# CS & IT



# ENGINEERING

## DIGITAL LOGIC

Sequential Circuit

Lecture No. 09



By- CHANDAN SIR



TOPICS TO BE COVERED 01 Counters

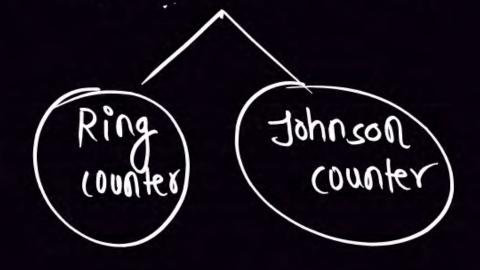
**02** PRACTICE

**03** DISCUSSION

#### COUNTER

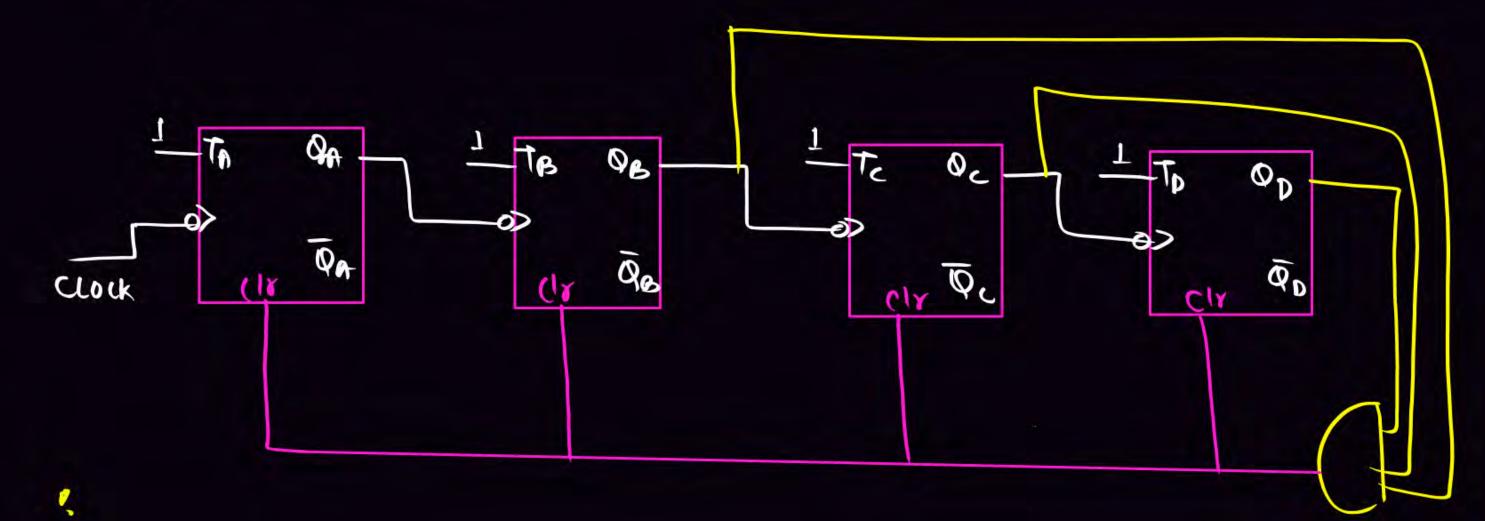


