



# Photon Efficiency Measurement Using Z Tag & Probe

M. Pieri, M. Sani

University of California, San Diego



#### Introduction



- We have measured the efficiencies of different photon selections using the Z Tag and Probe method:
  - e.g. EGM-I0-006, QCD-I0-019...
- The very same methods will be used with electrons:
  - Electron Identification and Reconstruction efficiencies...
- We have compared and checked the consistency of the results obtained using three different methods:
  - Counting, Fit, Opposite Sign Same Sign
- The results of this study are documented in the following analysis notes:
  - Electrons: CMS AN-2010/291 (in progress),
  - Photons: CMS AN-2010/292 (v6 is going to be uploaded)



## Selection and Samples



- Numbers for different photon selections have been measured:
  - Egamma Loose/Tight, "Exotica", photon selection for H->γγ...
  - the following results refers to the "Exotica" selection:
    - $\sigma i \eta i \eta < 0.013 (0.03)$ , H/E < 0.05
    - TkIso < 2.0 + 0.001\*ET, ECALISO < 4.2 + 0.006\*ET</p>
    - HCALIso < 2.2 + 0.0025\*ET</li>
- Meaurements have been carried on using ~35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of data using CMSSW\_3\_8\_X.
- The MC samples used are:
  - Zee, Wenu, QCD\_enriched, bc\_to\_e, Photon+Jet.



## Counting (Overview)

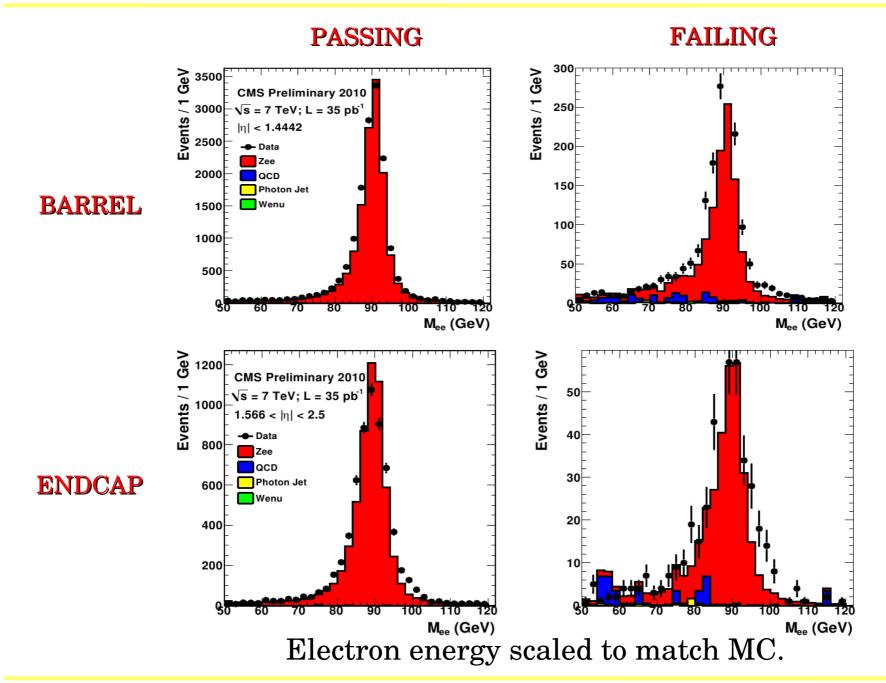


- Tag and Probe definitions:
  - Tag: CiC SuperTight electron with SC ET > 20 GeV
  - Probe: SC ET > 20 GeV
- To reduce the final uncertainty we have used factorization:
  - split the selection into two sets of cuts ( $\sigma_{inim}$ +H/E isolations):
    - ightharpoonup compute  $\epsilon$  counting events and performing MC  $\,$  bg subtraction
  - Combine partial efficiencies and correct for possible correlations:  $(\epsilon^{\text{MC}}_{\text{TOT}} \epsilon^{\text{MC}}_{\text{fact}})$
- Statistical errors are binomial.
- Systematics: uncertainty on the background assumed 100% plus 50% of the estimated correlation between the measurements.



