



Pêches et Océans  
Canada

Fisheries and Oceans  
Canada

A large, faint, light-blue graphic of a school of fish swimming towards the top right, positioned behind the title.

# Limit Reference Points and the Fish Stocks Provisions

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*Joint TESA/NOG Workshop*

Chairpersons: Julie Marentette & Tim Barrett

November 29, 2021

A smaller, faint, light-blue graphic of a school of fish swimming towards the top right, positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide.

# Overview

1

- Welcome & Housekeeping
- Objectives & Agenda

2

- FSPs, LRPs & You
- Pre-Requisite Survey

3

- Today's Activities

# Welcome and Introductions

Your Co-Chairs:



**Julie Marentette**  
Sr. Science Advisor (NCR)



**Tim Barrett**  
Research Scientist (MAR)

Your Workshop  
Coordinators:



**Mary Thiess**  
Science Advisor (NCR)



**Melissa Olmstead**  
A/Sr. Science Advisor (NCR)

# A “*TESA/NOG Workshop*”?

## **TESA:** Technical Expertise in Stock Assessment

- National DFO Science committee with the objective to promote stock assessment excellence through delivering national activities (including courses and workshops)

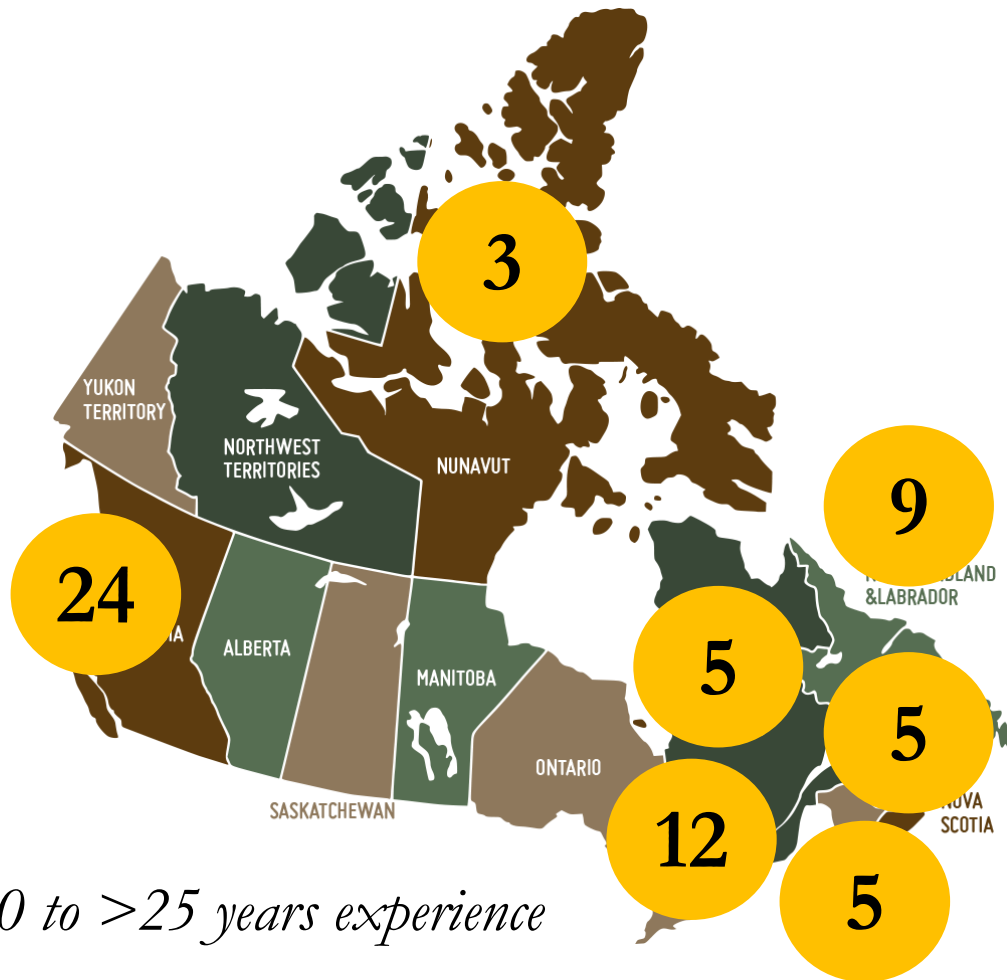
## **NOG:** National Operational Guidelines Task Force

- National DFO Science group to develop Science sector guidelines in support of the Fish Stocks provisions



# 66 Participants

3

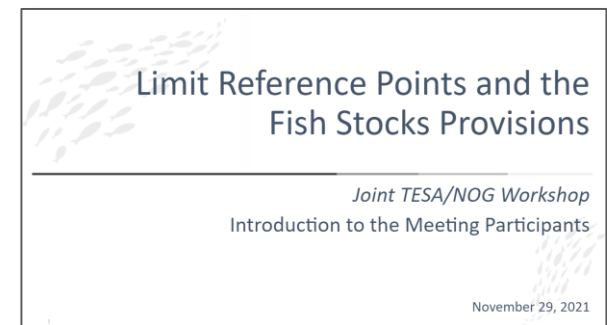


0 to >25 years experience

**A. Robert Kronlund**  
(*Interface Fisheries*)

**Sean Cox**  
(*Landmark Fisheries*)

**Quang Huynh**  
(*Blue Matter Science*)

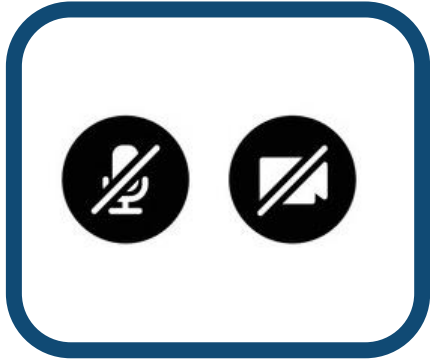


**Self-Introductions:**

**Thank you!**

(see [Google Drive](#))

# Housekeeping Notes



Please mute yourself and turn off camera when not speaking/asking questions (DFO staff may also wish to disconnect from VPN during workshop sessions)



This workshop will not be recorded (a TESA GitHub link will serve as a long-term repository for materials)



# Housekeeping Notes



Break-out group data and exercise results do not apply to actual stocks; the principles and lessons learned may be common to many stocks.



