

# Population Genomics Sample Metadata for the BGE Project\*

# Population Genomics Sample Manifest Standard Operating Procedure

Version: v1.0, Adapted for use with the ERGA Sample Manifest Standard Operating Procedure v2.4.3.

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Correct, ethical, and comprehensive recording of sample metadata is critical to the long-term utility of the genomics work in the BGE project: these metadata will link genome data to their origins. This Population Genomics Sample Manifest Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is adapte from V2.4.3 of the ERGA Manifest available at <a href="https://github.com/ERGA-consortium/ERGA-sample-manifest">https://github.com/ERGA-consortium/ERGA-sample-manifest</a>. Read this SOP in full before completing the Population Genomics Sample Manifest as it contains detailed guidance on how to record metadata. The submission of a completed manifest is mandatory for BGE-associated genomic data.

\*This sampling manifest adapts the ERGA Sampling Manifest which builds on the work of the Darwin Tree of Life (DToL) sampling committee, in particular of Mara Lawniczak and Robert Davey. We thank ERGA and DToL for allowing adapting their sampling metadata manifest to the BGE Population Genomics needs and for document sharing. All changes to this document only apply to BGE-ERGA population sampling and not to DToL or ERGA.



**Preamble:** To be able to register a sample/specimen and its metadata for BGE, the submitting person (most often identical to the Case Study or Sampling Coordinator) must adhere to the <u>ERGA code of conduct</u> as well as confirm that sampling adhered to <u>ERGA's ethical code of conduct for sampling</u>.

Purpose and responsibility: Biodiversity Genomics Europe (BGE) aims to use and develop genomic tools in biodiversity research from biological samples and to embed these sequences into best practices in scientific research and the landscape of biodiversity science. To do this we must adhere to correct, legal and ethical physical handling of the specimens, and correct collation of rich metadata describing the specimens. It contains specific instructions for filling in the metadata manifest for sampling in the framework of the Case Studies developed under BGE's Work Package 11 (WP11), as well as the pollinator population sampling for genomic analyses under Work Package 12 (WP12). BGE will not access and process samples that have incomplete associated metadata, have not been sampled in compliance with legal rules applying to each specimen, and have not been sampled according to an ethical code of conduct. The legal responsibility for acquiring samples remains with the Case Study Coordinator(s) for WP11 or the Sampling Coordinator for WP12, hereafter designated "Coordinator". By submitting the sampling manifest and providing information on compliance with sampling permits, the Coordinator guarantees that the sample in question can be legally processed and sequenced, and has been sampled in compliance with all applicable rules. The responsibility for the oversight of all legal compliance remains with the Coordinator. Where necessary and applicable, material transfer agreements can be issued and signed between the parties involved in sample processing.

Use and Future plans for this SOP: This SOP is intended for use with V2.4.3 of the ERGA Sample Manifest. It is planned that the input of population samples is fully implemented within the next version of the ERGA Manifest. Metadata are currently collected manually by the Coordinator using a defined spreadsheet, referred to as the BGE-ERGA\_PopGenomicsManifest\_SOP\_v1.0.xlsx. This document will allow integration into the data management and brokering platform system COPO (<a href="http://copo-project.org">http://copo-project.org</a>). COPO allows for dry runs of metadata upload to validate compliance to format requirements. COPO will link to a database that tracks all samples and their associated metadata as they progress from collection to genome assembly. Finally, the sequencing data will be archived in the ENA (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/browser">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/browser</a>) for all sequenced samples with the information provided in the metadata. The update of mandatory information initially set to "NOT\_PROVIDED" after initial manifest validation is currently under development.

**Raising issues**: Please refer to the original ERGA Sample Manifest V2.4.3 SOP for standing issues. Please raise specific issues by emailing the BGE-WP11 at <a href="mailto:bge-wp11@erga-biodiversity.eu">bge-wp11@erga-biodiversity.eu</a> with the subject indicating "Population Genomics Sample Manifest". For questions concerning the brokering of the manifest over COPO please reach out to <a href="mailto:El.COPO@earlham.ac.uk">El.COPO@earlham.ac.uk</a>.



# **Table 1 Document History**

Major Version	Date	Changes	Contributors			
1.0	2023-09-29	first version	João Pedro Marques, José Melo- Ferreira, João Pimenta, Maria J. Ruiz- López, Leif Andersson and Angelica Crottini			



# **Completing the Sample Manifest: Overview**

#### Scope of this document

Specific guidance on preparing samples is not covered by this SOP.

**Submission of samples** for sequencing is also not covered by this SOP.

#### The importance of "SPECIMEN\_ID"

The SPECIMEN\_ID must reflect the genetic identity of the individual, serving to link the various samples, images, vouchers, DNA barcodes, etc. that derive from one individual organism together. The SPECIMEN\_ID also allows the laboratory team to resample the same individual specimen if needed, e.g., in the case of requiring more DNA to create a library. For example, ten different individual specimens each in their own tube would have ten distinct SPECIMEN\_IDs, even if they are all from the same species. However, a single specimen split across ten tubes would result in each of those ten tubes having the same SPECIMEN\_ID. This unique SPECIMEN\_ID has three critical functions: identifying the Coordinator that holds responsibility for the specimen, tracking an individual sample's status and declaring the genetic uniqueness of the specimen.

Each specimen must be linked to a standardized, unique ID that begins with the prefix ERGA\_ followed by COORDINATOR INITIALS (up to 10 letters out of A-Z, if this is not possible please reach out to <a href="mailto:bge-wp11@erga-biodiversity.eu">bge-wp11@erga-biodiversity.eu</a>), followed by underscore followed by the last four digits of the COORDINATOR's ORCID ID, underscore, and running numbers (e.g. if you as coordinator register more than one sample, including samples with purposes other than Population Genomics analyses, make sure to use 00001, 00002...). SPECIMEN\_IDs must be unique to an individual (e.g., ERGA\_XY\_1234\_01 cannot be used again after it has been assigned to a specimen). SPECIMEN\_IDs must follow the format described above.

### Other "\_ID"s

A sample can represent a set of specimens as well as multiple parts of the same specimen, and so the COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_IDs can refer to an individual organism or something else (e.g., a soil sample could be represented by the COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID and a specimen taken from within that collection of soil be assigned a SPECIMEN\_ID). The COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID is the identifier assigned by the collector to the specimen or the sample, hence the use of the term SAMPLE rather than SPECIMEN in this metadata field. For example, if a collector collects a sample that could have mixed genotypes or species, this will have a single COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID, and will need to be split further into specimens, each of which is assigned a unique SPECIMEN ID.

It is permitted to have identical names for any or all of two categories



(COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID, SPECIMEN\_ID). The SPECIMEN\_ID is the only ID that is required for a sample to enter the BGE workflow and metadata upload to commence. We strongly urge sample providers to complete metadata collection and upload before commencing sequencing to guarantee a sample adheres to BGE's standards.

Management of COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID and their relationship to SPECIMEN\_ID is the responsibility of the Coordinator.

#### Manifest Validation Process

Use the spreadsheet as an XLS/XLSX (Microsoft Excel format) file for upload to COPO. Ensure that you upload the manifest to a profile that has "Biodiversity Genomics Europe (BGE)" and "POP\_GENOMICS" as associated profile types. Please carefully read the guidance in this SOP for each field, and attempt to get your submitted manifests as close to the guidance as possible.

Once you have completed entering all metadata, the initial check **upon submission to COPO** will confirm that each TAXON\_ID maps to the correct species name. If mismatches are found, this will require the submitter to examine the mismatches and determine the nature of the problem. Please read the guidance on TAXON\_ID below carefully as you should be able to ensure that each TAXON\_ID precisely and accurately matches a species name in advance of submitting your manifest. There are too many possibilities to enumerate them all here, but three of the most common issues are a misspelling in the SCIENTIFIC\_NAME or the TAXON\_ID fields, a species for which no TaxonID is available in the NCBI TaxonomyDB, or a change in the taxonomy not reflected in NCBI TaxonomyDB. These will need to be addressed before the manifest can be validated. More information on how to fix these issues is below in the discussion of the TAXON\_ID field.

