

## **BOWL ROUND 6**

1. One assassinated leader during this era had his cremated ashes shot out of his country by cannon. Patriarch Hermogenes incited an uprising against foreigners during this period, in which war with Poland began under Vasily Shuisky. Three men ruled by impersonating the dead prince Dmitri in this era between Feodor I's death and the nobility-supported accession of Mikhail Romanov. For 10 points, name this era of the early 1600s in which Russia had no legitimate tsar.

ANSWER: Time of Troubles [or Smutnoye vremya; prompt "Polish occupation of Russia"]

104-12-66-06101

2. One character on this show exclaims, "Oh, it's Ben!" after being tipped by a wealthy girl. Two characters on this show perform a dance to "Jump on It" and are lambasted by James Avery's character, who is a judge. A character named Jazz is frequently thrown out in this show, whose opening theme includes the line "I whistled for a cab, and then it came near." For 10 points, identify this 1990s show featuring Carlton and Philip Banks, and starring Will Smith as a kid who moves from Philadelphia to California.

ANSWER: The **Fresh Prince** of Bel-Air

189-12-66-06102

3. One symphony by this man features the "Elmira" theme, and a theme from another of his symphonies is quoted in Bartok's *Concerto for Orchestra*. He ended his fifth symphony with a mood of forced rejoicing, and labelled it a "response to just criticism" in its subtitle, after being attacked in the article "Muddle Instead of Music" for his opera *Lady Macbeth of the Mtsensk District*. For 10 points, name this composer whose seventh symphony is known as "Leningrad."

ANSWER: Dmitri Dmitrievich Shostakovich

142-12-66-06103

4. The Marshall McLuhan book that explains the maxim "the medium is the message" is named for this man's "galaxy." Commemorated by a museum in Mainz, this man was the first person to invent oil-based ink, and he based a noted invention on a screw press. A Bible named for this man contained forty-two lines on each page. This man's most famous invention led to the creation of newspapers and a proliferation of books. For 10 points, name this inventor of the movable-type printing press.

ANSWER: Johannes Gutenberg

149-12-66-06104

5. In this novel, the protagonist's wife dies in a car accident while traveling to visit him as he recovers from a plane crash. Along with the gunner Roland Weary, the protagonist of this novel is captured during the Battle of the Bulge. That protagonist of this novel survives being placed in a zoo on another planet as well as the firebombing of Dresden. For 10 points, name this novel by Kurt Vonnegut in which Billy Pilgrim is kidnapped by Tralfamadorians and becomes unstuck in time.

ANSWER: Slaughterhouse-Five, or The Children's Crusade: A Duty-Dance with Death

6. This force was successful at the Battle of Mylae with help from giant metal hooks called corvi. When it besieged Syracuse, this force was countered by a giant mirror which burned its ships. The model for a unit in this force, the quinquereme, was based upon a Carthaginian vessel that washed up on shore. Octavian defeated Mark Antony through this body's victory at Actium. For 10 points, name this military force that an empire used for controlling the Mediterranean.

ANSWER: **Roman navy** [or obvious equivalents; prompt on **Roman military**]

121-12-66-06106

7. One militant group in this nation bombed Superferry 14; that group is Abu Sayyaf. One politician from this nation declared martial law after a series of protests called the First Quarter Storm, and ordered the assassination of his opponent Benigno Aquino, Jr. That leader was deposed in the People Power Revolution. This nation was the site of the Battles of Corregidor and Leyte Gulf. For 10 points, name this nation once ruled by Ferdinand Marcos from Manila.

ANSWER: the **Philippines** 

048-12-66-06107

8. The founder of the revolutionary MBR-200 movement in the 1980s, this man led an unsuccessful coup against Carlos Andres Perez in Operation Zamora. Pedro Carmona briefly deposed this man in a 2002 coup, and he hosts a show on state television called *Alo, Presidente*. This man has led a movement he calls the Bolivarian Revolution, and speculation on this man's health has arisen due to recent cancer surgeries. For 10 points, name this longtime president of Venezuela, still in office as of January 2013.

ANSWER: Hugo Chavez

030-12-66-06108

9. This politician won an election to replace Peter Fitzgerald in the Senate in which this man faced off against Alan Keyes. This man's "A More Perfect Union" speech came in the wake of statements made by Jeremiah Wright. The first bill signed into law by this President was the Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act. This President controversially won the 2009 Nobel Peace Prize. For 10 points, name this man who was the first African-American elected President.

ANSWER: Barack Hussein **Obama** II

023-12-66-06109

10. The first effective treatment for this disease was Salvarsan, the "magic bullet" developed by Paul Ehrlich. It first presents as a single (SHANK-er) chancre, and it was historically known as the "French disease." An Associated Press story in 1972 stopped a forty year experiment on this disease at the Tuskegee Institute. For 10 points, name this sexually-transmitted disease caused by the *Treponema pallidum* bacteria, which in later stages can cause blindness and madness.