Proceedings will capture workshop discussions and recommendations, but do not constitute peer-reviewed science advice

# Housekeeping Notes



Questions will be addressed at the end of each presentation . To verbally ask a question or make a comment, please use the “Raise Hand” feature in MS Teams (& introduce yourself!), or add to the chat at any time



If you are having technical difficulties, please contact (via MS Teams or e-mail):

- **Mary Thiess** ([Mary.Thiess@dfo-mpo.gc.ca](mailto:Mary.Thiess@dfo-mpo.gc.ca))
- **Melissa Olmstead** ([Melissa.Olmstead@dfo-mpo.gc.ca](mailto:Melissa.Olmstead@dfo-mpo.gc.ca))



# Workshop Objectives

1. To increase understanding and awareness of the requirements of the Fish Stocks provisions for Science, particularly with respect to LRPs and stock status;
2. To facilitate the sharing of knowledge and expertise on practical aspects of the process of (and some of the challenges associated with) selecting methods for defining LRPs and estimating stock status, and;
3. To explore and/or recommend possible considerations for national operational guidelines for stock assessment experts in setting LRPs and estimating stock status in a range of situations.

# Workshop Agenda

Day 1: Monday, November 29, 2021		
10 min	Welcome, Introductions and Housekeeping	Chairs
30 min	<i>Talk:</i> The Fish Stocks Provisions, LRPs and You <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Review of pre-requisite survey feedback</li> </ul>	Chairs
30 min	<i>Opening keynote talk:</i> Pushing the Limits: Part 1 - LRP Lessons from Three Pacific Stocks	Rob Kronlund
30 min	<i>Talk:</i> LRPs in American Lobster: Precaution under Uncertainty	Adam Cook
10 min	Break	--
1.5 hr	Breakout groups (Topic 1: Empirical/Data Limited Methods/Spatial Scale)	All

Day 2: Tuesday, November 30, 2021		
5 min	Welcome to Day 2	Chairs
35 min	Presentation from breakout groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 min per group, 6 groups</li> </ul>	Breakout Group Leads
30 min	Discussion (group)	Chairs
30 min	<i>Talk:</i> The art and science of limit reference points with a few examples from Canadian fisheries	Sean Cox
10 min	Break	--
1.5 hr	Breakout groups (Topic 2: Data Rich Methods)	All

# Workshop Agenda

Day 3: Wednesday, December 1, 2021		
5 min	Welcome to Day 3	Chairs
35 min	Presentation from breakout groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5 min per group, 6 groups</li></ul>	Breakout Group Leads
30 min	Discussion (group)	Chairs
30 min	<i>Talk:</i> Time Varying Reference Points	Dan Duplisea
10 min	Break	--
1.5 hr	Breakout groups (Topic 3: Time Varying Productivity)	All

Day 4: Thursday, December 2, 2021		
5 min	Welcome to Day 4	Chairs
35 min	Presentation from breakout groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5 min per group, 6 groups</li></ul>	Breakout Group Leads
30 min	Discussion (group)	Chairs
30 min	<i>Talk:</i> Accounting for parameter and structural uncertainty in stock assessment and MSE	Robyn Forrest and Sean Anderson
10 min	Break	--
1.5 hr	Breakout groups (Topic 4: Procedural Paradigms)	All

# Workshop Agenda

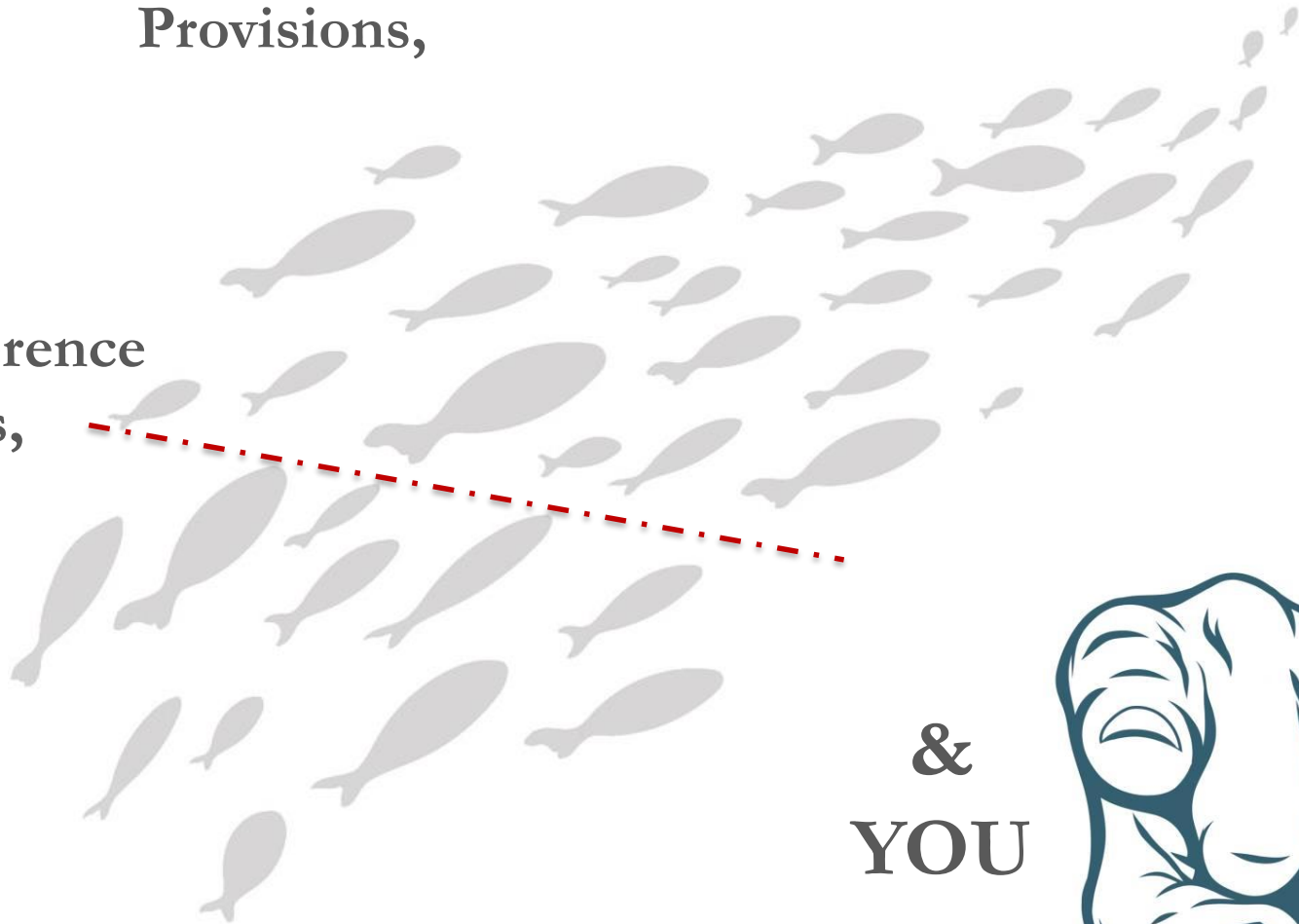
Day 5: Friday, December 3, 2021		
5 min	Welcome to Day 5	Chairs
35 min	Presentation from breakout groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 5 min per group, 6 groups</li></ul>	Breakout Group Leads
30 min	Discussion (group)	Chairs
10 min	<i>Talk:</i> LRPs and Pacific Salmon	Carrie Holt
10 min	<i>Talk:</i> Visualizing reference points: Introduction to the Reference Point Calculator app	Quang Huynh
10 min	Break	--
30 min	<i>Closing keynote talk:</i> Pushing the Limits: Part 2 – Can LRPs Sustain Fisheries?	Rob Kronlund
2 hr	Summary and Synthesis	Chairs