# Counting (Isolation)







# Counting (Results)



$\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$	MC	DATA	R (DATA/MC)	
	Barrel			
20 - 35	$86.97 \pm 0.16 \%$	$86.49 \pm 0.45 \pm 1.95 \%$	$0.995 \pm 0.023$	
35 - 45	$92.21 \pm 0.11 \%$	$90.05 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.16 \%$	$0.977 \pm 0.004$	
45 - inf	$93.61 \pm 0.13 \%$	$90.98 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.02 \%$	$0.972 \pm 0.005$	
Endcap				
20 - 35	$88.54 \pm 0.22 \%$	$88.28 \pm 0.55 \pm 1.07 \%$	$0.997 \pm 0.014$	
35 - 45	$93.20 \pm 0.16 \%$	$92.36 \pm 0.49 \pm 0.35 \%$	$0.991 \pm 0.007$	
45 - inf	$94.94 \pm 0.20 \%$	$94.18 \pm 0.62 \pm 0.16 \%$	$0.992 \pm 0.007$	

Results available also as a function of eta, fBrem and R9.



#### Fit (Overview)



- Take <u>signal</u> shape from MC for passing and failing events:
  - Breit-Wigner (x) Modified Crystall-Ball (https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/ElectronTagAndProbe)
- Performed extended likelihood fit to data with signal + exponential (background) PDF:
  - tail parameters of signal PDF fixed from MC,
  - get signal and background yields from the fit.
- Systematics:
  - Background: tried different PDF for the background,
  - Energy scale: vary electron energy (by current energy scale uncertainty) and compute corresponding efficiency,
  - Signal: change tail of the PDF and check the contribution.



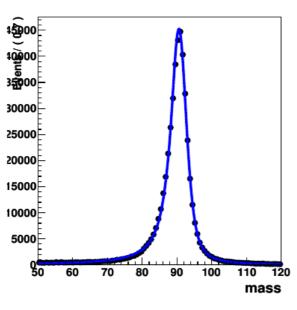
# Fit MC signal only (PDF)

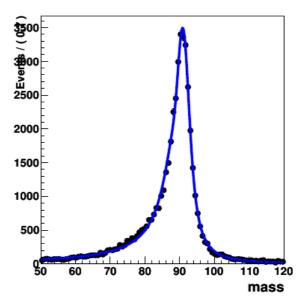




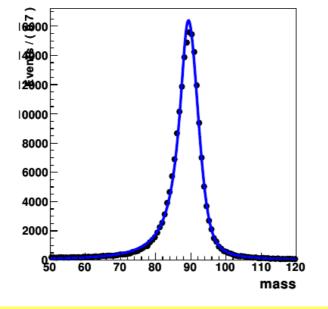
#### **FAILING**

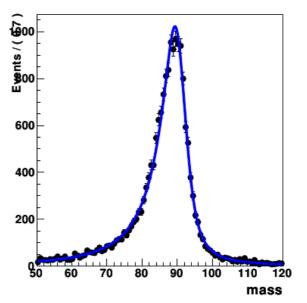






#### **ENDCAP**







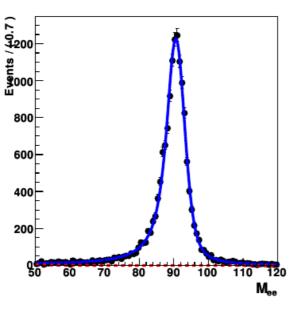
### Fit (DATA)