ANSWER: syphilis



1. One leader of this party resigned after Guenter Guillaume turned out to be spying on him. This party was allowed to vote against the Enabling Act before being banned; earlier, extreme members broke off to form the Spartacus League under Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. Willy Brandt led this party in the 1970s, by which time it had left its Marxist roots behind. For 10 points, name this rival to the Christian Democratic Union and main center-left party of Germany.

ANSWER: <u>Social Democrat</u>ic Party [or German <u>Social Democrat</u>s; or <u>SPD</u>; or <u>Sozialdemokratische</u> Partei Deutschlands]

BONUS. Name the SPD Chancellor who was in office from 1998 to 2005, during which time he prominently opposed U.S. military action in Iraq.

ANSWER: Gerhard Schroeder

104-12-66-06101

2. While governor of an island, this man fought a power struggle with Viceroy Diego Colon, the son of Christopher Columbus. He named a state in reference to the Spanish "Festival of Flowers." After serving as the first Governor of Puerto Rico, this man set out to discover the fabled Fountain of Youth. For 10 points, name this Spaniard who led the first European expedition to Florida.

ANSWER: Juan Ponce de Leon

BONUS: Ponce de Leon heard about Puerto Rico from what native inhabitants, relatives of the South American Arawak, and enemies of the Carib tribes?

ANSWER: Tainos

052-12-66-06102

3. In this colony, elderly slaves who had worked hard and agreed to pay tribute were eligible for "half-freedom." This colony was settled by wealthy "patroons" and contained settlements like Fort Orange and Wiltwyck. Peter Minuit once led this colony, which Peter Stuyvesant surrendered to the British. For 10 points, name this Dutch province in North America comprising much of the territory of present-day New York.

ANSWER: <u>New Netherland</u> [or <u>New Netherlands</u>; prompt on <u>New York</u>; do not accept "New Amsterdam"]

BONUS: What capital of New Netherland was renamed "New York"?

ANSWER: New Amsterdam

080-12-66-06103

4. The man who carried out this event wrote the poem "I am Going to the Lordy" before being executed. After this event, Alexander Graham Bell devised a metal detector to try to overcome its effects. Its perpetrator shouted "I am a Stalwart! Arthur is president now!" For 10 points, identify this 1881 event in which a disgruntled office seeker killed the twentieth U.S. President.

ANSWER: assassination of James Garfield [accept synonyms for "assassination"]

BONUS: What Secretary of War and son of a former president was with Garfield and who was also at the World's Fair when McKinley was shot?

ANSWER: **R**obert Todd **Lincoln** [prompt on **Lincoln**]

5. These particles were shown to diffract like light by Davisson and Germer. George Crookes developed a device to transmit these particles, his namesake glass tube. One property of them was found by using an electric field counteracting gravity to suspend oil drops in Millikan's experiment. For 10 points, name these negatively-charged particles in orbitals around protons and neutrons.

ANSWER: electrons

BONUS: Which British scientist devised the erroneous "plum-pudding" model of the atom in addition to

discovering that electrons are particles? ANSWER: Sir Joseph John **Thomson** 

104-12-66-06105

6. One leader of this corporation conquered Malacca in 1641 and Taiwan in 1642, then sent Abel Tasman to discover Tasmania. This corporation executed twenty employees of a rival company in the Amboina Massacre. This company established a headquarters at Batavia, which is now Jakarta. For 10 points, what concern, sometimes called the world's first corporation, claimed Indonesia for the Netherlands?

ANSWER: the <u>Dutch East India Company</u> [or <u>Vereenigde Oost-Indische Compagnie</u>; or <u>VOC</u>; oir <u>United East India Company</u>; prompt on <u>East India Company</u>]

BONUS. When the Dutch East India Company conquered Taiwan from Spain, the island was known by what Portuguese monniker, meaning "beautiful?"

ANSWER: Formosa

019-12-66-06106

7. One player from this team holds the career record for hitting into the most triple plays; that 16-time Gold Glover was Brooks Robinson. Another player from this team won an MVP on both the Reds and this team, becoming the only player to win an MVP in both leagues. Another player from this team broke Lou Gehrig's consecutive games played record. For 10 points, identify this team for which Frank Robinson and Cal Ripken, Jr. played.

ANSWER: **Baltimore** Orioles [or Baltimore **Orioles**; or **O's**]

BONUS: This retired MLB pitcher won the most Gold Gloves at any position with eighteen. He was known for his masterful control, and played most notably for the Cubs and Braves.