**Workshop materials can be found:**  
Google Drive (for this workshop): [Link](#)  
TESA GitHub (long-term repository): [Link](#)



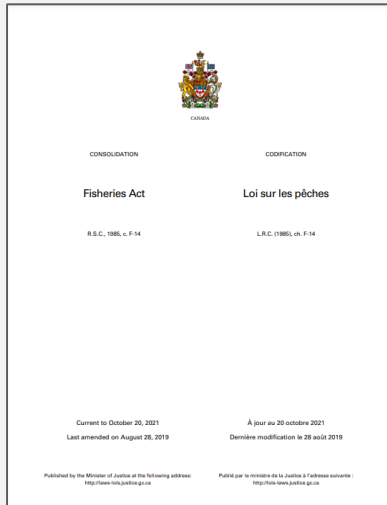
# The Fish Stocks Provisions,

Limit Reference  
Points,



&  
YOU





# Changes to the *Fisheries Act* received Royal Assent on June 19, 2019

## **New!** Considerations (s. 2.5) and Fish Stocks Provisions (s. 6.1-6.3)

FSPs interpreted in light of DFO Policies  
*Key Policy: “PA” Policy\**



# The amendments introduce:

<p>Fisheries management <i><u>objectives</u></i> for prescribed stocks</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• At or above “level necessary to promote sustainability of the stock”</li><li>• <b><u>Maintain/rebuild above the LRP</u></b></li><li>• Mitigating adverse socio-economic and cultural impacts</li></ul>
<p><i><u>Means</u></i> by which to achieve those objectives</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Implement measures/a rebuilding plan</li><li>• <b><u>Set a LRP</u></b></li></ul>



# The amendments introduce:

<p><u><i>Information</i></u> required to choose means/applicable provisions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Socio-economic and Cultural Impacts</li><li>• <u><b>Estimated Status relative to the LRP*</b></u></li></ul>
<p><u><i>Considerations</i></u> for decision-making</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Biology and environmental conditions (s 6)</li><li>• A range of other considerations may also be taken into account (s 2.5)</li></ul>
<p>New <u><i>Process Steps</i></u> for management</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Major fish stocks subject to FSPs must be prescribed by regulation (s 6.3)</li><li>• Include species and geographic coordinates</li></ul>





# To summarize the FSPs:

The way the FSPs are worded requires (only) one LRP and only one stock status determination (re: LRP) per stock (**“one stock, one LRP”**)

The **LRP** is also the only reference point mentioned in the *Act*, but it is not defined there.



Viewed through  
lens of PA Policy  
(2009)

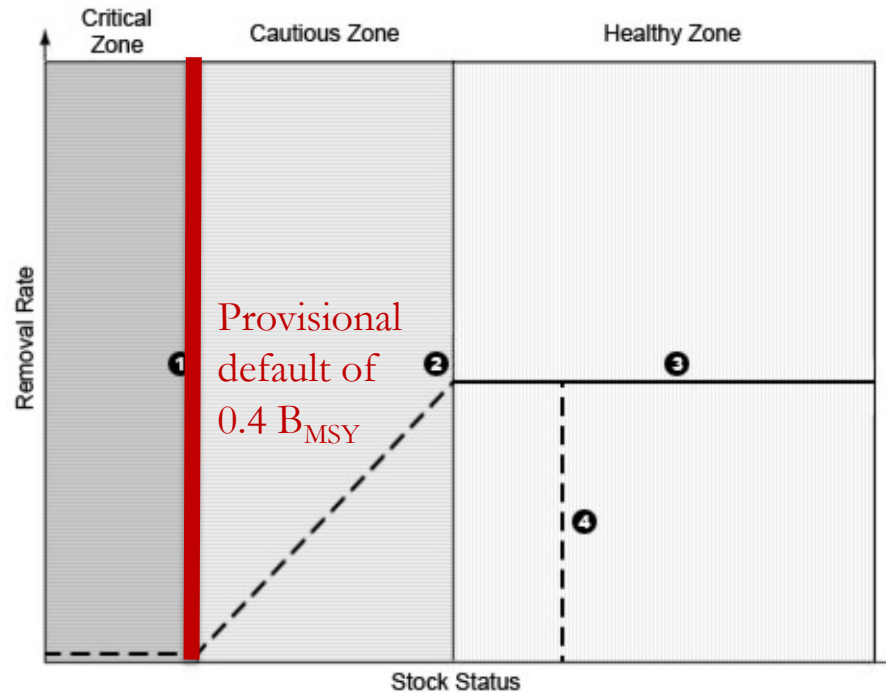


In the PA Policy, a **“PA Framework”** is a decision-making system applicable to key harvested fish stocks, consisting of:

- **Objectives** (represented by various reference points and guidance for risk tolerance for preventable decline);
- **Associated monitoring labels** (status zones)\*
- **Management measures** (including harvest strategies and harvest control rules where status can be an input)

The general aim is to avoid **serious harm to the stock** (conservation objective) while also achieving other fishery management objectives.

