

Code No: 51002

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, HYDERABAD

B.Tech I Year Examinations, December -2018

MATHEMATICS-I

(Common to CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, CHEM, EIE, BME, IT, ETM, MMT, AE, BT, AME, MIE, PTM, MSNT, AGE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions  
All questions carry equal marks

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1.a) Discuss the convergence of the series  $\frac{x}{1.2} + \frac{x^2}{3.4} + \frac{x^3}{5.6} + \frac{x^4}{7.8} + \dots$

b) Define absolute and conditional convergence of a series.  
Test the following series for absolute or conditional convergence

i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{1}{n}$  and ii)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2}$  . [7+8]

2.a) Verify Rolle's theorem for  $f(x) = \sin x$  in  $[0, 2\pi]$  and

Lagrange's theorem for  $f(x) = x^3 - 4x$  in  $[-1, 1]$  .

b) Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x^2 - 15y^2 + 72x$  . [8+7]

3.a) Find the radius, centre and the equation of circle of curvature of the curve  $y^2 = x^3$  at  $(1, 1)$  .

b) Trace the curve  $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$  . [7+8]

4.a) Change the order of integration in  $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx$  and hence evaluate the same.

b) Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the plane  $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 1$  and the coordinate planes. [8+7]

5.a) Solve  $y' + \frac{x}{3} y = \frac{x}{3y^2}$  .

b) If a substance cools from  $370k$  to  $330k$  in 10 minutes and if the temperature of the surrounding air is  $290k$ , find the temperature of the substance after 40 minutes. [7+8]

6.a) Solve  $y'' - 2y' + y = xe^x \sin x$ .

b) Apply the method of variation parameters to solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = e^{-x}$ . [7+8]

7.a) Find the Laplace transform of  $f(t) = \frac{e^{-t} \sin^2 t}{t}$ .

b) Using Laplace transforms, solve  $y'' + y = 2e^t$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 2$ . [7+8]

8.a) Prove that i)  $\nabla^2 r^n = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$  and ii)  $\nabla^2 \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = 0$ .

b) Verify Stoke's theorem for  $\vec{V} = (x^2 + y^2) \hat{i} - 2xy \hat{j}$  taken around the rectangle bounded by  $x = a$ ,  $x = -a$ ,  $y = 0$  and  $y = b$ . [7+8]

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