If any other issues with the information provided within the sample manifest are identified (e.g., missing mandatory entries, duplicate rows, incorrect date formats), the sample manifest will be returned to you to resolve these issues; within COPO, this will be an iterative process pointing you towards malformatted or missing information.

Once this process is complete and every sample has a TAXON\_ID together with complete metadata, the manifest is considered to be "validated".

When data are submitted to ENA for release (as part of BioSample, and raw data submissions), the submissions will include all of the fields below indicated by ENA\_submission. If the field name is in green, then an entry for each specimen is mandatory for that field, even if only to declare why the information is missing. For all other fields, we strongly encourage data entry, but it is not mandatory if it has not been collected.



#### Changes to Uploaded Sample Metadata

COPO has a version history. Any updates or changes to any fields for uploaded specimens should be sent as an email request to <a href="El.COPO@earlham.ac.uk">El.COPO@earlham.ac.uk</a> specifying the BioSamples accession, the field to update and the new value. For taxonomic changes, only the BioSamples accession and the new SCIENTIFIC\_NAME is needed to update the taxonomy of a sample/specimen. COPO will produce a pipeline to update metadata for uploaded samples (see <a href="visual COPO documentation">visual COPO documentation</a> for more information on manifest submission and process updates).

#### Vouchers of Specimen or Sample

Whenever possible, a submitted specimen may be vouchered in a public scientific collection dedicated to permanent storage and with an accessible voucher catalog. Vouchering should be coordinated by the Coordinator or another designated person from the institution that keeps ownership of the sample. Upon integration in a collection, vouchers will be attributed a collection specific ID that can be recorded in the metadata (see below, field BG-BP) as well as the collection name. To be properly displayed together with genome sequencing collections can register with the NCBI Biocollections (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/biocollections) by contacting gb-admin@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov. To confirm if the collection is already in the NCBI Biocollections or to look for the correct and collection codes, the **ENA** Source Attribute (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/sah/api/) may be used, or the database can be looked up here: https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/. Ideally, in addition to a physical voucher, tissue and/or cells and/or DNA can be deposited in a public Biobank/ frozen repository, ideally a member of GGBN. When vouchering is not possible, digital images may be recorded prior to destructive sampling and submitted in lieu of physical samples. Taxon specific vouchering information should be found in taxon specific sampling SOPs. When possible, photographs are appreciated (see below).



#### BGE population genomics sample manifest roadmap

The manifest is divided into eleven theme blocks covering different aspects of metadata acquisition.

Mandatory fields are marked in **green** in the table below and Optional in **white**.

**Mandatory fields** always require filling. If information is absent you need to enter an accepted term (details in parenthesis). **Optional fields** can be left blank if information is absent, in which case a default term is assumed.

**Block 1:** Sample submission information including specimen identifier and tube/well identifiers, as well as information on the Coordinator

(columns A to F)

**Block 2:**Taxonomic information including species name, family and common name (columns G to O)

**Block 3:** Biological information of the sample including lifestage, sex, and organism part (columns P to T)

**Block 4:** Details of the submitting GAL and the associated organizational codes (columns U and V)

**Block 5**: Data on the collector, collection event, and collection localities

(columns W to AR)

**Block 6:** Information on taxonomic identification, taxonomic uncertainty and risks

(columns AS to AW)

**Block 7:** Details of the tissue preservation event

(columns AX to BD)

**Block 8:** Information on DNA barcoding

(columns BE to BI)

**Block 9:** Information on Biobanking and Vouchering

(columns BJ to BU)

**Block 10:** Information on regulatory compliances, Indigenous rights, traditional knowledge and permits

(columns BV to CI)

**Block 11:** Additional information including a free text field to house other important sample notes

(columns CJ to CM)



A TUBE_OR_ WELL_ID	B SPECIMEN_ID	C PURPOSE_OF_SP ECIMEN	D SAMPLE_COORDI NATOR	E SAMPLE_COORDI NATOR_AFFILIATI ON	F SAMPLE_COORDI NATOR_ORCID_ID	G ORDER_OR_GRO UP	H FAMILY	I GENUS	J TAXON_ID	K SCIENTIFIC_NAME
L TAXON_REMARKS	M INFRASPECIFIC_E PITHET	N CULTURE_OR_ST RAIN_ID	O COMMON_NAME	P LIFESTAGE	Q SEX	R ORGANISM_PART	S SYMBIONT	T RELATIONSHIP	U GAL	V GAL_SAMPLE_ID
W COLLECTOR_SAM PLE_ID	X COLLECTED_BY	Y COLLECTOR_AFFI LIATION	Z COLLECTOR_ORC ID_ID	DATE_OF_COLLE CTION	AB TIME_OF_COLLEC TION	COLLECTION_LOC ATION	AD DECIMAL_LATITU DE	AE  DECIMAL_LONGIT  UDE	AF  LATITUDE_STA  RT	AG LONGITUDE_STAR T
AH LATITUDE_END	AI LONGITUDE_END	AI HABITAT	AK DEPTH	AL ELEVATION	AM ORIGINAL_COLLE CTION_DATE	AN ORIGINAL_GEOGR APHIC_LOCATION	AO ORIGINAL_DECIM AL_LATITUDE	AP ORIGINAL_DECIMA L_LONGITUDE	AQ  DESCRIPTION  OF_COLLECTIO  N_METHOD	AR DIFFICULT_OR_HI GH_PRIORITY_SA MPLE
AS IDENTIFIED_BY	AT IDENTIFIER_AFFIL IATION	AU IDENTIFIED_HOW	AV SPECIMEN_IDENTI TY_RISK	AW MIXED_SAMPLE_R ISK	AX PRESERVED_BY	AY PRESERVER_AFF ILIATION	AZ PRESERVATION_ APPROACH	BA PRESERVATIVE_S OLUTION	BB  TIME_ELAPSED _FROM_COLLE CTION_TO_PRE SERVATION	BC  DATE_OF_PRESE RVATION
BD SIZE_OF_TISSUE_ IN_TUBE	BE  TISSUE_REMOVE D_FOR_BARCODI NG	BF TUBE_OR_WELL_ ID_FOR_BARCODI NG	BG TISSUE_FOR_BA RCODING	BH  BARCODE_PLATE _PRESERVATIVE	BI BARCODING_STA TUS	BJ TISSUE_REMOVE D_FOR_BIOBANKI NG	BK TISSUE_ VOUCHER_ID_FO R_BIOBANKING	BL PROXY_TISSUE_V OUCHER_ID_FOR_ BIOBANKING	BM TISSUE_FOR_BI OBANKING	BIOBANKED_TISS UE_PRESERVATIV E
BO  DNA_REMOVED_ FOR_BIOBANKIN  G	BP DNA_VOUCHER_I D_FOR_BIOBANKI NG	BQ VOUCHER_ID	BR PROXY_VOUCHER _ID	BS VOUCHER_LINK	BT PROXY_VOUCHER _LINK	BU VOUCHER_INSTIT UTION	BV REGULATORY_C OMPLIANCE	BW  ASSOCIATED_TRA DITIONAL_KNOWL EDGE_OR_BIOCUL TURAL_RIGHTS_A PPLICABLE	BX INDIGENOUS_RI GHTS_DEF	BY  ASSOCIATED_TRA DITIONAL_KNOWL EDGE_OR_BIOCUL TURAL_PROJECT_ ID
BZ  ASSOCIATED_TR ADITIONAL_KNO WLEDGE_CONTA CT	CA ETHICS_PERMITS _REQUIRED	CB ETHICS_PERMITS _DEF	CC ETHICS_PERMITS _ FILENAME	CD SAMPLING_PERMI TS_ REQUIRED	CE SAMPLING_PERMI TS_DEF	CF SAMPLING_PERM ITS_ FILENAME	CG NAGOYA_PERMIT S_REQUIRED	CH NAGOYA_PERMITS _DEF	CI NAGOYA_PERM ITS_FILENAME	CJ HAZARD_GROUP
CK PRIMARY_BIOGE NOME_PROJECT	CL ASSOCIATED_BIO GENOME_PROJEC TS	CM OTHER_INFORMA TION								



# **Detailed instructions for filling in the Sample Manifest**

- I. The manifest has several tabs. Please only fill in the **Metadata Entry** tab.
- II. Information must be entered for all fields below with green bold names. If information is unavailable, they must be populated with the appropriate term describing why this information is missing. The acceptable missing value terms follow the INSDC recommendations and are as follows:

**NOT\_APPLICABLE** = information is inappropriate to report. This can also indicate that the standard itself fails to model or represent the information appropriately.