- 1 Asynchronous counter [Ripple counter]
- 3 Synchronous counter



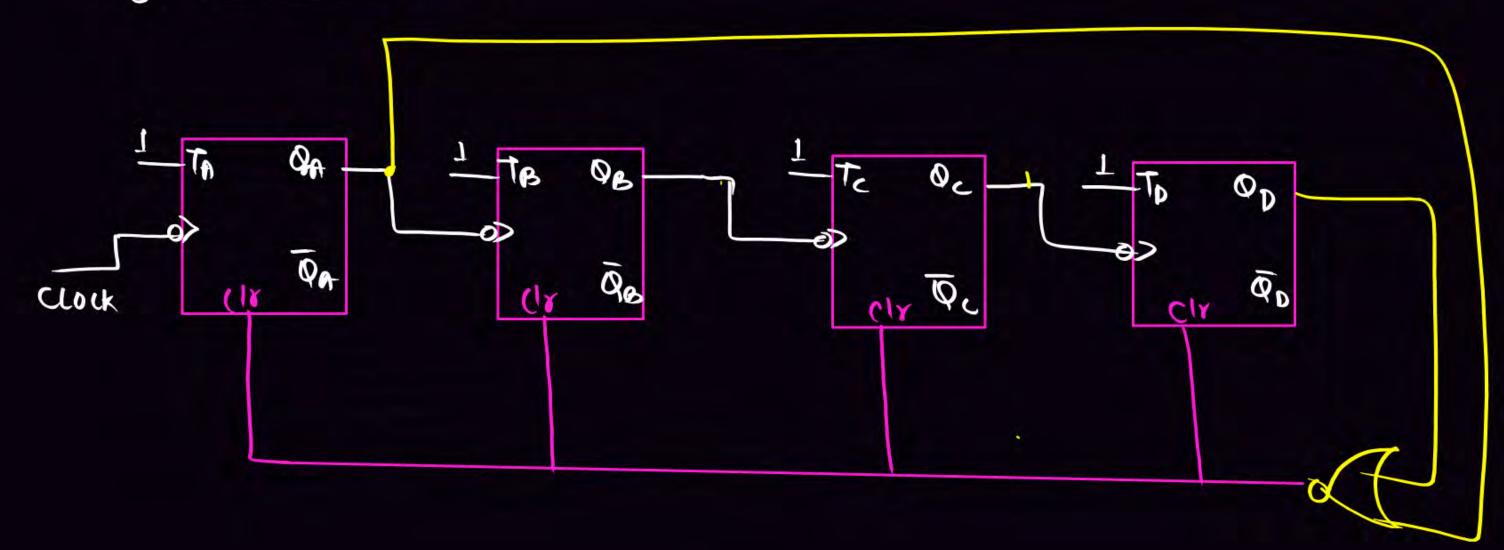


## Asynchronous counter





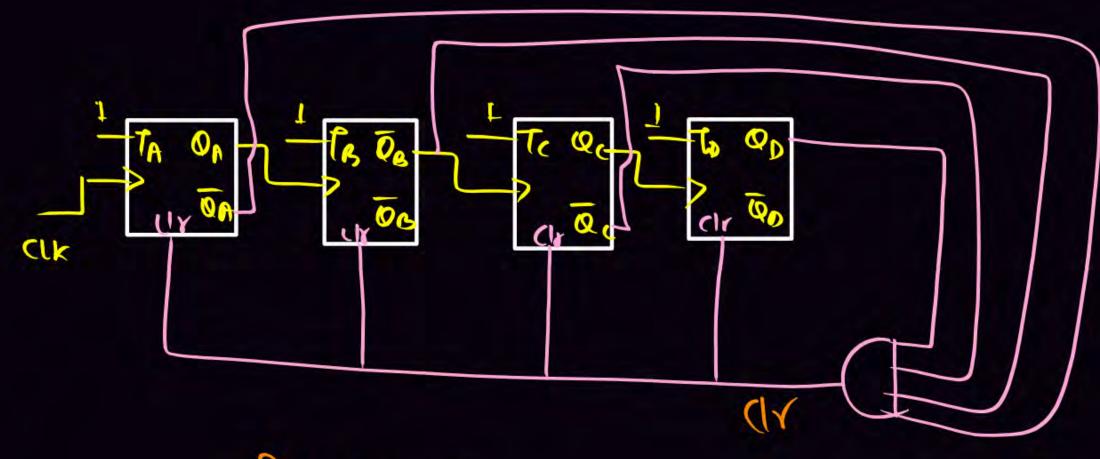
## Asynchronous counter





	0 - 0 - 0		0.0
CLOCK	DO OCOPOL	CIY	=Qo+QA
