

# **PDTool Installation Guide**

# An Open Source Asset for use with TIBCO® Data Virtualization

TIBCO Software empowers executives, developers, and business users with Fast Data solutions that make the right data available in real time for faster answers, better decisions, and smarter action. Over the past 15 years, thousands of businesses across the globe have relied on TIBCO technology to integrate their applications and ecosystems, analyze their data, and create real-time solutions. Learn how TIBCO turns data—big or small—into differentiation at www.tibco.com.

Project Name	AS Assets PDTool (Promotion and Deployment Tool)
Document Location	This document is only valid on the day it was printed. The source of the document will be found in the PDTool and PDToolRelease folder (https://github.com/TIBCOSoftware)
Purpose	User's Guide



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# **Revision History**

Version	Date	Author	Comments
1.0	07/18/2011	Mike Tinius	Initial revision
1.0.1	8/1/2011	Mike Tinius	Revisions due to Architecture changes.
1.2	7/11/2012	Mike Tinius	Added info for drive substitution and network drive mapping.
1.3	8/12/2012	Mike Tinius	Added reference to SUBST drive mapping for long file names.
1.4	10/1/2012	Mike Tinius	Added reference to server ping, retry and sleep for deploy.properties
1.5	5/9/2013	Mike Tinius	Separated out user environment variables from ExecutePDTool.bat/.sh to setVars.bat/.sh.
3.0	8/21/2013	Mike Tinius	Update docs to Cisco format.
3.1	1/31/2014	Mike Tinius	Add documentation for HTTPS configuration.
3.2	2/18/2014	Mike Tinius	Prepare docs for open source.
3.3	11/17/2014	Mike Tinius	Updated license.
3.4	3/4/2015	Mike Tinius	Updated docs to Cisco format.
3.5	08/18/2015	Mike Tinius	Added Automated Test Framework and PDTool Installer and bug fixes.
4.0	12/14/2017	Mike Tinius	Initial revision with Tibco
4.1	06/11/2018	Mike Tinius	Removed references to .compositesw folder.

# **Related Documents**

Name	Author
PDTool Datasheet.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool User's Guide.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Lab Guide.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Archive.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - DataSource.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Group.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Privilege.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Rebind.pdf	Jerry Joplin
PDTool Module - Regression.pdf	Sergei Sternin
PDTool Module - Resource Cache.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Resource.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Server Attribute.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Module - Server Manager.pdf	Gordon Rose
PDTool Module - Trigger.pdf	Kevin O'Brien
PDTool Module - User.pdf	Mike Tinius

PDTool Module - Version Control System.pdf	Mike Tinius
PDTool Developer's Guide.docx	Gordon Rose
01 PDTool Training - Introduction v2.0.pptx	Mike Tinius
02 PDTool Training - PDTool Studio Version Control v2.0.pptx	Mike Tinius
03 PDTool Training - Deployment v2.0.pptx	Mike Tinius
04 PDTool Training - Testing v2.0.pptx	Mike Tinius
05 PDTool Training - VCS Multi-Tenant v2.0.pptx	Mike Tinius

# **Supported Versions**

Name	Version
TIBCO® Data Virtualization	7.0.4 or later

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# 1 Introduction

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance on how to install the "**Promotion and Deployment Tool**". Additionally, this document describes what is found in the distribution for both Command line and Ant deployment.

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Upon completion of the installation, please refer to the following documentation:

For Users performing promotion and deployment of Data Virtualization (DV) resources:

- 1. User PDTool User's Guide.pdf
- 2. Training LabPD-DeployTool.pdf
- 3. **Modules** Modularized functionality within the Promotion and Deployment Tool
  - o PDTool Module Archive.pdf
  - PDTool Module DataSource.pdf
  - o PDTool Module Group.pdf
  - o PDTool Module Privilege.pdf
  - PDTool Module Rebind.pdf
  - PDTool Module Regression.pdf
  - PDTool Module Resource Cache.pdf
  - PDTool Module Resource.pdf
  - PDTool Module Server Attribute.pdf
  - PDTool Module Server Manager.pdf
  - PDTool Module Trigger.pdf
  - o PDTool Module User.pdf
  - PDTool Module Version Control System.pdf

For Developers building new modules to snap into the tool:

- Development PDTool Developer's Guide.pdf
- 2. Training LabPD-DeployTool.pdf

#### **Audience**

This document is intended to provide guidance for the following users:

• Operations personnel – provides guidance on how to execute promotion scripts.

- Architects provides guidance on how DV fits in with the version control and the deployment infrastructure.
- **Developers** provides guidance on how to develop new Modules of functionality.

# **OS Platforms Supported**

Windows Platforms: Windows 10, Windows 7

UNIX Platforms: Linux 6 and 7

Note: Porting to other operating systems that DV runs on are available upon request

Java:

JRE 1.7 and 1.8 for command-line deployment

JDK 1.7 and 1.8 for Ant deployment

# **Data Virtualization Versions Supported**

Versions: Data Virtualization (DV) 7.0.

# **Version Control Systems Supported**

Version Control Systems (VCS) supported out of the box:

- Subversion 1.6 or higher
- Perforce 2010.2 or higher
- Concurrent Versions Systems (CVS) 2.0.51d or higher
- Team Foundation Server (TFS) 2010 (TFS) 2012
- GIT

#### References

Product references are shown below. Any references to CIS or DV refer to the current TIBCO® Data Virtualization.

- TIBCO® Data Virtualization was formerly known as
  - Cisco Data Virtualization (DV)
  - Composite Information Server (CIS)

# 2 Distribution

#### **Combined Command-Line and Ant Distribution**

The distribution file for Command Line and Ant deployment is PDTool.zip.