The **Limit Reference Point** is part of:



- ① Limit Reference Point
- ② Upper Stock Reference
- ③ Removal Reference
- ④ Target Reference Point



## Objectives

A threshold to (undesirable) states of serious harm



## Status Metrics

Paired with stock status indicator to define “Critical Zone”



## Management Measures

LRP often an operational control point for HCRs;  
Trigger for rebuilding plan (Policy **& FSPs**)

# Implications of FSPs for Science




## The LRP is the only PA element set by Science.

All other PA elements are set by fisheries managers informed by science advice and other considerations, including:

→ Guidance tends to focus on threshold to serious harm and status metrics



- other parts of ‘serious harm’ objectives such as **tolerable risks** & **timeframes**,
- **measures** to avoid /rebuild above the LRP, including its possible  “other hat” as an OCP in an HCR

# Implications of FSPs for Science



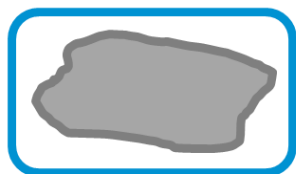
- **Renewed intensity of focus on LRPs (& estimated status re: LRP)**
  - ↑ number of stocks with LRPs to enable prescription, and;
  - Defensibility of choice of LRP after prescription
- **Meeting the “One stock, one LRP” Requirement to Prescribe Stocks**
  - Stocks are prescribed by species and geographical areas
  - One LRP and one estimated status per prescribed stock



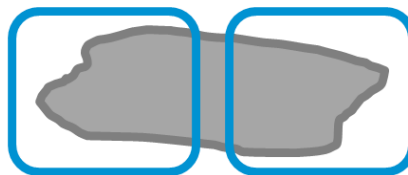
# Implications of FSPs for Science



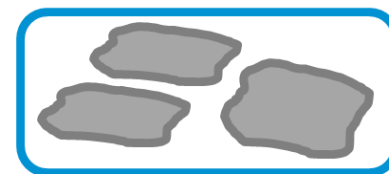
For many stocks, one LRP & status may not be a problem, even if management unit (MU) does not align exactly with biological unit (BU) (and perfect alignment = rare)



Biological Unit =  
Management Unit



Biological Unit >  
Management Unit



Biological Unit <  
Management Unit



The **more divergent MU versus BU**...

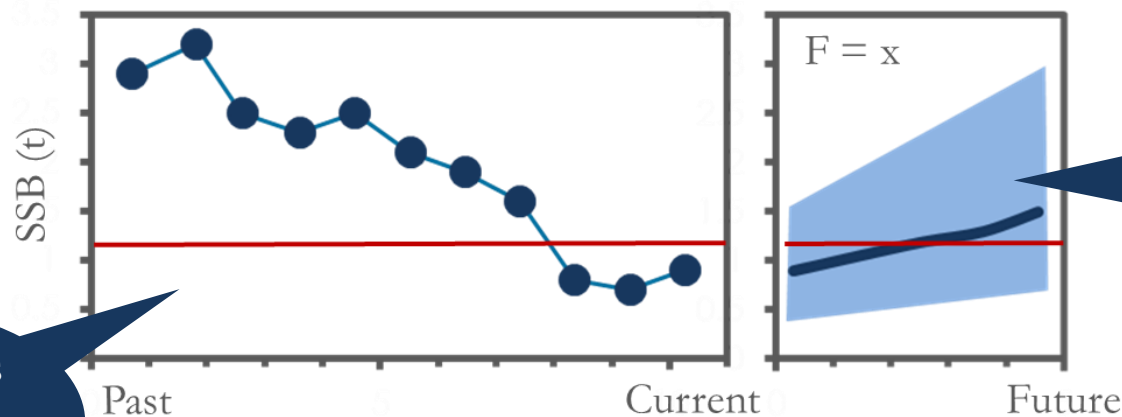
increased bias in reference points, misleading trends from indicators, risk of serial depletion, reduced ability to apply "traditional" view of LRPs as thresholds to serious harm ...

even if overall harvest strategy aimed to achieve PA intent

# Implications of FSPs for Science



Many assessments contain “estimated status and trends” as well as forward-looking advice to support choice of measures



Determines  
if s 6.2  
applies

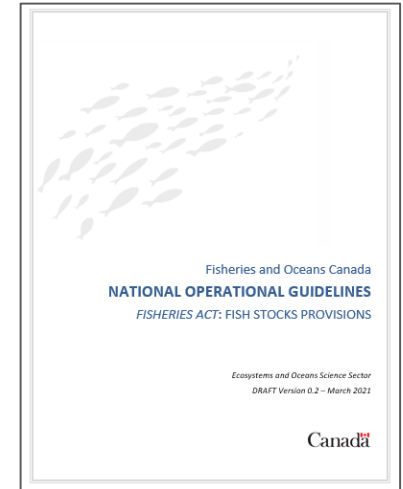
Supports  
selection of  
management  
measures

## These two pieces of advice:

- May not both be available for every stock
- May be emphasized differently across paradigms
- May or may not change with different ways to account for “biology and environmental conditions” in decision-making (ref pts vs measures)

# Developing FSPs Guidance for Science

- New investments (2019-2024 and ongoing)
- Science Sector implementation includes
  - **Science National Operational Guidelines (NOG)**
  - Drafting via Task Force (experts from all regions)
  - Supported by a series of National Advisory Processes (2020-2024) and other events (workshops)



## Rebuilding Plans

[SAR 2021/006](#)  
[RD 2021/051](#)

## PA and FSPs

[SAR 2021/004](#)  
[RD 2021/057](#)

## LRPs and FSPs

[2022]

Important guidance also from **other initiatives** such as Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries Management (EAFM) Working Group



# Technical guidance for Science will support the process of making choices, not prescribe them. It must be:

- **Flexible** enough to apply to diverse situations for Canada's major fish stocks
- **Consistent** with SFF/PA Policy (and any FSPs policies to come)

**Basic Principles:**  
Minimum Criteria to  
Meet

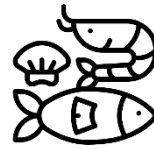
**Technical  
Cookbook:**  
Range of Options to  
meet them

**Technical  
Considerations:**  
Pros, Cons, Caveats  
to Guide Choices

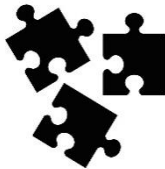


A whole “ocean” of inter-connecting circumstances to consider when operationalizing (and reporting on) an objective to avoid serious harm





biology



data



Not every topic can  
be covered in-depth  
in a single meeting

serious harm



management  
scale/regime



environmental  
conditions



# Workshop Technically Started Several Weeks Ago...

## Limit Reference Points and the Fish Stocks Provisions Workshop: Pre-Requisite Activity

These questions are aimed to: a) elicit input from workshop participants regarding four candidate guidance criteria that help to define what makes a "good" or "best practice" LRP/stock status indicator, and b) get participants thinking about different rationales to choose LRPs/indicators in preparation for the workshop exercises.

