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E-Business

Assignment- Week 11

TYPE OF QUESTION: MCQ/MSQ

Number of questions: 10 Total mark: $10 \times 2 = 20$

QUESTION 1:

Which of the following is an automated method for dimensionality reduction?

a. Adjusted Product Taxonomy

b. Latent Semantic Indexing

c. None of a and b

d. **Both a and b**

Correct Answer: d

Explanation: Slide 7

QUESTION 2:

The major difference between user-user based collaborative filtering (UBCF) and item-item based collaborative filtering (IBCF) is

- a. Recommendation generation can be done offline only in case of UBCF
- b. All computations can be done offline only in case of UBCF
- c. All computations can be done offline only in case of IBCF
- d. Recommendation generation can be done offline only in case of IBCF

Correct Answer: c

Explanation: Slide 16

QUESTION 3:

The probability that a transaction contains product X also contains product Y is called

- a. Association
- b. Confidence
- c. Support
- d. Priority



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Correct Answer: c

Explanation: Slide 31-32

QUESTION 4:

A frequent item set satisfying minimum support count contains 3 items. How many association rules can be generated from this.

a. **12**

b. 10

c. 8

d. 6

Correct Answer: a

Explanation: Slide 37-38

QUESTION 5:

Market equilibrium comes at the price at which the quantity supplied is _____the quantity demanded

a. Greater than

b. Less than

c. Equal to

d. Randomly relate to

Correct Answer: c

Explanation: Slide 55

QUESTION 6:

E-Commerce is a driver of dynamic pricing. Which of the following has made this possible.

- a. The buyers can easily search for the substitutes that fits their budget
- b. The sellers can monitor customer behavior and make customized price
- c. The seller can easily change price after sensing demand
- d. All of the above

Correct Answer: d

Explanation: Slide 61

QUESTION 7:



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In which of the dynamic pricing models, customer preference and buying patterns can be utilized to decide the price.

- a. Inventory based model
- b. **Data driven models**
- c. Auctions
- d. Simulation models

Correct Answer: b

Explanation: Slide 70

QUESTION 8:

In reverse auction the price ______over the time. In the Dutch auction price _____ over the time.

- a. Increases, Increases
- b. Increases, Decreases
- c. Decreases, decreases
- d. Decreases, increases

Correct Answer: c

Explanation: Slide 76-77

QUESTION 9:

Dynamic pricing is age old and natural, still businesses prefer fixed pricing. Which of the following is the reason to do so

- a. It is designed to recover the cost of production
- b. It is difficult to estimate demand
- c. Decrease in price uncertainty in the market create loyal customers
- d. All of the above

Correct Answer: d

Explanation: Slide 58

QUESTION 10:

The price of a particular configuration of Dell laptop is different in different countries. This is an example of

- a. Temporal price differentiation
- b. Spatial price differentiation
- c. Temporal price dispersion
- d. Spatial price dispersion



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| Correct | Answer: | d |
|---------|----------------|---|
|---------|----------------|---|

Explanation: Slide 64-65
