CS & IT



ENGINEERING

DIGITAL LOGIC

Sequential Circuit

Lecture No. 08



By- CHANDAN SIR



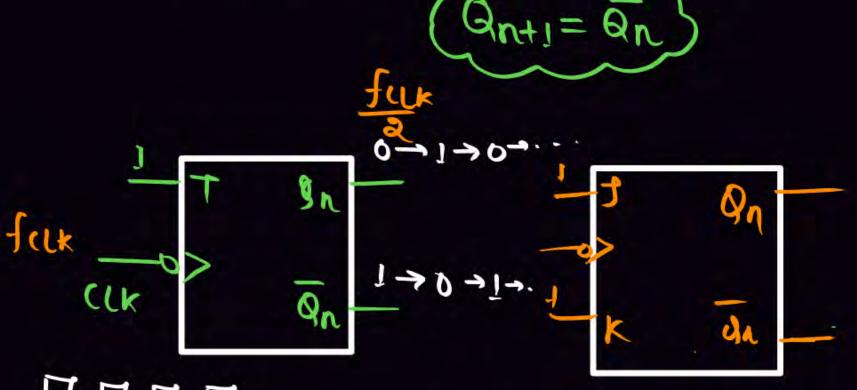
TOPICS TO BE COVERED 01 Counters

02 PRACTICE

03 DISCUSSION



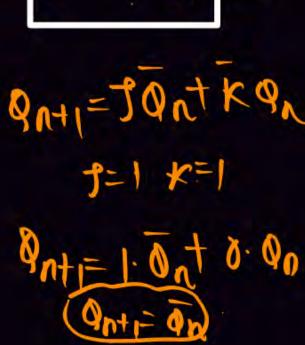
-> Toggle Mode of the FF

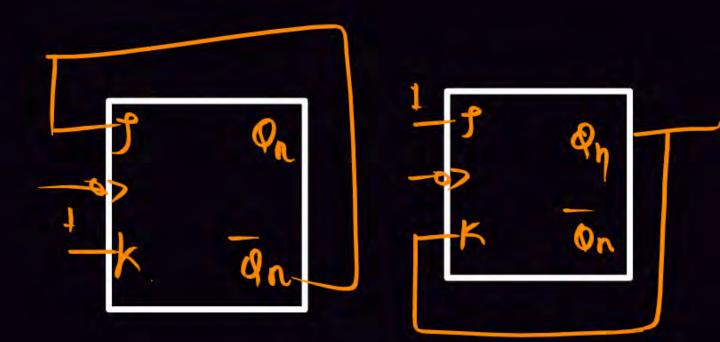


$$\frac{171711}{9n+1} = 700$$

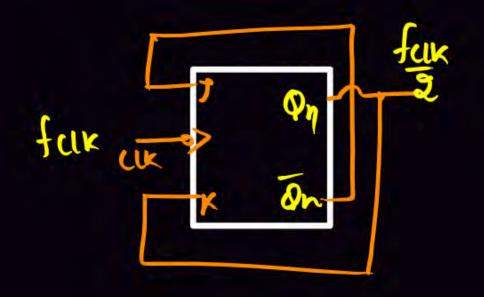
$$\frac{1}{9n+1} = 100$$

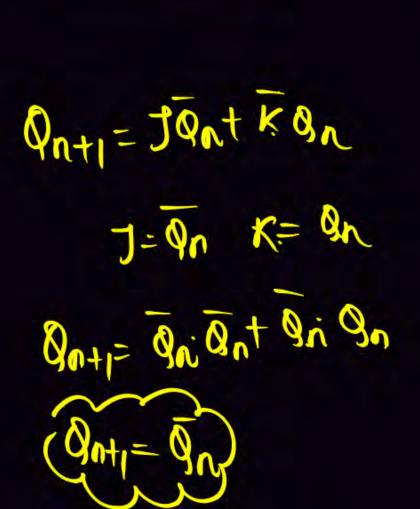
$$\frac{1}{9n+1} = \frac{1}{9n}$$

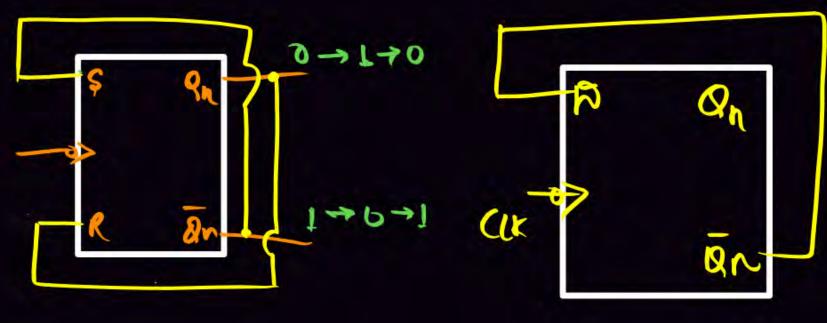














'h' - no. of FF

Maximum no. of states = 2n



MOD



San no of FFS. 2 MOD h7,1



Register Juse to store group of bits.

n FF's are required to store 'n' bits.

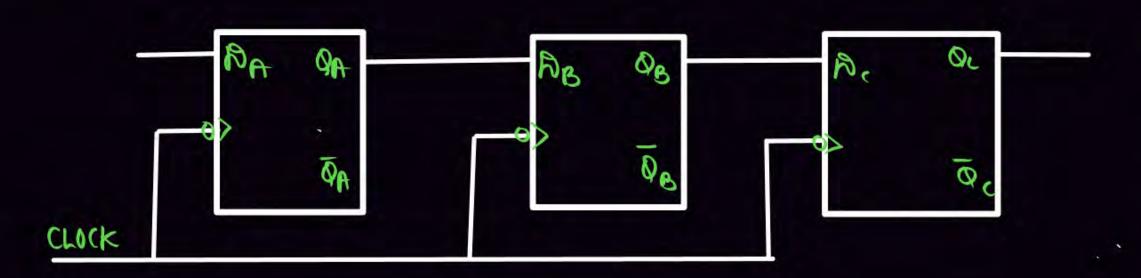
Shift Register

- Serial input serial output shif Register [SISO]
 - (3) Serial input parallel output shift Register [sipo]
 - (3) Parallel input serial output shift Register [PISO]
 - (9) Parallel input Parallel output shift Register [PIPO]