#### **PDTool Contents**

- 1. **bin** contains the shell and batch scripts for execution.
- dist contains the PDTool distribution jar file with the necessary java classes for executing the deployment.
- 3. **docs** contains documentation.
- 4. **ext/ant** contains a distribution of the ant executable files such that ant is not required to be installed on the deployment server.
- 5. **lib** contains libraries referenced by the java classes.
- 6. resources/
  - 6.1. **ant** contains the ant build files for orchestration of a deployment scenario. A deployment scenario is a sequence of actions or tasks that get executed.
  - 6.2. **carfiles** contains the test car files.
  - 6.3. **config** contains the deployment tool configuration files for the spring and logging frameworks as well as deploy.properties for PDTool configuration.
  - 6.4. modules contains the property files for DV server instances and each Module XML property file.
  - 6.5. plans contains the deployment plan files for command-line orchestration of a deployment scenario. A deployment scenario is a sequence of actions or tasks that get executed.
  - 6.6. **schema** contains the XML Schema definition "PDToolModules.xsd" for all resource module XML property files.
  - 6.7. **vcs\_initial** contains the base folders and template folders used for doing an initial check-in into a VCS system.
- 7. **security** contains the java.policy and keystore for accessing DV using SSL.

# 3 Installation

# **Combined Command Line and Ant Script Installation**

Installation of the command line and Ant scripts is straightforward as it is nothing more than a zip file. This is the part of PDTool that provides deployment and testing facilities. The other part of PDTool is called PDTool Studio and is focused on version control. The purpose of this installer is to allow "pre-configuration" of default values for your organization so that two or more users can have a consistent installation across the organization. It allows you to pre-configure variables according to your organization to make it easier for "mass-installation" of the tool. Ultimately, a consistent installation means it is easier to support the developers and testers when they have questions or issues.

# **Automated PDTool Installer**

The automated PDTool installer only works with a Windows environment. It is not supported with UNIX. For UNIX installation, follow the "old style of installation".

## What gets installed?

- PDTool 7.0.0
- VCS Client if the user chooses to pre-configure the \VCSClients folder

# Where do the files get copied?

- Recommended Location:
  - C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool[7.0.0]\_[NOVCS|TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS] by default or a directory of your choice if provided.
    - \**PDTool** PDTool deployment directory.
    - > VCSClients Pre-configured VCS clients are optional if installed elsewhere
      - \SVN client Subversion client
      - \TFS TEE client Team Explorer Everywhere client
      - \GIT client Git client
      - \P4 client Perforce client
      - \CVS\_client CVS client

# Audience?

- For DV Developers who want to deploy resources from a version control system (VCS) such as TFS or Subversion to a target DV server.
- For DV testers who want to use PDTool Regression Module for testing but do not need to connect to a VCS.
- For a user who wants to encrypt a PDTool file which contains passwords.

#### **System Requirements**

The following system requirements must be met for executing Windows or UNIX scripts.

# 1. Java 7

- 1.1. **Command-Line** JRE 1.7 is required to be present on the system.
- 1.2. **Ant** JDK 1.7 is required for Ant Deployment and must be present on the system.
- 2. Version Control System Access.
  - 2.1. The user must submit a request in advance to get access to a version control system (VCS) repository prior to installation of PDTool. The user must be prepared with the correct URL and root folder to where DV is found and credentials for login.
- 3. **Read/Write Access** The script must have read/write access to the file system where PDTool is installed. The location of the VCS Workspace must have read/write access by the user. Log files will be written as well.
- 4. UNIX (Bash) Scripts on UNIX require access to /bin/bash
  - 4.1. **dos2unix** required to be installed and accessible in the path

# Installation – Automated Windows Installer (new style of installation)

1. Caveat: The installer is only supported on windows. If installing on UNIX then proceed to the section "Manual Installation Overview (old style of installation)"

# 2. Pre-Requisites for the PDTool Administrator

2.1. The following steps are performed once by a PDTool Administrator who wants to preconfigure the PDTool installation for their organization. Pre-configuring involves setting default values in the configuration file and potentially, copying the VCS binary files into the VCSClients folder. This will allow for a seamless installation by a group of developers, testers or deployers. The following steps are performed by the PDTool Administrator:

# 2.2. Pre-configure the default variables.

- 2.2.1. For VCS installation, edit: **PDTool-VCS.bat** and provide any default values that require modification. If more than one VCS is available for use in the organization or different VCS repositories are in use that require deployment for DV, then copy PDTool-VCS.bat and give the new file name a descriptive name.
- 2.2.2. For non-VCS installation, edit **PDTool-NOVCS.bat** and provide any default values that require modification.

2.2.3. Provide instructions for the user by modifying the template "*PDTool Installation.docx*" found in the \installer directory.

# 2.3. Pre-configure VCS client software folders (optional).

- 2.3.1. To insure consistency of VCS clients across the developer community, be sure to copy the correct client software into the appropriate "VCS Clients" sub-directory.
  - 2.3.1.1. SVN copy the subversion binaries to the VCSClients\SVN\bin directory.
  - 2.3.1.2. TFS-TEE copy the Team Foundation Everywhere client binaries to the TFS-TEE directory.
  - 2.3.1.3. P4 copy the Perforce client binaries to the P4 directory.
  - 2.3.1.4. GIT copy the GIT client binaries to the GIT directory.
  - 2.3.1.5. CVS copy the CVS client binaries to the CVS directory.
- 2.3.2. Zip up the PDTool7.0\_Installer directory and post somewhere on the organizations site for developers to download and install.
- 2.4. Pre-configure configuration deployment propery files.
  - 2.4.1. This step.

#### 3. User Installation Procedure

3.1. **Copy** the following zip files from a pre-determined share drive folder to any directory on the **user's computer [Recommended folder: Desktop –** C:\Users\%USERNAME%\Desktop].