**NOT\_COLLECTED** = information of an expected format was not given because it has not been collected.

NOT\_PROVIDED = information of an expected format cannot be given upon initial manifest submission but a value may be given at a later stage (this may be a particularly useful missing information term for VOUCHER\_ID, TISSUE\_VOUCHER\_ID\_FOR\_BIOBANKING and DNA VOUCHER ID FOR BIOBANKING)

Fields that are named in **BOLD** without color do not require an entry describing why the information is missing because we expect that many samples may not have information for these fields (e.g., most samples will not have DEPTH information). However, if you have collected the information related to these terms, please do enter it. If these fields are left blank, a default "missing value term" may be assumed (indicated for each field below).

Many terms will have the data released publicly as part of the ENA record. For every field for which this is true, you will find "ENA\_submission" next to the name of the term.

- III. All dates in the manifest must be formatted consistently as YYYY-MM-DD (ISO8601).
- IV. In fields that are "free text", we ask that you use only the core alphanumeric characters, plus full stop ".", hyphen "-", underscore "\_" and spaces (summarised in coding parlance as " -\_.a-zA-z0-9"). Please avoid "|" (the vertical pipe symbol) except where we indicate it should be used to separate elements in a list. Please do not use "special characters" (such as other punctuation and "logical" marks: "#"';:?!@\*() [] {}/,=+", etc.).



#### Column by column instructions for the Metadata Entry tab.

- A. **TUBE\_OR\_WELL\_ID**: This field should record the individually attributed label of the Coordinator on the tube submitted for sequencing. If samples are submitted in plate format, provide the relevant well information here. If barcodes are entered, use a barcode scanner in advance of preparing samples to reduce errors do not enter barcodes manually.
- B. SPECIMEN\_ID: (ENA\_submission) This is a unique identifier that refers to the genetic identity of the supplied material. It is assumed that the SPECIMEN\_ID refers to a singular genetic individual. If the same individual specimen is split into several samples submitted in separate tubes, the SPECIMEN\_ID for these samples would be the same. If multiple individuals of a species are sampled (e.g., from the same population), they must be placed in multiple, individual tubes, each with a unique SPECIMEN\_ID. Each specimen must be linked to a standardized, unique ID that begins with the prefix ERGA\_ followed by COORDINATOR INITIALS (up to 10 letters out of A-Z, if this is not possible please reach out to <a href="mailto:bge-wp11@erga-biodiversity.eu">bge-wp11@erga-biodiversity.eu</a>), followed by underscore followed by the last four digits of the COORDINATOR's ORCID ID, underscore and RUNNING NUMBERS (make sure to use 00001, 00002...). SPECIMEN\_IDs must be unique to an individual (e.g., ERGA\_XY\_1234\_001 cannot be used again after it has been assigned to a specimen). SPECIMEN\_IDs must follow the format described above.
- C. **PURPOSE\_OF\_SPECIMEN**: As specimens will be intended for population genetics via short read resequencing, please use "SHORT\_READ\_SEQUENCING".
- D. SAMPLE\_COORDINATOR: (ENA\_submission) Also known as the Case study or Sampling Coordinator. Enter the name of the person or people who is responsible for the case study (WP11) or sampling (WP12) using all CAPITALS, and separate names with "|" (vertical pipe symbol), e.g., "CAROLUS LINNAEUS | JEAN\_BAPTISTE LAMARCK".
  - We note that storage of names with affiliations in a database brings the system under the aegis of the GDPR regulations, and we must ask all involved to agree to their data being stored in COPO and to those data being propagated to secondary databases (including ENA and the final collections of record).
- E. **SAMPLE\_COORDINATOR\_AFFILIATION:** (ENA\_submission) Free text field to supply the university, institution, or society that is responsible for the sample. This is typically the society or institution of the person(s) specified in the SAMPLE\_COORDINATOR field. If multiple people are specified in SAMPLE\_COORDINATOR, ensure that their institutional affiliations are also separated by a vertical pipe symbol. Position in the list of affiliations should match the person in the same position in the list of names (e.g., PERSON A | PERSON X | PERSON C will have their affiliations as: (INSTITUTE A | INSTITUTE X | INSTITUTE C). If multiple people are listed but all from the same affiliation, no need to repeat the affiliation.



- F. **SAMPLE\_COORDINATOR\_ORCID\_ID:** (**ENA\_submission**) Enter the 16 digits ORCID ID of the person or people indicated in the SAMPLE\_COORDINATOR field. If multiple entries are provided, ensure that they are separated by a vertical pipe symbol.
- G. ORDER\_OR\_GROUP: The taxonomic Order into which the Family is placed or (if this is not defined) the monophyletic group to which the Family or Genus belongs. This should correspond to the taxonomy as represented in the NCBI Taxonomy Database. If you or a taxonomist have a disagreement with the taxonomy represented on NCBI Taxonomy Database, please raise this with the NCBI TaxonomyDB curators as described below.
- H. **FAMILY:** The taxonomic Family into which the Genus is placed. This should correspond to the taxonomy as represented in the NCBI Taxonomy Database. If you or your taxonomist have a disagreement with the taxonomy represented on NCBI Taxonomy Database, please raise this with the NCBI TaxonomyDB curators as described below.
- I. **GENUS:** The taxonomic Genus to which the Species belongs. This should correspond to the taxonomy as represented in the NCBI Taxonomy Database, and with the generic component of the scientific name given below. If you or your taxonomist have a disagreement with the taxonomy represented on NCBI Taxonomy Database, please raise this with the NCBI TaxonomyDB curators as described below.
- J. **TAXON\_ID:** (**ENA\_submission**) A valid NCBI TAXON\_ID to the species level is mandatory in order to submit data to public repositories. The species name in the manifest must be identical to that listed in the "current name" box in the Taxonomy Browser for that species. If this is not the case, write to <a href="mailto:ena-bge@ebi.ac.uk">ena-bge@ebi.ac.uk</a> to request the change in NCBI Taxonomy.

If there is another taxon database for your group, e.g., EukRef, LSIDs, please fill in the NCBI TAXON\_ID, and then use the TAXON\_REMARKS field to specify the taxon database and the ID/accession/URL.

■ TAXON\_IDs can be looked up based on the species at the following links: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgior https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/TaxIdentifier.tax identifier.cgi.

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- https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/taxonomy/rest/scientific-name/"organismname", where the species name should be entered instead of "organism name" (e.g. https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/taxonomy/rest/scientific-name/Trechus%20terceiranus)
- If no TAXON\_ID exists, or a credible TAXON\_ID exists that likely is a synonym of the species name the collector or submitter would use (through differential usage, error or lack of currency of the NCBI taxonomy), please ask for assistance by writing to enabge@ebi.ac.uk, providing the full name, authority, and publication for the chosen name where possible. If required (e.g., newly described species, species missing from taxonomy browser), a new TAXON\_ID should be available within 14 days. In the case of conflict, the sample submitter will be contacted and may be required to provide further information. Please note that the final species name on submission of the data to INSDC



will be the one associated with the TAXON ID in NCBI Taxonomy.

