## CS & IT ENGINEERING



Programming in C

Control Flow Statements Lec- 03



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\* All 3 expressions are optional.

by detault

PExp2 => non-zero (tove) mandatory 100b 408 tor >f("Hello");

for 
$$(\xi x \beta 1/\epsilon ; \xi x \beta 7/\epsilon ; \xi x \beta 3/\epsilon)$$

Code

int i=1;

1 +1:<6 >f 1 2<6 +rue 2

2 3 < 6 true

3

4

5

3

4<6 + rue

5 < 6 true

6<6 felse

į	(1<6, i=i+1)	þf
1	1<6 tous	R
$\gamma$	2<6 true	3
S	3<6 true	)
4	4<6 true	. 15
5	5<6 true	$\mathcal{C}$
6	6<6 folse	6

n times

$$for(i=1;i=n;i=i+2)$$

$$N=10$$
  $\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)=\left(\frac{2}{10}\right)=\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)$ 

$$\gamma/2$$
  $\gamma = 11 \frac{1}{2} = 5$ 

$$i=1,3,5,7,9,11 \Rightarrow 6$$

5

$$for(i=1;i<=n;i=i\times2)$$

brintf ("Pankaj");

for (1-1; i <= 128; 1= 1x2) 1=1,2,4,8,16,32,64,128 Pt("Pankaj");

Mentos for(i=1; ic=100; i=1x2) pf ("Pankaj"), 1=1,2,4,8,16,32,64,138

870

Maths

5

$$for(i=1; i<=n; i=i\times2)$$

brintf ("Pankaj");

$$l = 1, 2, 2, 2^3$$

K+1 times

times

 $\log \frac{2}{k} < = \log n = \log \frac{1}{k}$ Klog2<=logn K<= logh log2

Jag2n )

0)

i=1 -PIC=3 true code will execute

i=2 -PRC=3 true code will execute

i=3 -PRC=3 true code will execute

i=4 -PRC=3 felse

X

1=1,2,3

 $\begin{cases}
for (i=1;i<=10;i+1) \\
for code
\end{cases}$ 

1-1,2,3,4,5,6.7,8,9,10 => code ~ 10 times

for(i=1; i<=n; i++) Q Code What con be?

.

for (i=1; i<=3; i++) Code (5) printf ("Pankaj"); (i) Haird

	Pankaj Pankaj Pankaj Pankaj
i	13 may 1
1	1 <= 3 - Code
	-Dloop j
	1 K=4 -> Pankaj
	3 SCEU Stankaj 4 CEU Stankaj 5 SCEU Stankaj 5 SCEU Stankaj
0	Newline
Y	2<=3 -> code  -> loop j
	1 K=4 5 Pol
	3 3 = 4 - Bankaj
	2 3 3 = 4 > Pankaj Rankaj Rankaj
3	Trecline
	25=3 -3 code 1=1,2,3,4 = 190/29)
4	4K=3 7

for 
$$(i=1; i \le 3; i+1)$$

I+ print Pankaj 4 times 1 <= 3 -> Code / -> 4 times 2 2(=3 - Code - 4 times 3<=3 ~ code > 4 + imes 4 c=3 X

$$i=1$$
  $\Rightarrow$  10 times  
 $i=2$   $\Rightarrow$  10 times  
 $i=3$   $\Rightarrow$  10 times  
 $10+10+10$   
 $=3\times10$ 

i=1 
$$\longrightarrow$$
 10 times  
i=2  $\longrightarrow$  10 times  
i=3  $\longrightarrow$  10 times  
i=1; j(=10; j+t)  
i=n  $\longrightarrow$  10 times  
bf("Pankaj"); 10+10+10+  $\longrightarrow$  n times  
1 10  $\longrightarrow$  10 times

for 
$$(i=1;ik=n;i+t)$$

$$= n \times n = n^{2} \text{ times}$$

$$= for(j=1;jk=n;j+t)$$

$$= fr([Panka]);$$

$$= fr([Panka]);$$

for 
$$(i=1; i < = n; i+1)$$

$$\begin{cases}
for(j=1; j < = n; j=j+2) \\
for(j=1; j < = n; j=j+2)
\end{cases}$$

$$for(j=1; j < = n; j=j+2)$$

$$for(j=1; j < = n; j=j+2)$$

$$for(j=1; j < = n; j=j+2)$$

for 
$$(i=1,ik=n,i+t)$$

$$\begin{cases}
for(j=1,jk=n,j=j+2) \\
for(j=1,jk=n,j=j+2)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
for(j=1,jk=n,j=j+2) \\
for(j=1,jk=n,j=j+2)
\end{cases}$$

for 
$$(i=1;i<=n;(=i\times2))$$

Tridependent

 $\{or(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 
 $\{or(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 
 $\{for(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 
 $\{for(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 
 $\{for(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 
 $\{for(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 
 $\{for(j=1;j<=n;j=j*2)\}$ 

for 
$$(i=1; i<=u; i++)$$

1	1+0	+(1)
2	1+02+02)	
3	1+03+03	
1-2,3		
4	1+04+04	
1+2+3+4		

Analysis

Analysis

$$fox(j=1;j<=i;j++)$$
 $f([Pankaj]);$ 

}

$$i = 1$$
  $i = 2$   $i = 3$   $i = n$   $i = n$   $j = 1, 2, 3, ..., n$ 

$$= u(u+1)/5$$
 times

for(j=1;j<=1;j+t) for(j=1;j<=2;j+t)pf("Pankaj"); pf("Pankaj"); for(j=1;j<=3;j++)

Ef("Pankaj");

3

$$i=1$$
  $i=2$   $i=3$  for  $j=100$   $j=20$   $j=300$   $j=300$ 

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[ 2a + (n-1)d \right]$$

$$=\frac{\pi}{2}\left[ +1\right]$$

$$\frac{3}{2}\left[3+(3n+1)\right]$$

$$=\frac{3}{2}\left[3\nu+4\right]=\frac{3}{2}\left[3(\nu+5)\right]=\nu(\nu+5)$$

$$= \frac{y_{5} + 3y}{3} = y(y+2)$$

$$= \frac{y_{5} + 3y}{3} = y(y+2)$$

$$= \frac{y_{5} + y}{3} + y$$

$$= \frac{y_{5} + y}{3$$

 $S = 3 + 5 + 7 + \cdots + 2n + 1$ 