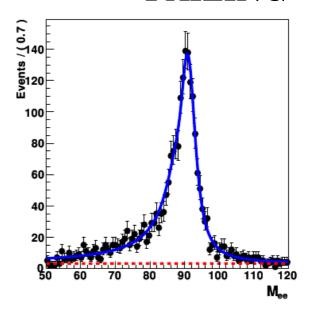




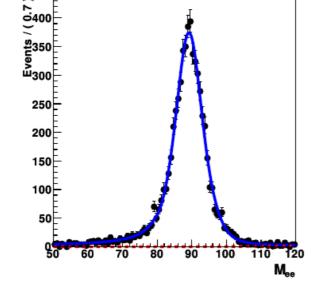
#### **FAILING**

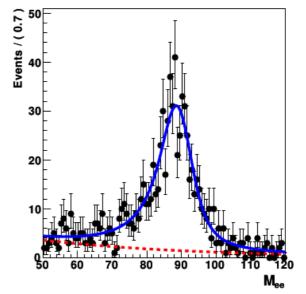






#### **ENDCAP**







#### Fit (Results)



 No factorization is involved here, it has to be checked if factorization could help in reducing uncertainty.

$E_{T}$	MC	DATA	R (DATA/MC)	
	Barrel			
20 - 35	$86.97 \pm 0.16 \%$	$82.23 \pm 1.14 \pm 1.58 \%$	$0.945 \pm 0.022$	
35 - 45	$92.21 \pm 0.11 \%$	$89.54 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.55 \%$	$0.971 \pm 0.008$	
45 - inf	$93.61 \pm 0.13 \%$	$90.77 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.82 \%$	$0.970 \pm 0.010$	
Endcap				
20 - 35	$88.54 \pm 0.22 \%$	$88.89 \pm 1.60 \pm 3.44 \%$	$1.004 \pm 0.043$	
35 - 45	$93.20 \pm 0.16 \%$	$90.99 \pm 0.56 \pm 0.43 \%$	$0.977 \pm 0.008$	
45 - inf	$94.94 \pm 0.20 \%$	$93.42 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.95 \%$	$0.984 \pm 0.010$	

Results available also as a function of eta, fBrem and R9.



#### OS/SS (Overview)



 Given the number of OS and SS passing and failing events, the signal can be extracted from the following formula:

$$N = \frac{(N_{OS} - N_{SS})}{(1 - 2q)^2} - (B_{OS} - B_{SS})$$

- q = charge mis-id (different for passing and failing events), taken from MC (for failing event can be hardly determined from data)
- $B_{os}$  and  $B_{ss}$  number of OS/SS background events.
- Systematics:
  - Background events:  $100\% \times (B_{os} B_{ss})$
  - Charge mis-id: assumed 50% error

	Passing	Failing	
Barrel			
0 - 0.5	0.34%	0.98%	
0.5 - 1.0	0.45%	1.25%	
1.0 - 1.4442	0.81%	1.83%	
TOT	0.52%	1.24%	
Endcap			
1.566 - 1.8	1.87%	2.82%	
1.8 - 2.1	2.00%	2.72%	
2.1 - 2.5	2.67%	3.85%	
TOT	2.21%	3.07%	



#### OS/SS (Results)



 No factorization is involved here, it has to be checked if factorization could help in reducing uncertainty.

$E_{T}$	MC	DATA	R (DATA/MC)	
	Barrel			
20 - 35	$86.97 \pm 0.16 \%$	$86.22 \pm 0.48 \pm 1.59 \%$	$0.991 \pm 0.019$	
35 - 45	$92.21 \pm 0.11 \%$	$90.53 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.59 \%$	$0.981 \pm 0.008$	
45 - inf	$93.61 \pm 0.13 \%$	$91.08 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.17 \%$	$0.973 \pm 0.005$	
Endcap				
20 - 35	$88.54 \pm 0.22 \%$	$88.98 \pm 0.60 \pm 2.17 \%$	$1.005 \pm 0.025$	
35 - 45	$93.20 \pm 0.16 \%$	$93.04 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.99 \%$	$0.998 \pm 0.012$	
45 - inf	$94.94 \pm 0.20 \%$	$94.26 \pm 0.66 \pm 0.21 \%$	$0.993 \pm 0.007$	

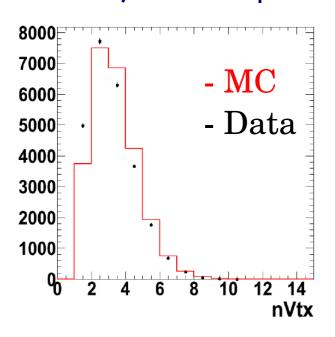
Results available also as a function of eta, fBrem and R9.