- When a sample is provided that requires DNA barcoding before a species ID is possible, please provide the lowest taxonomic rank identification as possible (ORDER\_OR\_GROUP, FAMILY, GENUS) and leave SCIENTIFIC\_NAME blank. You may care to place comments on what the specimen is likely to be in TAXON REMARKS.
- K. **SCIENTIFIC\_NAME:** (**ENA\_submission**) The Latin binomial/combined genus and species name with a space in between.
  - See TAXON\_ID above if you or the taxonomic expert have substantive issues with the species name present for the taxon in the NCBI TaxonomyDB.
- L. **TAXON\_REMARKS**: Free text to summarize any known issues with the mapping of TAXON\_ID to SCIENTIFIC\_NAME or add other taxon database identifiers here e.g., EukRef. Here you can also comment on STRAIN availability, if the specimen is a representative of a living and accessible strain/colony/culture. If there are no issues, leave this field **blank**.
- M. **INFRASPECIFIC\_EPITHET**: Where the sample is from a formally named infraspecific taxon, give the infraspecific name here, with prefixes in the following format: ssp. (for subspecies), var. (for variety), cv. (for cultivar), br. (for breed). Entries in this field should reflect organisms that can be found living outside of laboratories (see next attribute for lab strains). If there is no epithet here, leave this field **blank**.
- N. **CULTURE\_OR\_STRAIN\_ID:** (**ENA\_submission**) Please give the reference ID from the source culture collection, such that the culture accession can be found in the collection's database. This is only relevant if the sequenced material is derived from a living, culturable, named laboratory strain (e.g., *Anopheles coluzzii* N'Gousso strain). This field should not be used to record a variant or type that has been collected anew from the wild: such information should be placed in **OTHER\_INFORMATION**. Leave this field **blank** if it is not relevant.
- O. **COMMON\_NAME**: Vernacular name. If any guidelines for vernacular names exist (e.g., birds: https://birdsoftheworld.org/bow/species; reptiles: <a href="https://ssarherps.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/HC 39 7thEd.pdf">https://ssarherps.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/HC 39 7thEd.pdf</a>), their adoption is recommended. Multiple names of multiple languages can be entered by separating names with a | (vertical pipe) character. English common names, if available, should be entered first. If you are unsure of or the species has no vernacular name leave this field **blank**.
- P. **LIFESTAGE**: (**ENA\_submission**) The life stage of the specimen from which the sample was derived. This field has a controlled vocabulary: use the drop-down menu or look at the available terms on the second tab to complete. Please note that there are currently curated attributes for animals, for plants/fungi/macroalgae, and for some protists.
  - Please enter **NOT\_PROVIDED** if your proposal for a lifestage term has not yet been accepted.



- Q. SEX: (ENA\_submission) The sex of the specimen from which the sample was derived. This field has a controlled vocabulary: use the drop-down menu. If the sex of the organism is not known, use NOT\_COLLECTED. The sex may be determined at a later date using the genome sequence data, but this will be captured in a different field, so this field should refer solely to the sex as determined by morphological examination of the specimen or strong inference (e.g., the species is from a clade that is always hermaphroditic/monoecious).
- R. ORGANISM\_PART: (ENA\_submission) A description of the exact tissue(s) in the tube or well. Accurate information here is important for downstream analyses on the symbiome, chromosomal diminution, RNAseq, etc. There is a tab in the Sample Manifest that defines the terms that can be used for ORGANISM\_PART. This tab lists definitions for the full tissue, but pieces of that tissue are acceptable (e.g., LUNG is defined as 'the lung of a vertebrate', but a small piece of lung not the whole lung is expected). If the information is unknown use NOT\_COLLECTED.
  - Please combine tissues by entering multiple terms from the ontology using the | (vertical pipe) symbol (e.g., for head + abdomen of an insect enter "HEAD | ABDOMEN"). When using multiple body parts, there will be a data validation error that arises in the excel metadata sheet, but these can be ignored as long as the spelling and capitalization of the terms is identical to the provided list. This will not cause a validation error in COPO as long as spelling is correct. If you are filing in the manifest in excel, you may need to change your field encoding/settings to fill in several terms instead of choosing from the drop-down menu of single terms.
- S. **SYMBIONT**: This is to indicate whether the sample contains a known symbiont (i.e. you have metadata for it and a species-level and ENA-submittable TAXON ID). Select "TARGET" if only the "host" metadata is known OR if it is a symbiont-only culture. Thus the default entry for this row should be "TARGET" (and if this field is left **blank**, it will be autofilled as "TARGET" on submission). ONLY select "SYMBIONT" if you have a known symbiont mixed with the "TARGET" AND you have a species-level identification supported by a valid taxon ID for this symbiont. Where this is the case, the "TARGET" row should be duplicated by copying and pasting it below to create a new row; The term "SYMBIONT" should then be selected in the new row, and then the following fields amended to reflect the symbiont data:
  - i. ORDER\_OR\_GROUP, FAMILY, GENUS, TAXON\_ID, SCIENTIFIC\_NAME, TAXON\_REMARKS, INFRASPECIFIC\_EPITHET, CULTURE OR STRAIN ID, COMMON NAME, LIFESTAGE, SEX

The default entry for "ORGANISM\_PART" for symbionts should be "WHOLE ORGANISM"; it will be auto-corrected to this on submission. Where there is no explicit species-level specific information for the symbiont available (including a valid taxon ID), then no additional symbiont row should be added, and instead any information on the symbiont should be included in the "OTHER INFORMATION" column of the "TARGET" row.

If the presence of a symbiont is known or likely, but its exact taxonomy is unknown, leave SYMBIONT blank and set MIXED SAMPLE RISK to Yes.

T. **RELATIONSHIP:** (**ENA\_submission**) This is a free text field to permit declaration of any known parental, child, or sibling relationship between the specimen and any other specimens



that are submitted for the ERGA or BGE project, OR to declare if the specimen is a "barcode exemplar" for another specimen.

- If there are known genetic relationships between submitted specimens, please concisely state the relationship: "Full sibling to SPECIMEN\_ID1", "Mother to SPECIMEN\_ID2", "Maternal half sibling to SPECIMEN\_ID1, SPECIMEN\_ID2, and SPECIMEN\_ID3", or "Trio child of SPECIMEN\_ID1 and SPECIMEN\_ID2". If knowledge of the relationships is not confident but suspected, do not add anything here and instead add this information to the "OTHER\_INFORMATION" field (e.g., "suspected full or half sibling to SPECIMEN\_ID2").
- If the specimen is acting as a barcoding exemplar or if it is used for a complementary sequencing method because the entire organism must be used for (one method of) reference genome sequencing and it is not possible to take a sample for DNA barcoding (e.g., midges from the same swarm where one is submitted for sequencing and 5 are submitted individually for DNA barcoding), then add "barcode/additional sequencing exemplar for SPECIMEN\_IDx" and insert the SPECIMEN\_ID for the specimen that is going for reference genome sequencing, potentially without its own DNA barcoding.
- If there is no relationship to note, this field can be left **blank**.
- U. **GAL**: (**ENA\_submission**) Use the drop-down menu to select the Genome Acquisition Lab (GAL) responsible for this sample. If your GAL is not a BGE partner but a commercial provider, leave the field blank and "**INDUSTRY\_PARTNER**" will be autofilled.
- V. **GAL\_SAMPLE\_ID**: (**ENA\_submission**) This is the unique name assigned to the sample by the GAL. If it is not applicable, it can be the same as TUBE\_OR\_WELL\_ID or COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID. GAL\_SAMPLE\_ID might include an abbreviation for the GAL and a simple shorthand identifier. This is a free text field, but please do not use spaces or special characters, e.g., #, !, ^, \*, etc. Please ensure you do not use IDs that have already been used, and if available that you stick to the format required by the GAL. If left **blank** it will default to **COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID** (see W).
- W. COLLECTOR\_SAMPLE\_ID: This is the unique name assigned to the sample by the COLLECTOR or COLLECTOR\_AFFILIATION. This is a free text field, but please **do not use** spaces or special characters, other than hyphens and underscores ("-" and "\_") i.e do not use #, !, ^, \*, etc.
- X. **COLLECTED\_BY:** (**ENA\_submission**) Enter the name of the person or people who collected the sample using all CAPITALS, and separate names with "|" (vertical pipe symbol), e.g., "CAROLUS LINNAEUS | JEAN\_BAPTISTE LAMARCK".
  - We note that storage of names with affiliations in a database brings the BGE system under the aegis of the GDPR regulations, and we must ask Coordinators, GALs, and collaborators to agree to their data being stored in COPO and to those data being propagated to secondary databases (including ENA and the final collections of record). The Coordinator is asked to seek agreement from all involved collaborators before uploading the metadata sheet into COPO.