0	0000	L	
	0001	0	
2	BAS	10	
3	0001	0	(MOD= 2
4			
2			
6			
7			
2		_	
2			





Hown counter

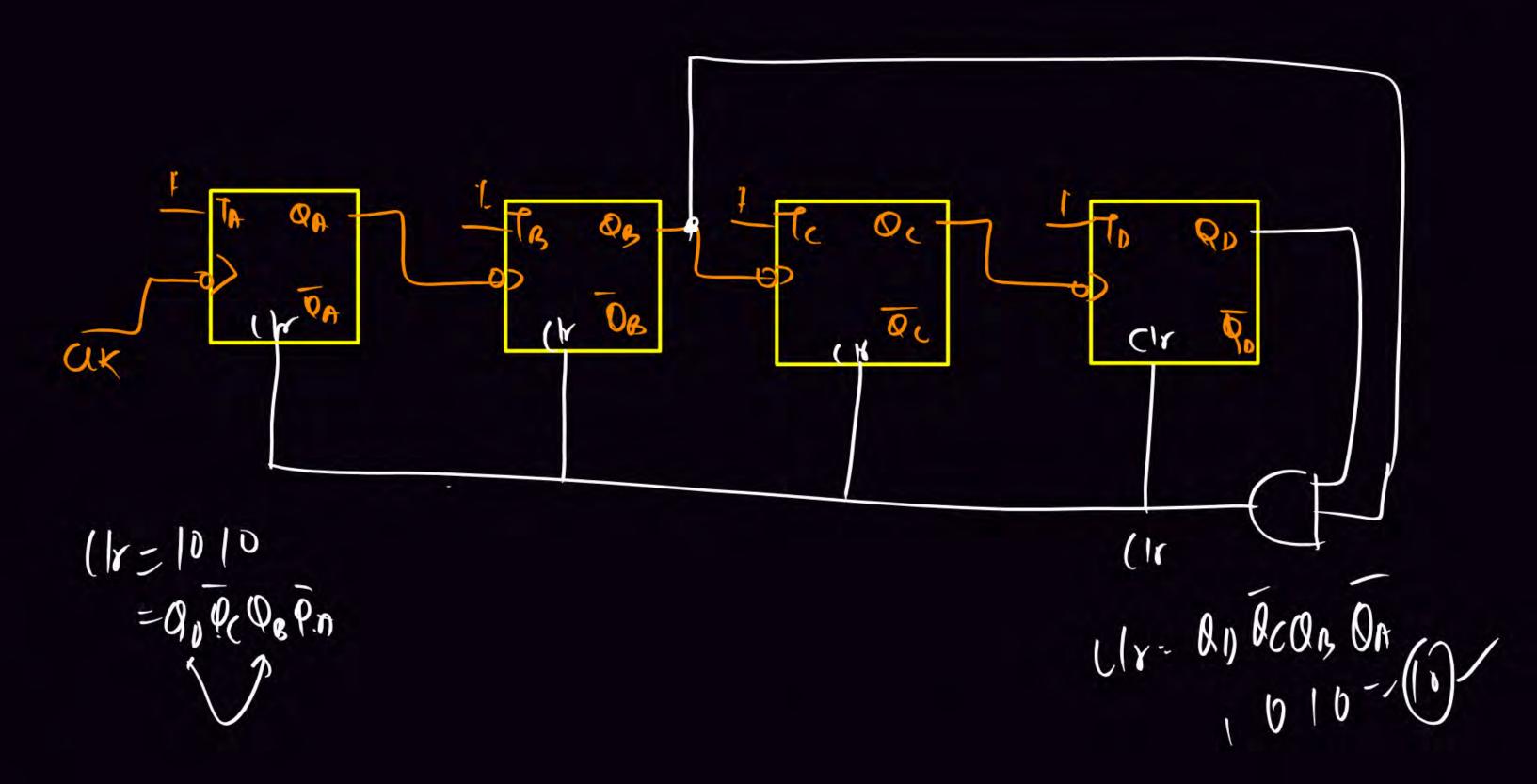


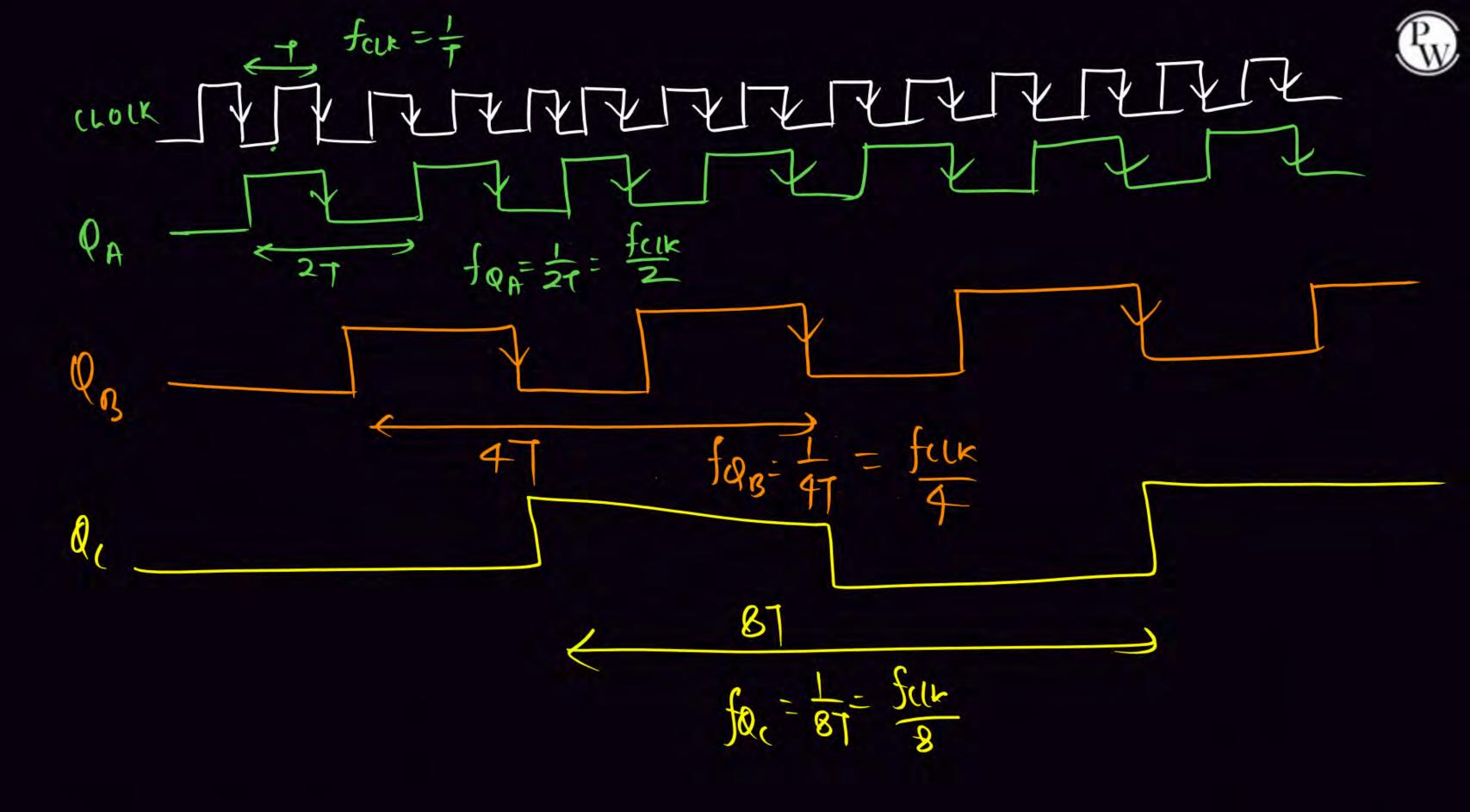
#### Bco counter

```
0000
0001
0010
0011
0 100
10101
 0110
```

