

# CS & IT ENGINEERING



**C Programming**  
**Arrays and Pointers**  
**Lec - 05**



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TOPICS TO  
BE  
COVERED

**Arrays and Pointers (Part- 05)**

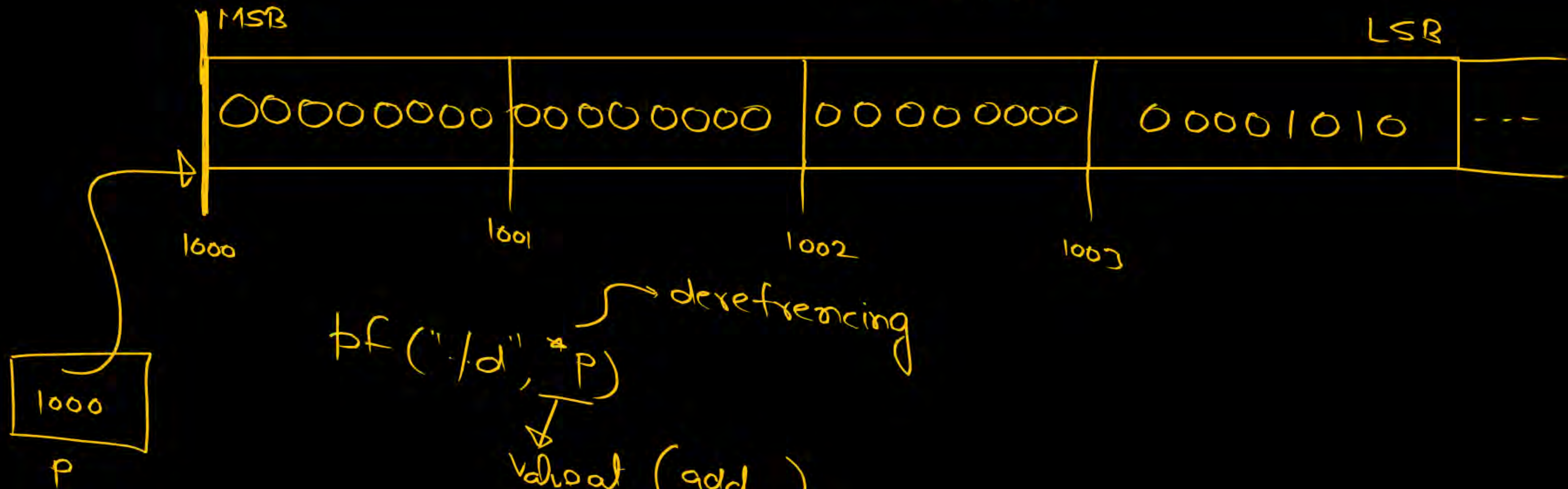
`int x = 10;`  
`[int *p;`  
`p = &x;``]`

`int *p = &x;`

`[int x;`  
`x = 10;``]`

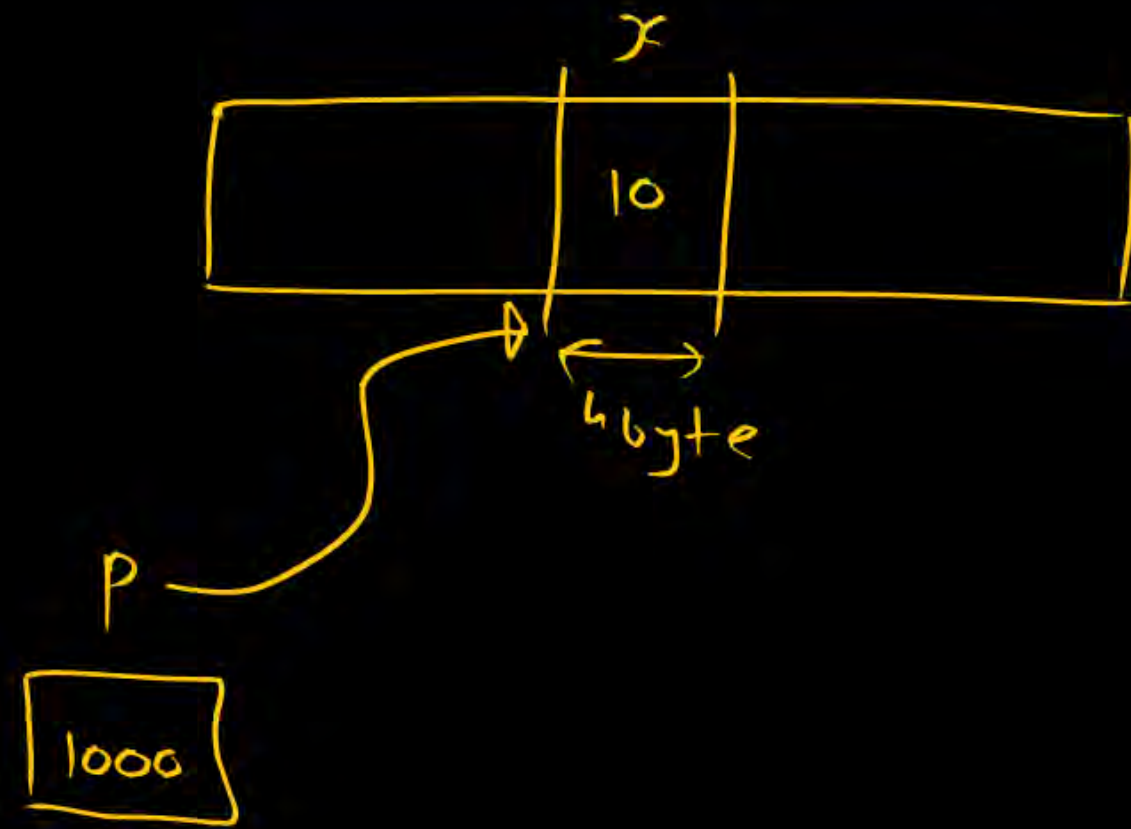
initialization  
`int x = 10;`

`int *p;`  
`p = &x;``]`  $\Rightarrow$  `int *p = &x;`



`printf("%d", *p)`  $\rightarrow$  dereferencing  
 $\downarrow$   
value (add)

```
int x = 10;  
int *p;
```



