Wifi / Password

Wifi name: TDPK-WIFI

Username: AWSWORKSHOP1 AWSWORKSHOP2 AWSWORKSHOP3 AWSWORKSHOP4 AWSWORKSHOP5 Password Welcome@2022



https://github.com/TIDC-PS-Inter/AWS-Workshop



AWS Workshop Series Day 6: Control Tower

Taking Enterprise Beyond the Cloud by TrueIDC Mr. Niran Sohinkong

Professional Service Manager



Presented by



- Niran Sohinkong (Nueng)
- Professional Service Manager, TrueIDC
- AWS DevOps
- AWS SysOps / Architect
- niran.soh@ascendcorp.com











Agenda

- Why Multiple Accounts
- Landing Zone
- AWS Control Tower



Isolation with IAM and VPC in one account?



Everything

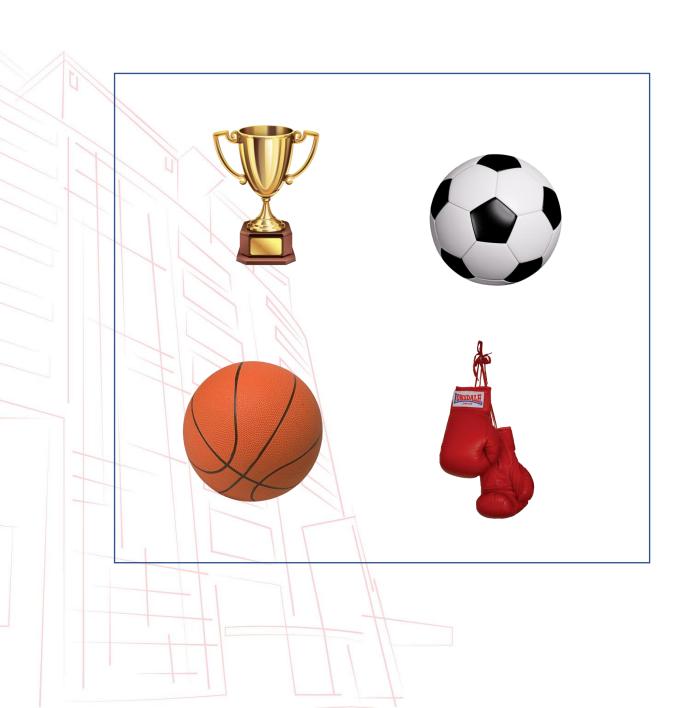
"Gray" boundaries

Complicated and messy over time

Difficult to track resources

People stepping on each other

Single account vs. multiple accounts













AWS Organizations Concepts



Concepts and terms

Master account (★)

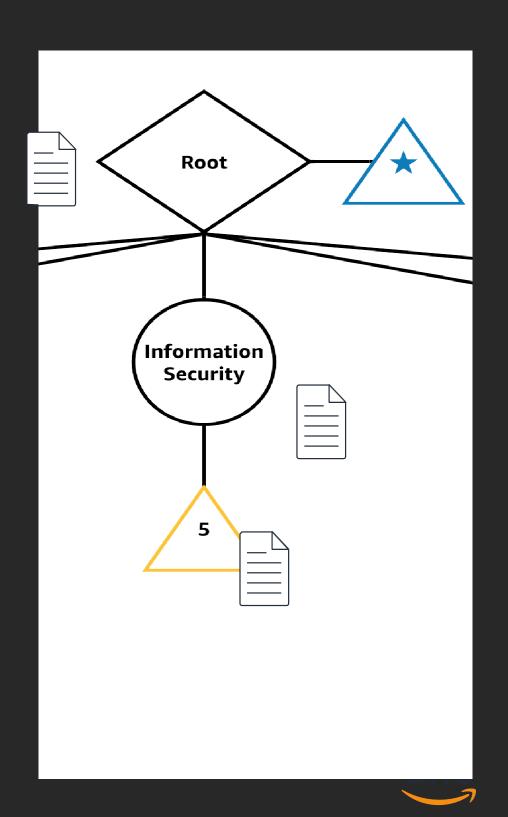
- Account used to create the organization (payer account)
- Central management and governance hub
- Minimal Resources