For DV 7.0 – "PDTool7.0 Installer.zip"

3.2. Use PKZip and select "Extract Here" which will extract them to the Desktop as shown below. If you use the Windows "Extract All", then it is recommended to remove the trailing folder:

Location: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\Desktop\PDTool7.0 Installer

#### 3.3. Install PDTool

3.3.1. **Pre-Requisite**: The variables in **PDTool-VCS.bat** or **PDTool-NOVCS.bat** should have been pre-configured by the PDTool administrator. If you are not the PDTool Administrator, then you will need to determine if the variables have been pre-set. If not, you will need to set the variables prior to installation.

For any VCS [TFS,SVN,GIT,P4,CVS] Execute:

- Edit: PDTool-VCS.bat and provide any default values that require modification.
- Execute by double-clicking on the following batch file from windows explorer:

# PDTool-VCS.bat

- Acknowledge Open Source License
- o Follow the "Prompts" section below for detailed information.

#### For non-VCS Installation such as Regression testing:

- Edit: **PDTool-NOVCS.bat** and provide any default values that require modification..
- Execute by **double-clicking** on the following batch file from windows explorer:

# PDTool-NOVCS.bat

- Acknowledge Open Source License
- Follow the "Prompts" section below for detailed information.

#### 3.3.2. What gets executed during installation?

- Copy source files to destination folder
- For TFS only, TFS eula –accept
- Encrypt passwords:
   C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool<ver>\_<vcs>\setMyPDToolVars.ba
   t
- Initialize workspace (requires the VCS credentials and repository URL).
  - This does not get executed for PDTool-NOVCS.bat

# 3.3.3. User Prompts

The user is prompted for the following parameters unless this information is provided as parameters on the command line. The *default values are provided within the square brackets*. Press enter with no input to accept the default value or type your value and press enter.

Enter I PDTOOL INSTALL SCRIPTS=[%DEF PDTOOL INSTALL SCRIPTS%]:

Location of the PDTool installation scripts. E.g.C:\Users\%USERNAME%\Desktop\PDToolInstall7.0.0

License Acknowledgement

- Use space bar to page through license
- Review and acknowledge the open source license [Y].

Enter I JAVA HOME=[%DEF JAVA HOME%]:

 I\_JAVA\_HOME=JRE7 home folder. E.g. C:\Program Files\Java\ire7

#### Enter

I\_PDTOOL\_DESTINATION\_HOME=[%DEF\_PDTOOL\_DESTINATION\_HOME%]:

- I\_PDTOOL\_DESTINATION\_HOME The destination home folder for the PDTool installation and associated binaries.
- NOVCS: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0 NOVCS
- TFS: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0 TFS
- SVN: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0 SVN
- GIT: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0 GIT
- P4: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0\_P4
- CVS: C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0 CVS

Enter I PDTOOL DESTINATION DIR=[%DEF PDTOOL DESTINATION DIR%]:

 The destination directory name for the PDTool installation and associated binaries. e.g. PDTool7.0.0

Enter I\_OVERWRITE\_DECISION=[N]:

This prompt only comes up when the target PDTool directory exists. It allows the user to decide whether they want to overwrite that directory or not. Enter Y to overwrite the existing directory.

Enter I\_VCS\_TYPE=[%DEF\_VCS\_TYPE%]:

I\_VCS\_TYPE - The version control type [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]
 Enter I VCS HOME=[%DEF VCS HOME%]:

This is the location of the VCS script executable. E.g.
 C:\Users\%USERNAME%\PDTool7.0.0\_SVN\VCSClients\SVN\bin

Enter I VCS REPOSITORY URL=[%DEF VCS REPOSITORY URL%]:

- Note: make sure the forward slashes are escaped with 4 slashes: https:///url
- TFS: The TFS repository URL pointing to the repository collection.
   e.g. http:///hostname.domain.com/tfs/DefaultCollection

 SVN: The subversion repository path at trunk or any folder designation within trunk. e.g. https:///svn.hostname.ml.com/svnrepos/myrepo/trunk/main

Enter I\_VCS\_PROJECT\_ROOT=[%DEF\_VCS\_PROJECT\_ROOT%]:

■ E.g. TFS: Rel

E.g. SVN: cis objects

Enter | RELEASE FOLDER=[%DEF RELEASE FOLDER%]:

Example: RELEASE FOLDER=20150328

Enter I\_VCS\_USERNAME=[%USERNAME%]:

This is your user name regardless of whether it is TFS or Subversion and is used to connect to the VCS repository. The user must submit a request to get access to a repository prior to installation of PDTool.

Enter I VCS DOMAIN=[%DEF VCS DOMAIN%]:

When using TFS, include the VCS domain such as "@CORP". The result for the I\_VCS\_USERNAME would look like "username@CORP". When using subversion, leave the domain blank. The I\_VCS\_DOMAIN will be automatically appended to I\_VCS\_USERNAME.

Enter I VCS PASSWORD=<type-your-vcs-password>

This is your VCS password which will be encrypted.

Enter I WORKSPACE NAME=[%DEF VCS WORKSPACE NAME%]:

The PDTool VCS workspace name is derived from the VCS username and Release folder so that it is unique across usernames and releases.

Enter I CIS USERNAME=[%USERNAME%]:

This is your user name regardless that will be used to connect to DV.

Enter I CIS DOMAIN=[%DEF CIS DOMAIN%]:

 This is the DV domain which is used by the I\_CIS\_USERNAME to connect to DV. E.g. Idap or composite

Enter I\_CIS\_PASSWORD=<type-your-cis-password>

This is your password which will be encrypted.

# Enter I\_CONFIG\_PROPERTY\_FILE=[%DEF\_CONFIG\_PROPERTY\_FILE%]

 This is the default PDTool configuration property file that the user will use to set the context of which DV server to connect to.

The variables are displayed

Enter I\_VARS\_DECISION [Y or N] – If "Y", then installation commences. If "N" then the user is prompted for the variables again.