- Y. COLLECTOR\_AFFILIATION: (ENA\_submission) Free text field to supply the university, institution, or society that is responsible for the collected specimen. This is typically the society or institution of the person(s) specified in the COLLECTED\_BY field. If multiple people are specified in COLLECTED\_BY, ensure that their institutional affiliations are also separated by a vertical pipe symbol. Position in the list of affiliations should match the person in the same position in the list of names (e.g., PERSON A | PERSON X | PERSON C will have their affiliations as: (INSTITUTE A | INSTITUTE X | INSTITUTE C). If multiple people are listed but all from the same affiliation, no need to repeat the affiliation.
- Z. **COLLECTOR\_ORCID\_ID:** (**ENA\_submission**) Enter the 16 digits ORCID ID of the person or people who is responsible for the collection of the sample. If more than a single entry is specified ensure that they are separated by a vertical pipe symbol. If left **blank** it defaults to **NOT\_PROVIDED**.
- AA. **DATE\_OF\_COLLECTION:** (**ENA\_submission**) The date the sample was collected, in ISO8601 format (year, month and day, or year and month, or year; **YYYY-MM-DD, YYYY-MM, YYYY**).
- AB. **TIME\_OF\_COLLECTION**: Time of day of sample collection in 24-hour clock format, with hours and minutes separated by colon e.g., 13:35, 04:53, etc. This should be in GMT/UTC. This field may be particularly relevant for RNAseq but it is not mandatory. Leave this field **blank** if the time was not recorded.
- AC. COLLECTION\_LOCATION: (ENA\_submission) General description of the location where the tissue/organism part was sampled for genome sequencing. This should start with the geographical origin of the sample country as defined by the country or sea in agreement with INSDC country list (look up accepted country names here <a href="https://www.insdc.org/country.html">https://www.insdc.org/country.html</a>), but also include more specific locations (e.g., "Barton's Pond") ranging from least to most specific and separated by | character, e.g., "United Kingdom | East Anglia | Norfolk | Norwich | University of East Anglia | UEA Broad". It is important to give the name of the site here if possible.
  - If the specimen is from a zoo, botanic garden, culture collection or similar and has a known origin elsewhere, please note this information in ORIGINAL\_COLLECTION\_DATE, ORIGINAL\_GEOGRAPHIC\_LOCATION and ORIGINAL\_DECIMAL\_LATITUDE & ORIGINAL\_DECIMAL\_LONGTITUDE and only include here information about the location of the specimen at the time from which a sample was taken (e.g., "London Zoo", "Millennium Seed Bank", etc).
- AD. **DECIMAL\_LATITUDE:** (ENA\_submission). The geographic location where the specimen or sample was taken in decimal degrees, between -90 and 90. The number of decimal places can be used to accommodate for precision of the geographic location. For example, using 3 decimal places is accurate for 111 meters, 2 is accurate for 1.11 Km, 1 is accurate for 11.1 Km and zero is accurate for 111 Km (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal degrees</a>). We advise that locations are specified, when possible, to a minimum of 3 decimal places.
  - If the specimen is from a zoo, botanic garden, culture collection or similar and has a known origin elsewhere, please note this information in



**ORIGINAL\_GEOGRAPHIC\_LOCATION** and **only** include here the coordinates of information about the location of the specimen at the time from which a sample was taken (e.g., the coordinates of "London Zoo", "Millennium Seed Bank", etc).

- AE. **DECIMAL\_LONGITUDE:** (**ENA\_submission**) The geographic location where the specimen or sample was taken in decimal degrees, between -180 and 180. The number of decimal places can be used to accommodate for precision of the geographic location. For example, using 3 decimal places is accurate for 111 meters, 2 is accurate for 1.11 Km, 1 is accurate for 11.1 Km and zero is accurate for 111 Km (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees</a>). We advise that locations are specified, when possible, to a minimum of 3 decimal places.
  - If the specimen is from a zoo, botanic garden, culture collection and has a known origin elsewhere, please note this information in ORIGINAL\_GEOGRAPHIC\_LOCATION and only include here the coordinates of information about the location of the specimen at the time from which a sample was taken (e.g., the coordinates of "London Zoo", "Millennium Seed Bank", etc).
- AF. LATITUDE\_START: (ENA\_submission) Only fill in if your sample was collected in a transect and cannot be attributed to a single point location. The geographic location where the collection transect started in decimal degrees, between -90 and 90. We advise that locations are specified to a minimum of 3 decimal places (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees</a>). Provide maximum possible precision. For example, using 3 decimal places gives a location accurate to 111 meters, whereas using 4 is accurate to 11.1 meters, and 5 is accurate to 1.11 meters. See <a href="http://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal\_degrees">http://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal\_degrees</a>.
  - Only provide if **DECIMAL\_LATITUDE (AD)** is "NOT COLLECTED"
- AG. LONGITUDE\_START: (ENA\_submission) Only fill in if your sample was collected in a transect and cannot be attributed to a single point location. The geographic location where the collection transect started in decimal degrees, between -180 and 180. We advise that locations specified minimum of 3 decimal to а (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal degrees). Provide maximum possible precision. For example, using 3 decimal places gives a location accurate to 111 meters, whereas using 4 is accurate 11.1 meters, 5 is accurate 1.11 and to meters See http://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal degrees.
  - Only provide if **DECIMAL\_LONGITUDE (AE)** is "NOT COLLECTED"
- AH. LATITUDE\_END: (ENA\_submission) Only fill in if your sample was collected in a transect and cannot be attributed to a single point location. The geographic location where the collection transect started in decimal degrees, between -90 and 90. We advise that locations are specified to a minimum of 3 decimal places (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees</a>). Provide maximum possible precision. For example, using 3 decimal places gives a location accurate to 111 meters, whereas using 4 is accurate to 11.1 meters, and 5 is accurate to 1.11 meters See <a href="http://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal\_degrees">http://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal\_degrees</a>.
  - Only provide if **DECIMAL\_LATITUDE (AD)** is "NOT\_COLLECTED"



- Al. **LONGITUDE\_END**: (**ENA\_submission**) Only fill in if your sample was collected in a transect and cannot be attributed to a single point location. The geographic location where the collection transect started in decimal degrees, between -180 and 180. We advise that locations are specified to a minimum of 3 decimal places (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal degrees</a>). Provide maximum possible precision. For example, using 3 decimal places gives a location accurate to 111 meters, whereas using 4 is accurate to 11.1 meters, and 5 is accurate to 1.11 meters See <a href="https://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal degrees">https://wiki.gis.com/wiki/index.php/Decimal degrees</a>.
  - Only provide if **DECIMAL\_LONGITUDE (AE)** is "NOT COLLECTED"
- AJ. HABITAT: (ENA\_submission) Any comments about the location, habitat or substrate, e.g. damp mossy ground in moderate shade. We recommend using terms from the ENVO ontology. If the specimen is from a zoo or botanic garden, you can add its original habitat to "OTHER\_INFORMATION" but here, please only capture its habitat at the time of collection (e.g. "reptile cage at London Zoo"). If substrate is living and there is a chance that it is included in the sample, add this to the SYMBIONT category, differentiating between the two reporting guidelines depending on the availability of a species-level identification and taxon ID for the substrate.
- AK. **DEPTH**: (**ENA\_submission**) Depth below water body surface or earth surface in sediment or soil, supplied in metres. This is not the absolute depth of the water body. Do not supply the unit, e.g., use 200 for 200 m below sea level, 100-200 for 100-200 m range below sea level, etc. Leave this field **blank** if the depth was not recorded or it is not an applicable field.
- AL. **ELEVATION:** (**ENA\_submission**) Altitude above sea level, supplied in metres. Do not supply the unit, e.g., use 200 for 200 m above sea level, 100- 200 for 100-200 m range above sea level, etc. Please supply elevation of water surface for inland water bodies. Leave this field **blank** if the elevation was not recorded or it is not an applicable field.
- AM. **ORIGINAL\_COLLECTION\_DATE**: (**ENA\_submission**) If the specimen is from a zoo, botanic garden, culture collection and has a known date of collection **from a known origin elsewhere** (e.g., the wild), please record the date here in as much detail as possible, with year, month and day specified (**YYYY-MM-DD**). YYYY-MM or YYYY is acceptable where further detail is not known. This information is important for regulatory compliance checks. Leave this field **blank** if it is not applicable.
- AN. ORIGINAL GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION: (ENA submission) If the specimen is from a zoo, botanic garden, culture collection and has a known origin elsewhere, please record the general description of the original location here. This should start with the country (United Kingdom, or look other accepted country names here https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/browser/view/ERC000053), but also include more specific locations (e.g., "Barton's Pond") ranging from least to most specific and separated by vertical pipes, e.g., "United Kingdom | East Anglia | Norfolk | Norwich | University of East Anglia | UEA Broad" when available. It is important to give the name of the site here if possible. This information is important for regulatory compliance checks. Leave this field blank if it is not applicable.
- AO. **ORIGINAL\_DECIMAL\_LATITUDE**: (**ENA\_submission**) The geographic location where the specimen or sample was originally taken in decimal degrees, between -90 and 90. The number of decimal places can be used to accommodate for precision of the geographic location.