Organizational unit (OU)

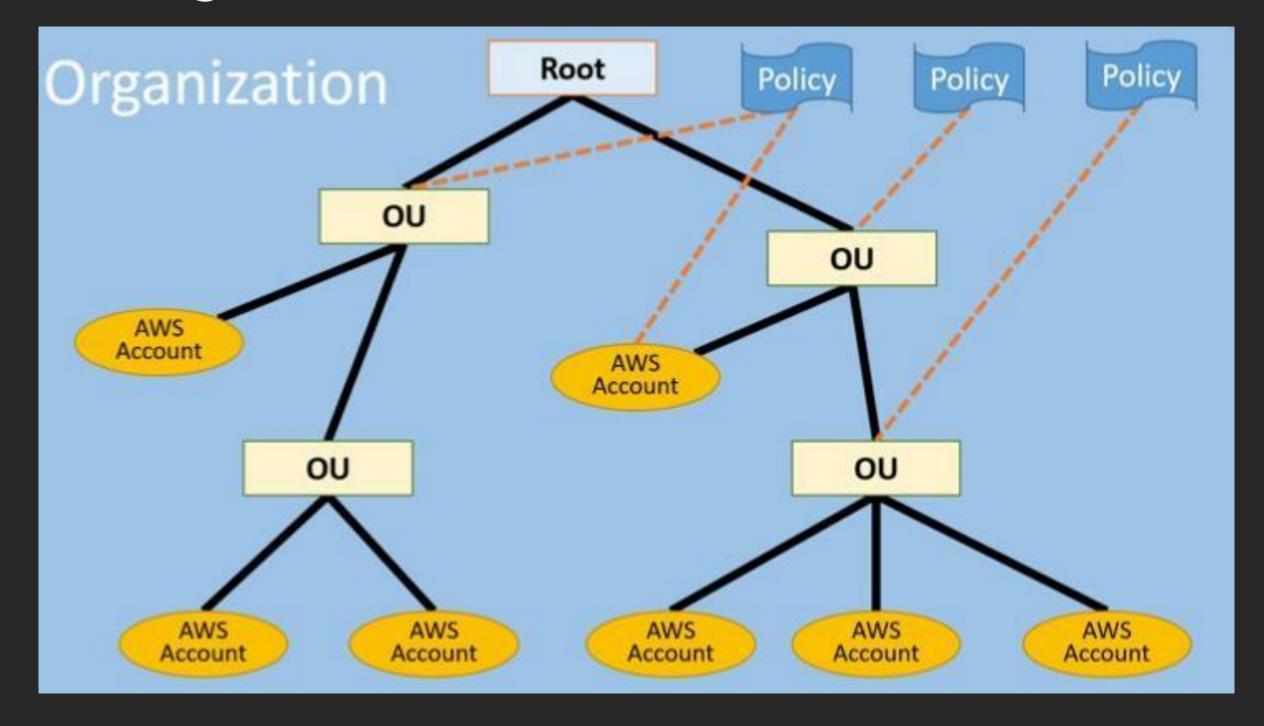
Set of AWS accounts logically grouped within an organization

