神经网络作业报告

数 41 李博扬 2014012118

(1)

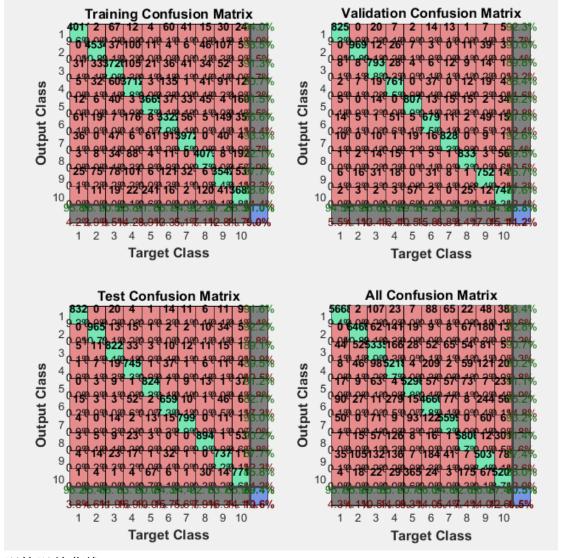
(a)

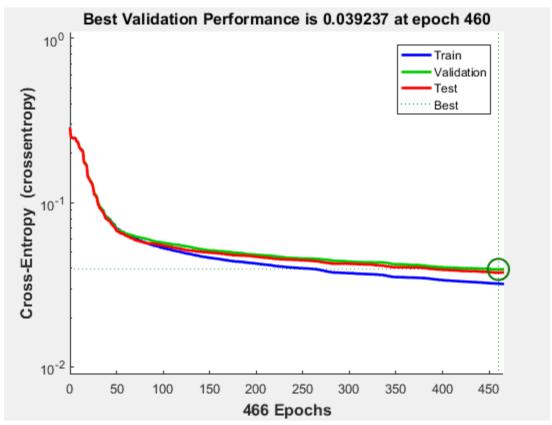
0 7 2 8 9 5 6 7 8 9

- (b) (c) 见代码
- (d) 设隐藏节点个数为 N

N=5 时:

训练得到的混淆矩阵为:





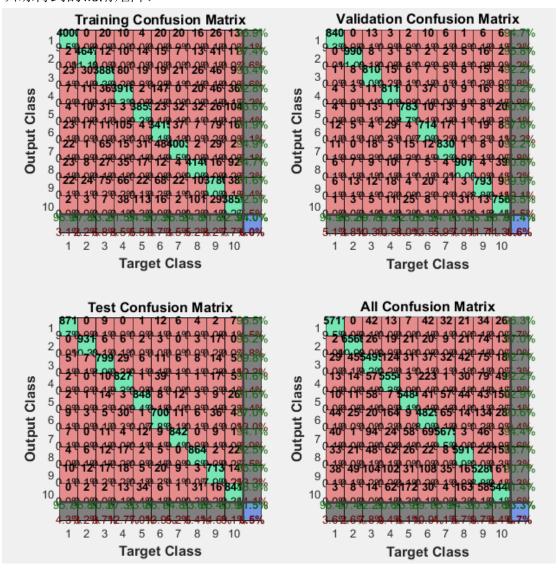
测试得到混淆矩阵:

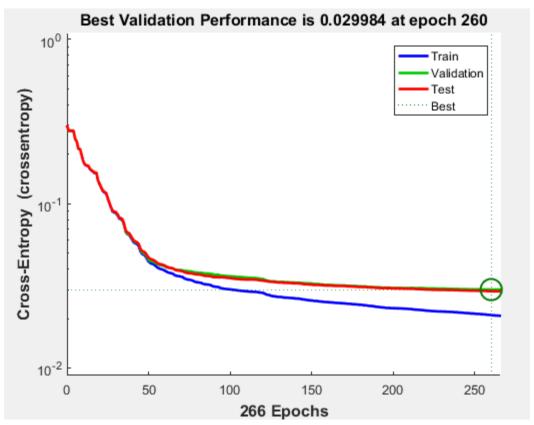
Confusion Matrix												
		943	0	20	4	0	18	23	4	7	6	92.0%
	1	9.4%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	8.0%
	2	0	1097	11	21	6	2	1	14	33	3	92.3%
	2	0.0%	11.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	7.7%
	3	3	6	911	29	7	6	9	19	4	2	91.5%
	J	0.0%	0.1%	9.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	8.5%
	4	3	2	24	840	1	48	0	14	18	2	88.2%
	+	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	8.4%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	11.8%
SS	5	2	0	7	0	881	11	12	9	5	42	90.9%
ä	J	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	8.8%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	9.1%
Output Class	6	14	2	5	49	3	724	18	0	53		B1.9%
B		0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.5%	0.0%	7.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.5%	0.2%	18.1%
Ħ	7	9	3	12	3	19	27	888	0	17	1	90.7%
0		0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.3%	8.9%	0.0%		0.0%	9.3%
	8	4	2	7	30	6	8	0	938	5		89.6%
		0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	9.4%	0.1%	0.5%	10.4%
	9	2	22	33	30	3	41	6	0	817		84.2%
			0.2%		0.3%			0.1%				15.8%
	10	0	1	2	4	56	7	1	30	15		B8.3%
			0.0%		0.0%		_	0.0%		0.1%		
		الأراجانيان			83.2%							89.1%
		3.8%	3.3%	11.7%	16.8%	10.3%	18.8%	7.3%	8.8%	16.1%	13.4%	10.9%
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
						Targ	jet C	lass				