(1) SISO SHIFT REGISTER





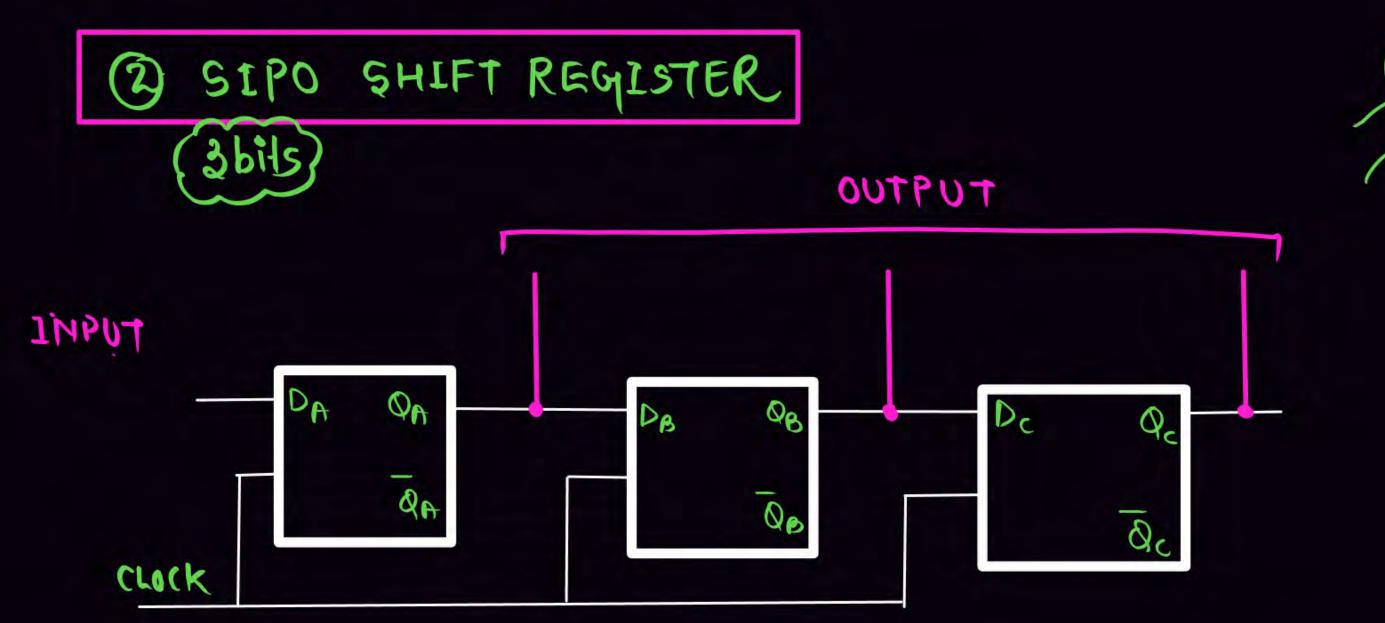


-> output

Chock	101	90	QB	Q _c
0		0	0/	0
1	K	1	0	0
2.		0,	1	70
3.		1	0)



- Ot To store 'n' bits in n bit siso minimum n'clocks are required.
- 3) To Retrive n bits from 'n' bit 5150 minimum (n-1)
 CLocks are required.
- 3) It is the slowest shift Register.