ANSWER: Greg Maddux

189-12-66-06107

8. These people fought colonists in "the fire in the fern" and the Flagstaff War. Shortly after these people were first contacted by Europeans, they launched the King Movement and protested attempts to buy their land in the First Taranaki War. With William Hobson, they signed the Treaty of Waitangi. For 10 points, identify these native Polynesian inhabitants of New Zealand.

ANSWER: Maori [prompt on native New Zealanders]

BONUS. What other native people also agreed to sell their land to British settlers in Batman's Treaty of 1835?

ANSWER: Australian Aborigines [or specifically, the Wurundjeri]



## US FOREIGN RELATIONS

In which present-day country did the U.S...

1. Fight an unpopular war during most of the 1960s?

ANSWER: Socialist Republic of <u>Vietnam</u> [or Cong hoa xa hoi chu nghia <u>Viet Nam</u>; or <u>North Vietnam</u>; do not accept or prompt on "South Vietnam"]

2. Execute Operation Eagle Claw in a failed attempt to rescue hostages during a 444-day crisis?

ANSWER: Islamic Republic of <u>Iran</u> [or Jomhuri-ye Eslami-ye <u>Iran</u>]

3. Establish friendly relations during Richard Nixon's 1972 visit?

ANSWER: People's Republic of **China** [or **Zhonghua** Renmin Gongheguo]

4. Sponsor the Contras in their fight against the Sandinista regime?

ANSWER: Republic of Nicaragua

5. Bungle a CIA-planned hit on Patrice Lumumba?

ANSWER: <u>Democratic Republic of the Congo</u> [or <u>DRC</u>; prompt on <u>Congo</u>; do not accept "Republic of the Congo"]

6. Intervene in 1983 after a coup against Maurice Bishop?

ANSWER: Grenada

7. End a three-year war by organizing the Dayton Accords?

ANSWER: Bosnia-Herzegovina

8. Join in targeting with an international sanctions movement in the 1980s, over the veto of President

Reagan?

ANSWER: Republic of South Africa

## LOCATIONS OF THE FRENCH REVOLUTION

During the French Revolution, which...

1. Prison did the Parisian militia storm on July 14, 1789?

ANSWER: **Bastille** 

2. Royal palace did women angry about bread prices march on in early October 1789?

ANSWER: Palace of **Versailles** [or Chateau de **Versailles**]

3. Kind of sporting venue was the site of a namesake "oath" to write a constitution?

ANSWER: tennis court [or Tennis Court Oath]

4. Southern city gave its name to a popular rallying song that later became the French national anthem?

ANSWER: Marseilles

5. Bathroom fixture was Jean-Paul Marat sitting in when Charlotte Corday murdered him?

ANSWER: bath**tub** 

6. Parisian palace was the royal family exiled to in 1789, three years before a massacre of the Swiss Guard

there?

ANSWER: **Tuileries** Palace

7. City did the royal family reach in June 1791 before being caught in their attempt to escape France?

ANSWER: Varennes

8. Western department suffered a namesake 1793 peasant riot against the Revolutionary government?

ANSWER: **Vendee** 

## THIRTEEN COLONIES

What American colony...

1. Was home to Benjamin Franklin and Robert Morris at the time of independence?

ANSWER: Pennsylvania

2. Was the site of Paul Revere's ride before the Battles of Lexington and Concord?

ANSWER: Massachusetts Bay

3. Was started as a debtors' colony by James Oglethorpe?

ANSWER: Georgia

4. Was started by Cecil Calvert as a colony safe for Catholics?

ANSWER: Maryland

5. Sent no delegates to the Constitutional Convention?ANSWER: Rhode Island and Providence Plantations6. Held most of the territory of present-day Vermont?

ANSWER: New York

7. Had its royal charter hidden from Edmund Andros in an oak tree?

ANSWER: **Connecticut** 

8. Was the location of the Stono Rebellion and the Yamasee War?

**ANSWER: South Carolina** 



1. In one of this director's movies, a tracking shot ends up ending on a tight close-up of a key held by Alicia Huberman. That film by this man features Alicia marrying Alex Sebastian, a Nazi hiding out in Brazil after the war. In another of his films, the (+) acrophobic Scottie Ferguson believes he sees Madeleine Elster fall to her death from a bell tower. This director made a film in which (\*) Marion Crane is stabbed to death in the shower by Norman Bates. For 10 points, name this director of suspense films like *Vertigo* and *Psycho*.