N=10 时:

训练得到的混淆矩阵:





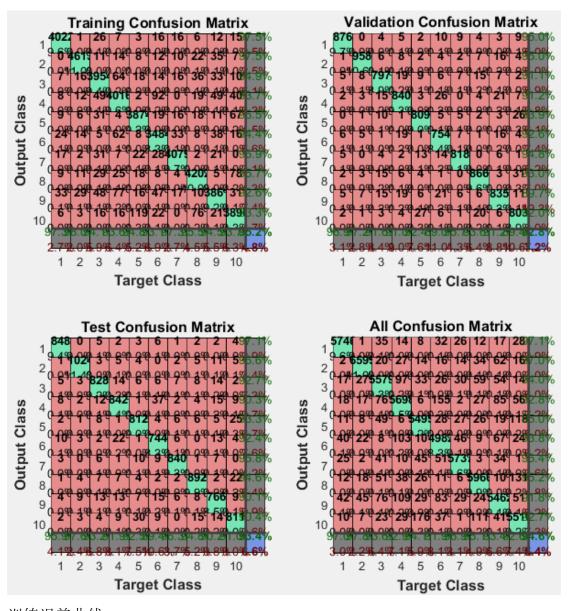
测试得到混淆矩阵:

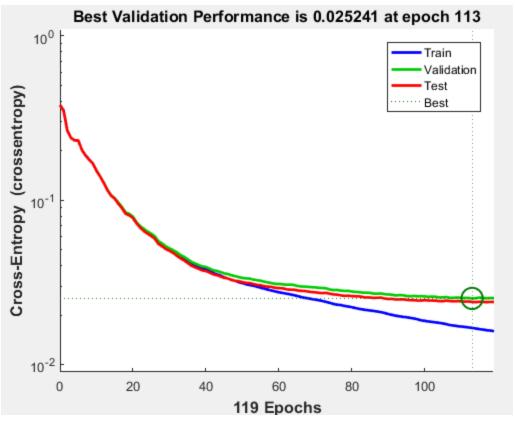
					С	onfu	sion	Matr	ix			
	1	944	0	11	3	2	7	14	3	9	7	94.4%
		9.4%	0.0%		0.0%		0.1%		0.0%	0.1%		5.6%
	2	0	1107	1	2	2	6	1	9	10	4	96.9%
					0.0%			0.0%				
	3	2	6 0.1%	934	16 0.2%	6	6	6 0.1%	22	12 0.1%	3	92.2%
		2	2	18	904	0.1%	40	0.1%	10	19	9	90.0%
	4	0.0%	0.0%		9.0%				0.1%	0.2%		10.0%
S		3	1	9	1	911	12	10	5	15		91.5%
as	5	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%				0.1%			8.5%
Output Class	6	5	2	5	30	0	756	19	0	21	6	89.6%
E		0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	7.6%	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	10.4%
품	7	12	2	15	3	17	18	899	0	12		91.9%
0		0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%		0.2%	9.0%	0.0%		0.0%	8.1%
	8	7	3	11	19	3	9	6	942	12		90.6%
	_		0.0%		0.2%			0.1%				9.4%
	9	5	11	23	25	5	25	2	4	850		88.8%
		0.1%	0.1%	0.2% 5	0.3%	36	13	0.0%	33	8.5% 14		11.2% 89.3%
	10				-			_				10.7%
					89.5%	=						91.6%
					10.5%				8.4%			8.4%
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
			_	0	,		jet C		Ü	0		



N=20:

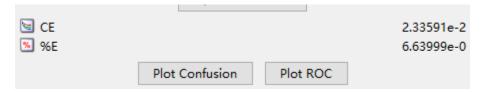
训练得到混淆矩阵:





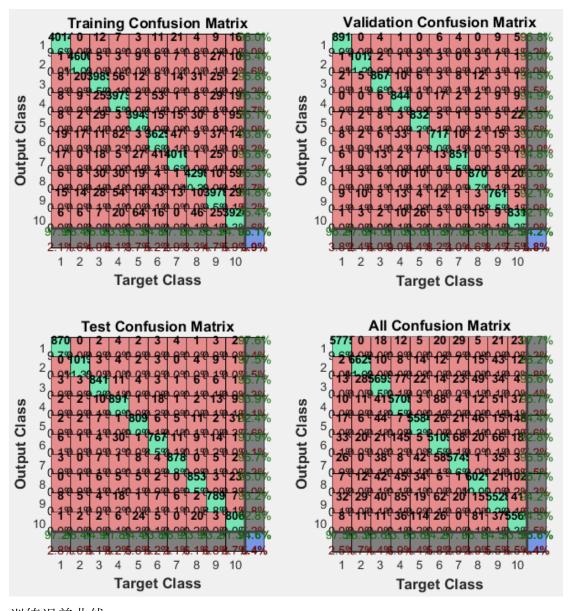
测试混淆矩阵:

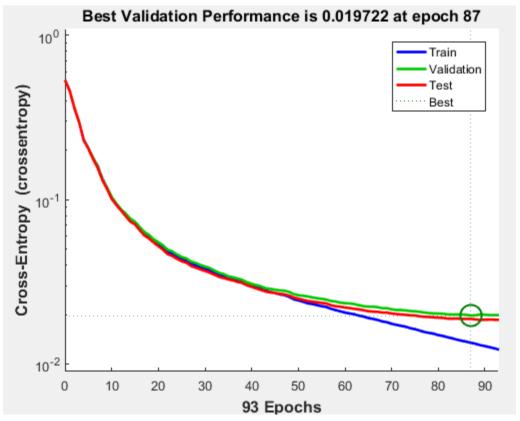
Confusion Matrix												
	1	955	0	8	2	2	6	8	0	6	10	95.8%
	1	9.6%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	4.2%
	2	0	1106	4	5	2	3	5	8	8	3	96.7%
	2	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	3.3%
	3	3	5	952	10	6	1	5	20	6	4	94.1%
	3	0.0%	0.1%	9.5%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	5.9%
	4	3	3	21	930	0	33	1	11	18	12	90.1%
	+	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	9.3%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	9.9%
SS	5	3	1	6	2	897	3	8	2	6	22	94.4%
ä	Э	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	9.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	5.6%
Output Class	6	3	1	2	18	3	812	17	1	19	6	92.1%
ď		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	8.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	7.9%
품	7	3	5	12	1	17	8	907	0	9		94.2%
0		0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	9.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	5.8%
	8	3	2	7	9	8	2	3	959	8	15	94.4%
	٠		0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	9.6%	0.1%	0.1%	5.6%
	9	5	12	16	29	5	16	4	1	890	_	90.3%
	3	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%		8.9%		9.7%
	10	2	0	4	4	42	8	0	26	4		91.2%
	10	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%				0.3%	0.0%	9.3%	8.8%
		97.4%			92.1%				93.3%			93.4%
		2.6%	2.6%	7.8%	7.9%	8.7%	9.0%	5.3%	6.7%	8.6%	8.0%	6.6%
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
						Targ	jet C	lass				



N=40:

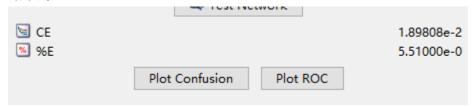
训练混淆矩阵:





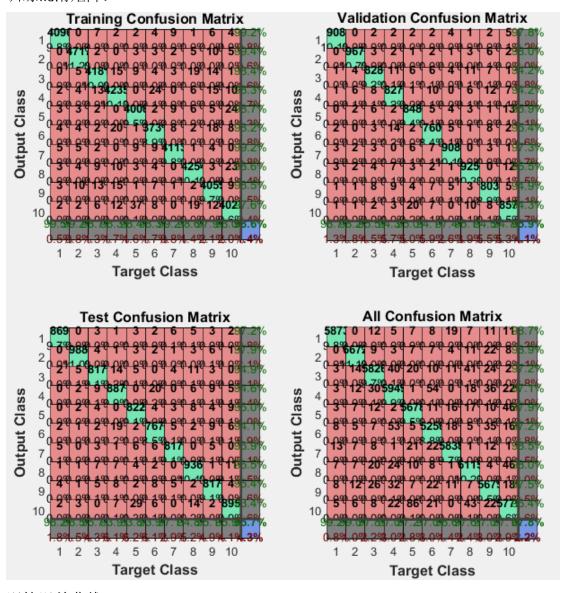
测试混淆矩阵:

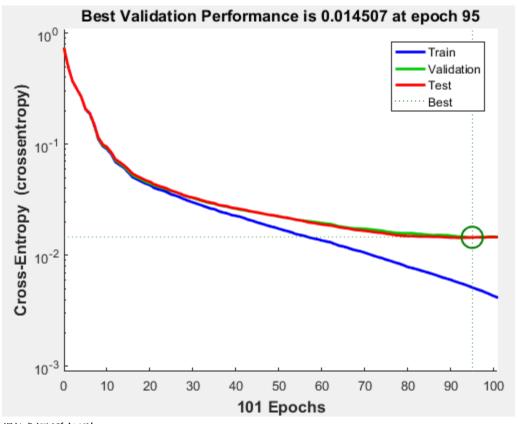
Confusion Matrix												
	1	956	0	10	0	1	5	8	1	2	6	96.7%
		9.6%	0.0%	0.1%		0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%			3.3%
	2	0	1119	1	0	1	5	2	5	3	6	98.0%
				0.0%			0.1%				0.1%	=
	3	2	5	968	15	3	2	2	19	7	1	94.5%
		0.0%	0.1%	9.7% 8	936	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%				
	4	0.0%		0.1%			0.2%	_	6 0.1%	16 0.2%	0.1%	93.6% 6.4%
S		2	0.076	11	1	933	8	4	6	5	22	94.1%
Output Class	5	0.0%	0.0%				0.1%					
\overline{c}	6	8	1	2	28	3	826	12	3	13	10	91.2%
Ĭ		0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	8.3%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	
Ħ	7	8	3	9	0	7	8	922	0	7	1	95.5%
Õ		0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	9.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	4.5%
	8	2	2	8	8	4	1	3	958	12	13	94.8%
	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.6%	0.1%	0.1%	5.2%
	9	1	5	14	10	5	13	4	4	905		93.0%
	Ü			0.1%			0.1%					7.0%
	10	0	0	1	12	24	5	0	26	4		92.8%
		0.0%		0.0%	0.1% 92.7%	0.2%	_	0.0% 96.2%	0.3% 93.2%		9.3%	_
			98.6%	93.8% 6.2%		95.0% 5.0%		3.8%	93.2% 6.8%	92.9% 7.1%	91.8% 8.2%	94.5% 5.5%
												J.J /6
		1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7	8	9	10	
	Target Class											



N=100:

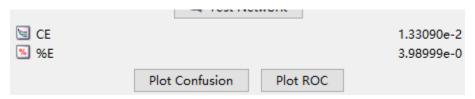
训练混淆矩阵:





测试混淆矩阵:

					С	onfu	sion	Matr	ix			
	1	961	0	2	0	3	5	10	2	9	4	96.5%
		9.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			0.0%		0.0%	3.5%
	2	0	1122	3	1	0	2	2	4	1	3	98.6%
		0.0%	11.2% 4	985	0.0%	8	0.0%	0.0%	16	2	0.0%	=
	3	0.0%	0.0%	9.8%		_	0.0%				0.0%	95.2% 4.8%
		1	1	9	967	0.176	8	0.176	6	12	7	95.6%
	4	0.0%	0.0%	_	9.7%	0.0%	_	_	0.1%		-	
S		2	0	4	0	929	2	8	5	4	14	96.0%
98	5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	
Output Class		3	1	4	13	2	851	5	0	8	7	95.2%
Ĕ	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	8.5%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	4.8%
품	7	7	2	8	0	9	7	926	0	6	1	95.9%
0		0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	9.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	4.1%
	8	1	3	7	7	2	1	1	985	6	10	96.3%
	Ü	0.0%			0.1%						0.1%	_
	9	2	1	9	10	4	9	1	2	921	9	95.1%
					0.1%		0.1%					4.9%
	10	0	1	1	2 0.0%	25	5	0	8	5	954	95.3%
					95.7%				0.1%			_
					4.3%							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7	8	9	10	
						Targ	get C	lass				



注: 所有截图的源图均已打包

分析错误率和收敛速度与节点数目的关系:

可以发现,当隐藏节点增多时,错误率减小并且神经网络收敛速度减小。可以总结为:若隐层节点数太少,网络可能根本不能训练或网络性能很差;若隐层节点数太多,虽然可使网络的系统误差减小,但一方面使网络训练时间延长,另一方面,训练容易陷入局部极小点而得不到最优点,也是训练时出现"过拟合"的内在原因。

(2) 观察测试混淆矩阵可知 4 和 9 混淆最严重

利用 Logistic 回归的错误率为 0.2963

利用 fisher 投影到一维再结合 parzen 窗法用最小错误率贝叶斯决策分类的错误率为: 0.0362

分析: logistic 回归与 fisher+贝叶斯决策判别的准确性在此题中大致与有 100 个 隐层节点的神经网络相当。Logistic 回归与 fisher+贝叶斯决策判别法原理较简单,但可能处理更复杂的问题时不如功能强大的神经网络分类。而神经网络又因为它强大的拟合功能,容易造成过拟合现象。所以这几种分类方法各有优劣,应用的时候应当对问题有基本判断再选择分类方法。