## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech I Year II Semester Examinations, May - 2019

# **MATHEMATICS-II**

# (Common to EEE, ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, ETM)

Max. Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours
This qu
A **Note.** This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

### **PART-A**

**(25 Marks)** 

1.a) Find 
$$L^{-1}\left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}\right)$$
. [2]

b) Define Unit step function and find its Laplace transform. [3]

c) Evaluate 
$$\Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)$$
. [2]

Evaluate  $\int x^5 (1-x)^6 dx$ d) [3]

Using triple integral, find the volume a rectangular box whose length is 6 ft, e) breadth is 5 ft and height is 4 ft. [2]

Evaluate  $\iint (x + y^2) dy dx$ f) [3]

Define solenoidal vector. [2] g)

Prove that  $\bar{r}$  is an irrotational where  $\bar{r} = x\bar{i} + y\bar{j} + z\bar{j}$ h) [3]

State stokes theorem. i) [2]

Evaluate  $\iiint div\bar{f} \, dxdydz$  where v is the volume of the sphere whose radius is 'a' units and j)

 $\bar{f} = x\bar{i} + y\bar{j} + z\bar{k}$ . [3]

#### **PART-B**

Find the Laplace transform of  $(\sin t + \cos t)^2$ 2.a)

Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{(s^2+1)(s+1)}$ . b)

3. Solve 
$$y'' + 2y' + 5y = e^{-t}$$
,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$  using Laplace transform. [10]

Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x/3} x^{3} dx.$ 4.a)

b) Evaluate 
$$\int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}}$$
. [5+5]

5.a) Evaluate 
$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^3} x^7 dx.$$

b) Evaluate 
$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$$
. [5+5]

(a) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2}x-x^2} (x^2+y^2) dxdy$$
 by changing to polar coordinates.

b Evaluate 
$$\iint_R y dx dy$$
 where R is the region bounded by the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  and  $y = 4$ 

OR

 $\int \int xy^2 x dx dy dz$ taken through the positive octant of the 7.a)Evaluate

b) Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{x} \int_{0}^{x+y+z} dy dy dz$$
. [5+5]

- Find the directional derivative to the surface  $f(x,y,z) = xy^2z 4$ , at the point 8.a) (1, -1, 2) along i+j+k.
  - A butterfly is located at (2, -1, 3) and desires to fly towards fragrance surface  $f(x,y,z)=x^2+yz^2$ . Along which direction should it fly to get fragrance at the earliest? b)

[5+5]

Show that  $\nabla^2 r^n = n(n+1)r^{n-2}$  where  $\bar{r} = xi + yj + z\bar{k}$  and  $|\bar{r}|^2 = r$ . 9.a)

b) Prove that 
$$\nabla \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = -\frac{\overline{r}}{r^3}$$
 where  $\overline{r} = x\overline{i} + y\overline{j} + z\overline{k}$  and  $\overline{r}$  [5+5]

Verify Greens theorem for  $\oint (y - \sin x) dx + \cos x dy$ 10. is the triangle enclosed by the lines  $y = 0, x = \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $\pi y = 2x$ . [10]

Verify stokes theorem for a vector field defined by 11. region  $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ , z = 0.

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