Policy

Document describing controls to be applied to a selected set of accounts



AWS Oraganization structure





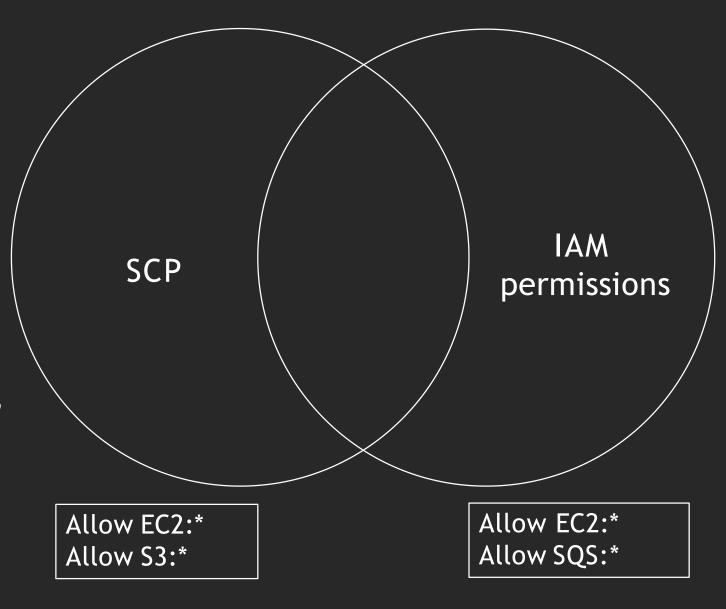
Service Control Policies (SCPs)

Define the maximum available permissions for IAM entities in an account

SCPs do not grant permission

Attach SCPs to the organization root, OUs, and individual accounts

SCPs attached to the root and OUs apply to all OUs and accounts inside of them





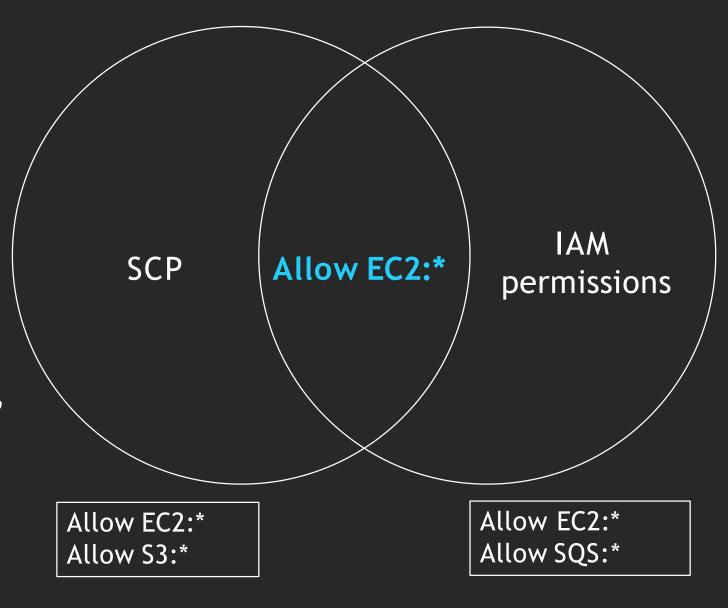
Service Control Policies (SCPs)

Define the maximum available permissions for IAM entities in an account

SCPs do not grant permission

Attach SCPs to the organization root, OUs, and individual accounts

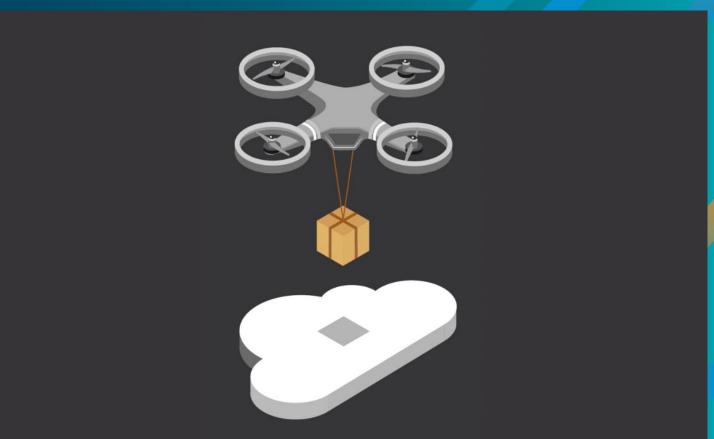
SCPs attached to the root and OUs apply to all OUs and accounts inside of them