[marentette.j@gmail.com](mailto:marentette.j@gmail.com) (not shared) [Switch accounts](#)

### Candidate Criteria for Best Practice Indicators and LRPs

This questionnaire explores four candidate guidance criteria: 1) Consistent with an objective to avoid serious harm to the stock, 2) Based on best available information, 3) Operationally useful, 4) Reliably estimable.

First, some explanations of the terms we use in the activity are illustrated below.

**This is a "STOCK."**

It has **ATTRIBUTES...** abundance, distribution, genetic diversity, mortality and growth rates, range of sizes and ages, number of eggs, offspring or recruits produced, etc.

...that can be paired with quantitative **INDICATORS...**

... specified values of which (---) are **REFERENCE POINTS.**

Together, indicator & reference point yield **STOCK STATUS**, a metric to...

Catch Limit (t)	F <sub>0.1</sub> (LRP) in 5 years
500	10%
1000	25%
1500	45%

Evaluate performance of potential management measures

Monitor achievement of stock objectives over time

## Pre-Requisite Activity

(now closed)

## Pre-workshop Exercise

Page 1 of 3

**Objective:** To familiarize participants with reference point calculations in Excel or R and explore the influence of various parameters (e.g., natural mortality rate and steepness of the stock recruitment relationship) on reference points.

**Data:** inputs.csv

- Weight-at-age (kg)
- Maturity-at-age (proportion)
- Vulnerability-at-age (proportion)
- Natural Mortality rate (M)
- Unfished Equilibrium Recruitment ( $R_0$  = number of age 1 recruits in millions)
- Steepness (h) of the Beverton-Holt stock recruitment relationship

**Files:**

- Example calculations and equations in Excel: [Pre-Workshop Example Calculations.xlsx](#)
- R functions and script to read in data: [Pre-Workshop\\_Exercise.R](#) and [functions.R](#)
- A list of example limit reference points has been provided in the Workshop Folder.

**Exercise:**

For this exercise, answer each of the 11 questions below, using the Excel spreadsheet or R script where necessary from the input data provided. Enter your answers in the table below. When completed, your answers can be checked in the solution file.

Question	Instructions (Excel)	Your Answer
1. What does $\phi_0$ mean? a) The average biomass (kg) of spawning individuals in an unfished stock b) The spawning biomass (kg) that would be produced by the average recruit over its lifetime in an unfished stock c) The average biomass (kg) of a new recruit in an unfished stock		
2. What is the unfished spawning biomass per recruit ( $\phi_0$ ) in kg/recruit?	Excel Hint: Look at tab "phi0." Identify the correct value.	
3. What does spawning potential ratio (SPR) mean? a) The proportion of spawning biomass that is produced by the average recruit when the stock is fished at a fishing mortality of $F = x$ , compared to what would be produced by the average recruit if the stock was unfished. b) The ratio between the average biomass of spawning individuals under fished ( $F = x$ ) versus unfished conditions. c) The proportion of recruits surviving to spawn at least once under fished ( $F = x$ ) versus unfished conditions.		
4. What is SPR at: a) $F = 0.2$ b) $F = 0.5$	Excel Hint: Look at tab "phi0 SPR YPR". Change the values of F in cell B6, and report the value of SPR for each.	
5. What fishing mortality (F), provides an SPR of: a) 40% b) 33%	Excel Hint: Method 1. Look at tab "SPR YPR all F". In the What If Analysis data table, identify the relevant SPR value (cells B30-B280), and read off the corresponding F value.	

## Pre-Workshop Exercise

(see [GitHub](#)/[Google Drive](#))

# Pre-requisite activity was designed to elicit input concerning:

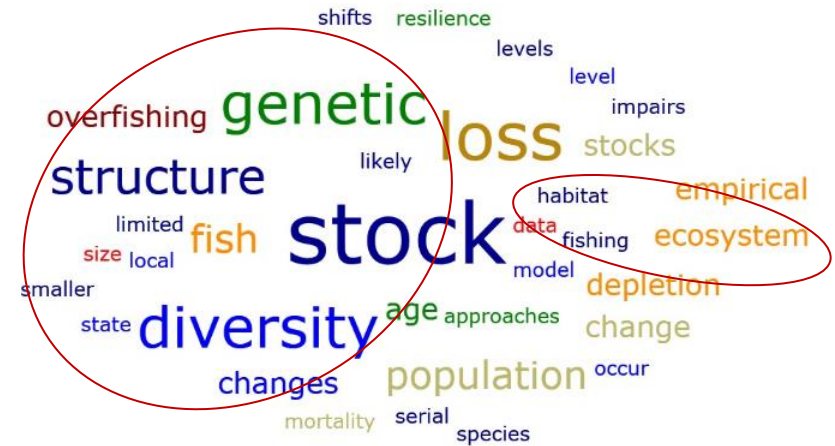
1. What makes a “good” LRP/stock status indicator?)  
→ *‘Minimum criteria’ aspect of guidance*
2. **Inspire thinking** about reasons why to pick a LRP/indicator.

