 - generator\_loss:  
0.6907  
Epoch 31/100  
24/24 6s 238ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6965 - g\_loss: 0.6919 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6934 - generator\_loss:  
0.6946  
Epoch 32/100  
24/24 6s 244ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6794 - g\_loss: 0.7083 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6772 - generator\_loss:  
0.7115  
Epoch 33/100  
24/24 6s 244ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6802 - g\_loss: 0.7074 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6828 - generator\_loss:  
0.7055  
Epoch 34/100  
24/24 6s 243ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6895 - g\_loss: 0.6978 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6904 - generator\_loss:  
0.6973  
Epoch 35/100  
24/24 6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6937 - g\_loss: 0.6950 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6949 - generator\_loss:  
0.6935  
Epoch 36/100  
24/24 6s 245ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6977 - g\_loss: 0.6899 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6979 - generator\_loss:  
0.6901  
Epoch 37/100  
24/24 6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6962 - g\_loss: 0.6930 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6950 - generator\_loss:  
0.6936  
Epoch 38/100  
24/24 6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6878 - g\_loss: 0.7012 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6862 - generator\_loss:  
0.7025  
Epoch 39/100  
24/24 6s 240ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6860 - g\_loss: 0.7027 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6876 - generator\_loss:  
0.7004  
Epoch 40/100  
24/24 6s 246ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6899 - g\_loss: 0.6984 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6914 - generator\_loss:



0.6965  
Epoch 41/100  
24/24 6s 241ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6947 - g\_loss: 0.6923 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6947 - generator\_loss:  
0.6922  
Epoch 42/100  
24/24 6s 239ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6943 - g\_loss: 0.6925 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6949 - generator\_loss:  
0.6922  
Epoch 43/100  
24/24 6s 238ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6938 - g\_loss: 0.6938 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6931 - generator\_loss:  
0.6946  
Epoch 44/100  
24/24 6s 243ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6933 - g\_loss: 0.6948 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6913 - generator\_loss:  
0.6970  
Epoch 45/100  
24/24 6s 242ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6936 - g\_loss: 0.6936 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6908 - generator\_loss:  
0.6971  
Epoch 46/100  
24/24 6s 241ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6919 - g\_loss: 0.6960 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6927 - generator\_loss:  
0.6948  
Epoch 47/100  
24/24 6s 241ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6896 - g\_loss: 0.6978 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6914 - generator\_loss:  
0.6959  
Epoch 48/100  
24/24 6s 244ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6934 - g\_loss: 0.6934 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6921 - generator\_loss:  
0.6949  
Epoch 49/100  
24/24 6s 244ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6920 - g\_loss: 0.6950 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6930 - generator\_loss:  
0.6939  
Epoch 50/100  
24/24 3s 136ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6928 - g\_loss: 0.6942 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6925 - generator\_loss:  
0.6946  
Epoch 51/100  
24/24 2s 88ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6925 - g\_loss: 0.6942 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6927 - generator\_loss:  
0.6940  
Epoch 52/100  
24/24 2s 89ms/step -  
d\_loss: 0.6937 - g\_loss: 0.6932 - discriminator\_loss: 0.6937 - generator\_loss:

```
0.6931
Epoch 53/100
 3/24          1s 89ms/step -
d_loss: 0.6925 - g_loss: 0.6943
```

```
[ ]: from pathlib import Path

# Define the directory to save the models
save_dir = Path(os.getcwd()) / "Model" / "CGAN"

# Ensure the directory exists
save_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)

# Save the generator and discriminator models
cond_gan.generator.save(save_dir / "generator_model.keras")
cond_gan.discriminator.save(save_dir / "discriminator_model.keras")
```