For example, using 3 decimal places is accurate for 111 meters, 2 is accurate for 1.11 Km, 1 is accurate for 11.1 Km and zero is accurate for 111 Km (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees</a>). We advise that locations are specified, when possible, to a minimum of 3 decimal places.

AP. **ORIGINAL\_DECIMAL\_LONGITUDE**: (**ENA\_submission**) The geographic location where the specimen or sample was originally taken in decimal degrees, between -180 and 180. The number of decimal places can be used to accommodate for precision of the geographic location.

For example, using 3 decimal places is accurate for 111 meters, 2 is accurate for 1.11 Km, 1 is accurate for 11.1 Km and zero is accurate for 111 Km (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal\_degrees</a>). We advise that locations are specified, when possible, to a minimum of 3 decimal places.

- AQ. **DESCRIPTION\_OF\_COLLECTION\_METHOD**: (**ENA\_submission**) A detailed as possible description of the sample collection methods, e.g., "caught with fiber net within densely wooded area, and immediately placed into the collection container".
- AR. **DIFFICULT\_OR\_HIGH\_PRIORITY\_SAMPLE:** Drop-down menu to flag species/samples that are difficult to collect (rare/rare in target area) or difficult to be integrated in genome data generation process (e.g. hard to get good quality DNA).
- AS. **IDENTIFIED\_BY**: (**ENA\_submission**) Enter the name of the person or people who identified the sample to species level. Use ALL CAPs, and separate names with | (vertical pipe symbol), e.g., "CAROLUS LINNAEUS | JEAN-BAPTISTE LAMARCK".

We note that storage of names with affiliations in a database brings the BGE system under the aegis of the GPDR regulations, and we must ask Coordinators, GALs, and collaborators to agree to their data being stored in COPO and to those data being propagated to secondary databases (including ENA and the final collections of record). The Coordinator is asked to seek agreement from all involved collaborators before uploading the metadata sheet into COPO.

- AT. **IDENTIFIER\_AFFILIATION**: (**ENA\_submission**) Free text field to supply the university, institution, or society that is responsible for the collected specimen. This is typically the society or institution of the person(s) specified in the IDENTIFIED\_BY field. If multiple people are specified in IDENTIFIED\_BY, ensure that their institutional affiliations are also separated by a vertical pipe symbol. Position in the list of affiliations should match the person in the same position in the list of names (e.g., "Person A | Person X | Person C" will have their affiliations as: "Institute A | Institute X | Institute C". If multiple people are listed but all from the same affiliation, no need to repeat the affiliation.
- AU. **IDENTIFIED\_HOW**: Indicate what method(s) were used to identify the specimen to the nominal species (e.g., morphology, ITS barcoding). This is free text and should include reference to an authoritative key if possible. If the identification is by a taxon expert, note that here and ensure the name of that person is in the IDENTIFIED BY column.
- AV. **SPECIMEN\_IDENTITY\_RISK:** Y/N field to indicate if there is any risk that the SPECIMEN\_ID



provided does not reflect the species names it has been submitted under. For example where a species is part of a species complex or group where it can be difficult to be certain of species identity and/or species boundaries. Please make every effort to ensure this field is N if possible (e.g., by consulting with taxonomic experts and using results from DNA barcoding to confirm species identity).

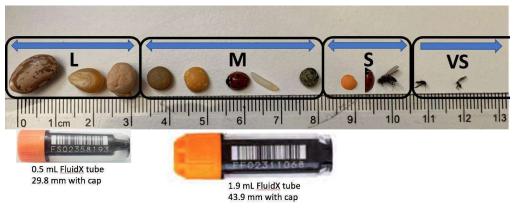
- AW. MIXED\_SAMPLE\_RISK: Y/N field to indicate if there is any risk that the SPECIMEN\_ID provided does not reflect a single genetic entity of the target species. Please make every effort to ensure this field is N if possible (e.g., by taking single strands of clumpy organisms or parts of the host that are most likely to reflect a single genetic entity).
- AX. **PRESERVED\_BY**: Name of person that carried out the preservation, supplied in CAPITALS. Multiple preserver names should be separated by a | character. If left **blank**, **NOT\_COLLECTED** is assumed.
  - We note that storage of names with affiliations in a database brings the BGE system under the aegis of the GDPR regulations, and we must ask Coordinators, GALs and collaborators to agree to their data being stored in COPO and to those data being propagated to secondary databases (including ENA and the final collections of records). The Coordinator is asked to seek agreement from all involved collaborators before uploading the metadata sheet into COPO.
- AY. **PRESERVER\_AFFILIATION**: Free text field to supply the university, institution, or society that is responsible for the collected specimen. This is typically the society or institution of the person(s) specified in the PRESERVED\_BY field. If multiple people are specified in PRESERVED\_BY, ensure that their institutional affiliations are also separated by a vertical pipe symbol. Position in the list of affiliations should match the person in the same position in the list of names (e.g., Person A | Person X | Person C will have their affiliations as: (Institute A | Institute X | Institute C). If multiple people are listed but all from the same affiliation, there is no need to repeat the affiliation. If left **blank**, **NOT\_COLLECTED** is assumed.
- AZ. **PRESERVATION\_APPROACH**: Free text field specifying e.g., snap frozen, dry ice, ethanol/dry ice slurry, in RNALater, lyophilised, air dried, etc. If left **blank**, **NOT\_COLLECTED** is assumed.
- BA. **PRESERVATIVE\_SOLUTION**: Free text field specifying the suspension liquid used to preserve the sample, e.g., RNALater, RLT Buffer, DESS. Record the volume, concentration, and type of liquid used here. If no preservative was used, this field should be left **blank**.
- BB. **TIME\_ELAPSED\_FROM\_COLLECTION\_TO\_PRESERVATION**: some organisms may be held living in collection for a period of time for starvation or other factors. This entry should be specified in hours, but no unit, e.g., 0.5 for half an hour, 3 for 3 hours, etc. If left **blank**, **NOT\_COLLECTED** is assumed.
- BC. **DATE\_OF\_PRESERVATION**: Date on which the species was preserved. Please use **YYYY-MM-DD** format. If left **blank**, **NOT\_COLLECTED** is assumed.
- BD. SIZE\_OF\_TISSUE\_IN\_TUBE: Select from the drop-down menu how large is the sample in



the tube. If left **blank**, **NOT\_COLLECTED** is assumed. Please note the approximate size of the piece or pellet: use the following shorthand:

- "VS" for very small
- "S" for small (~red lentil sized)
- "M" for medium (~yellow lentil/ladybird sized/5mm)
- "L" for large (>5mm, chickpea/bean sized)
- If the specimen is a single cell, use "SINGLE CELL"
- Aim for single lentil sized (S or M) pieces in tubes whenever possible. If the sample is L, then wherever possible process this into multiple tubes of S or M sized pieces . See visual guidance below.
- If the sample has been shipped as extracted DNA please enter "NOT\_APPLICABLE".