1. Consistent with objective to avoid serious harm
2. Based on best available information
3. Operationally useful
4. Reliably estimated

**Pre-Requisite Feedback: Summary Report**

(see [GitHub](#)/[Google Drive](#))

# *Highlights:* What is Serious Harm?

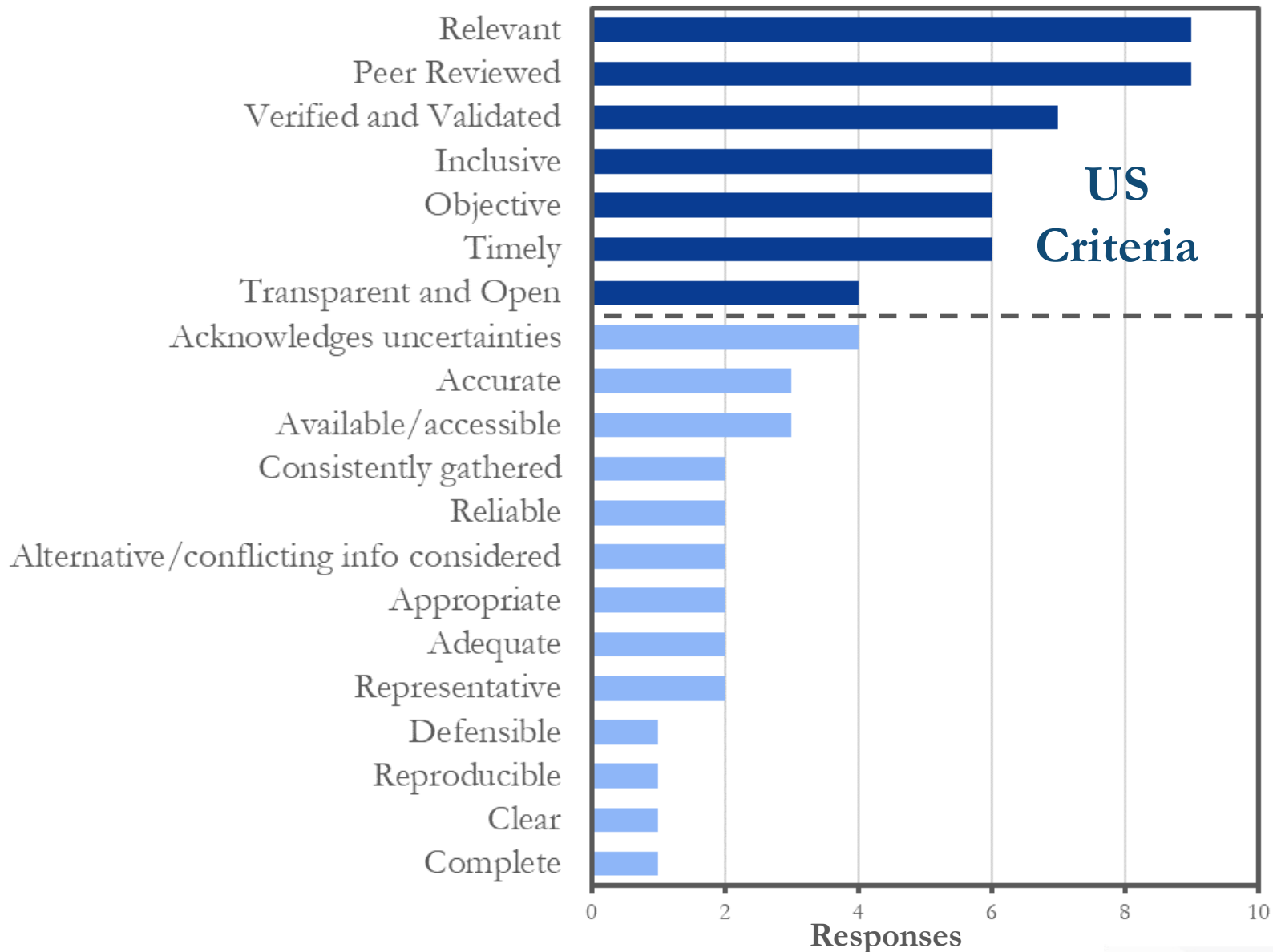


## Traditional Definitions

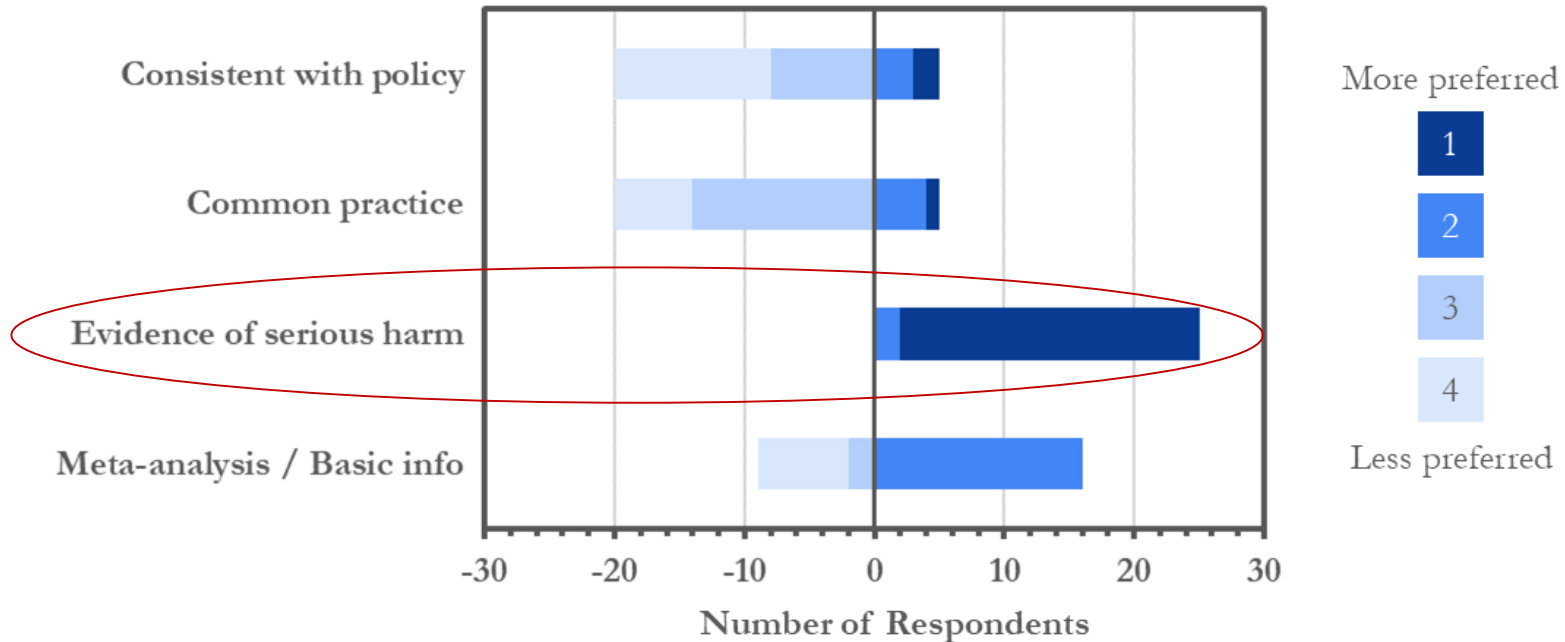
## *What Else?*

Biggest challenges for LRPs consistent with serious harm:  
Data poverty, picking one LRP (or one indicator) from several options, lack of stock-recruitment relationship, non-stationarity, complex stock structure

