```
function [L,N, C] = MyASLIC(I, I_gray, K, M,display)
   [m,n] = size(I_gray);
   % 计算 S
   S = round(sqrt(m*n/K));
   % 初始化 Label 和 Distance
   Label = -1 * ones(m,n);
   Distance = Inf * ones(m,n);
  [H,W] = meshgrid(round(0.5 * S):S:m,round(0.5 * S):S:n);
   H = reshape(H, 1, []);
   W = reshape(W, 1, []);
   N = size(H);
   N = N(2);
   % 初始化 Center
   C = zeros(N,5);
   for i = 1:N
       % 找 3*3 邻域梯度最小的设为初始中心
       if H(i)+1 > m
           img = I(H(i)-2:H(i),W(i)-1:W(i)+1,1);
           [Fx, Fy] = gradient(img);
           F = sqrt(Fx .^2 + Fy .^2);
           [h,w] = ind2sub([3,3],find(F == min(min(F))));
           C(i,1) = I(H(i)-3+h(1),W(i)-2+w(1),1);
           C(i,2) = I(H(i)-3+h(1),W(i)-2+w(1),2);
           C(i,3) = I(H(i)-3+h(1),W(i)-2+w(1),3);
           C(i,4) = H(i)-2+h(1);
```

```
C(i,5) = W(i)-2+w(1);
     else
           _{\textbf{if}} \text{ W(i)+1} > n
                 img = I(H(i)-1:H(i)+1,W(i)-2:W(i),1);
                 [Fx, Fy] = gradient(img);
                 F = sqrt(Fx .^2 + Fy .^2);
                 [h,w] = ind2sub([3,3],find(F == min(min(F))));
                 C(i,1) = I(H(i)-2+h(1),W(i)-3+w(1),1);
                 C(i,2) = I(H(i)-2+h(1),W(i)-3+w(1),2);
                 C(i,3) = I(H(i)-2+h(1),W(i)-3+w(1),3);
                 C(i,4) = H(i)-2+h(1);
                 C(i,5) = W(i)-2+w(1);
                 img = I(H(i)-1:H(i)+1,W(i)-1:W(i)+1,1);
                 [Fx, Fy] = gradient(img);
                 F = sqrt(Fx .^2 + Fy .^2);
                 [h,w] = \operatorname{ind2sub}([3,3],\operatorname{find}(F == \min(\min(F))));
                 C(i,1) = I(H(i)\text{-}2\text{+}h(1),W(i)\text{-}2\text{+}w(1),1);
                 C(i,2) = I(H(i)-2+h(1),W(i)-2+w(1),2);
                 C(i,3) = I(H(i)-2+h(1),W(i)-2+w(1),3);
                 C(i,4) = H(i)-2+h(1);
                 C(i,5) = W(i)-2+w(1);
           end
end
```

```
% 根据论文上的说法,循环最多10次即可收敛
for i=1:10
    mc = 0;
    ms=0;
    mcs = zeros(N,2);
    for j = 1:N
         range = [\max(C(j,4)-2*S,1), \min(C(j,4)+2*S,m), \max(C(j,5)-2*S,1), \min(C(j,5)+2*S,n)];
         for h = range(1):range(2)
              for w = range(3):range(4)
                   dc = sqrt((I(h,w,1)-C(j,1))^2 + (I(h,w,2)-C(j,2))^2 + (I(h,w,3)-C(j,3))^2);
                   ds = sqrt((h-C(j,4))^2 + (w-C(j,5))^2);
                   if i == 1
                       d = sqrt(dc^2 + ((ds/S)^2)^*(M^2));
                   else
                       d = sqrt((dc/mcs(j,1))^2 + ((ds/mcs(j,2))^2));
                   end
                   if d < Distance(h,w)
                       if dc > mc
                        mc = dc;
                       end
                       if ds > ms
                            ms = ds;
                       end
                        Distance(h, w) = d;
                       Label(h,w)=j;
```

```
end
         end
    mcs(j,:) = [mc,ms];
    ms = 0;
    mc = 0;
end
% 更新中心
for j = 1:N
    index = find(Label == j);
    [h,w] = ind2sub([m,n], index);
    Sizeh = size(h);
    sum = zeros(1,5);
    for k = 1:Sizeh(1)
         sum = sum + [I(h(k), w(k), 1), I(h(k), w(k), 2), I(h(k), w(k), 3), h(k), w(k)];
    end
    sum = sum / Sizeh(1);
    sum(4) = round(sum(4));
    sum(5) = round(sum(5));
    C(j,:) = sum;
% 显示每一次的过程
if display == 1
    BW = boundarymask(Label);
    im show (imoverlay (lab 2 rgb (I), BW, 'cyan'), 'Initial Magnification', 67);\\
```

end
end
L = Label;

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