

COMPUTER SCIENCE



Database Management System

FD's & Normalization

Lecture_06



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An orange diamond-shaped sign with a black border and the text 'TOPICS TO BE COVERED' in black capital letters.

TOPICS
TO BE
COVERED

A red diamond-shaped sign with a white border and the number '01' in white.

01

Membership Set

A red diamond-shaped sign with a white border and the number '02' in white.

02

Equality between FD Set



• RDBMS Concept

• FD Concept

• FD type

Always Valid

← (i) Trivial FD

(ii) Non Trivial FD

(iii) Semi Non Trivial FD

• Attribute closure

Keys Concept

↳ Super key

↳ Candidate key

1 select → Primary key

Remaining → Alternative/Secondary key.

Finding Multiple C.K
GATE P4Q's.

$S_1 P_1$

$S_1 P_2$

$S_2 P_1$

$S_3 P_2$

Parentid	
\uparrow	\uparrow
Sid	Pid
<u>S_1</u>	$\rightarrow P_1$
<u>S_1</u>	$\rightarrow P_2$
<u>S_2</u>	<u>P_1</u>
<u>S_3</u>	<u>P_2</u>

Membership Set :

$F: [\dots]$

Let F be the given FD. Any $X \rightarrow y$ FD is a member of FD Set F iff $X \rightarrow y$ logically implied in F .

- $X \rightarrow y$ Logically implied means from the Closure of X determine y .
 $\underline{(X)^+} = [\dots \underline{y}]$ $X \rightarrow y$ logically implied / member / valid FD

Membership Set :

Q

F: $(A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C)$

Check $A \rightarrow C$ member / Valid FD / implied @ NOT ?

$$\underline{A}^+ = [A B \underline{C}]$$

$A \rightarrow C$ is member /
Logically implied /
Valid FD of FD Set F.

Q F: $[AB \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow E, E \rightarrow G]$

Check (i) $A \rightarrow C$ $[A]^+ = [A]$

✓ (ii) $C \rightarrow G$ $[C]^+ = [CDEG]$

✓ (iii) $AB \rightarrow G$ $[AB]^+ = [AB CDE G]$

✗ (iv) $B \rightarrow E$ $[B]^+ = [B]$

Q F: $[AB \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow DE, B \rightarrow F, F \rightarrow GH, D \rightarrow IJ]$

✓ (i) $A \rightarrow I$ $(A)^+ = [ADEIJ]$

✗ (ii) $B \rightarrow I$ $(B)^+ = [BFGH]$

✓ (iii) $B \rightarrow GH$ $(B)^+ = [BFGH]$

✗ (iv) $D \rightarrow EF$ $(D)^+ = [DIJ]$

✗ (v) $F \rightarrow J$ $(F)^+ = [FGH]$

✓ (vi) $AB \rightarrow F$ $(AB)^+ = [ABCDEFGH IJ]$

(i) (iii) & (vi)
are implied/
member

Valid FD
for this FD Set.

Q.

In a schema with attributes A, B, C, D and E following set of functional dependencies are given

PW

$A \rightarrow B$

$A \rightarrow C$

$CD \rightarrow E$

$B \rightarrow D$

$E \rightarrow A$

© $(CD)^+ = [CDEAB]$

Ⓛ $(BC)^+ = [BCDEA]$

ⓐ $(BD)^+ = [BD]$

ⓑ $(AC)^+ = [ACBDE]$

A	B	C	D	E
1	5	8	9	1
2	6	9	5	5
3	5	1	5	1
4	7	5	4	1
5	9	4	3	1

Which of the following functional dependencies is NOT implied by the above set

[MCQ: GATE - 2M]

CD \rightarrow AC

BC \rightarrow CD

A

BD \rightarrow CD

B

AC \rightarrow BC

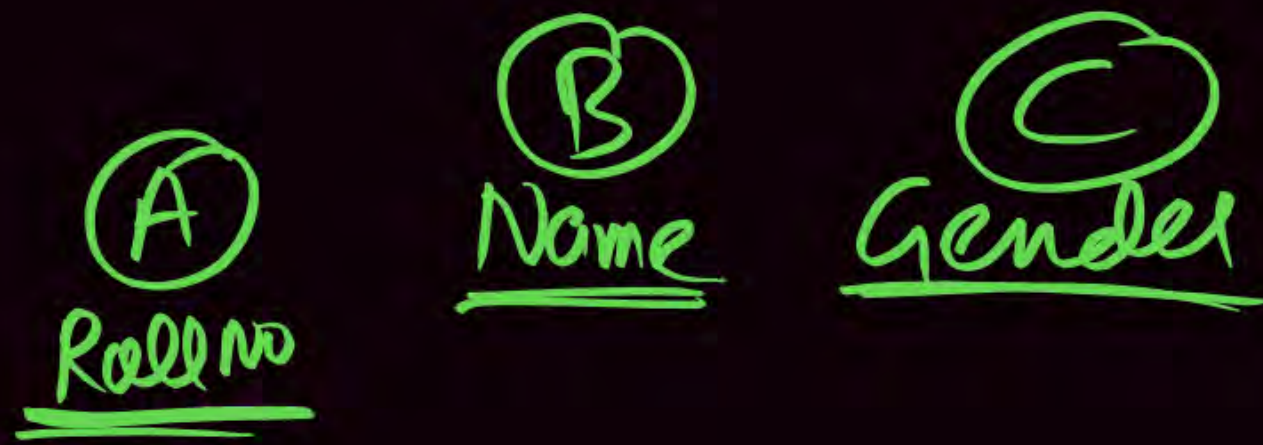
Ans(A)