# *Highlights:* “Best Available Information”



# *Highlights:* Preferred Rationales

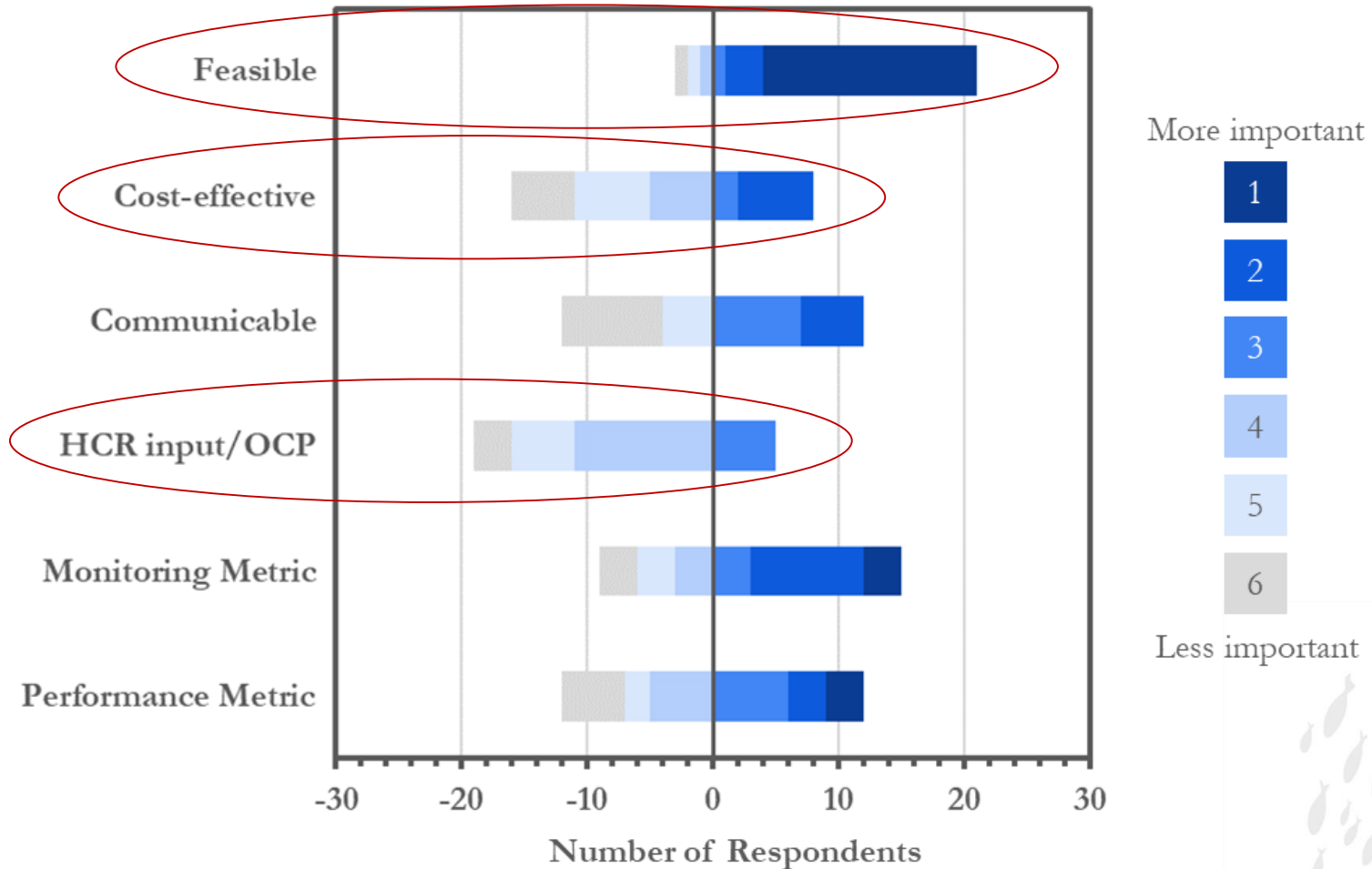


## **Data that may be needed to diagnose serious harm:**

Sufficient time series of catches and fishing mortality; declining or persistent low recruitment, surplus production or spawning biomass; contracting age/size structure; information on fecundity, growth, or natural mortality; a stock-recruitment relationship



# *Highlights:* Operationally Useful



These considerations are inter-related (hard to rank), and operational considerations are expected to change across paradigms

