

JiXi 绩溪

Package for Tuning (1st Generation)

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Background

The purpose of this package is to provide a sophisticated framework for Brute Force tuning. The Criteria of First Generation Tuning is to use Brute Force to train every specified discrete combination.

The package takes in X and y data for train, validate and test as DataFrame, as well as a dictionary of {hyperparameters name -> string: hyperparameter values as a list}, and autogenerates all combinations of these hyperparameters to be tuned.

JiXi allows tuning combinations to proceed 1) in the order of how they would be, if generated by nested loops, and also 2) randomly shuffled. A third and fourth sophisticated method of tuning order whereby 3) first tune the centre combination of the discrete parameter field, then tune the 'layer' immediately touching that, and then the 'layer' immediately touching the previous layer and 4) to first tune all combinations lying on the horizontal and also the diagonal relative to the centre combination, before going layer by layer.

The advantage of 3) and 4) is that, if used alongside YiLong, can guarantee that each hyperparameter's values will quickly see at least one combination, which allows the Data Scientist to discard certain parameter values clearly producing bad results and save time.

Class

Class	<u>Purpose</u>
JiXi	Object that performs brute force tuning with
	four different order choices

Methods:

<u>Methods</u>	<u>Purpose</u>		
JiXi()	Initialisation		
<pre>read_in_data(train_x, train_y, val_x, val_y, test_x, test_y)</pre>	Read in Train Test Split data		
	Parameters:		
	train_x – pd.DataFrame		
	train_y - pd.Series		
	val_x - pd.DataFrame		
	val_y - pd.Series		
	test_x - pd.DataFrame		
	test_y – pd.Series		
read_in_model(model, type)	Read in the underlying model class that we		
	want to tune to get optimal parameters for		
	Parameters:		
	model – any model class that allows .fit()		
	and .predict()		
	type – str – either "Classification" or		
	"Regression"		
<pre>set_hyperparameters(parameter_choices)</pre>	Read in the different values of each		
	hyperparameters we want to try. Function		
	will automatically generate each combination		
	Parameters:		
	parameter_choices – dict of str:list – str is		
	hyperparameter name (strictly as defined in		
	model class), and list is sorted values of		
	hyperparameter which we want to try out.		

set_non_tuneable_hyperparameters(non_t	Reads in values for non-tuneable		
uneable_hyperparameter_choice)			
	hyperparameters (i.e. doesn't need to clog up		
	the tuning output csv)		
	Parameters:		
	non_tuneable_hyperparameter_choices - dict		
	of str:int		
set_features(ningxiang_output)	Reads in feature combinations for tuning		
	Parameters:		
	ningxiang output – dict of tuple:float		
<pre>set_tuning_result_saving_address(addre</pre>	Set saving address for tuning output csv		
ss)	Set saving address for tuning output esv		
	D		
	Parameters:		
	address – str – does not need to include '.csv'		
<pre>change_tuning_style(type, seed = None, outer_most_layer = 2, randomise = True)</pre>	Set which type of tuning order to use.		
True,	'a': as if nested (according to order of		
	dictionary input to set hyperparameters())		
	'b': (reset to 'a') before random shuffle using		
	inputted seed, or default seed 19421221		
	impaned seed, of default seed 17 121221		
	'c': (reset to a) before setting to layer by		
	layer order		
	layer order		
	'd': (reset to a) (reset to c) before setting to		
	diag-hor -> layer by layer. Automatically		
	randomised by default seed		
	Parameters:		
	type – str – 'a' or 'b' or 'c' or 'd'		

	seed – int – for 'b' and 'c'		
	outer_most_layer – the outer most layer for 'c' and 'd' to actually order for, before remaining are all random		
	randomise – bool – whether or not to randomise 'c'		
<pre>tune(key_stats_only = False)</pre>	Begin tuning process		
	If key_stats_only = True then don't calculate non important stats		
	Parameters:		
tura complicit month and the	key_stats_only - bool		
<pre>tune_parallel(part, splits, key_stats_only = False)</pre>	Begin tuning process, splitting all		
	combinations into <i>splits</i> parts and tune the		
	part-th part.		
	If key_stats_only = True then don't calculate		
	non important stats		
	Parameters:		
	key stats only – bool		
read in tuning result df/address)	Read in existing DataFrame from .csv		
<pre>read_in_tuning_result_df(address)</pre>	consisting of tuning result.		
	Automatically populates result array and		
	checked array if csv columns match		
	parameter choices		
	Parameters:		
	address – str – include '.csv'		
set_tuning_best_model_saving_address(Set address for exporting best model as a		
address)	pickle		

	Parameters:
	address – str - – does not need to include
	'.pickle'
view_best_combo_and_score()	View the current best combination and its
	validation score

Objects:

<u>Objects</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
train_x	DataFrame
train_y	Series
val_x	DataFrame
val_y	Series
test_x	DataFrame
test_y	Series
tuning_result	DataFrame
model	model class
parameter_choices	Dictionary
	-str:list – str is hyperparameter name (strictly
	as defined in model class), and list is sorted
	values of hyperparameter which we want to
	try out.
hyperparameters	list
feature_n_ningxiang_score_dict	Dictionary
	-str:float – str is hyperparameter name
	(strictly as defined in model class), and float
	is its NingXiang score
non_tuneable_parameter_choices	Dictionary
	-str:str/float/int - str is hyperparameter name
	(strictly as defined in model class), and
	values are valid hyperparameter values for
	model
checked	np.array
result	np.array
tuning_result_saving_address	str
best_model_saving_address	str

best_score = -np.inf	int
best_combo	list
best_clf	model object
clf_type	str - 'Regression' or 'Classification'
combos	List of lists
n_items	list - denoting how many values in each
	hyperparameter dimensions
<pre>regression_extra_output_columns = ['Train r2', 'Val r2', 'Test r2', 'Train RMSE', 'Val RMSE', 'Test RMSE', 'Train MAPE', 'Val MAPE', 'Time'] classification_extra_output_columns = ['Train accu', 'Val accu', 'Test accu', 'Train balanced_accu', 'Val balanced_accu', 'Val f1', 'Train f1', 'Val f1', 'Train precision', 'Tain recall', 'Tain recall', 'Test recall', 'Time']</pre>	list (pre-setted)

Dependencies

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numpy

sklearn