# 3.3.4. Manage Errors

- 3.3.4.1. If there are any errors reported in the scripts especially during workspace initialization, and then re-execute the installation script.
- 3.3.4.2. If there is an error while trying to create a substitute drive then first trying removing the substitute drive which was identified as available in the script. net use <drive>: /DELETE
- 3.3.4.3. If there is an error during initialization, try removing the workspace directory and try again.

# Manual Installation Overview (old style of installation)

- 4. Select a Project Folder
- 5. Copy or FTP the PDTool.zip
- 6. Unzip PDTool.zip
- 7. Configure UNIX permissions and property files
- 8. Configure ExecutePDTool Script Environment Variable
- 9. Configure deploy.properties file
- 10. Configure log4j properties files
- 11. Configure PD Tool with version control (optional)

#### Manual Installation and Configuration Details (old style of insallation)

- 1. **Project Folder** Select a project folder preferably with no spaces.
  - 1.1. Key definitions
    - 1.1.1. <ver>=7.0
    - 1.1.2. <vcs>=NOVCS, SVN, TFS, GIT, P4 or CVS
  - 1.2. Windows e.g. c:\users\%USERNAME%\PDTool<ver> <vcs>
  - 1.3. UNIX e.g. /opt/PDTool<ver> <vcs>

- 2. **Zip PDTool from installer** Zip up the PDTool directory from the PDTool installer\_source folder.
- 3. **FTP or Copy** FTP or Copy the PDTool.zip to the project folder
- 4. **Unzip** Unzip PDTool.zip to the project folder you selected in step 1.
- 5. Configure scripts
  - 5.1. Windows not applicable
  - 5.2. UNIX Configure permissions and dos2unix using **configureScripts.sh**. This script will iterate through a list of folders provided in the script and do the following
    - Set execution mode on all .sh files [chmod 744 filename.sh]
    - Set permissions based on the user and group: [chown user, chgrp group]
    - Remove windows linefeeds on all .sh and property files [dos2unix filename]

#### Instructions:

- 5.3. Starting in your PDTool folder, cd bin
- 5.4. chmod 744 configureScripts.sh
- 5.5. dos2unix configureScripts.sh
- 5.6. ./configureScripts.sh <user> <group>
  - 5.6.1. e.g. ./configureScripts.sh composite composite
- 6. Configure Environment Variables
  - 6.1. Windows
    - 6.1.1. Modify "setVars.bat"
      - 6.1.1.1. Location: \PDTool<ver> <vcs>\bin\setVars.bat
      - 6.1.1.2. Edit the location of MY VARS HOME.
      - 6.1.1.3. e.g. set MY\_VARS\_HOME= c:\users\%USERNAME%\PDTool<ver>\_<vcs>\bin
      - 6.1.1.4. Save and exit.
    - 6.1.2. Modify "setMyPrePDToolVars.bat"
      - 6.1.2.1. Location: \PDTool<ver> <vcs>\bin\setMyPrePDToolVars.bat
      - 6.1.2.2. Provide default values for the General and DV sections:

#### 

REM # My Java Home

#### set MY\_JAVA\_HOME=

REM # PDTool Studio Substitute Drive Letter used for making the path shorter REM # PDTool and PDTool Studio must use different drive letters.

#### set PDTOOL SUBSTITUTE DRIVE=

REM # PDTool Installation Home Directory

#### set PDTOOL\_INSTALL\_HOME=

REM # PDTool Home directory

#### set PDTOOL HOME=

REM # Name of the configuration property file located in

PDToolStudio70/resources/config

REM # e.g. Default=studio.properties or SVN=studio\_SVN.properties or

TFS=studio\_TFS.properties

# set MY\_CONFIG\_PROPERTY\_FILE=

REM # DV SERVER VARIABLES

REM # 0=Do not print this section, 1=Print this section

#### set CIS PRINT=1

REM # DV Server Username

#### set CIS USERNAME=

REM # DV Server Password

#### set CIS PASSWORD=

REM # DV Server Domain

set CIS DOMAIN=

# 6.1.2.3. Provide default values for one of the VCS sections

[TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]:

REM # [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS] VARIABLES

REM # 0=Do not print this section, 1=Print this section

#### set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]\_PRINT=1

REM # The VCS Home folder where VCS client exists

#### set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS] HOME=

REM # The VCS repository path at trunk or any folder designation within trunk

#### set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS] VCS REPOSITORY URL=

REM # The VCS folder path starting directly after the VCS repo URL and ending where the DV base level root folders start

# set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]\_VCS\_PROJECT\_ROOT=

REM # VCS user name

# set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]\_VCS\_USERNAME=

REM # VCS user password. See notes at top of this file to encrypt.

set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]\_VCS\_PASSWORD=

# REM # Set the VCS Workspace name.

# set [TFS|SVN|GIT|P4|CVS]\_VCS\_WORKSPACE\_NAME=

6.1.2.4. Save and exit.

#### 6.2. UNIX -

- 6.2.1. Modify setVars.sh
- 6.2.2. Edit JAVA\_HOME variable to point to either a JRE 1.7 when using Command-line deployment or JDK 1.7 home when using Ant deployment.
- 6.2.3. Edit MIN\_MEMORY and set the minimum java heap memory to use. The default is "-Xms256m".
- 6.2.4. Edit MAX\_MEMORY and set the maximum java heap memory to use. The default is "-Xmx512m".
- 6.2.5. Save and exit

# 7. Configure deploy.properties

7.1. Note: If <u>not</u> using a Version Control System (VCS) for deployment, the default values should be acceptable for deploy.properties.

