Hcal & Ecal RecHit Energy (Noise) in Data/MC

Jim Hirschauer - Fermilab

Marek Zielinski, Vasu Chetluru

30 July 2009

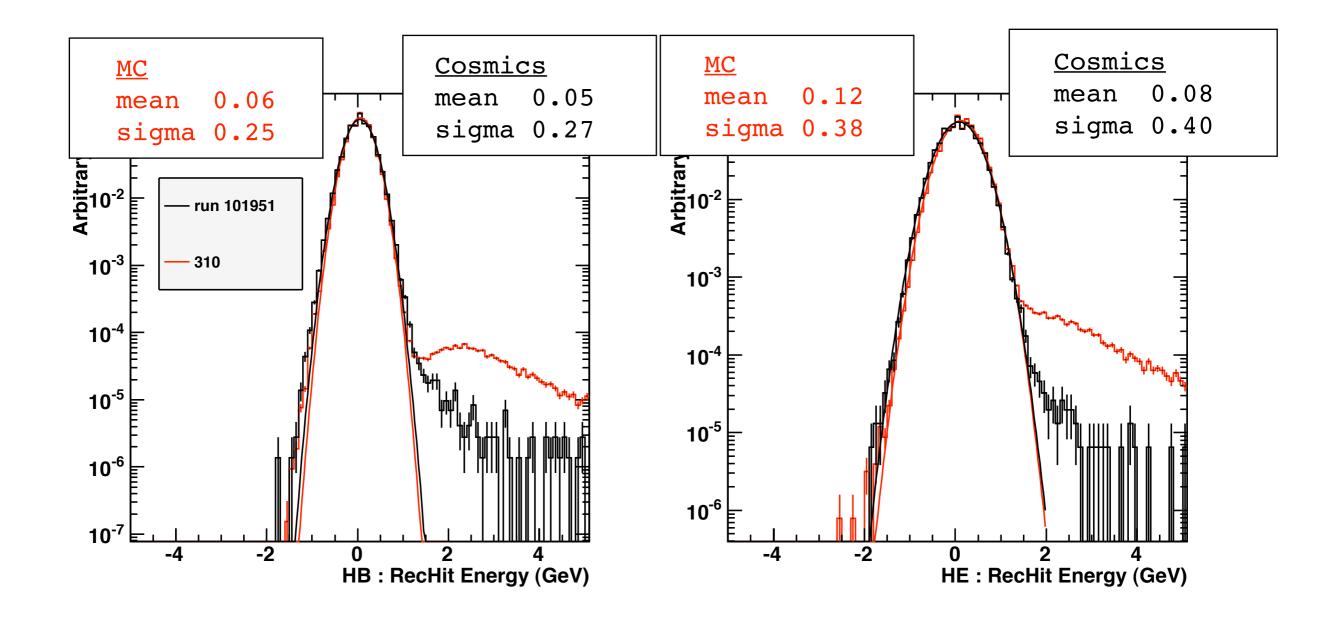
Study Summary

- Starting point for Marek and Vasu's SchemeB threshold optimization.
- Data and MC (all samples of 1000 events):
 - •Commissioning09/Cosmics/RAW/v2/000/101/018/ (EB ZS threshold 9/4 ADC = 78.75)
 - CMSSW_3_1_0/RelValSingleMuPt100/GEN-SIM-RECO (EB ZS threshold 9/4 ADC = 78.75)
 - •Vasu's Noise-only MC (EB ZS threshold 9/4 ADC = 78.75 MeV)
 - Vasu's Noise-only MC (EB ZS threshold 11/4 ADC = 96.5 MeV)
- Reconstruction:
 - Raw data were reco'ed offline in 3_1_0.
 - Noise-only MC in 3_1_0_pre10, RelValSingleMu MC in 3_1_0.
- Compare RecHit Energy (noise) in:
 - HB, +HE, -HE.
 - EB, +EE, -EE.

Full Study here:

http://home.fnal.gov/~jhirsch/hcal/ecal noise/

HB & HE

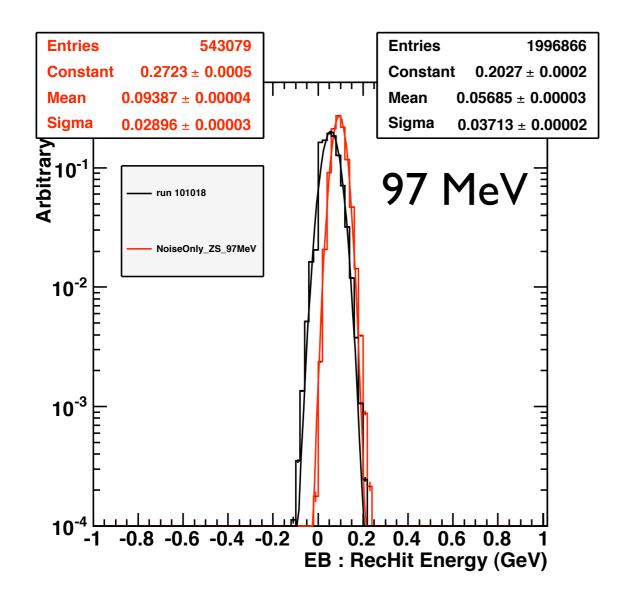


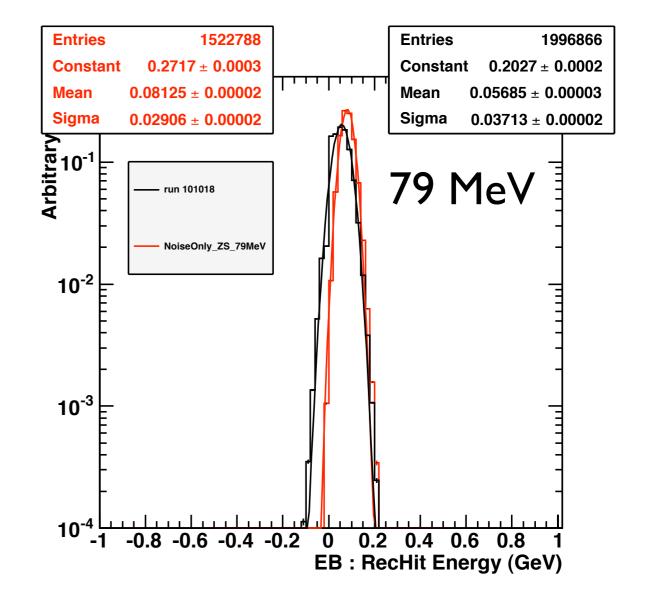
Ecal Issues

- Reconstruction of RecHit amplitude:
 - Fixed-shaped fit with timing free.
 - Used in Cosmics reco, unstable for noise.
 - Fixed-weights synchronous with LHC clock.
 - Used in MC reco, will be used in collision data reco.
- Noise simulation:
 - Coherent noise is not simulated.
 - Uncorrelated noise is increased in MC to reproduce total noise in real data downstream (assuming reco with weights).
 - Effects of ZS on noise may not be accurate in MC.
- ZS thresholds:
 - Standard MC and cosmics readout use different numbers.
 - This issue addressed today.
- Do Ecal experts plan to reco Cosmics using fixed-weights?
 - This would give us one handle to deconvolve these issues.

EB: ZS Threshold

- Cosmics: Cosmics-SR, ZS threshold = 78.75 MeV
- MC ZS threshold 97 → 79 MeV:
 - 14% (0%) change in mean (sigma).
 - 180% change in occupancy.

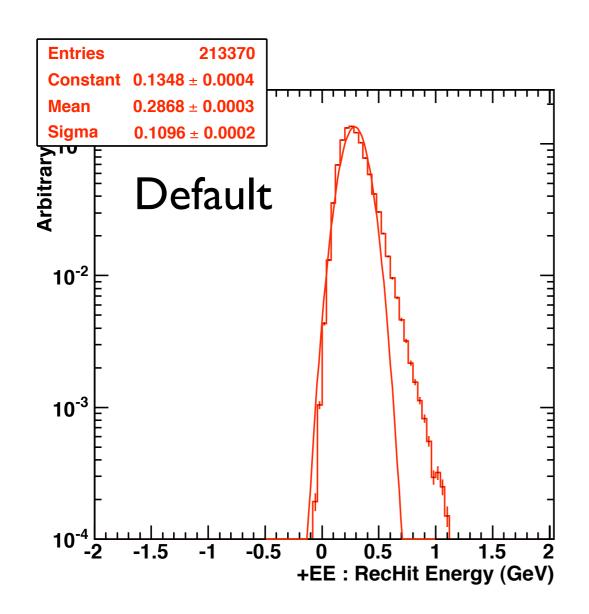


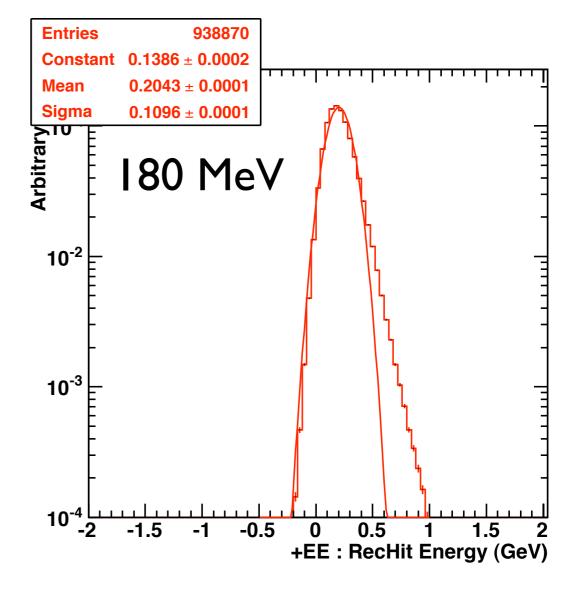


+EE: ZS Threshold

- +EE absent from run 101018.
- MC ZS threshold Default → 180 MeV:
 - 30% (0%) change in mean (sigma).
 - 340% change in occupancy.