# *Highlights:* **Reliable Estimation**

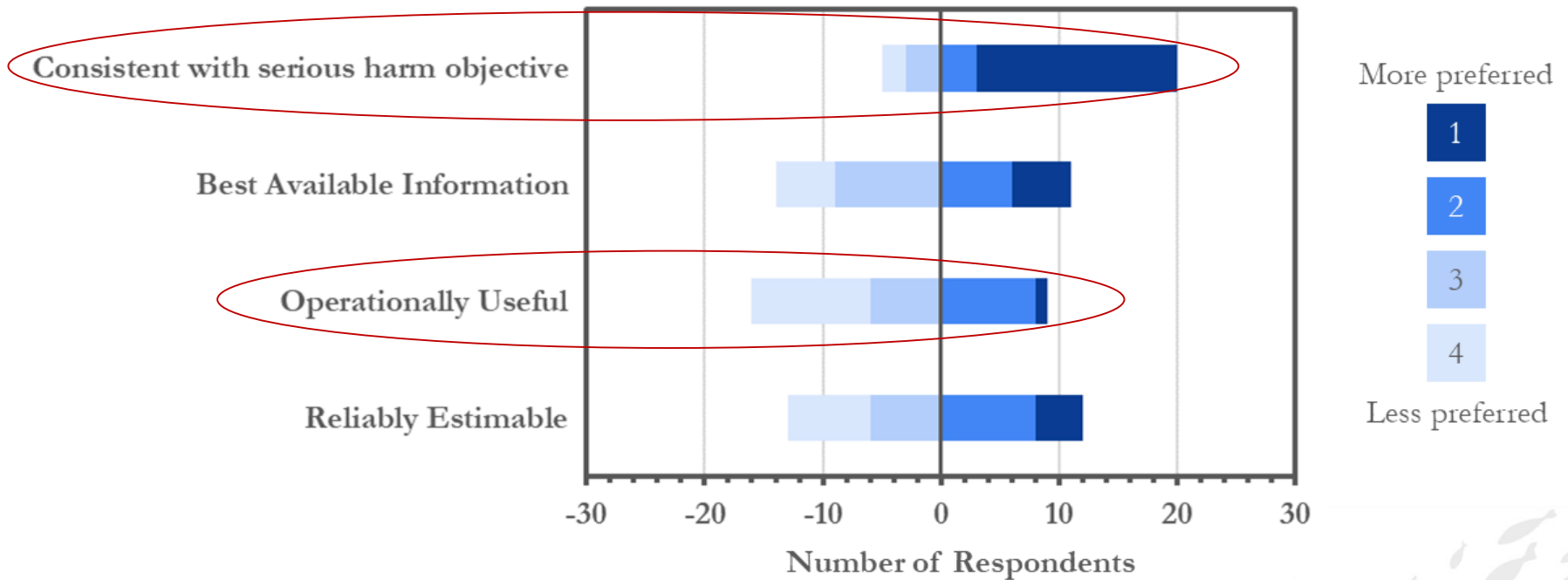
## **What is it?**

- Acceptable **accuracy & precision** (low variance & bias)
- Estimates **robust** to uncertainties (model or data points)
- Supported by reliable **data collection**

## **How do you know?**

- Examining uncertainty of estimates
- Performing sensitivity tests
- Evaluating reasonableness of assumptions
- Simulation testing
- Comparison to other stocks

# *Highlights:* Ranking Candidate Best Practice Criteria



**General response:** majority felt all four were important (and some that it is hard to rank them); adjectives added

**Defensibility** comes (in part) from meeting these criteria

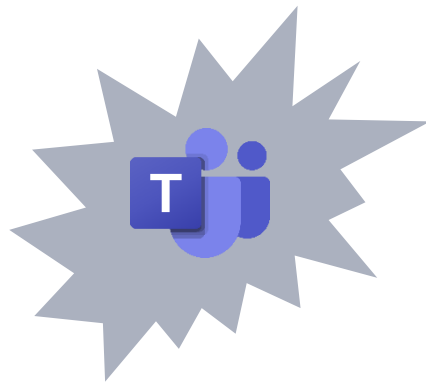
**Breakout exercises are designed to elicit LRP decision(s) under different circumstances, and *how* and *why* those choices were made.**

- What considerations or assumptions mattered?
- What was challenging and why?
- How do rationales change with new information or in different contexts?
- *How well do decisions and rationales plausibly reflect candidate best practice criteria?*



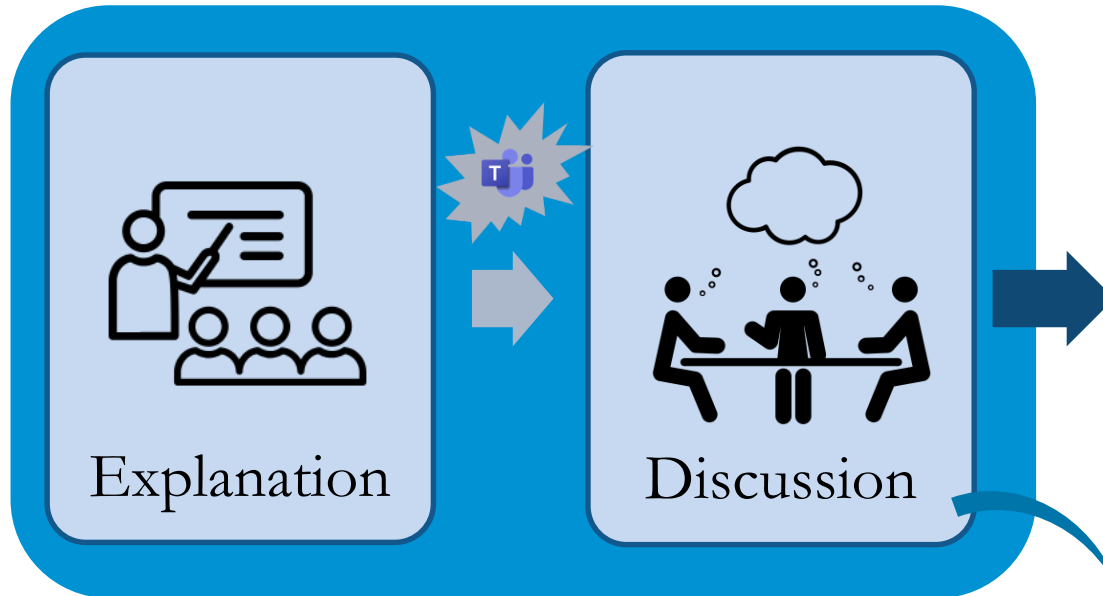
# Six Breakout Groups

7-8 members each



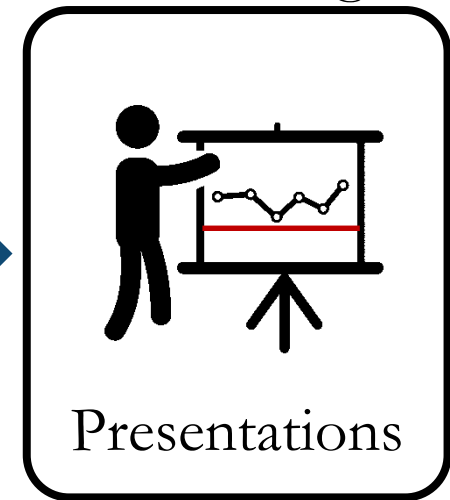
# Six Breakout Groups

*Each Day...*



1.5 hours

*Next morning...*



5 min

*Send presentation to  
[Tim.Barrett@dfo-mpo.gc.ca](mailto:Tim.Barrett@dfo-mpo.gc.ca)  
so we can collate them*

# Day 1: Today's Activities

Day 1: Monday, November 29, 2021		
10 min	Welcome, Introductions and Housekeeping	Chairs
30 min	<i>Talk:</i> The Fish Stocks Provisions, LRPs and You <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Review of pre-requisite survey feedback</li></ul>	Chairs
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10 min	Break	--
1.5 hr	Breakout groups (Topic 1: Empirical/Data Limited Methods/Spatial Scale)	All