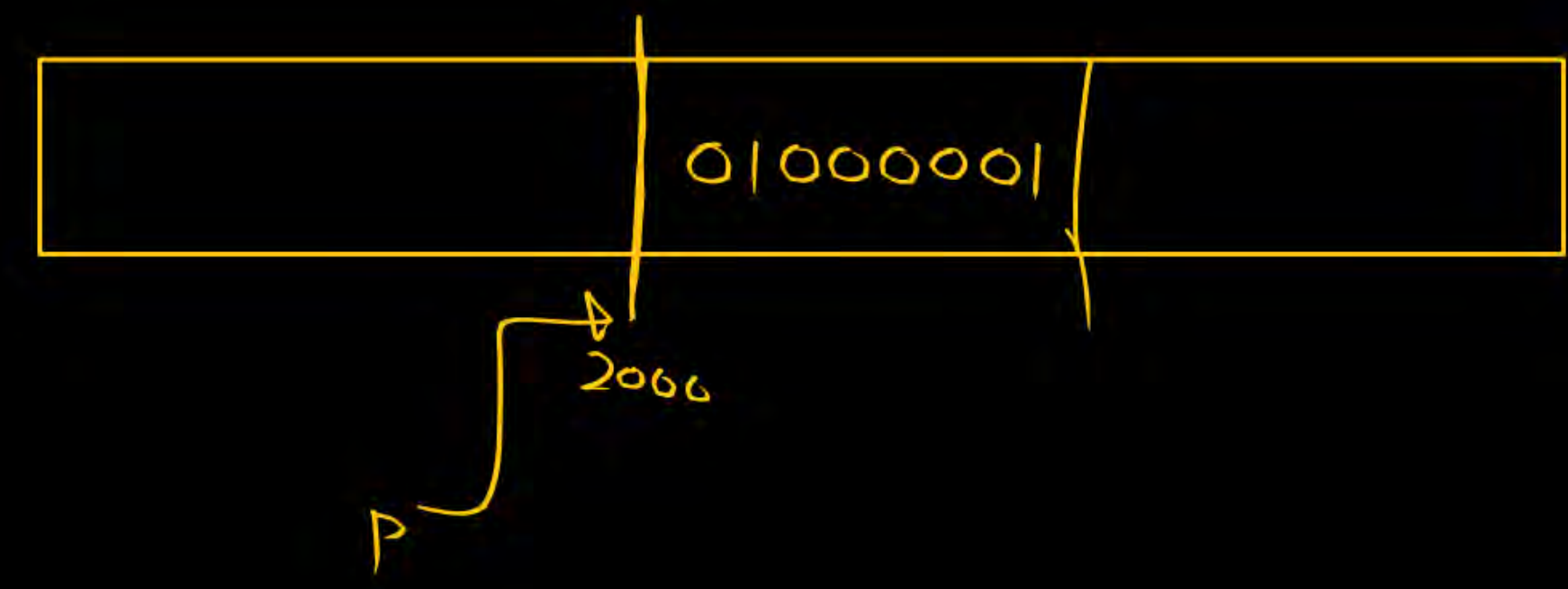


① `int *p;`  
`p = &x;`  
`printf("%d", *p);`

4 byte



② `char *p;`  
`char x = 'A';`  
`p = &x;`  
`printf("%c", *p);`

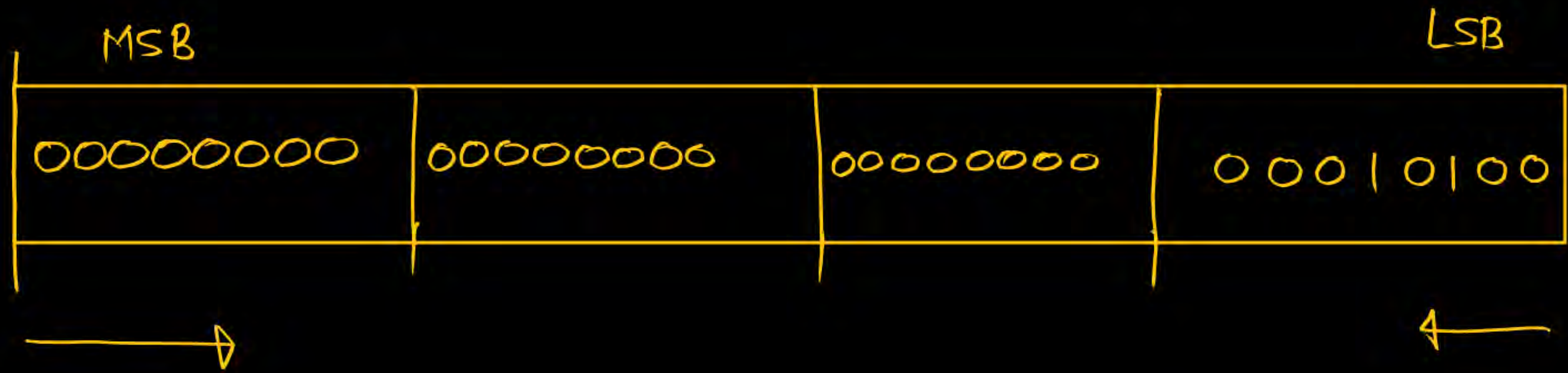


int - 4 byte  
char - 1 byte  
float - 8 byte

int \*p; → p → 4 byte  
char \*q; q → 1 byte  
float \*r; r → 8 byte

p =  
q =  
r =





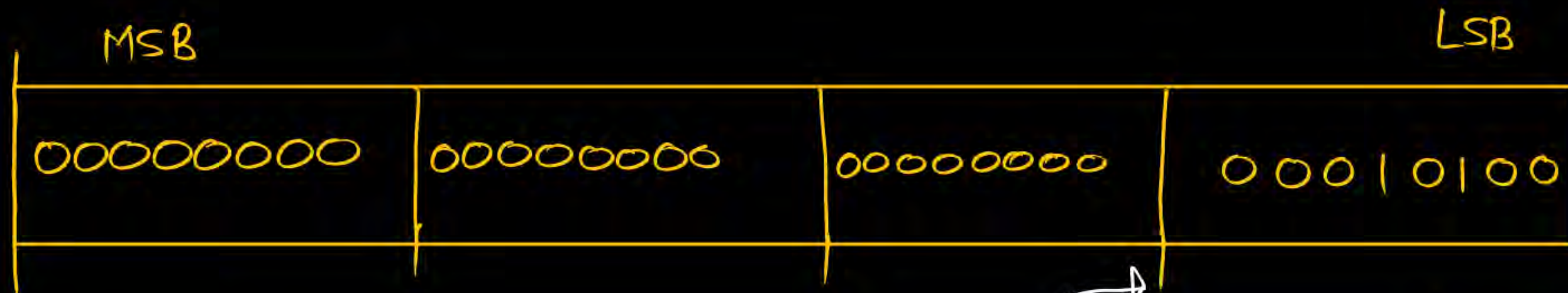
```
int x = 20;  
int *p = &x;
```

Little Endane

Big Endane

MSB is stored first





1 byte

int x = 20;

char \*p;

Little Endian

typecasting

p = (char\*) &x;

printf("%d", \*p);

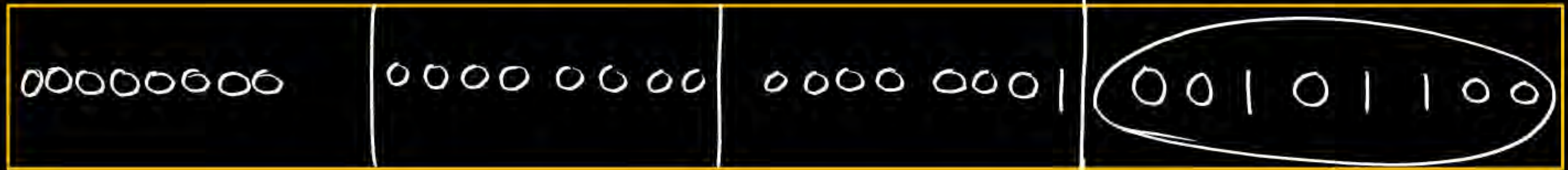
1 byte

20



```
int x = 300;  
char *p;  
p = (char *) &x;  
printf("%d", *p);
```

256  
32  
8  
4



p

44

```
int x = 130 ✓  
char *p;  
p = (char *) &x;  
printf("%d", *p);
```

$128_2$



$$10000010$$

$$2^7 2^6 2^5 2^4 2^3 2^2 2^1 2^0$$

$$\Rightarrow -2^6 - 2^5 - 2^4 - 2^3 - 2^2 - 2^0 - 1$$

$$= -64 - 32 - 16 - 8 - 4 - 1 - 1$$

$$= -96 - 30$$

$$= \textcircled{-126}$$

$$10000010$$

ve

2's comp form



int x = 400;

char \*p;

p = (char \*) &x;

printf("%d", \*p);