ISRO:

Implied

Implied

Implied





Suppose the following functional dependencies hold on a relation U with attributes P, Q, R, S and T:

$$\begin{cases} P \rightarrow QR \\ RS \rightarrow T \end{cases}$$

Which of the following functional dependencies can be inferred/implies from the above functional dependencies?

[MSQ: 2021 - 2M]

- ☒ A $\underline{PS} \rightarrow T$ $[PS]^+ = [PS \underline{QRT}]$
- ☐ B $R \rightarrow T$ $[R]^+ = [R]$
- ☒ C $P \rightarrow R$ $[P]^+ = [P \underline{QR}]$
- ☒ D $PS \rightarrow Q$ $[PS]^+ = [PS \underline{QRT}]$

$\underline{Ans(A, C, D)}$

Equality btw 2 FD set

Let There are 2 FD Set $\{F \& G\}$ are given

$F: [_ _ _ _]$ $G: [_ _ _ _]$

$F \& G$ are equals only if

iff

$F \text{ Cover } G : \text{True}$

$G \text{ Cover } F : \text{True}$

$$(F)^+ \equiv (G)^+$$

F Cover G : F Covers All the FD's of G FD Set.

(OR)

ALL 'G' FD's should be Logically implied in 'F' FD Set.

G cover F : G Cover All the FD of F FD Set.

(OR)

ALL F FD's should be Logically implied in G FD Set.

$F \text{ Cover } G$:	True	False	True	False
$G \text{ Cover } F$:	<u>False</u>	<u>True</u>	<u>True</u>	<u>False</u>
		$F \supset G$	$G \supset F$	$F \equiv G$	UnComparable

Q

F: ^① $[AB \rightarrow CD, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D]$

G: ^① $[AB \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow D]$

F Cover G

① ~~$AB \rightarrow C$~~ $[AB]^+ = [ABCD]$

② ~~$AB \rightarrow D$~~ $[AB]^+ = [ABCD]$

③ ~~$C \rightarrow D$~~ $[C]^+ = [CD]$

True

$F \supset G$

G Cover F

① ~~$AB \rightarrow CD$~~

② ~~$B \rightarrow C$~~

③ ~~$C \rightarrow D$~~

$[AB]^+ = [ABCD]$

$[B]^+ = [B]$

$[C]^+ = [CD]$

False

Q.

Consider relation schema $A(P\ Q\ R\ S)$ with two set of FD's

$F : [P \rightarrow Q, PQ \rightarrow R, PR \rightarrow S, Q \rightarrow R, Q \rightarrow P]$

$G : [PQ \rightarrow S, PR \rightarrow Q, Q \rightarrow S, QS \rightarrow R]$

Which of the following is correct?

☒ A F Cover G

☐ B G Cover F

☐ C F and G are equivalent

☐ D None of these

Ans (A)

F: $[P \rightarrow Q, PQ \rightarrow R, PR \rightarrow S, Q \rightarrow R, Q \rightarrow P]$

G: $[PQ \rightarrow S, PR \rightarrow Q, Q \rightarrow S, QS \rightarrow R]$

F Cover G

$PQ \rightarrow S$	$(PQ)^+ = (PQRS)$
$PR \rightarrow Q$	$(PR)^+ = (PRQS)$
$Q \rightarrow S$	$(Q)^+ = (QRP S)$
$QS \rightarrow R$	$(QS)^+ = (QSPR)$

True

$F \supset G.$

G Cover F

$X P \rightarrow Q$	$(P)^+ = [P]$
$PQ \rightarrow R$	$(PQ)^+ = [PQRS]$
$PR \rightarrow S$	$(PR)^+ = [PRQS]$
$Q \rightarrow R$	$(Q)^+ = [QSR]$
$X Q \rightarrow P$	$(Q)^+ = [QSR]$

False.



Consider relation schema $R(A\ C\ D\ E\ H)$ with two set of FD's

$F : [A \rightarrow C, AC \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow AD, E \rightarrow H]$

[MSQ]

$G : [A \rightarrow CD, E \rightarrow AH]$

Which of the following is correct?

- ☐ A F Cover G
- ☐ B G Cover F
- ☐ C F and G are equivalent
- ☐ D None of these

Any Doubt ?



**THANK
YOU!**

