

# A primer on turning length frequencies into ages

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# Goals

- compute a catch-at-age matrix that will be used as input to an age-structured population model
- in our case, compute one row of that matrix for a specific year

# Landings

Zonal Interchange File Format (ZIFF) are used to retrieve American Plaice landings data from NAFO Division 4T

# Example for American Plaice from the southern Gulf of St. Lawrence

```
## [1] 1995
```

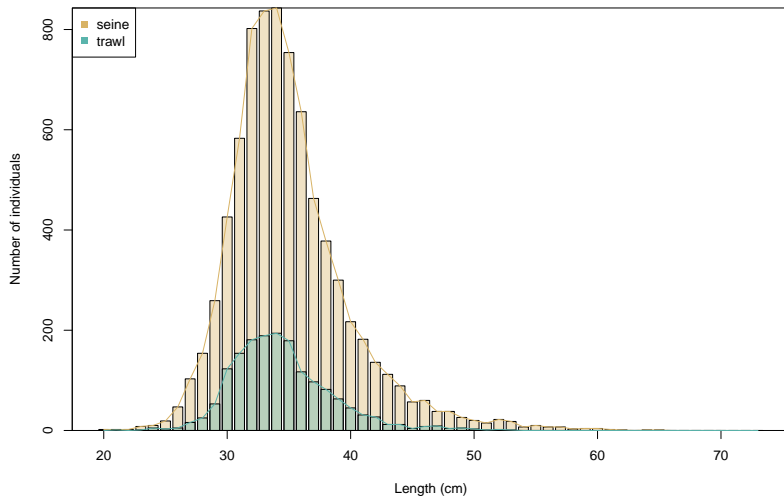
##	gear.class	round.weight	round.weight.mt
## 1	BXN	1775	1.775
## 2	FIX	591	0.591
## 3	GNS	134523	134.523
## 4	LHB	187	0.187
## 5	LLS	2583	2.583
## 6	NK	31131	31.131
## 7	OTB1	1414	1.414
## 8	OTB2	349001	349.001
## 9	PTB	123387	123.387
## 10	SDN	1449089	1449.089
## 11	SSC	298162	298.162

```
## [1] 2391.843
```

# Length frequencies

Example of the available 235 length frequency samples available for American Plaice in NAFO Division 4T in 1995, a total of 9357 individuals were measured. From the annual landings of 2391.843 mt, the port samples come from landings of  $1.070675 \times 10^6$  lbs ( $4.8667045 \times 10^5$  kg) and the weight of sampled individuals was  $6.8708 \times 10^4$  lbs ( $3.1230909 \times 10^4$  kg).

# Length frequencies



# Age-length pairs

Length versus age for the 4864 aged individuals from the 1995 September survey (the figure is a random sample of 500 individuals with jitter added to ages)

# Age-length pairs





# Notation from Ailloud and Hoenig (2019)

Ailloud and Hoenig (2019)

Age class	$i$	$1, 2, \dots, I$
Length bin	$j$	$1, 2, \dots, J$
Year	$k$	$1, 2, \dots, K$
Number of fish of age $i$ and length bin $j$ in the age-length sample	$n_{ij}$	
Number of fish of length $j$ in the length frequency sample	$y_j$	
Number of fish of age $i$ in the age only sample	$x_i$	
Total size of the age-length sample	$n$	
Total size of the length frequency sample	$N$	
Total size of the age only sample	$M$	
Total number of fish belonging to the $i^{th}$ age class of the age-length sample	$n_{i.}$	
Total number of fish belonging to the $j^{th}$ length bin of the age-length sample	$n_{.j}$	

# Empirical age-length key

From the sample of fish that were aged, we can examine the number of individuals at each age and length:

$$\begin{bmatrix} n_{age=1,length=1} & n_{age=1,length=2} & \dots & n_{age=1,length=J} \\ n_{age=2,1} & n_{age=2,length=2} & \dots & n_{age=2,length=J} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n_{age=l,1} & n_{age=l,length=2} & \dots & n_{age=l,length=J} \end{bmatrix}$$

# Example for American Plaice from the southern Gulf of St. Lawrence

Empirical age-length key from the 4864 aged individuals from the 1995 September survey

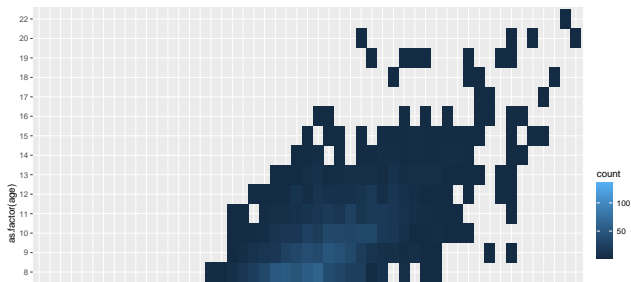
##

##	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----

##	121	260	341	831	496	648	493	471	360	307	196	128	93	46	36
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##	22
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##	1
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# Forward age-length key

$$\hat{P}(i|j) = \hat{q}_{ij} = n_{ij}/n_j$$

$$\hat{A} = \mathbf{QY}/N$$

# Catch-at-age matrices

For our example to compute the catch-at-age matrix for American Plaice in 1995, we have the following information:

- total landings of American Plaice by gear type
- length frequency samples from port sampling activities
- length frequency samples from at-sea observers
- length frequency samples from the September survey
- age-length pairs obtained from ageing the otoliths collected from port sampling activities
- age-length pairs obtained from ageing the otoliths collected from at-sea observers
- age-length pairs obtained from ageing the otoliths collected in the September survey

# Showing the 3 pieces together

# Complications and solutions

- some years have no data
- some ages are not present in the aged samples
- some lengths are not present in the aged samples
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# Catch-at-age matrices

Extend the analyses to all years where data is available



# Questions, comments and suggestions



# References

Ailloud, L.E., and Hoenig, J.M. 2019. A general theory of age-length keys: Combining the forward and inverse keys to estimate age composition from incomplete data. ICES Journal of Marine Science 76: 1515–1523.