## 8 Retraining CGAN

```
[ ]: # from pathlib import Path
# import tensorflow as tf
# from keras.models import load_model

# # Define the directory where the models are saved
# save_dir = Path(os.getcwd()) / "Model" / "CGAN"

# # Load the generator and discriminator models
# generator_model_path = save_dir / "generator_model.keras"
# discriminator_model_path = save_dir / "discriminator_model.keras"

# generator = load_model(generator_model_path)
# discriminator = load_model(discriminator_model_path)

# # Compile the loaded generator and discriminator models
# # Make sure to provide the appropriate optimizer and loss function
# ↪ configurations
# generator.compile(
#     optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.0003),
#     loss=keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from_logits=True)
# )
# discriminator.compile(
#     optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.0003),
#     loss=keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from_logits=True)
# )

[ ]: # generator.summary()
```

```
[ ]: # discriminator.summary()

[ ]: # # Reinitialize the conditional GAN with the loaded models
# cond_gan = ConditionalGAN(
#     discriminator=discriminator, generator=generator, latent_dim=latent_dim
# )

# # Compile the conditional GAN
# cond_gan.compile(
#     d_optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.0003),
#     g_optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.0003),
#     loss_fn=keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
# )

# # Retrain the conditional GAN and save the models again
# history = cond_gan.fit(dataset, epochs=2)

# # Save the generator and discriminator models again
# cond_gan.generator.save(save_dir / "generator_model_retrained.keras")
# cond_gan.discriminator.save(save_dir / "discriminator_model_retrained.keras")
```

## 9 Plots

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Save plots
plots_path = Path(os.getcwd()) / "Model" / "CGAN"
plt.style.use('dark_background')

# Extract generator and discriminator loss from the history
G_losses = history.history['generator_loss']
D_losses = history.history['discriminator_loss']

# Plot the generator and discriminator loss
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
plt.title("Generator and Discriminator Loss During Training")
plt.plot(G_losses,label="G")
plt.plot(D_losses,label="D")
plt.xlabel("epochs")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.savefig(plots_path / "Balanced_CGAN_Generator and Discriminator Loss.png")
plt.show()
```

## 10 Interpolating between classes with the trained generator

```
[ ]: # We first extract the trained generator from our Conditional GAN.
trained_gen = cond_gan.generator

# Choose the number of intermediate images that would be generated in
# between the interpolation + 2 (start and last images).
num_interpolation = 100 # @param {type:"integer"}

# Sample noise for the interpolation.
interpolation_noise = keras.random.normal(shape=(1, latent_dim))
interpolation_noise = ops.repeat(interpolation_noise, repeats=num_interpolation)
interpolation_noise = ops.reshape(interpolation_noise, (num_interpolation,
↳latent_dim))

def interpolate_class(first_number, second_number):
    # Convert the start and end labels to one-hot encoded vectors.
    first_label = keras.utils.to_categorical([first_number], num_classes)
    second_label = keras.utils.to_categorical([second_number], num_classes)
    first_label = ops.cast(first_label, "float32")
    second_label = ops.cast(second_label, "float32")

    # Calculate the interpolation vector between the two labels.
    percent_second_label = ops.linspace(0, 1, num_interpolation)[: , None]
    percent_second_label = ops.cast(percent_second_label, "float32")
    interpolation_labels = (
        first_label * (1 - percent_second_label) + second_label *
↳percent_second_label
    )

    # Combine the noise and the labels and run inference with the generator.
    noise_and_labels = ops.concatenate([interpolation_noise,
↳interpolation_labels], 1)
    fake = trained_gen.predict(noise_and_labels)
    return fake

start_class = 0 # @param {type:"slider", min:0, max:9, step:1}
end_class = 6 # @param {type:"slider", min:0, max:9, step:1}

fake_images = interpolate_class(start_class, end_class)

[ ]: fake_images *= 255.0
converted_images = fake_images.astype(np.uint8)
converted_images = ops.image.resize(converted_images, (96, 96)).numpy().
↳astype(np.uint8)
```

```
imageio.mimsave("animation.gif", converted_images[:, :, :, 0], fps=1)
embed.embed_file("animation.gif")
```

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming converted_images is a list of 64 images

fig, axs = plt.subplots(8, 8, figsize=(16, 16))

for i in range(8):
    for j in range(8):
        index = i * 8 + j
        axs[i, j].imshow(converted_images[index], cmap='gray')
        axs[i, j].axis('off')

plt.show()
```

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