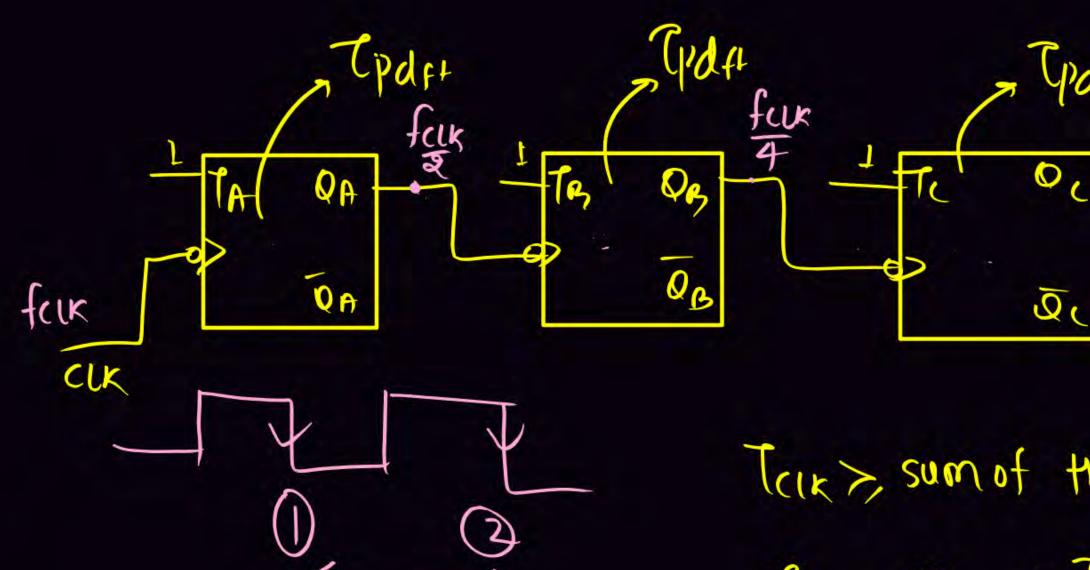
1000 Regran











lcux

Tax > sum of the propagation delay of all Tax > Part Part Part

Tax > 3 Cpart



### n bit Ripple counter



In 4 bit Ripple counter all the FF's are identical and having propagation delay 10 µs. Then for smooth operation maximum clock frequency will be?

$$(f(n))_{max} = \frac{1}{n \cdot c_{p4q}} = \frac{1}{4 \times 10 \times 10^{-6}} = \frac{10^{-6}}{4 \times 10} = \frac{10^{-6}}{4 \times 10} = \frac{10^{-6}}{4 \times 10} = \frac{10^{-6}}{4 \times 10^{-6}} = \frac{10^{-6}}{4 \times 10^{-6}}$$



# Thank you

Seldiers!

