## 553.633/433

## Homework #2

## **Due Wed. 9/12/18**

There are four problems (A, B, C, and one from the textbook):

- **A.** Consider a game of chance where a bettor specifies a dollar amount  $\theta \ge 0$ . Then, two fair dice are rolled, yielding a sum  $V \in \{2, 3, ..., 12\}$ . The stake that the bettor will win or lose is equal to  $2^V\theta$  (further rules or characteristics of the game, such as whether the game is fair or not, are not relevant here). The bettor would like to choose an amount  $\theta$  that maximizes the expected stake, but the bettor is risk averse in the amount  $\theta^2$  to reflect the fact that the bettor may lose the stake. Do the following:
- (a) Suppose the bettor is to determine the amount  $\theta$  based on maximizing the difference of the expected stake and the risk aversion. Give the function for the bettor to maximize with respect to  $\theta$  and then solve for the optimal amount.
- (b) Suppose the bettor has a poor understanding of probability and attempts to determine the optimal amount while committing the "flaw of averages." What amount  $\theta$  will the bettor then use to play the game? Comment on why the solution here differs from that found in part (a).
- **B.** Exercise 4 in week 1 handout (file MonteCarlo\_intro\_handout.pdf, corresponding to slides shown in class).
- **C.** Give examples of two matrices **A** and **B** such that:
- (a)  $rank(AB) < min\{rank(A), rank(B)\}.$
- (b)  $rank(AB) = min\{rank(A), rank(B)\}.$

Exercise from the textbook: 1.11, part (a) only