# **Securium fox Technologies Pvt Ltd**

## **Internship Day-6**

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### 1. ping

ping tool is used to test whether a host is dead or alive. Here -c represents count and 5 represents value of count

```
r—(root⊕kali)-[~]
─# ping google.com -c 5
PING google.com (142.250.182.14) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from maa05s18-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.182.14): icmp_seq=1 ttl=128
time=15.3 ms
64 bytes from maa05s18-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.182.14): icmp_seq=2 ttl=128
time=15.7 ms
64 bytes from maa05s18-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.182.14): icmp_seq=3 ttl=128
time=25.9 ms
64 bytes from maa05s18-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.182.14): icmp_seq=4 ttl=128
time=20.8 ms
64 bytes from maa05s18-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.182.14): icmp_seq=5 ttl=128
time=15.4 ms
--- google.com ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4032ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 15.271/18.625/25.899/4.179 ms
```

### 2. su: switch user

Change the effective user ID and group ID to that of user

```
—(root@kali)-[~]
└# su kali
┌—(kali®kali)-[/root]
└$ exit
```

### 3. less /etc/passwd

```
—(root@kali)-[~]
L# less /etc/passwd

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
```

```
kali : x :1000 :1000 :Kali,,,:/home/kali :/usr/bin/zsh
username:passwd:userid:grpid:grpname:homedirectory:shell
```

### 4. less /etc/group

group directory contains all the groups in the system.

```
—(root⊕kali)-[~]

L# less /etc/group

root:x:0:
daemon:x:1:
bin:x:2:
sys:x:3:
adm:x:4:
tty:x:5:
disk:x:6:
```

```
root : x : 0 : groupname : password: groupid : relevant users in grp
```

## **USER MANAGEMENT**

#### 1. USERADD

```
—(root⊕kali)-[~]
└# useradd vardhan
┌—(root⊕kali)-[~]
```

```
_# less /etc/passwd
vardhan:x:1002:1002::/home/vardhan:/bin/sh
root⊕kali)-[~]
L-# cd /home
┌──(root�kali)-[/home]
L_# ls -l
total 12
drwxr-xr-x 14 kali kali 4096 Jun 6 07:18 kali
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 5 Jun 6 01:11 output.txt
drwxr-xr-x 14 teja teja 4096 Jun 6 07:36 teja
root⊕kali)-[/home]
L-# mkdir vardhan
root⊕kali)-[/home]
L-# ls -1
total 16
drwxr-xr-x 14 kali kali 4096 Jun 6 07:18 kali
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 5 Jun 6 01:11 output.txt
drwxr-xr-x 14 teja teja 4096 Jun 6 07:36 teja
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Jun 6 07:40 vardhan
```

2. **chown**: We can change the owner and group of new user.

```
r—(root⊗kali)-[/home]

# chown vardhan: vardhan vardhan

r—(root⊗kali)-[/home]

# ls -l

total 16

drwxr-xr-x 14 kali kali 4096 Jun 6 07:18 kali

rw-r--r- 1 root root 5 Jun 6 01:11 output.txt

drwxr-xr-x 14 teja teja 4096 Jun 6 07:36 teja

drwxr-xr-x 2 vardhan vardhan 4096 Jun 6 07:40 vardhan
```

#### 3. usermod

```
passwd: password updated successfully

—(root@kali)-[/home]

—# usermod --unlock vardhan

—(root@kali)-[/home]

—# usermod -s /usr/bin/zsh vardhan
```

Now we can login to new user vardhan which has z shell as main shell

## **Group Management**

### 1. addgroup

```
—(root@kali)-[~]
L-# addgroup rvr
Adding group `rvr' (GID 1003) ...
Done.
┌──(root@kali)-[~]
L-# cd /home
┌──(rootkali)-[/home]
L-# ls -l
total 16
drwxr-xr-x 14 kali kali 4096 Jun 6 07:18 kali
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 5 Jun 6 01:11 output.txt drwxr-xr-x 14 teja teja 4096 Jun 6 07:36 teja
drwxr-xr-x 14 vardhan vardhan 4096 Jun 6 07:48 vardhan
root@kali)-[/home]
─# usermod -g 1003 vardhan
(root@kali)-[/home]
└─# id vardhan
uid=1002(vardhan) gid=1003(rvr) groups=1003(rvr)
```

#### 2. **ps**

List all processes for current user

```
—(root⊕kali)-[~]

└# ps

PID TTY TIME CMD

4982 pts/0 00:00:00 bash

5065 pts/0 00:00:00 ps
```

## 3. ps aux | head

First10 processes running in the system

—(root⊕kali)-[~]									
L# ps aux  head									
USER	PID	%CPU	%MEM	VSZ	RSS	TTY	STAT	START	TIME COMMAND
root	1	0.0	0.5	164048	10464	?	Ss	01:32	0:04
/sbin/init splash									
root	2	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	01:32	0:00
[kthreadd]									
root	3	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	01:32	0:00 [rcu_gp]
root	4	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	01:32	0:00
[rcu_par_gp]									
root	6	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	01:32	0:00
[kworker/0:0H-events_highpri]									
root	8	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	01:32	0:00
[mm_percpu_wq]									
root	9	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	01:32	0:00
[rcu_tasks_rude_]									
root	10	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	01:32	0:00
[rcu_tasks_trace]									
root	11	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	S	01:32	0:00
[ksoftirqd/0]									

## **Linux File Permissions**

```
4 2 1

0 - - - no permissions

1 - - x only execute

2 - w - only write

3 - w x write and execute

4 r - - only read

5 r - x read and execute

6 r w - read and write

7 r w x read, write and execute
```

chmod is used to change permissions of a file.

```
—(root@kali)-[~]

L# ls -l skype.txt

-rw-r--r- 1 root root 103 Jun 5 13:58 skype.txt

[─(root@kali)-[~]

L# chmod 755 skype.txt

[─(root@kali)-[~]

L# ls -l skype.txt

-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 103 Jun 5 13:58 skype.txt

rwx : r-x : r-x
user:group:others
```