ANSWER: Sir Alfred Joseph Hitchcock

052-12-66-06101

2. A lawsuit after this event featured as its plaintiff a group led by Grant Baker. Punitive damages from this event caused JP Morgan to invent the (+) credit default swap, and the Seattle Seven made an agreement with the company responsible for it. Gregory Cousins was unable to prevent this event after being left in command by Joseph (\*) Hazelwood, and it occurred near Bligh Reef. This event killed 2000 sea otters and several bald eagles. For 10 points, name this 1989 maritime disaster in Prince William Sound, where an oil tanker spilled its payload.

ANSWER: Exxon Valdez oil spill

048-12-66-06102

3. Environmentalists prevented Transneft from building an oil pipeline near this body of water, whose northern tip lies near a railroad nicknamed "the BAM." The highest point in this body is Mount Zhima, located on its island of Olkhon. Exiles from the (+) Decembrist revolt were sent to Irkutsk, near this lake. This lake is home to nerpa seal and golomyanka fish, and it feeds the Angara river at its southern end. Twenty percent of the (\*) world's river and lakewater is in this lake. For 10 points, name this lake in southwestern Russia, the deepest in the world.

ANSWER: Lake Baikal

193-12-66-06103

4. George W. Curtis headed an 1871 committee to implement the goals of this movement. Along with ending Reconstruction and lowering tariffs, this was a major platform of the Liberal Republican party. The (+) Half-Breeds supported this cause in opposition to Roscoe Conkling's Stalwarts. This movement gained momentum after Charles (\*) (git-OHZ) Guiteau's assassination of James Garfield and had a success in the passage of the Pendleton Act. For 10 points, name this movement that sought an end to the "spoils system" of political appointments.

ANSWER: civil service reform [or the merit system; or the end of the spoils system; or equivalents]

080-12-66-06104

5. Born in the year of the elephant, this leader negotiated the Treaty of Hudaybiyah and received assistance from a group called the *Ansar*, or "helpers." This commander had his men raid a caravan at the Battle of (+) Badr. In one story, he traveled through seven heavens and met Abraham and Jesus during the "Night Journey." He married (\*) Aisha, who was six or seven years old at the time of marriage. This man was succeeded as leader by Abu Bakr, though some believe he should have been succeeded by his son-in-law Ali. For 10 points, name this holiest prophet of Islam.

ANSWER: Muhammad

6. While in office, this political figure exposed the Atterbury plot and its namesake was exiled. He became First Lord of the Treasury in 1721, his second time serving that role. This (+) Whig party member resisted an attempt to replace him with Spencer Compton, and he was pressured to send troops to Gibraltar, starting the War of (\*) Jenkins' Ear with Spain. He resigned his office after the Battle of Cartagena. For 10 points, name this political figure who served under Kings George I and George II, Britain's first prime minister.

ANSWER: Sir Robert Walpole

194-12-66-06106

7. Wild Cat and John Horse led an exodus of these people, who were raided at St. Marks. These signees of the Treaty of (+) Payne's Landing protected runaway slaves who became the so-called "Black" variety of them. This member of the "Five Civilized Tribes" formed in the eighteenth century from Muscogee and Creek peoples. Once led by (\*) Osceola, it was targeted by Andrew Jackson's southernmost Indian campaign. For 10 points, name this Native American tribe of Florida. ANSWER: Seminoles

104-12-66-06107

8. This battle began with an assault by Genoese mercenary crossbowmen. The winning army's cavalry on the left flank were commanded the Earl of Arundel and the Earl of Northampton, while those on the right were led by Edward the (+) Black Prince. In this battle, the knights of Philip VI were crushed by the longbowmen of (\*) Edward III. For 10 points, name this 1346 battle, a decisive victory for the English over the French in the Hundred Years War.

ANSWER: Battle of **Crecy** 



This man saved Achaemenides (OCK-uh-men-uh-deez) from the Cyclops. His opponents included Queen Camilla of the Volsci and Turnus of the Rutuli, whom he defeats to avenge Pallas. That war was started because this figure was promised the hand of (+) Lavinia. He visited his father's shade in the underworld thanks to the Cumaean Sibyl and the (\*) Golden Bough. Dido threw herself onto a funeral pyre after this man left Carthage. For 10 points, name this Trojan son of Venus and Anchises, the subject of an epic poem by Virgil about the founding of Rome.

ANSWER: Aeneas

186-12-66-0610-1

Two members of this group, William Hushka and Eric Carlson, were killed following the orders of Attorney General William Mitchell. This group was inspired in part by the Patman Bill, and it was led by Walter (+) Waters. When these protesters were camped out at Anacostia Flats, Perry Miles and Douglas (\*) MacArthur were called upon by locals to attack them. For 10 points, identify this group of frustrated World War I veterans who marched on Washington in 1932 in an effort to secure additional payment for their services.

ANSWER: **Bonus Army** [or **Bonus Expeditionary Force**; accept just **Bonus March** or answers like "the people who went on the **Bonus March**"]