#### BARCODE\_PLATE\_PRESERVATIVE



Guidance for "Size of tissue in tube"

L = popcorn kernel or dried chickpea sized and larger

M = green, yellow lentil sized, whole ladybird size

S = red lentil, half a ladybird size

VS = smaller than half a red lentil

SC = single cell

- BE. **TISSUE\_REMOVED\_FOR\_BARCODING**: Select from drop-down menu "Y" or "N". If left **blank**, **N** is assumed.
- BF. **TUBE\_OR\_WELL\_ID\_FOR\_BARCODING:** This is either the well number on a plate OR the barcode/unique identifier on the tube containing the tissue sample if shipped to the same GAL. If left **blank**, **NOT\_APPLICABLE** is assumed.
- BG. **TISSUE\_FOR\_BARCODING:** Please select from the drop-down menu what part of the organism was dissected for DNA barcoding (e.g. leg, soft-body tissue etc.). This list is a repeat of the attributes available for "ORGANISM\_PART" with one addition of "DNA\_EXTRACT". If left **blank**, **NOT\_APPLICABLE** is assumed.
- BH. **BARCODE\_PLATE\_PRESERVATIVE**: Record the volume, concentration, and type of preservative/method of preservation used here. If left **blank**, **NOT\_APPLICABLE** is assumed.



- BI. BARCODING\_STATUS: Drop-down menu to indicate the status of DNA barcoding at the point of manifest submission. Options are 1) DNA barcoding completed, 2) DNA barcoding to be performed by GAL, 3) DNA barcode exempt, or 4) DNA barcoding failed. Both Option 3 (indirectly) and Option 4 (directly) refer to DNA barcoding sequencing failures. "DNA barcode exempt" is used for taxonomic groups which are known to repeatedly fail for DNA barcode sequencing, or for which barcoding as of yet is not possible and have been identified by the relevant taxon working group as exempt from the DNA barcoding step. "DNA barcoding failed" means that DNA barcoding was attempted but no barcode was produced. Samples which lack DNA barcodes for either of these reasons will only proceed for genome sequencing if the field SPECIMEN\_IDENTITY\_RISK has the entry "N". If left blank, DNA\_BARCODING\_TO\_BE\_PERFORMED\_GAL is assumed.
- BJ. **TISSUE\_REMOVED\_FOR\_BIOBANKING:** Select from drop-down menu "Y" or "N". Instructions for appropriate Biobanking SOPs have to be arranged with the Biobanking partner, noting that biobanking may require materials in specific tube or plate types. If left **blank**, **N** is assumed
- BK. TISSUE\_VOUCHER\_ID\_FOR\_BIOBANKING: (ENA\_submission) Accession number of frozen, biobanked material from the sequenced specimen. This ID should be prefixed by the name of the institution (institution code), followed by the collection code and the voucher id (institution code:collection code:voucher id) and refers to a frozen, physical voucher of the specimen that is accessioned and curated into a collection accessible over GGBN (https://www.ggbn.org/ggbn\_portal/) or the collection's webportal. Registered Institution and collection codes also be looked NCBI Biocollections can up on (https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/). If not available to you upon manifest validation but TISSUE REMOVED\_FOR\_BIOBANKING is Y you need to NOT\_PROVIDED. If left blank, NOT\_APPLICABLE is assumed.
- BL. PROXY\_TISSUE\_VOUCHER\_ID\_FOR\_BIOBANKING: (ENA\_submission) In some cases, frozen, biobanked material will need to be made from a specimen that is different than the one being submitted for sequencing (e.g., a midge is too small to 30 provide both a voucher for biobanking and a specimen for sequencing, so another midge from the same swarm may provide a para-genomotype voucher for biobanking). When this is the case, the Proxy Tissue voucher ID for Biobanking should be noted here. This ID should be prefixed by the name of the institution (institution code), followed by the collection code and the voucher id (institution code:collection code:voucher id) and refers to a frozen, physical voucher of the specimen that is accessioned and curated into а collection accessible over **GGBN** (https://www.ggbn.org/ggbn portal/) or the collection's webportal. Registered Institution and collection codes can looked NCBI **Biocollections** also be up on (https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/) or using the ENA Source Attribute Helper API (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/sah/api/). Where there are multiple vouchers to cite for a given specimen, separate the different Voucher IDs with a "|" symbol. If it is not the case, leave the field blank.
- BM. **TISSUE\_FOR\_BIOBANKING**: Please select from the drop-down menu what part of the organism was dissected for biobanking (e.g. leg, soft-body tissue etc.). This list is a repeat of the attributes available for "ORGANISM\_PART". If left **blank**, **NOT\_APPLICABLE** is assumed.



- BN. **BIOBANKED\_TISSUE\_PRESERVATIVE**: Record the volume, concentration, and type of preservative/method of preservation used here. If left **blank**, **NOT\_APPLICABLE** is assumed.
- BO. **DNA\_REMOVED\_FOR\_BIOBANKING**: Select from drop-down menu "**Y**" (yes) or "**N**" (no). If left **blank**, **N** is assumed.
- BP. DNA\_VOUCHER\_ID\_FOR\_BIOBANKING: (ENA\_submission) Accession number of DNA biobanked from the sequenced specimen. This ID should be prefixed by the acronym of the institution, followed by the collection code and the material id (institution code:collection code:material\_id). It refers to a frozen sample of DNA of the specimen that is accessioned and curated into a collection accessible over GGBN (<a href="https://www.ggbn.org/ggbn\_portal/">https://www.ggbn.org/ggbn\_portal/</a>) or the biobank's webportal. Registered Institution and collection codes can also be looked up on NCBI Biocollections (<a href="https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/">https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/</a>) or using the ENA Source Attribute Helper API (<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/sah/api/">https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/sah/api/</a>). If not available to you upon manifest validation but DNA\_REMOVED\_FOR\_BIOBANKING is Y you need to use NOT\_PROVIDED. If left blank, NOT APPLICABLE is assumed.
- VOUCHER ID: (ENA submission) Accession number of voucher material from the BQ. sequenced specimen. The ID should have the following structure: name of the institution (institution code) followed by the collection code (if available) and the voucher id (institution code:collection code:voucher id). More specifically, the Institution Code identifies the institution that holds the voucher. It should be a widely used acronym for the institution or the full name if short. The Collection Code identifies the collection within the institution. Registered Institution and collection codes can be looked up on NCBI Biocollections (https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/) or using the ENA Source Attribute Helper API (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/sah/api/). The Voucher ID is the catalogue number within the collection (e.g. often the physical barcode attached to the specimen or database key for that specimen). Where there are multiple vouchers to cite for a given specimen, separate the different Voucher IDs with a "|" symbol. This field can be updated in COPO at a later date if accession numbers are not available at the time of sample preparation. In such cases please use NOT\_PROVIDED as a placeholder, allowing for update at a later time. If left blank, **NOT\_PROVIDED** is assumed.
- BR. PROXY\_VOUCHER\_ID: (ENA\_submission) In some cases, voucher material will need to be made from a specimen that is different than the one being submitted for sequencing (e.g., a midge is too small to provide both a voucher and a specimen for sequencing, so another midge from the same swarm may provide a para-genomotype voucher). When this is the case, the Proxy Voucher ID should be noted here. The ID should have the following structure: name of the institution (institution code) followed by the collection code (if available) and the voucher id (institution\_code:collection\_code:voucher\_id). More specifically, the Institution Code identifies the institution that holds the voucher. It should be a widely used acronym for the institution or the full name if short. The Collection Code identifies the collection within the institution. Registered Institution and Collection codes can be looked up on NCBI Biocollections (<a href="https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/">https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/taxonomy/biocollections/</a>) or using the ENA Source Attribute Helper API (https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/sah/api/). The (proxy) Voucher ID is the catalogue number within the collection (e.g. often the physical barcode attached to the specimen or database key for that specimen). Where there are multiple proxy vouchers to cite for the



specimen, separate the different Voucher IDs with a "|" symbol.