#### Instructions for modifying deploy.properties

- 7.2. This step is applicable for both UNIX and Windows
- 7.3. This step is applicable for both Command-Line and Ant deployment.
- 7.4. General Instructions for deploy.properties
  - 7.4.1. **PROJECT\_HOME** is automatically set upon invocation of the ExecutePDTool script based on PDTool/bin relative location
  - 7.4.2. **Edit** PDTool/resources/config/**deploy.properties** using a text editor.
  - 7.4.3. Always use forward slashes for both Windows and Unix paths and URLs.
  - 7.4.4. Variables may use \$ or % notations. It is not operating system specific.
  - 7.4.5. Variables may resolve to this property file, Java Environment (-DVAR=val) or the System Environment variables
  - 7.4.6. Surround variables with two \$ or two % when concatenating strings (e.g. \$VCS TYPE\$ cisVcsTemp)

#### 7.5. Guidance

- 7.5.1. If not using VCS deployment, you should be able to take all of the defaults.
- 7.5.2. If using VCS deployment then pay close attention to section 6.7.
- 7.6. Customer-Defined Environment Variables [Optionally set]
  - 7.6.1. Set environment variables as needed for use within the PDTool.dp orchestration file. The idea with these properties is to use them within the property orchestration file as variables. An Example is shown below:

- 7.7. **Behavior** Environment Variables [Optionally modified]
  - 7.7.1. It is recommended that these properties be left as defaults unless more debug information is required.

```
# Diffmerger Verbose allows the VCS Diffmerger process to output more information
when set to true [Default=true]
DIFFMERGER VERBOSE=true
# Used when parsing property file and processing the moduleId list
allResourcesIndicator=*
exculdeResourcesIndiator=-
# userOptionThreshold - The threshold of the number of users where it is more
efficient to retrieve all users at once (option 1).
# If the number of users to be processed in the UserModule XML file exceeds the
threshold then use option 1.
# Retrieve the entire DV user list in one invocation. This option requires
storing all DV user and domain in memory.
# If there are 1000's of users, this could take a lot of memory.
# To use this option, determine how many users are in your DV domain and set the
threshold to that value or greater.
# vs.
# calling the API to retrieve a user for each user found in the UserModule.xml
(option 2)
# If the number of users to be processed in the UserModule XML file is less than
the threshold then use option 2.
# Retrieve the user info on each invocation of a user found in the
UserModule.xml.
# This requires a web service invocation to the DV server for each user to be
processed. A threshold of 0 will cause the invocation of the user API one at a
userOptionThreshold=0
# Listing of DataSourceModule generic attributes that are not updateable
DataSourceModule NonUpdateableAttributes=url
# Listing of ServerAttributeModul generic attributes that are not updateable
ServerAttributeModule NonUpdateableAttributes=
# Listing of DomainModule generic attributes that are not updateable
DomainModule NonUpdateableAttributes=
# This provides an externalized mechanism to teach PD Tool about new Resource
Types and how they are associated with the basic VCS Resource Types. The basic
VCS Resource Types include:
     FOLDER, definitions, link, procedure, table, tree, trigger
```

```
# Each Studio Resource contains an info tab with a resource path and a display
type. Use the Resource path in the info tab as input into the following Studio
Web Service API to discover the DV Resource Type.
    /services/webservices/system/admin/resource/operations/getResource()
# The DV Resource Type is mapped to one of the basic VCS Resource Types provided
above. Finally, provide the name value pair in the form of "VCS Resource
Type=Studio Display Resource Type". Create a comma separate list of these
name=value pairs. For example:
# folder=Data Source, folder=Composite Database, procedure=Basic Transformation
VCSModule ExternalVcsResourceTypeList=
# CIS PING_SERVER: Allows the user to control whether the server performs a ping
on DV prior to executing the actual command.
# The default is true if this variable is not set or does not exist. This will
override all settings.
CIS PING SERVER=false
# CIS CONNECT RETRY: Allows the user to set the number of retries to connect to
DV before throwing an error.
# The default is 1 if this variable is not set or does not exist.
CIS CONNECT RETRY=1
# CIS CONNECT RETRY SLEEP: Number of milliseconds to sleep on connection retry
CIS CONNECT RETRY SLEEP MILLIS=5000
```

#### 7.8. Version Control System (VCS) Environment Variables [Optionally set]

7.8.1. Only set when using VCS deployment. This entire section is detailed out in the document "PDTool Module - Version Control System.pdf"

#### 7.9. **VCS-Specific** Environment Variables [Optionally set]

7.9.1. The following three sections [Subversion, Perforce, CVS] are only set when using VCS deployment. This entire section is detailed out in the document "PDTool Module - Version Control System.pdf"

#-----

- 7.10. DeployTool System Environment Variables [Do Not Modify]
  - 7.10.1. This section defaults to preset values based on the location of PROJECT\_HOME. The variable PROJECT\_HOME is automatically derived upon execution of the ExecutePDTool script. These values should not be modified.

```
#### DO NOT MODIFY #####
# DeployTool System Environment Variables
#-----
PDTool configuration directory locations
# Note: Relative paths outside of the project home are permitted as shown here:
$PROJECT HOME/../modules. This path gets resolved to a sibling directory to
$PROJECT HOME.
MODULE HOME=$PROJECT HOME/resources/modules
SUMMARY LOG=$PROJECT HOME/logs/summary.log
# SCHEMA LOCATION - Provides a copy of the XML Schema which is used for
validation purposes.
# For command line deployment, use of "../resources/schema/PDToolModules.xsd"
will work.
SCHEMA LOCATION=$PROJECT HOME/resources/schema/PDToolModules.xsd
# Comma separated list of Resource Sub Types that are not considered rebindable
nonRebindableResourceSubTypeList=DATABASE TABLE
```