What is a "landing zone"





What is a "landing zone"



- A configured, secure, scalable, multi-account (multiple resource containers) AWS environment based on AWS best practices
- A starting point for net new development and experimentation
- A starting point for migrating applications
- An environment that allows for iteration and extension over time



landing zone, AWS Landing Zone, AWS Control Tower

landing zone:

- Secure pre-configured environment for your AWS presence
- Scalable and flexible
- Enables agility and innovation



AWS Landing Zone Solution:

- Implementation of a landing zone based on multi-account strategy guidance
- Customers get code that they will need to manage & maintain

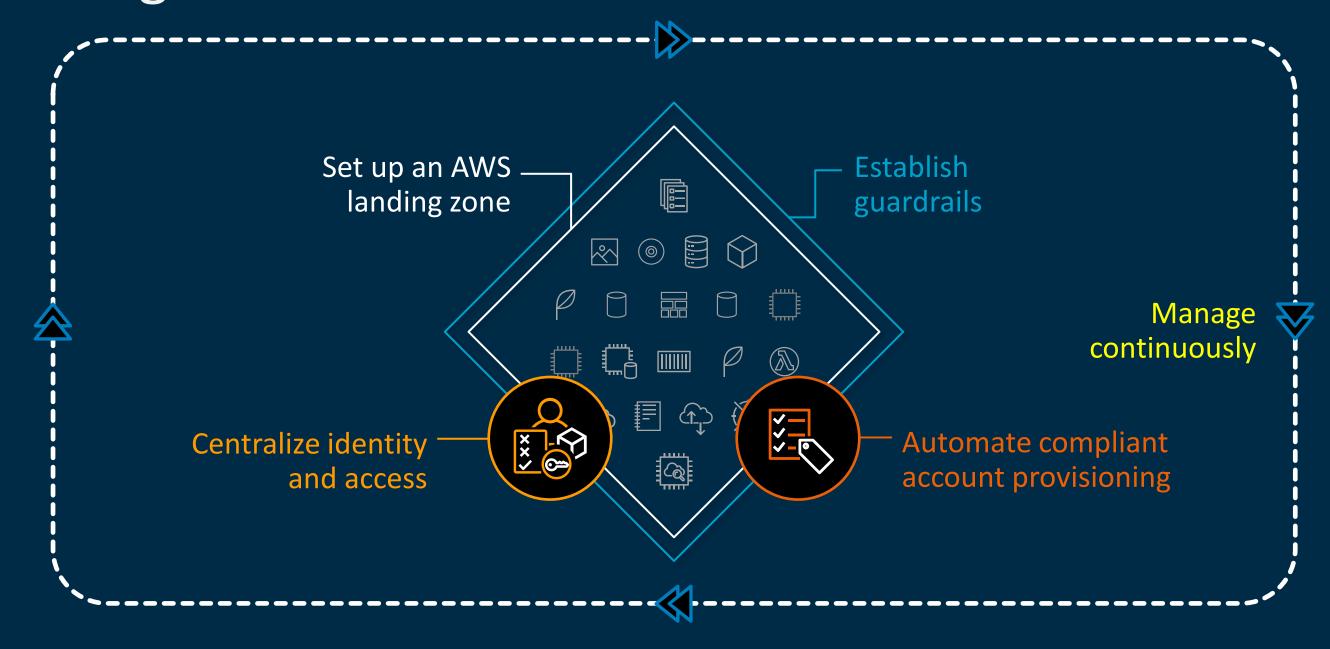
AWS Control Tower:

AWS Managed Service version of AWS Landing Zone



Enable governance







Using AWS Control Tower to govern multi-account AWS environments at scale

Why use "AWS Control Tower"



Why use AWS Control Tower?