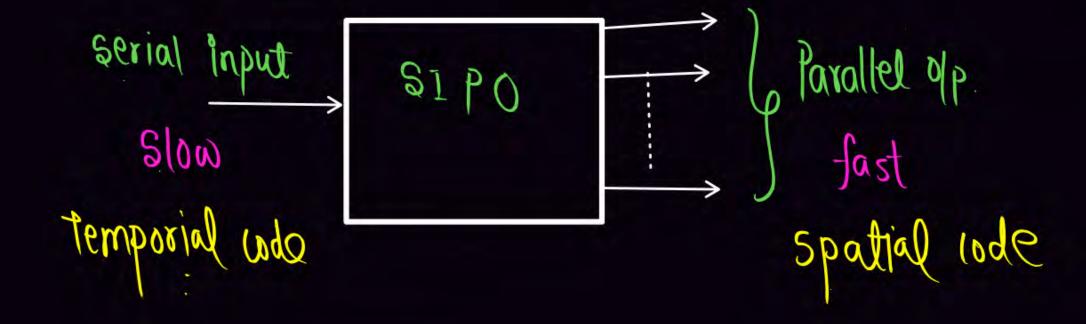






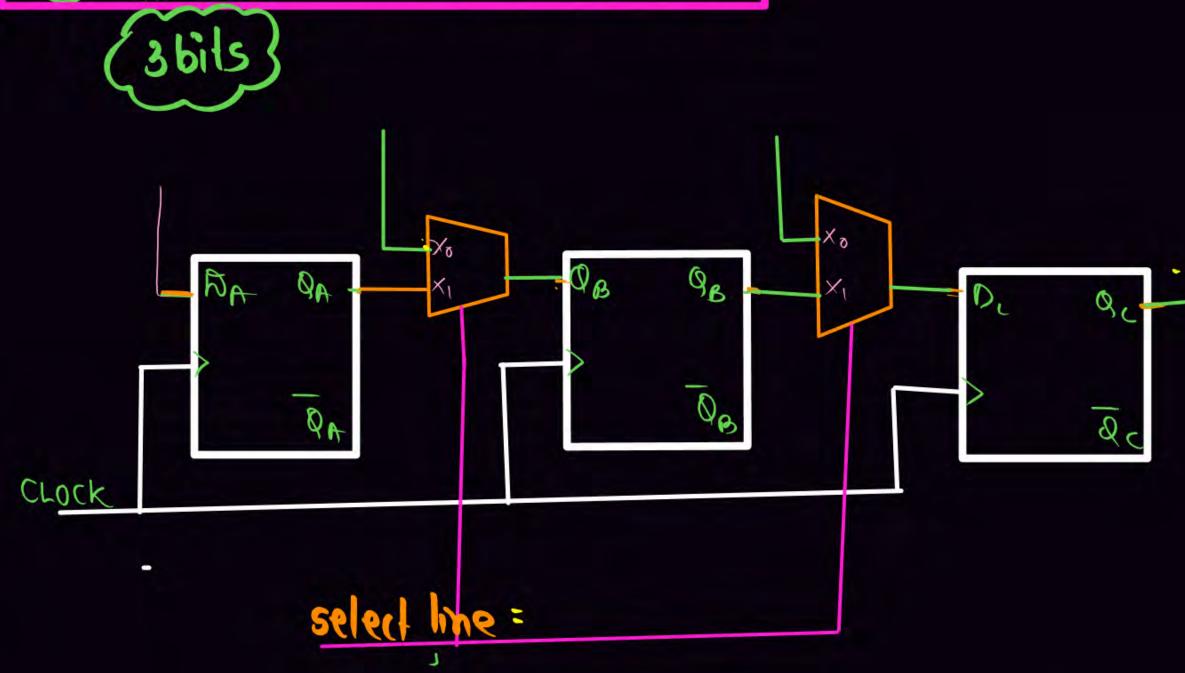


- 1) To store 'n'bit in in bit SIPO minimum 'n' clocks are required.
- 2) To Retrive n bits from n bit SIPO there is no clock requirement.



3 P150 SHIFT REGISTER







- 1) to store n'bits in n'bit P120 minimum () ne clock is required
- 2) To Retrive h'bits from n bit PISO, minimum (n-1) clocks are required.
- Parallel Piso
 Serial output