# 8. Configure log4j.properties

8.1. Note: The default values should be acceptable for log4j.properties.

# Instructions for modifying log4j.properties

- 8.2. This step is applicable for both UNIX and Windows
- 8.3. This step is applicable for both Command-Line and Ant deployment.
- 8.4. **Edit** PDTool/resources/config/**log4j.properties** using a text editor.
- 8.5. It is up to the user to determine what levels of logging are required. This rule is at the heart of log4j. It assumes that levels are ordered. For the standard levels in order, we have DEBUG < INFO < WARN < ERROR < FATAL.
- 8.6. The following describes the "app.log" settings. The app.log is used for output of the invoked Java Actions.

```
log4j.rootCategory=WARN,stdout,FileAppender

log4j.appender.stdout=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender

log4j.appender.stdout.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout

log4j.appender.stdout.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{ISO8601} %t %p [%c] - <%m>%n

log4j.appender.FileAppender=org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender

# Forward slashes (/) must be used when defining log file path

log4j.appender.FileAppender.File=../logs/app.log

log4j.appender.FileAppender.MaxFileSize=1MB

log4j.appender.FileAppender.MaxBackupIndex=1

log4j.appender.FileAppender.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout

log4j.appender.FileAppender.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{ISO8601} %t %p [%c] - <%m>%n

log4j.appender.FileAppender.Threshold=DEBUG
```

#### 8.7. The following describes logging general behavior settings.

```
# This rule is at the heart of log4j. It assumes that levels are ordered.

# For the standard levels in order, we have DEBUG < INFO < WARN < ERROR < FATAL.

# Set to DEBUG if there are script issues and you want to get more output information

# PDTool Command-line Orchestration Debugging

log4j.logger.com.tibco.ps.deploytool.CisDeployTool=INFO

# PDTool Module Debugging for Command-line and Ant (Applies to *ALL* Modules)

log4j.logger.com.tibco.ps.deploytool=INFO

# Common Utility Framework Debugging includes:

# [CommonUtils, PropertyManager, PropertyUtil, ScriptExecutor, XMLUtils, JdbcConnector]

log4j.logger.com.tibco.ps.common.util=INFO
```

```
# VCS Diffmerger and Archive Services Debugging
log4j.logger.com.tibco.cmdline=INFO
# DV Archive [INFO, DEBUG, WARN]
# INFO: required for any of the print options such as printinfo
log4j.logger.com.compositesw.cmdline.archive=INFO
# Spring Framework Debugging
log4j.logger.org.springframework=WARN
```

Note: This should be left at ERROR

```
# Note: This should be left at ERROR
log4j.logger.com.tibco.ps.common.scriptutil=ERROR
```

- 9. Configure PD Tool with version control (optional)
  - 9.1. This entire section is detailed out in the document "PDTool Module Version Control System.pdf"

# 4 Configure PDTool Over SSL (HTTPS)

# How to configure PDTool over SSL

This section discusses the procedure for configuring both PDTool 7.0 and the target DV server. Only PDTool 7.0 supports the ability for PDTool to connect to DV over SSL using the https protocol. The minimum requirement for DV is to be patched to DV 7.0.0.00.00.

#### **Configuring PDTool Over SSL**

The following steps outline what a deployment administrator or developer should do to modify PDTool and DV for communicating over SSL using HTTPS.

- 1. PDTool Modifications for Windows
  - 1.1. Edit <PDTOOOL HOME>\bin\setVars.bat
  - 1.2. Find the section labeled: PDTool Over SSL (https)
  - 1.3. The default setting is for PDTool to point to the weak TustStore which ships with PDTool 7.0 and DV.
  - 1.4. **Important**: If you your DV Server has the Strong Encryption Pack installed, you must configure PDTool to use the Strong Encryption Pack or you may see this error:

com.tibco.ps.deploytool.DeployManagerUtil.main(DeployManagerUtil.java:103)
Caused by: javax.xml.ws.WebServiceException: Failed to access the WSDL at:
https://localhost:9402/services/system/admin?wsdl. It failed with: Got
sun.security.validator.ValidatorException: PKIX path building failed:
sun.security.provider.certpath.SunCertPathBuilderException: unable to find valid
certification path to requsted target while opening stream from
https://localhost:9402/services/system/admin?wsdl.

- 1.5. To point to the strong encryption pack:
  - 1.5.1. Acquire the strong encryption pack from Support.
  - 1.5.2. Determine which option best identifies your scenario:
  - 1.5.3. Option 1: PDTool is installed on a server with DV Server present.
    - 1.5.3.1. Unzip the Strong Encryption Pack into <CIS HOME>
    - 1.5.3.2. Modify the CERT\_ARGS path to point to cis\_server\_truststore\_strong.jks
  - 1.5.4. Option 2: PDTool is installed on a client with DV Studio present.

- 1.5.4.1. Unzip the Strong Encryption Pack into <CIS\_HOME>
- 1.5.4.2. Modify the CERT\_ARGS path to point to cis\_studio\_truststore\_strong.jks
- 1.5.5. Option 3: PDTool is installed stand-alone with <u>no</u> DV Server or Studio present on the machine.
  - 1.5.5.1. Unzip the Strong Encryption to any folder.
    - 1.5.5.1.1. E.g. C:\Composite\StrongEncryption\conf\studio\security\cis\_studio\_truststore\_strong.jks
  - 1.5.5.2. Modify the CERT\_ARGS path to point to cis\_studio\_truststore\_strong.jks
  - 1.5.5.3. SET CERT\_ARGS="Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=C:\Composite\StrongEncryption\conf\studio\security\cis\_st
    udio\_truststore\_strong.jks" -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit

#### 2. PDTool Modifications for Linux

- 2.1. Edit <PDTOOOL HOME>/bin/setVars.sh
- 2.2. Find the section labeled: PDTool Over SSL (https)
- 2.3. The default setting is for PDTool to point to the weak TustStore which ships with PDTool 7.0 and DV.
- 2.4. **Important**: If you your DV Server has the Strong Encryption Pack installed, you must configure PDTool to use the Strong Encryption Pack or you may see this error:

com.tibco.ps.deploytool.DeployManagerUtil.main(DeployManagerUtil.java:103)
Caused by: javax.xml.ws.WebServiceException: Failed to access the WSDL at:
https://localhost:9402/services/system/admin?wsdl. It failed with: Got
sun.security.validator.ValidatorException: PKIX path building failed:
sun.security.provider.certpath.SunCertPathBuilderException: unable to find valid
certification path to requsted target while opening stream from
https://localhost:9402/services/system/admin?wsdl.