Set up a best-practices AWS environment in a few clicks

Standardize account provisioning

Centralize policy management

Enforce governance and compliance proactively

Enable end user self-service

Get continuous visibility into your AWS environment

Gain peace of mind



Balancing the needs of builders and central cloud IT

Builders: Stay agile



Innovate with the speed and agility of AWS

Cloud IT: Establish governance



Govern at scale with central controls



More innovation, greater agility, with control



Agility

Experiment

Be productive Empower distributed teams Self-service access

Respond quickly to change

Don't choose between Agility or Control

You need and want both



Governance

Enable

Provision

Operate

Secure & Compliant

Operations & Spend Management



AWS Control Tower: Easiest way to set up and govern AWS at scale

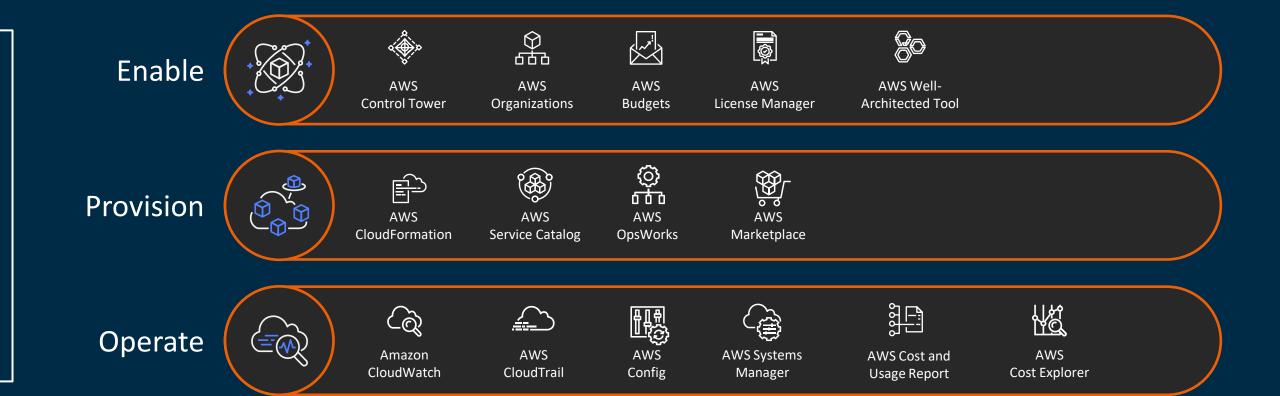


Business agility + governance control



AWS management and governance services

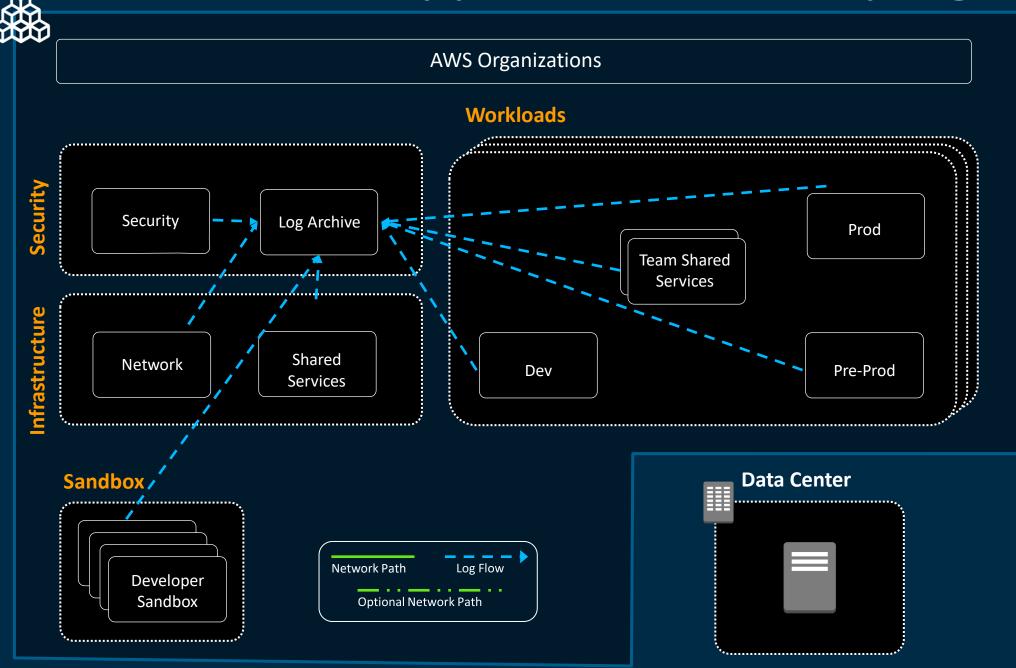
Security and IAM



BUSINESS AGILITY + GOVERNANCE CONTROL



Multi-account approach // security log flow



Orgs: Account management

Log Archive: Security logs

Security: Security tools, AWS Config rules

Shared services: Directory, limit monitoring

Network: AWS Direct Connect

Dev Sandbox: Experiments, Learning

Dev: Development