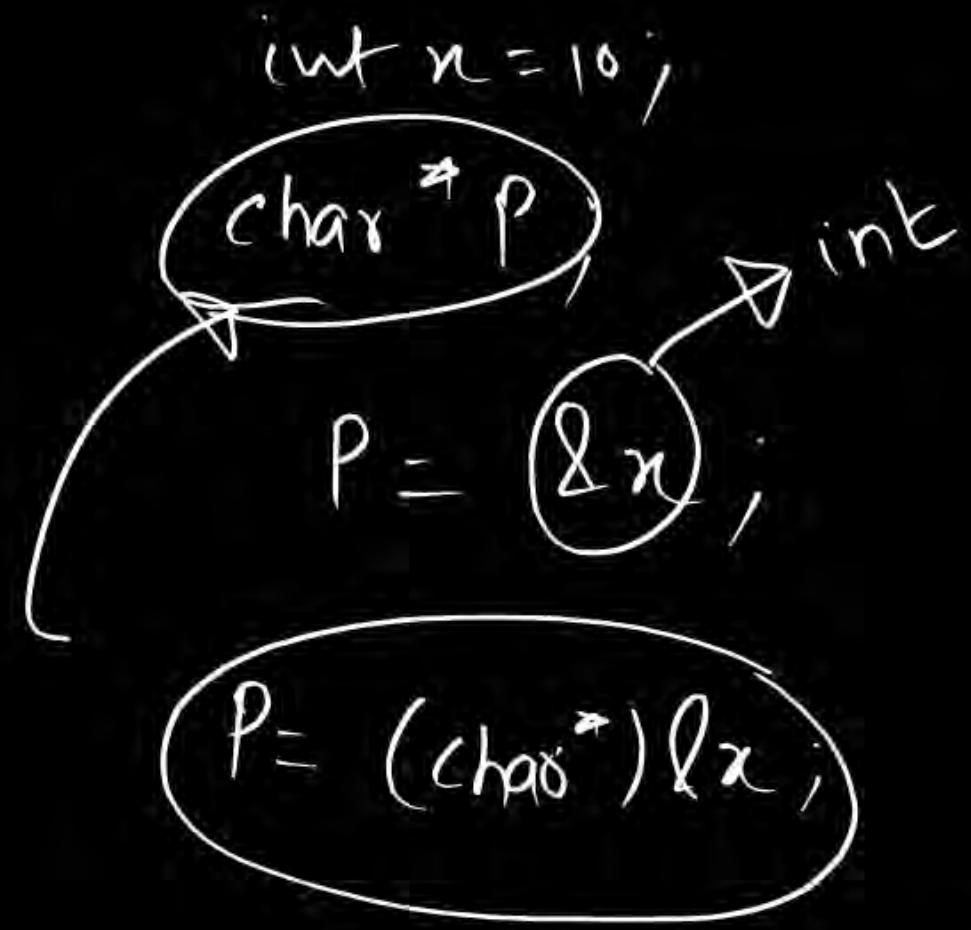
256  
128  
16

384

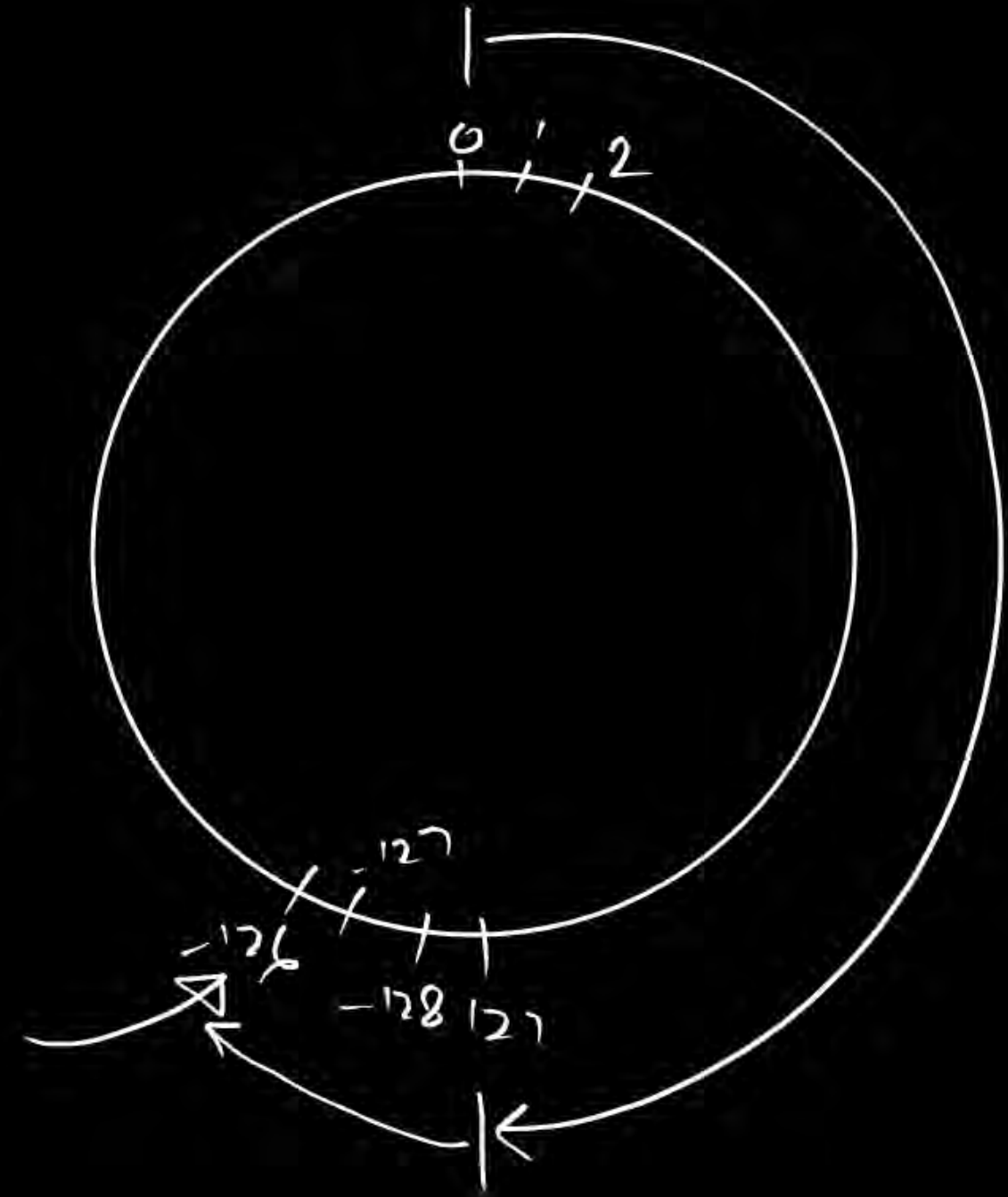
10010000  
 $2^7 2^6 2^5 2^4 2^3 2^2 2^1 2^0$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -2^6 - 2^5 - 2^3 - 2^2 - 2^1 - 2^0 - 1 \\ &= -64 - 32 - 8 - 4 - 2 - 1 - 1 \\ &= -96 - 16 \Rightarrow \text{LSB } -112 \end{aligned}$$