Default ZS threshold = 300 MeV?



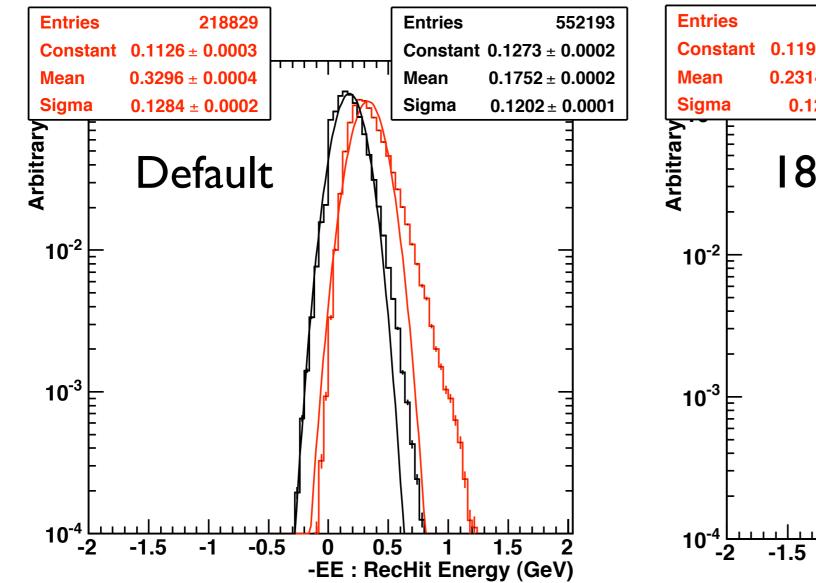


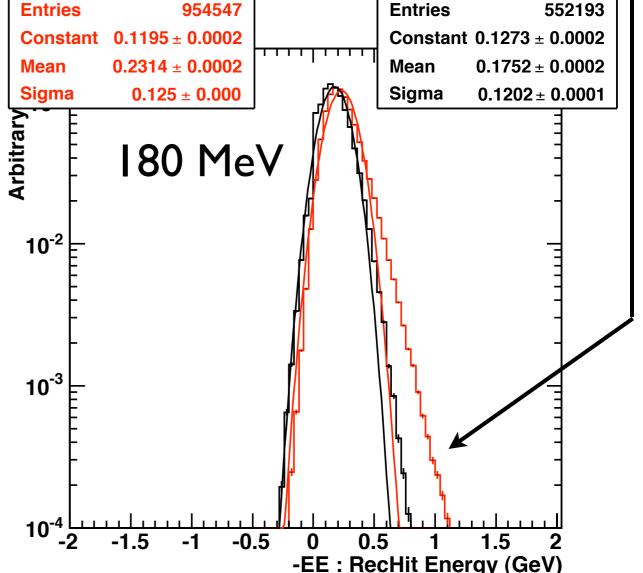
Thursday, July 30, 2009 6

-EE: ZS Threshold

- -EE noise simulation known to be buggy.
- MC ZS threshold Default → 180 MeV:
 - 30% (0%) change in mean (sigma).
 - 340% change in occupancy.

Notice large tail in MC. Also present in RelValSingleMu MC.





Summary

- MC ZS threshold Startup → Cosmics.
 - Factor of a 2-3 change in occupancy.
 - 15-30% change in mean of noise.
- Occupancy potentially much more important than noise sigma for noise-in-cone number.

			EB			+EE	
Sample	ZS threshold	Entries (10^6)	$\mu \text{ (MeV)}$	$\sigma \text{ (MeV)}$	Entries (10^6)	$\mu \text{ (MeV)}$	$\sigma ({\rm MeV})$
Noise MC	97 MeV	0.543	94	29	0.213	287	110
Noise MC	$79 \mathrm{MeV}$	1.524	81	29	0.939	204	110
noise MC	$0~{ m MeV}$	60.950	0	43	7.351	0	160
Run 101018	79 MeV	1.997	57	37	_	_	_

• Entries = number of channels readout per 1000 events.

Final Questions

- Do our observed changes in noise and occupancy make sense?
- How can we modify data or MC reconstruction to further improve data/MC agreement for Ecal?
 - Matthieu Marionneau has been a big help in understanding the ZS issue.
 - Any hope for Cosmics reco`ed with fixed-weights?

Extra Slides

EB: 3_1_0 vs. 2_2_X Reco

- Black histograms are cosmics data (mostly noise, of course). Ignore red MC histos for now.
- Ecal Run Key = Cosmics-SR for both runs.
- Any changes between 3_1_0 and 2_2_X?