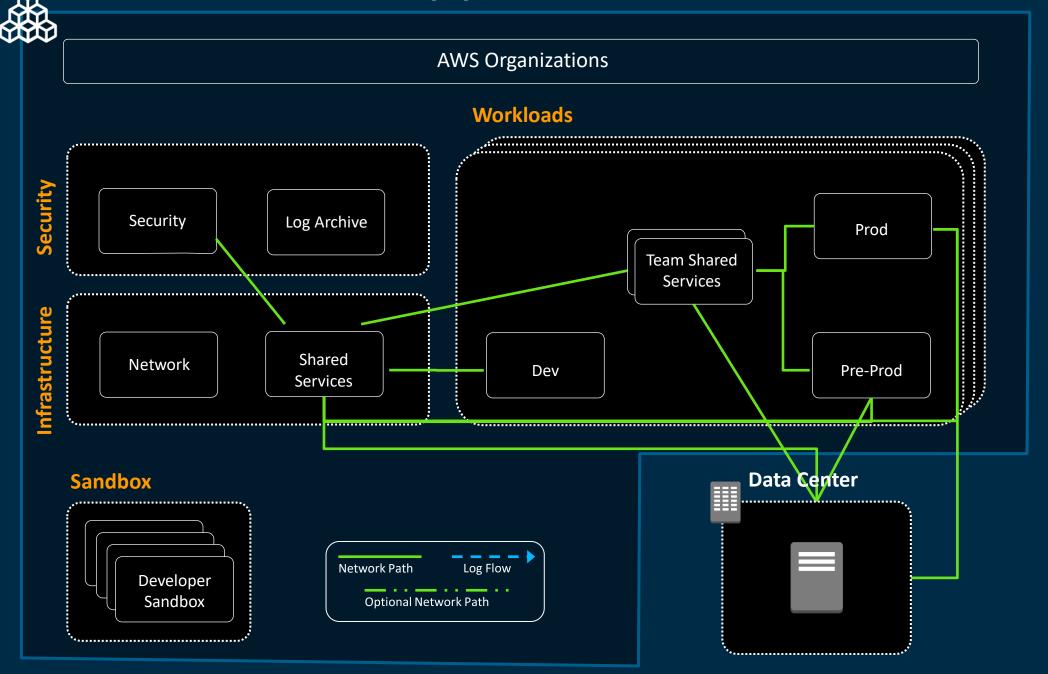
Pre-Prod: Staging

Prod: Production

Team SS: Team Shared Services, Data Lake



Multi-account approach // network connectivity



Orgs: Account management

Log Archive: Security logs

Security: Security tools, AWS Config rules

Shared services: Directory, limit monitoring

Network: AWS Direct Connect

Dev Sandbox: Experiments, Learning

Dev: Development

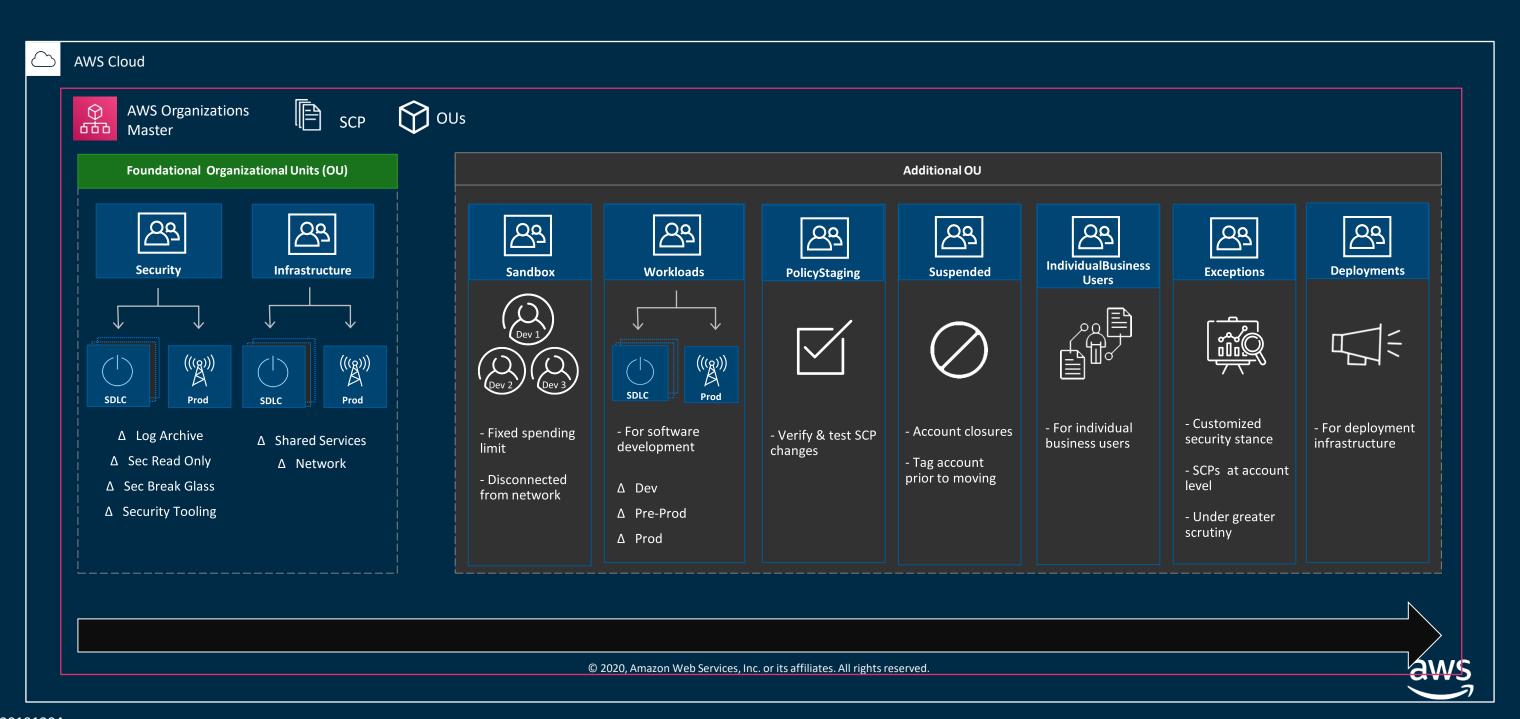
Pre-Prod: Staging

Prod: Production

Team SS: Team Shared Services, Data Lake



Multi-account framework



AWS Control Tower

The easiest self-service solution to automate the setup of new AWS multi-account environments