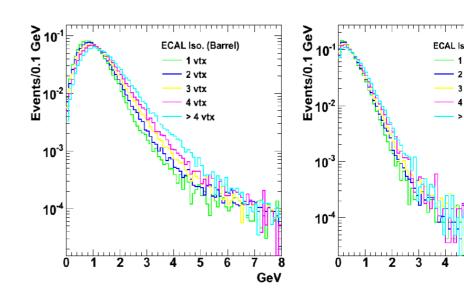


## Pileup



Recently MC samples with pileup have been simulated.



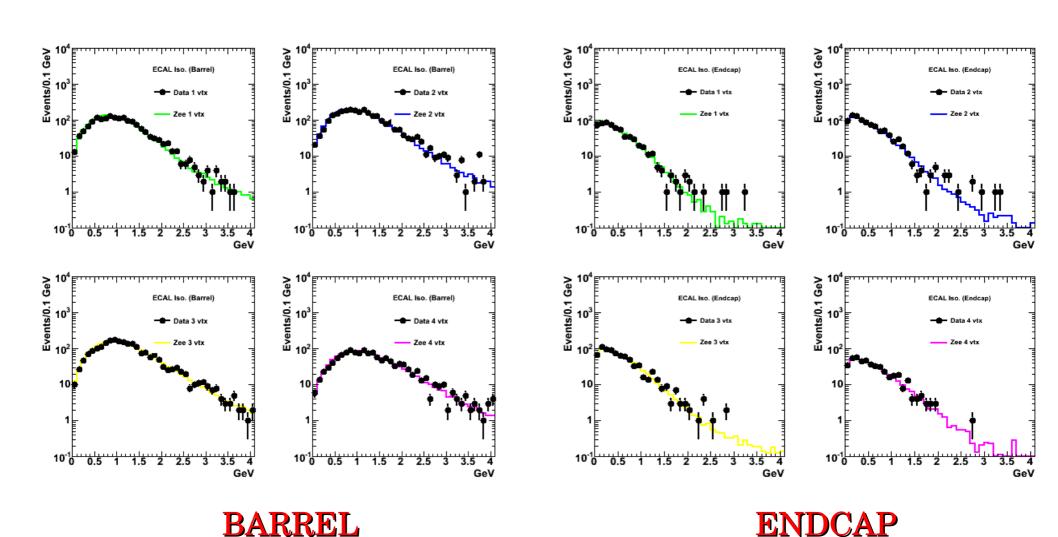


- We have compared signal MC with pileup to estimate the effect on the selection efficiency:
  - Exotica Selection: MC/MC<sub>PU</sub> = I.OI (BARREL), I.OOI (ENDCAP)
  - Hgg Selection: MC/MC<sub>PU</sub> = 1.05 (BARREL), 1.01 (ENDCAP)



# Pileup Data/MC Comparison







## Summary



- We have measured various photon selection efficiencies using Z Tag and Probe method using ~35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of data.
- We have tested three different techniques: counting, fit and opposite sign-same sign:
  - the same methods will be used to measure electron efficiencies as well.
- The three results are in good agreement:

	COUNT	FIT	OS/SS
BARREL	0.981 ± 0.008	0.967 ± 0.011	0.982 ± 0.011
ENDCAP	0.991 ± 0.007	0.983 ± 0.016	0.994 ± 0.013

 We have also studied the selection efficiencies as a function of the number of reco vertices to check pileup effect.