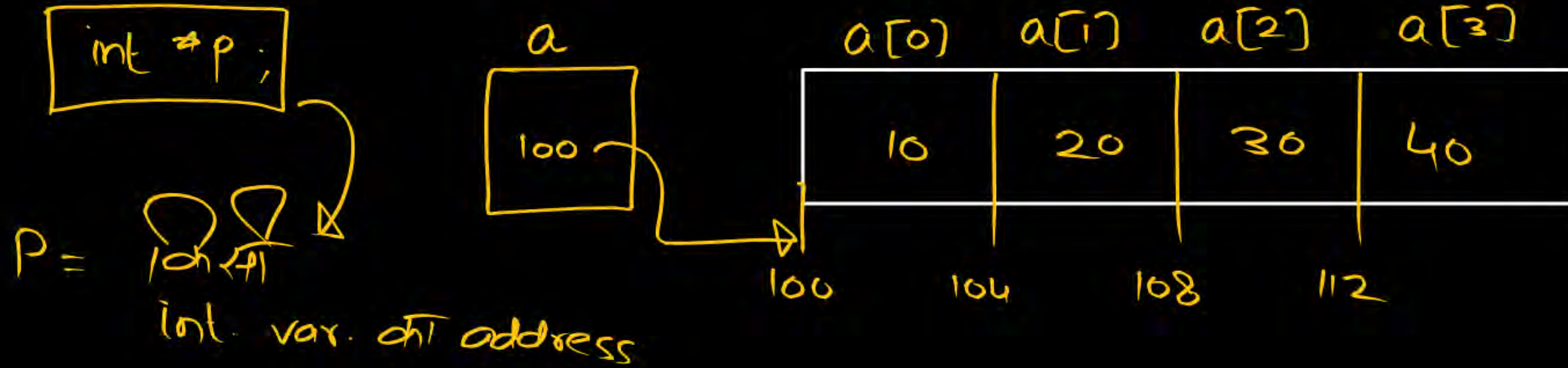




-126



`int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`





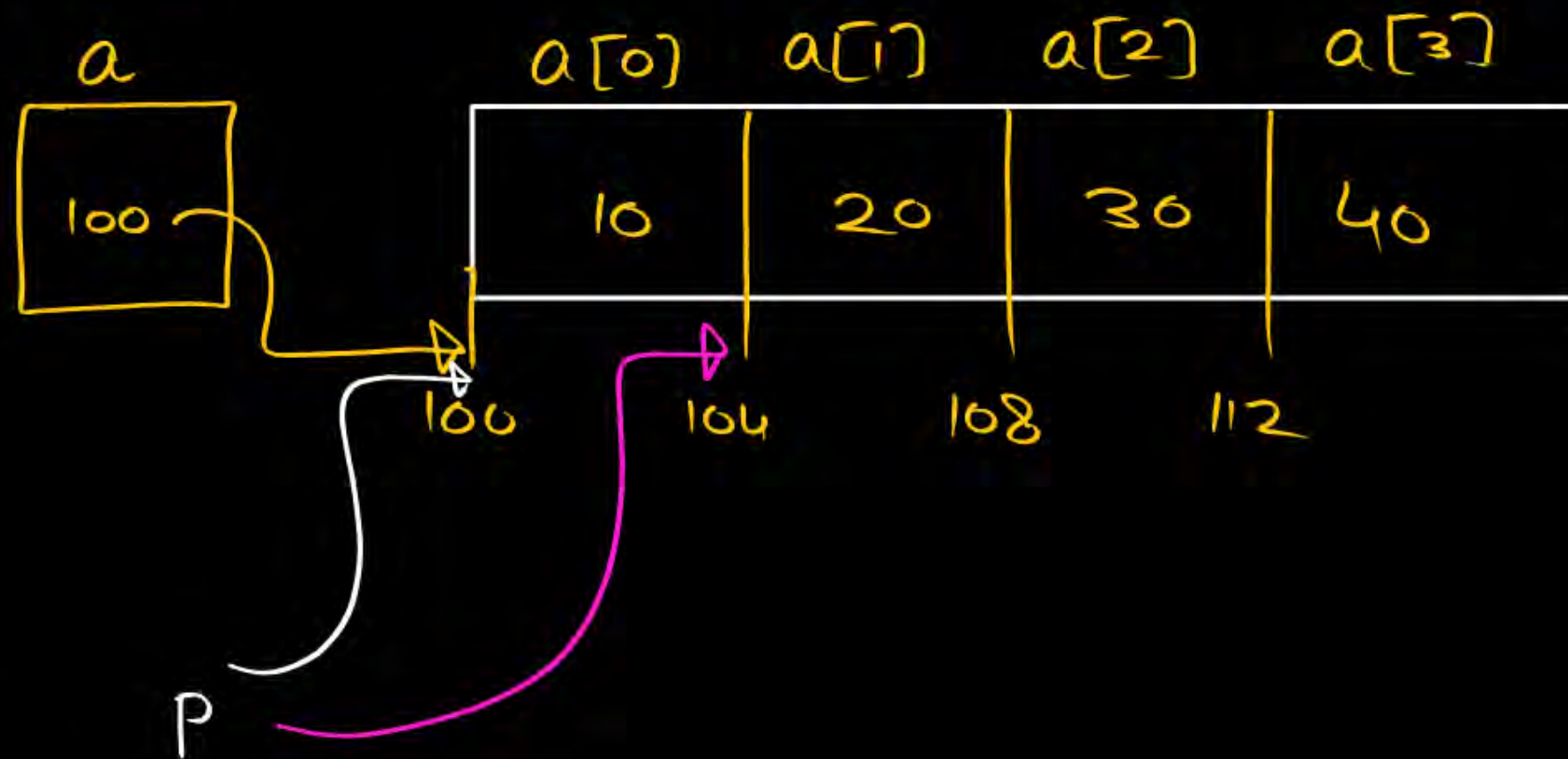
`int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`

