## 1

## Assignment 2

## T.Guru Balaji

## Download all python codes from

https://github.com/TGURUBALAJI/INTERNSHIP -IITH/Assignment2/code

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/TGURUBALAJI/INTERNSHIP –IITH/Assignment2/gbalaji.tex

**2.106** Find the values of k for which the line

$$(k-3 - (4-k^2))\mathbf{x} + k^2 - 7k + 6 = 0$$
 (1)

is

- a) Parallel to the x-axis
- b) Parallel to the y-axis
- c) Passing through the origin

Solution Given equation of the line,

$$(k-3 - (4-k^2))\mathbf{x} + k^2 - 7k + 6 = 0$$
 (2)

a) Parallel to x-axis

Equation of x-axis is  $(1 \ 0)\mathbf{x} = 0$ 

$$(1 \quad 0) \binom{k-3}{-(4-k^2)} = 0$$
 (3)

$$k - 3 = 0 \tag{4}$$

$$k = 3 \tag{5}$$

Substituting k = 3 in (2)

Equation of line is,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 6 \tag{6}$$

b) Parallel to y-axis Equation of y-axis is  $(0 \ 1)x = 0$ 

$$(0 \quad 1) \binom{k-3}{-(4-k^2)} = 0 \tag{7}$$

$$4 - k^2 = 0 (8)$$

$$k = \pm 2 \tag{9}$$

Substituting k = 2 in (2). Equation of line is,

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 12 \tag{10}$$

Substituting k = -2 in (2). Equation of line is,

$$(-5 \quad 0) \mathbf{x} = -16$$
 (11)

c) Passing through origin Equation of line when passing through origin is

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{12}$$

Hence

$$-k^2 + 7k - 6 = 0 ag{13}$$

$$(k-1)(k-6) = 0 (14)$$

$$k = 1, k = 6$$
 (15)

Substituting k = 1 in (2).

The equation of line is,

$$(-2 \quad -3)\mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{16}$$

Substituting k = 6 in (2).

The equation of line is,

$$(3 \quad 32)\mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{17}$$

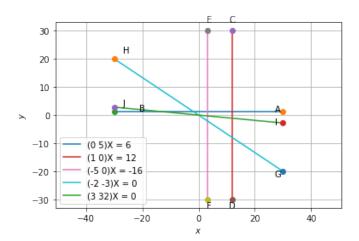


Fig. 3: Plot of line equations