 fast

 Spatial tode

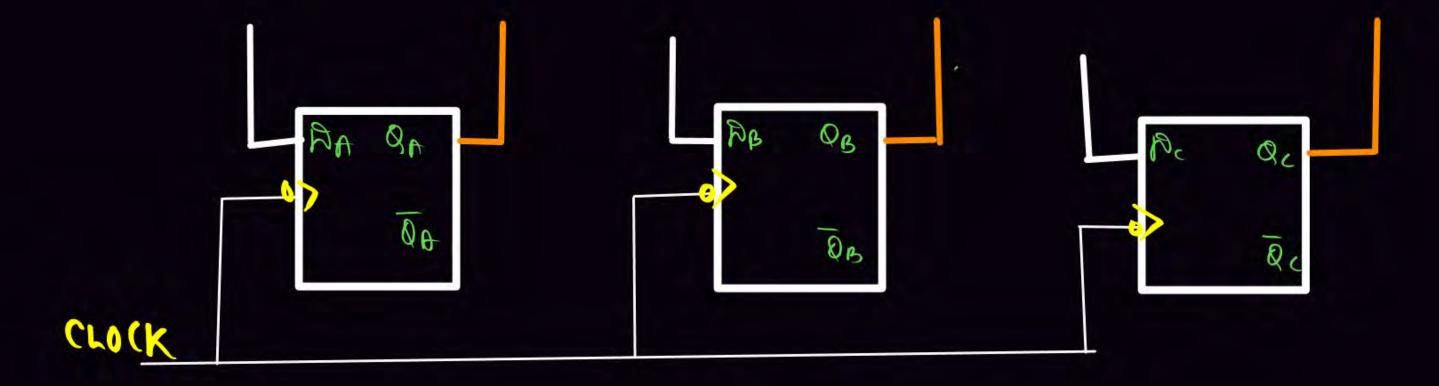
 Serial output

 Temporial tode

1 PIPO SHIFT REGISTER









- 1) To store n bits in n bit PIPO there is one clock required.
- 3 to Retrive n' bit from n bit PIPO, there is no clock requirement.
- (3) PIPO is the fastest shift Register.



	Store	Retrive	Total	
SISO	h	n-1	2n-1	slowest
SIPO	n	0	n	
P150		h-1	n	
PIPO	1	0	1	futest



Thank you

Seldiers!