`int *p;`

`p = &a[0];`

`p = p + 1;`

`p = 100 + 1 * 4`  
`p = 104`

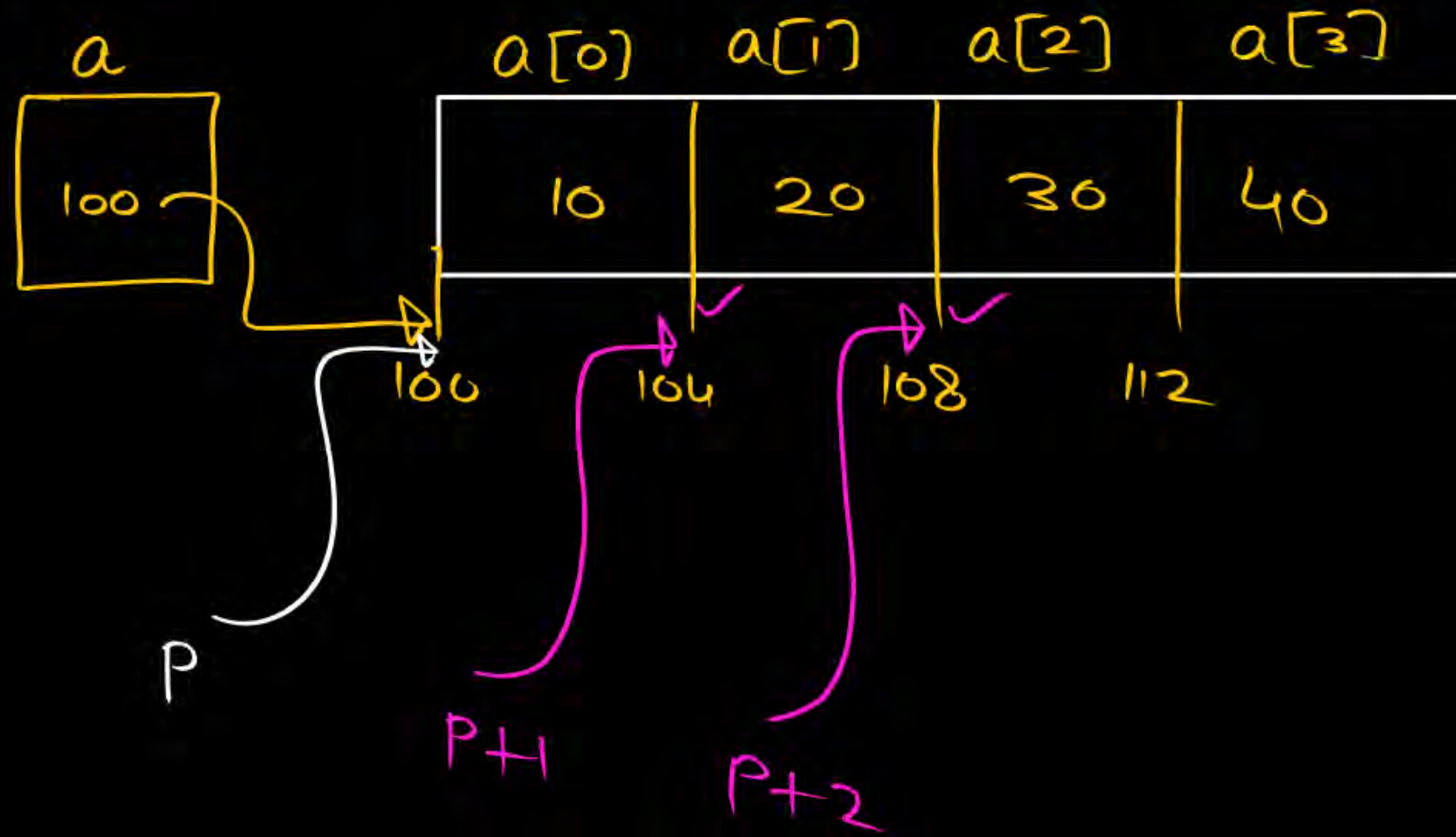


`int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`

`int *p;`

`p = &a[0];`

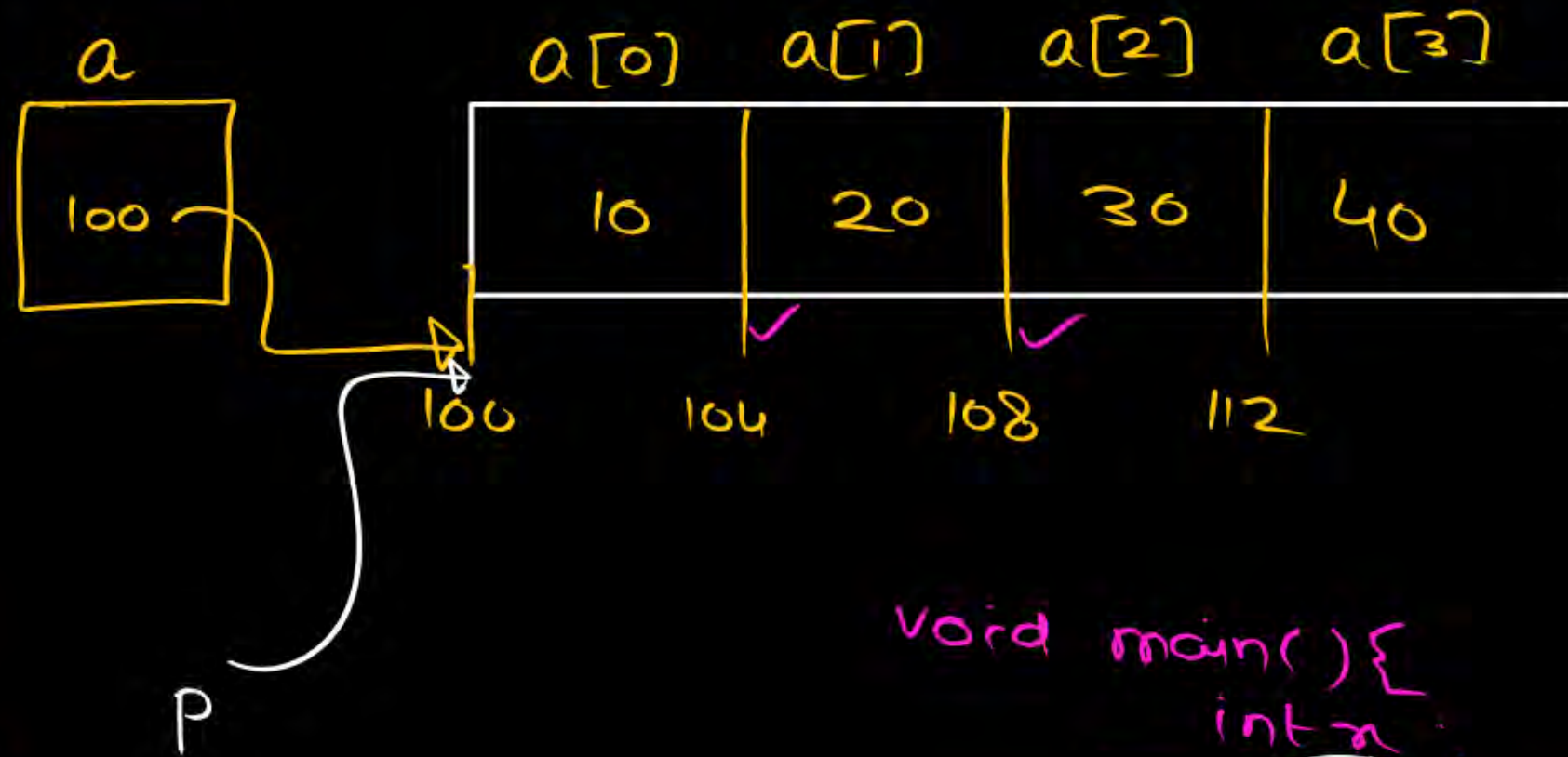
$P+1$



`int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`

`int *p;`

`p = &a[0];`



(i)  $P+1$ ;  
Vs  
(ii)  $P = P+1$

Not updating P

update P

`void main() {`  
`int x;`  
`x = 12;`  
`}`

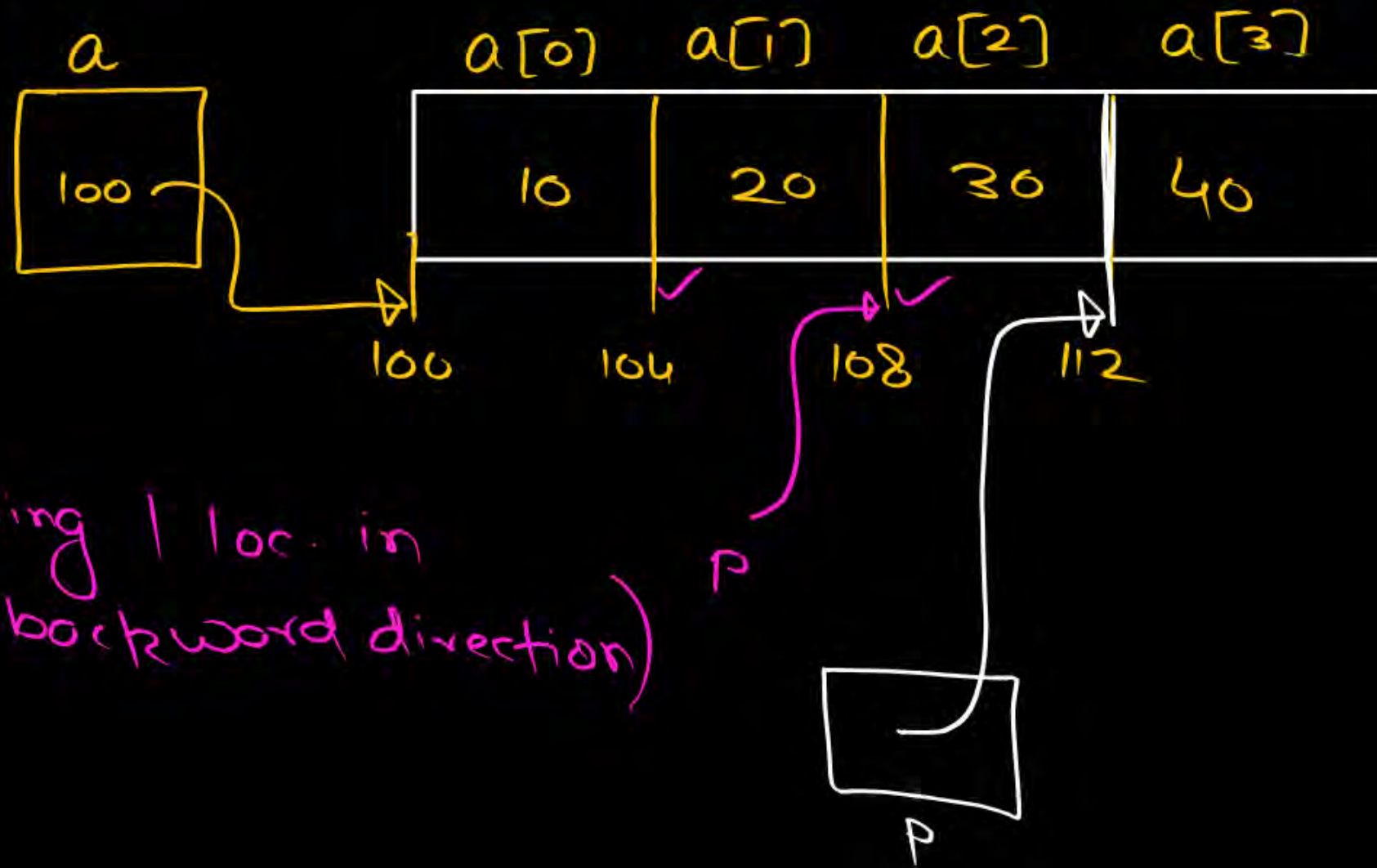


int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};

int \*p;

p = &a[3];