This field can be updated in COPO at a later date if accession numbers are not available at the time of sample preparation. In such cases please use **NOT\_PROVIDED** as a placeholder, allowing for update at a later time.

- BS. **VOUCHER\_LINK:** This should contain an actionable link, HTTPS(S) URI, to the specimen that the institution is committed to maintaining for the foreseeable future. The best practice is to follow a standard approach such as adopted by CETAF (https://cetaf.org/resources/best-practices/cetaf-stable-identifiers-csi-2/). Handles quoted in their HTTPS form would also be suitable if available. Where there are multiple vouchers for a given specimen, separate the different VOUCHER\_LINKs with a "|" symbol.
- BT. **PROXY\_VOUCHER\_LINK:** This should contain an actionable link, HTTPS(S) URI, to the specimen that the institution is committed to maintaining for the foreseeable future. The best practice is to follow a standard approach such as adopted by CETAF (https://cetaf.org/resources/best-practices/cetaf-stable-identifiers-csi-2/) but DOI or, Handles quoted in their HTTPS form would also be suitable if available. Where there are multiple proxy vouchers for a given specimen, separate the different PROXY\_VOUCHER\_LINKs with a "|" symbol.
- BU. **VOUCHER\_INSTITUTION:** This should contain an actionable link, HTTP(S) URI, to the record for the voucher institution in a global registry. It is recommended to link to the ROR record for the institution (e.g. https://ror.org/0349vqz63) or the Wikidata record if a ROR isn't available (e.g. https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q1807521). This should NOT be a link to the institution's own website. It serves as a backup if the Voucher ID or Voucher Link fields can't be interpreted. It also guarantees a machine readable version of the voucher's location.
- BV. **REGULATORY\_COMPLIANCE:** Please select from the drop-down menu Y (yes), NOT\_APPLICABLE or N (not known). Note that the Coordinator will not be able to process further any samples where N is entered.
  - Enter Y if you have affirmed that the necessary regulatory compliance documents have been obtained by the Coordinator and are available to the Coordinator and all involved partners including the GAL. These documents need to cover all regulatory compliance including sampling, vouchering, sample transfers, sequencing, and sequence deposition. These may include landowner permission, restricted area (SSSI, Nature Reserve, etc.) permission, BAP, CITES or other endangered species permission, ethical and Home Office Licencing for sampling for specified animals (vertebrates, veterinary phytosanitary permissions, cephalopods), pathogen sampling permissions, etc. These fall under SOP categories all the "SAMPLING\_PERMITS\_REQUIRED" and "SAMPLING\_PERMITS\_DEF"
  - If you have determined that no regulatory permissions or documents are required (for example where the sample is from a long-established culture) please enter NOT\_APPLICABLE.
  - This is an important "per species" check that ensures that permissions were granted to



collect and transfer the specimen for this research purpose. The sample provider should ensure this documentation is obtained, and that copies of the relevant paperwork are shared with the sequencing institution where necessary and as stipulated, for example, by regulations/approvals or licensing authorities.

#### BW. ASSOCIATED TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE OR BIOCULTURAL RIGHTS

- **APPLICABLE:** Mandatory information upon if indigenous rights are applicable to the sample/the species the sample was derived from, select "Y" (yes) or "N" (no) from drop-down menu. Indigenous rights in this SOP mean Associated Traditional Knowledge and Biocultural Rights DSI. If "Y" please register through the Local Context Hub (<a href="https://localcontexts.org/">https://localcontexts.org/</a>) to get a ASSOCIATED TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE OR BIOCULTURAL PROJECT ID.
- BX. **INDIGENOUS\_RIGHTS\_DEF:** Free text, please state which rights (e.g., Associated Traditional Knowledge, Biocultural Rights, DSI) are applicable if column BR is set to "Y" (yes).
- BY. ASSOCIATED\_TRADITIONAL\_KNOWLEDGE\_OR\_BIOCULTURAL\_PROJECT \_ID: project ID provided by the Local Context Hub (<a href="https://localcontexts.org/">https://localcontexts.org/</a>) upon notice registration.
- BZ. **ASSOCIATED\_TRADITIONAL\_KNOWLEDGE\_CONTACT**: Free text allowed, provide reference, could be linked to an ORCID ID.
- CA. **ETHICS\_PERMITS\_REQUIRED**: Mandatory information upon if an ethics permit is needed to sample/sequence/voucher/biobank the sample/the species the sample was derived from, select "**Y**" (yes) or "**N**" (no) from drop-down menu.
- CB. **ETHICS\_PERMITS\_DEF:** Free text explaining permits, permit issuing entity and permit number. If the previous column says no, enter NOT\_APPLICABLE. An upload field will be triggered if column BV is set to "Y" and all explained permits need to be uploaded in a single (concatenated) pdf named SPECIMEN\_ID\_ETHICS\_PERMITS.pdf.
- CC. **ETHICS\_PERMITS\_FILENAME:** Free text indicating the exact file name, if applicable. If column CA says NO, enter NOT APPLICABLE.
- CD. **SAMPLING\_PERMITS\_REQUIRED**: Mandatory information upon if sampling permits (according to international and national legislation) are needed to sample/sequence/voucher/biobank the sample/the species the sample was derived from, select "**Y**" (yes) or "**N**" (no) from drop-down menu.
- CE. **SAMPLING\_PERMITS\_DEF:** Free text explaining permits, permit issuing entity and permit number. If the previous column says no, enter NOT\_APPLICABLE. An upload field will be triggered if column BX is set to "Y" and all explained permits need to be uploaded in a single (concatenated) pdf named SPECIMEN\_ID\_SAMPLING\_PERMITS.pdf.
- CF. **SAMPLING\_PERMITS\_FILENAME:** Free text indicating the exact file name, if applicable. If column CD says NO, enter NOT\_APPLICABLE.
- CG. NAGOYA\_PERMITS\_REQUIRED: Mandatory information upon if a permit in compliance with the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing



- of Benefits Arising from their Utilization to the Convention on Biological Diversity is needed for the sample in question/the species the sample was derived from, Select "Y" (yes) or "N" (no) from drop-down menu.
- CH. **NAGOYA\_PERMITS\_DEF:** Free text explaining permits, permit issuing entity and permit number. If the previous column says no, enter NOT\_APPLICABLE. An upload field will be triggered if column BZ is set to "Y" and all explained permits need to be uploaded in a single (concatenated) pdf named SPECIMEN ID NAGOYA PERMITS.pdf.
- CI. **NAGOYA\_PERMITS\_FILENAME:** Free text indicating the exact file name, if applicable. If column CG says NO, enter NOT\_APPLICABLE.
- CJ. HAZARD\_GROUP: EU biological hazard groups 1, 2, 3 and 4 according to <u>Directive 2000/54/EC</u> on the protection of workers from risks related to exposure to biological agents at work with (1: biological agent unlikely to cause human disease; 2: biological agent can cause human disease and might be a hazard to workers, unlikely to spread to community, effective prophylaxis or treatment available; 3: biological agent can cause severe human disease and present a serious hazard to workers; it may present a risk of spreading to the community, usually effective prophylaxis or treatment available; 4: biological agent that causes severe human disease and is a serious hazard to workers; it may present a high risk of spreading to the community; no effective prophylaxis or treatment available) Please note that any specimens above Hazard Group 1 must be discussed prior to shipping samples. Select from the dropdown menu.
- CK. **PRIMARY\_BIOGENOME\_PROJECT:** Indicate if your genome is part of ERGA-Pilot, ERGA-BGE or an ERGA-associated genome (select ERGA-associated).
- CL. **ASSOCIATED\_BIOGENOME\_PROJECTS:** (**ENA\_submission**) List of additional associated Biogenome Projects (e.g. DToL, VGP). Multiple projects can be entered by separating names with a | (vertical pipe) character.
- CM. **OTHER\_INFORMATION**: Free text field for further relevant information not captured by the other fields. If there is nothing else to add here, this field should be left **blank**.