- 2.5. To point to the strong encryption pack:
  - 2.5.1. Acquire the strong encryption pack from Support.
  - 2.5.2. Determine which option best identifies your scenario:
  - 2.5.3. Option 1: PDTool is installed on a server with DV Server present.

- 2.5.3.1. Unzip the Strong Encryption Pack into <CIS HOME>
- 2.5.3.2. Modify the CERT\_ARGS path to point to cis\_server\_truststore\_strong.jks
- 2.5.4. Option 2: PDTool is installed on a client with DV Studio present.
  - 2.5.4.1. Unzip the Strong Encryption Pack into <CIS\_HOME>
  - 2.5.4.2. Modify the CERT\_ARGS path to point to cis studio truststore strong.jks
- 2.5.5. Option 3: PDTool is installed stand-alone with <u>no</u> DV Server or Studio present on the machine.
  - 2.5.5.1. Unzip the Strong Encryption to any folder.
    - 2.5.5.1.1. E.g. /opt/DV/StrongEncryption/conf/studio/security/cis\_studio\_truststore\_strong.jks
  - 2.5.5.2. Modify the CERT\_ARGS path to point to cis\_studio\_truststore\_strong.jks
  - 2.5.5.3. export CERT\_ARGS="-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=/opt/DV/StrongEncryption/conf/studio/security/cis\_studio\_t ruststore\_strong.jks -Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit"

#### 3. DV Modifications

- 3.1. Disable HTTP (if it hasn't been done already) in the Configuration Panel under "Server" → "Web Services Interface" → "Communications" → "HTTP" → "Disable HTTP (On server restart)" → Check "true" to disable.
- 3.2. If already at 7.0.0.00.00 or higher and patching is not desired:
  - 3.2.1. If DV has not been restarted since HTTP was disabled, restart DV so the new setting will take effect.
  - 3.2.2. Run the following command from a command prompt in the <CIS\_HOME> folder (update the base port from 9400 to your instance's base port if necessary. Do NOT specify the HTTPS port, 9402; the -encrypt flag tells server\_util to do this for you):
  - 3.2.3. Windows: bin\server\_util.bat -server localhost -port 9400 -user admin password <admin pw> -resetNamespace -encrypt
  - 3.2.4. Linux: . ./bin/server\_util.sh -server localhost -port 9400 -user admin -password <admin\_pw> -resetNamespace -encrypt

#### 4. PDTool Configuration:

- 4.1. For the Archive module, each module entry where HTTPS needs to be used requires the <encrypt> flag to be turned on in the ArchiveModule.xml file.
  - 4.1.1. See /resources/modules/ArchiveModule.xml
- 4.2. For all other modules, each server in servers.xml that will be using HTTPS will need to have the <useHttps> flag turned on.
  - 4.2.1. See /resources/modules/servers.xml

#### 5. Known Issues

5.1. The deploy.properties parameter CIS\_PING\_SERVER must be set to "false" or an exception will be thrown when connecting to DV over SSL (https).

# CIS\_PING\_SERVER: Allows the user to control whether the server performs a ping on DV prior to executing the actual command.

# The default is true if this variable is not set or does not exist. This will override all settings.

CIS PING SERVER=false

- 5.2. Executing DV Web Services over HTTP/S
  - 5.2.1. The following error occurs when trying to access a new DV web service over HTTPS and the correct security policy is not set.

Error: 500 Internal Server Error

2014-02-03 20:59:44.050 main ERROR

**Description:** The requested resource must not be accessed using the HTTP/S protocol.

#### Example of an error using Regression Module to execute the web service:

The regression input file encrypt=false has been overridden by useHttps=true for path=/soap11/testWebService00\_NoParams\_bare

[com.tibco.ps.deploytool.dao.jdbcapi.RegressionPubTestJdbcDAOImpl] - <executeWs(): Server returned HTTP response code: 401 for URL: https://localhost:9402/soap11/testWebService00\_NoParams\_bare DETAILED MESSAGE=[executeWs(): <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-"

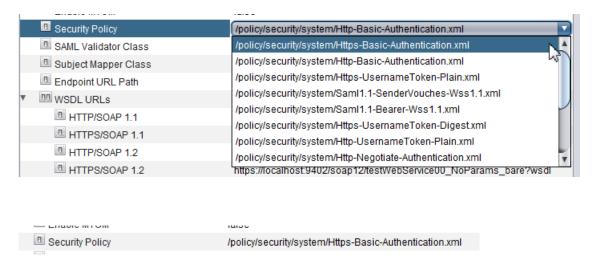
<div style="font-family: sans-serif;"> <b>Description:

# resource must not be accessed using the HTTP/S protocol. </div> </body> </html> ]>

5.2.2. **Issue**: The security policy is Http-Basic-Authentication



# 5.2.3. **Resolution**: Change the security policy to Https-Basic-Authentication



# **5 Configure PDTool HTTP Proxy**

# **How to configure PDTool HTTP Proxy**

This section discusses the procedure for configuring an HTTP proxy for PDTool 7.0.

# **Configuring the HTTP Proxy for PDTool**

The following steps outline what a deployment administrator or developer should do to modify PDTool to use an HTTP Proxy.