p = p - 1; (moving 1 loc. in  
backward direction)



int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};

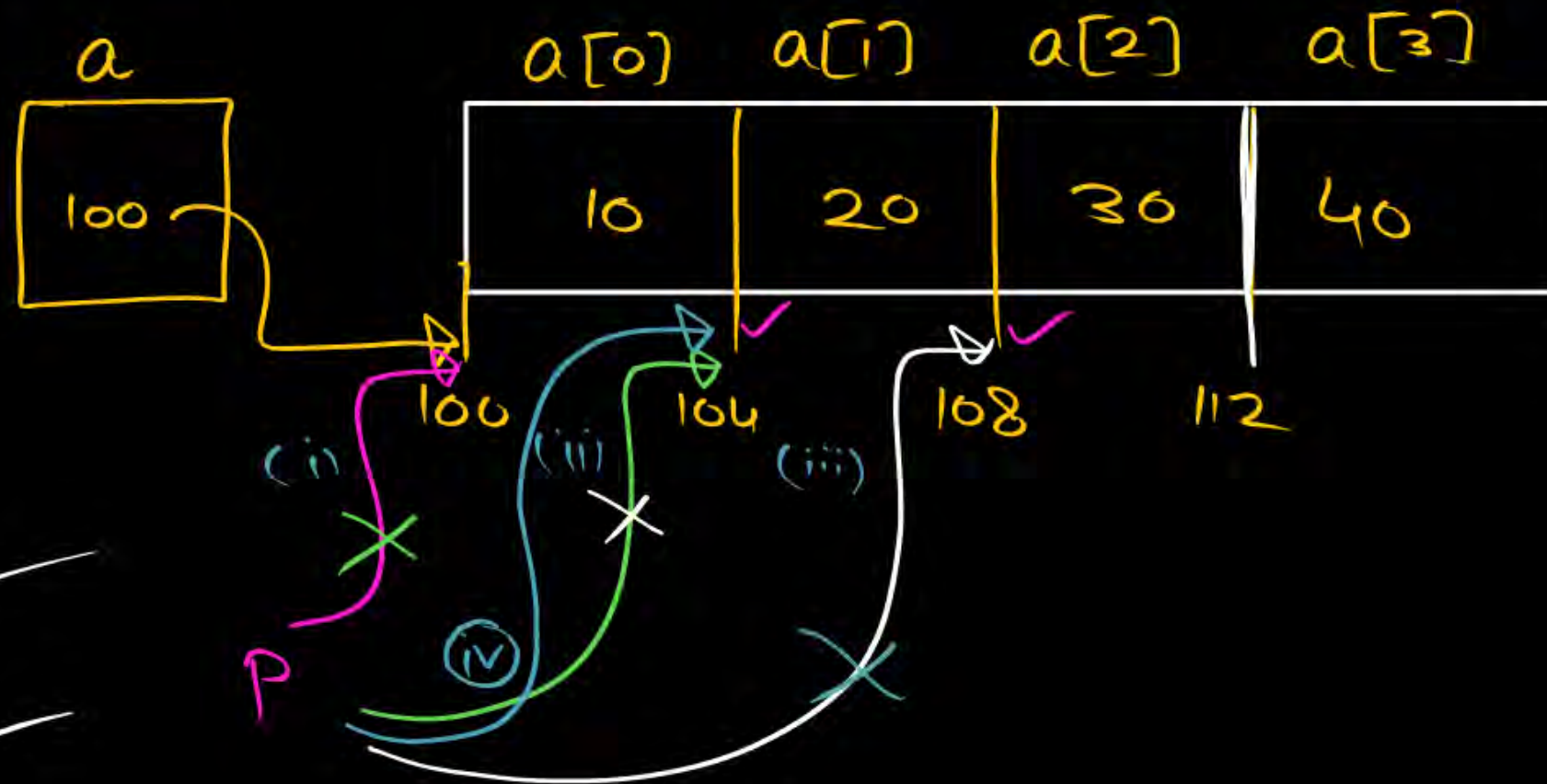
int \*p;

p = &a[0];

++p; ✓

++p; ✓

--p; ✓



# Arrays and Pointers

```
void main() {
```

```
    int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};
```

```
    int *p;
```

```
    p = a OR p = &a[0];
```

✓ 10

✓ 20

✓ 30

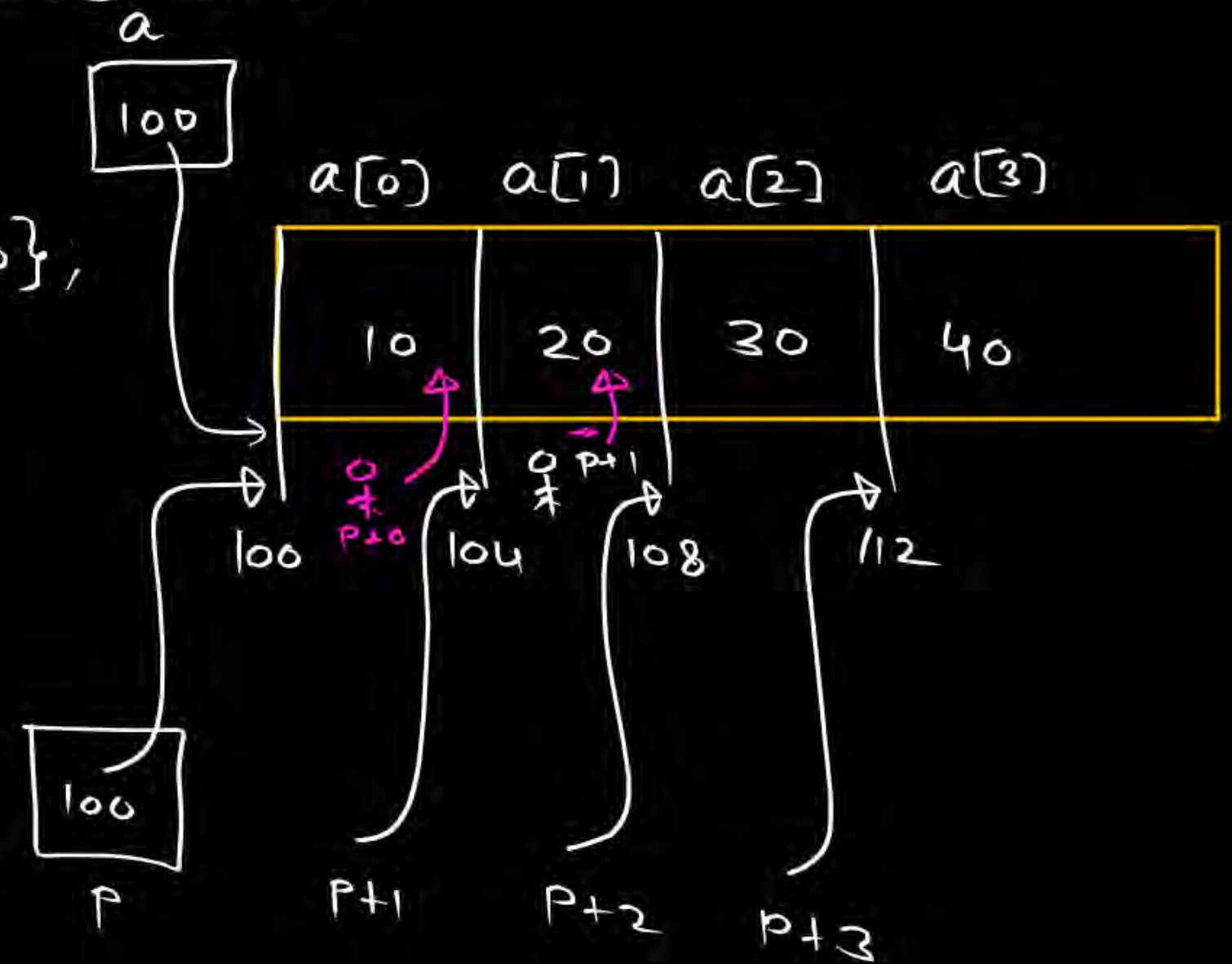
✓ 40

```
    pf("/d", *(p+0));
```

```
    pf("/d", *(p+1));
```

```
    pf("/d", *(p+2));
```

```
    pf("/d", *(p+3));
```





# Arrays and Pointers

```
void main() {
```

```
    int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};
```

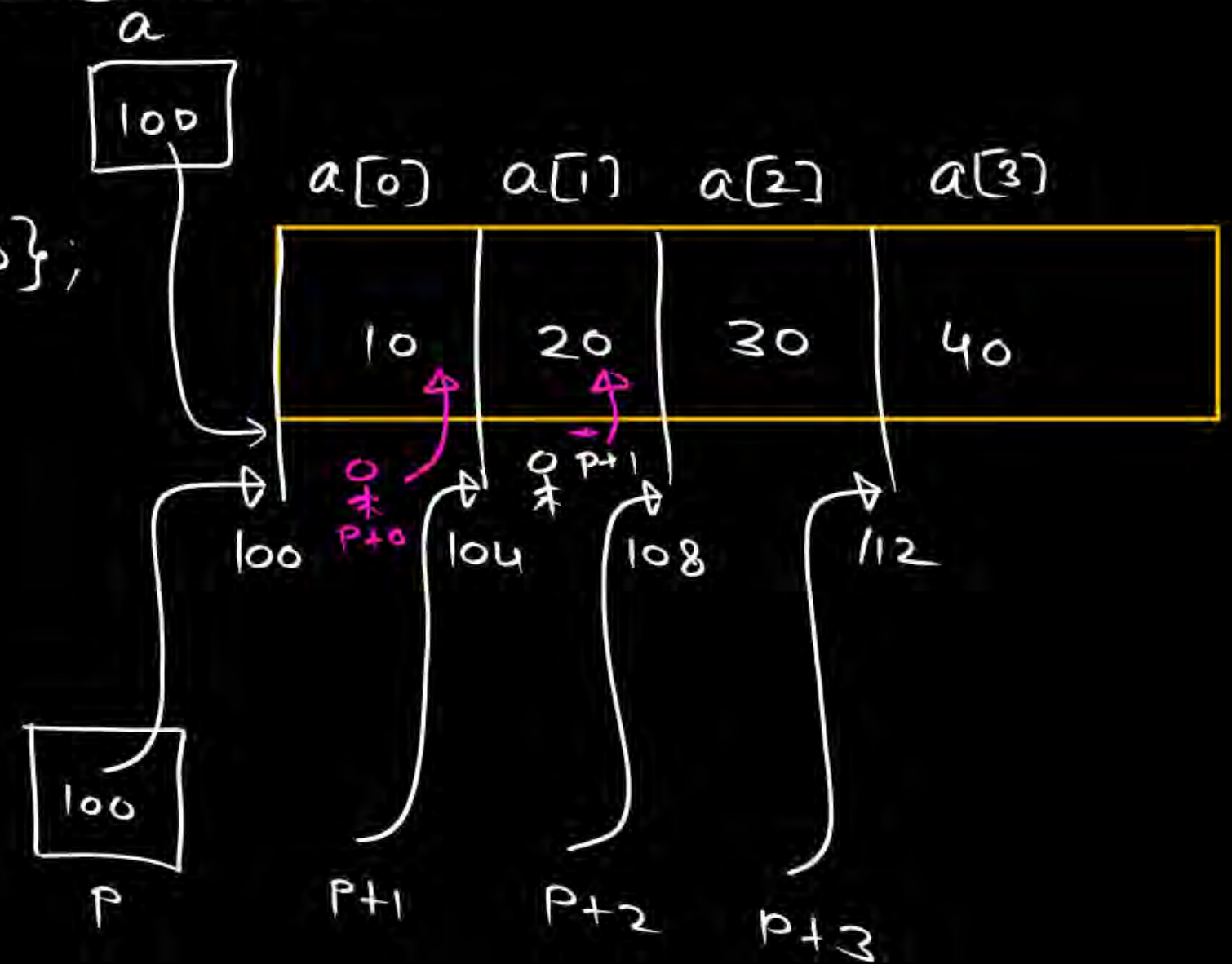
```
    int *p;
```

```
    p = a OR p = &a[0];
```

$* (a+i)$   
=  $a[i]$

OR

```
[ pf("/d", p[0]);  
  pf("/d", p[1]);  
  pf("/d", p[2]);  
  pf("/d", p[3]);
```



# Arrays and Pointers

```
void main() {
```

```
    int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};
```

```
    int *p;
```