#### 1. PDTool Modifications for Windows

- 1.1. Edit <PDTOOOL HOME>\bin\setVars.bat
- 1.2. Find the section labeled: PDTool Proxy Settings
- 1.3. Set the HTTP proxy settings for PDTool. Determine if a proxyUser and proxyPassword is required and set accordingly. The following line provides an example:

set HTTP\_PROXY=-DproxySet=true -Dhttp.proxyHost=wwwproxy.mydomain.com -Dhttp.proxyPort=80 - Dhttp.proxyUser=mydomain\myuser -Dhttp.proxyPassword=mypassword

#### 2. PDTool Modifications for Linux

- 2.1. Edit <PDTOOOL HOME>/bin/setVars.sh
- 2.2. Find the section labeled: PDTool Proxy Settings
- 2.3. Set the HTTP proxy settings for PDTool. Determine if a proxyUser and proxyPassword is required and set accordingly. The following line provides an example:

export HTTP\_PROXY="-DproxySet=true -Dhttp.proxyHost=wwwproxy.mydomain.com - Dhttp.proxyPort=80 -Dhttp.proxyUser=mydomain\myuser -Dhttp.proxyPassword=mypassword"

# 6 Upgrading PDTool

# How to upgrade an instance of PDTool

This section discusses the procedure for upgrading an instance of PDTool to a new one.

# Upgrade an existing install

The following steps outline what a deployment administrator or developer should do to upgrade PDTool from one version to another. Regarding the instructions below, wherever PDTool70 or PDTool-7.0 is referenced, this may be interchanged with PDTool62 and PDTool-6.2 when working with a PDTool 6.2 or lower installation. For ease of documentation, 7.0 will be used here.

- 1. Rename old PDTool directory (previous release)
- 2.4. Rename the original PDTool or PDTool70 directory to PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD where YYYY-MM-DD represents the actual release of the previous version as found in PDTool-7.0-YYYY-MM-DD.r1.txt.

#### 3. Install new version of PDTool

3.1. Copy the PDTool zip file with the pattern "PDTool-7.0-YYYY-MM-DD.r1.zip" to the root folder where you want to unzip.

#### 3.1.1. OPTION 1:

Install the new version by unzipping the PDTool zip file using "WinZip" or "7-Zip"

If you using WinZip or 7-Zip then select the option to "Extract Here"

Another option is to leave the zip file where it is and simply browse to the root folder where you want to create the "PDTool70" sub-folder.

#### 3.1.2. OPTION 2:

Install the new version by unzipping the PDTool zip file using "Extract All"

If using Windows "Extract All", make sure that you remove the folder name at the end corrensponding with this pattern: \PDTool-7.0-YYYY-MM-DD.r1

The Extract All will unzip into the root of the directory where the zip file lives and create the sub-folder "PDTool70".

Another option is to leave the zip file where it is and simply browse to the root folder where you want to create the "PDTool70" sub-folder.

#### 4. Upgrade Module XML Files

- 4.1. Save the new PDTool70/resources/modules/\*.xml to a sub-folder so these files are not overwritten
- 4.2. Copy PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/resources/modules/\*.xml PDTool70/resources/modules
- 4.3. Edit XML files as needed or as directed by the release notes to take advantage of new functionality

# 5. Upgrade Deployment Plan Files

- 5.1. Save the new PDTool70/resources/plans/\*.dp to a sub-folder so these files are not overwritten
- 5.2. Copy PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/resources/plans/\*.dp PDTool70/resources/plans
- 5.3. Edit .dp files as needed or as directed by the release notes to take advantage of new functionality

# 6. Upgrade Ant Build Files

- 6.1. Save the new PDTool70/resources/ant/\*.xml to a sub-folder so these files are not overwritten
- 6.2. Copy PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/resources/ant/\*.xml PDTool70/resources/ant
- 6.3. Edit .xml files as needed or as directed by the release notes to take advantage of new functionality

#### 7. Upgrade Configuration Property Files

- 7.1. Save the new PDTool70/resources/config/\*.\* to a sbu-folder so these files are not overwritten
- 7.2. Copy PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/config/\*.properties PDTool70/config
- 7.3. Copy PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/config/\*.xml PDTool70/config
- 7.4. Edit .properties files as needed or as directed by the release notes to take advantage of new functionality

# 8. Upgrade Configuration Property Files

- 8.1. Copy any customized batch/shell script files from PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/bin to PDTool70/bin
- 8.2. Review any differences between the old and new setVars.bat.

- 8.2.1. If no differences, simply copy PDTool70-YYYY-MM-DD/bin/setVars.bat or .sh to PDTool70/bin
- 8.2.2. If there are differences, then copy your modifications to the same environment variables in the new setVars.bat or .sh. Open both the old and new setVars.bat and copy the environment variable settings as needed.

# 7 Version Control System Installation

# **Version Control System (VCS) Installation and Configuration**

The PDTool contains a version control module called VCSModule and is used for integrating with version control systems. This is an optional module and not required to be configured if you are not using any version control system. VCS integration with Subversion (svn), Perforce (p4) and Concurrent Versions System (cvs) are provided out-of-the-box. If other version control systems are being used, then the VCS Module will need to be enhanced to support that VCS. Please contact Professional Services for a PS engagement.

All documentation regarding setup and configuration of the VCSModule can be found in PDTool/docs. Please refer to the following documents:

PDTool Module - Version Control System.pdf

# 8 Conclusion

# **Concluding Remarks**

The Promotion and Deployment Tool is a set of pre-built modules intended to provide a turn-key experience for promoting DV resources from one DV instance to another. The user only requires system administration skills to operate and support. The code is transparent to operations engineers resulting in better supportability. It is easy for users to swap in different implementations of a module using the Spring framework and configuration files.

# How you can help!

Build a module and donate the code back to Professional Services for the advancement of the "*Promotion and Deployment Tool*".