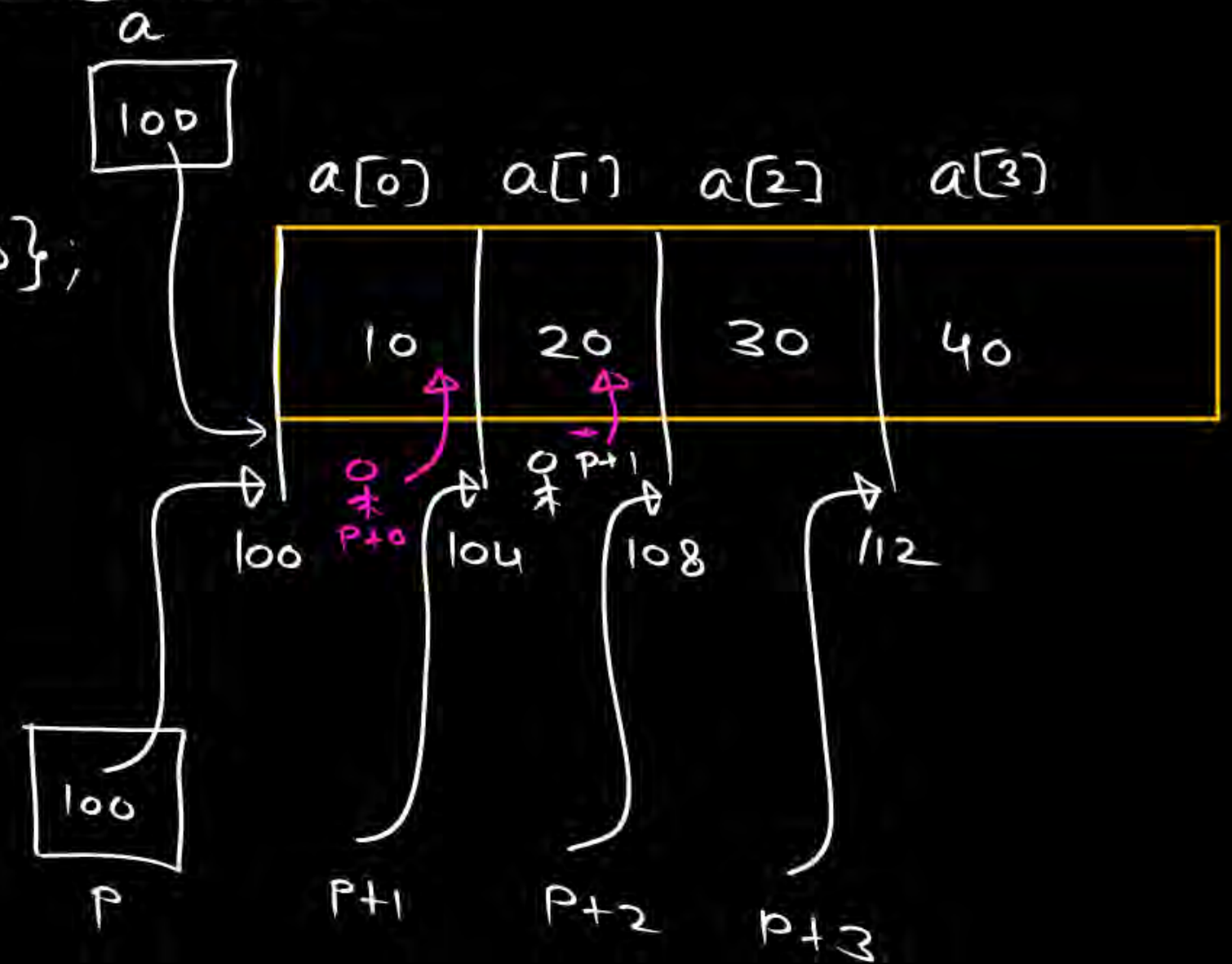
```
    p = a OR p = &a[0];
```


```
    pf("%d", p[0]);
```

```
    pf("%d", p[1]);
```

```
    pf("%d", p[2]);
```

```
    pf("%d", p[3]);
```



What is P 

```
pf("./d", P[0]);  
pf("./d", P[1]);  
pf("./d", P[2]);  
pf("./d", P[3]);
```

① `int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`

`++a;`  
`a++;`  
`--a;`  
`a--;`

} Invalid

② `int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`

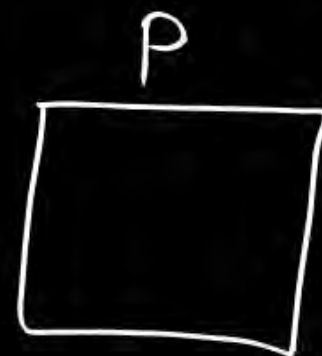
`a = {30, 40};`

array name  
can not be  
Lvalue

Invalid

① `int a[4] = {10, 20, 30, 40};`

`int *p;`  
`p = &a[0];`  
`p++;`  
`++p;`  
`--p;`  
`p--;`



② `p = &a[2];`

variable =



Pointer-var ++  
Pointer-var --  
++Pointer-var  
--Pointer-var

A-104  
Krishna Nagar  
Agra

A-106  
Krishna Nagar  
Mathura

Pointer-var + 3  $\Rightarrow$  Moving 3 location in forward direction  
Pointer-var - 3  $\Rightarrow$  " " " " " backward "

$P_1 + P_2$  ✗

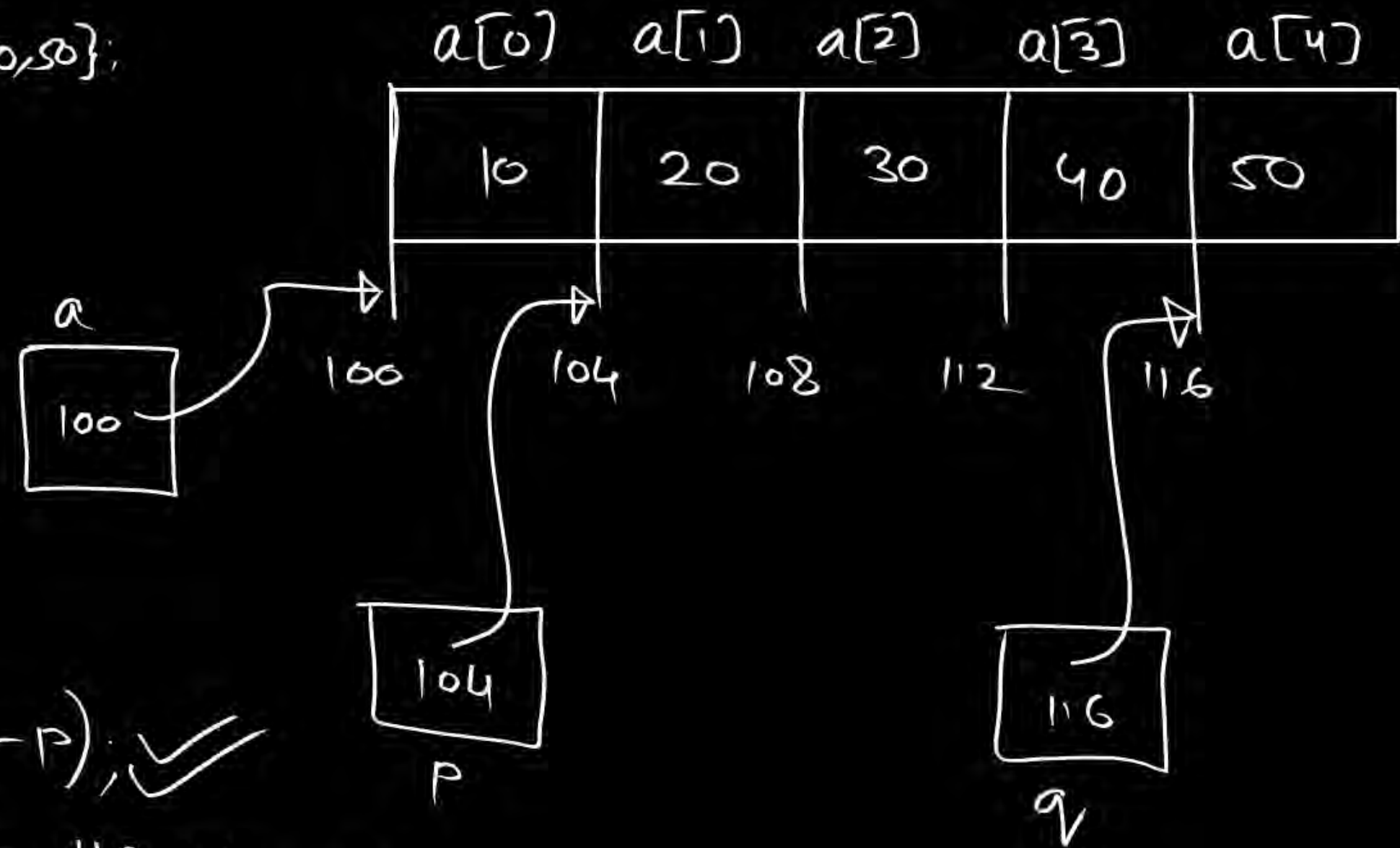
difference  $\rightarrow$

int a[s] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};

int \*p, \*q;

p = &a[1];

q = &a[4];



printf("%d", q - p); ✓✓

$$\frac{\text{actual diff}}{\text{data size}} = \frac{116 - 104}{4} = \frac{12}{4} = 3$$