An AWS service offering account creation based on AWS best practices

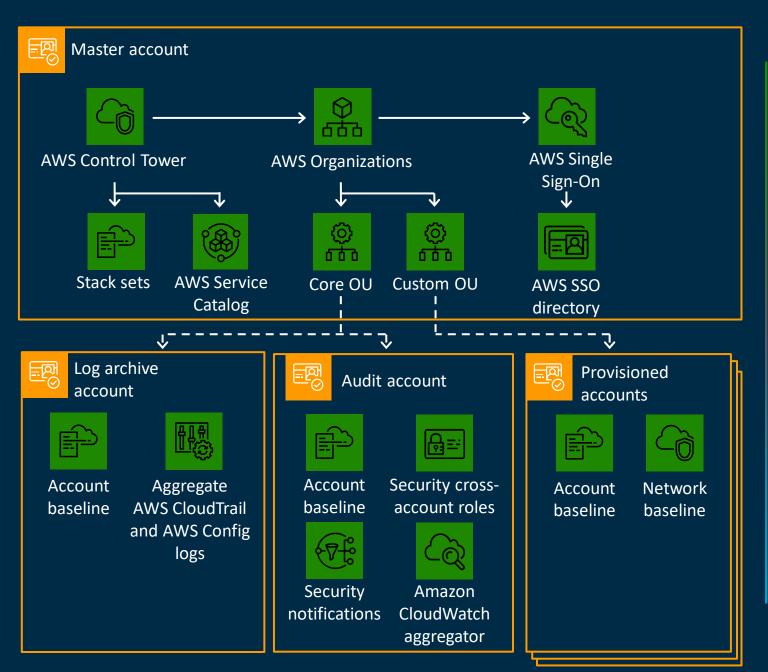
Deployment of AWS best practice Blueprints and Guardrails

Baseline fundamental accounts to provide standardization of best practices

Single pane of glass for monitoring compliance to guardrails



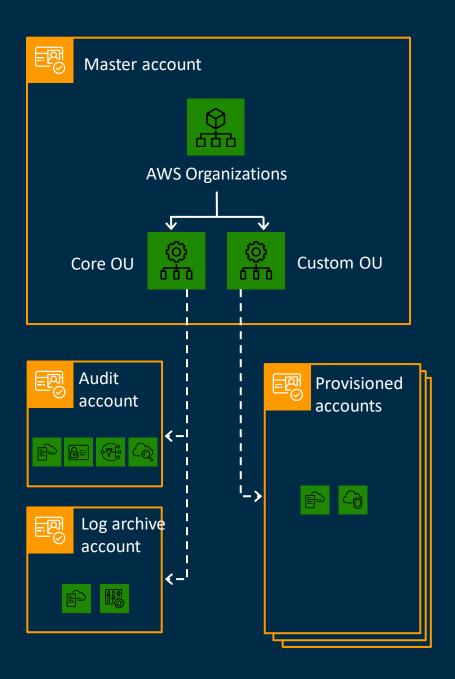
Set up an AWS landing zone



- Landing zone a preconfigured, secure, scalable, multi-account AWS environment based on best practice blueprints
- Multi-account management using AWS Organizations
- Identity and federated access management using AWS SSO
- Centralized log archive using AWS CloudTrail and AWS Config
- Cross-account audit access using AWS SSO and AWS IAM
- End user account provisioning through AWS Service Catalog
- Centralized monitoring and notifications using Amazon CloudWatch and Amazon SNS



Multi-account architecture



- Master account: designation of your existing account to create a new organization. Also your master payer account
- Organization consists of 2 OUs with preconfigured accounts -
 - Core OU: AWS Control Tower-created accounts,
 i.e., Audit account and Log archive account
 - Custom OU: Your provisioned accounts



Centralize identity and access

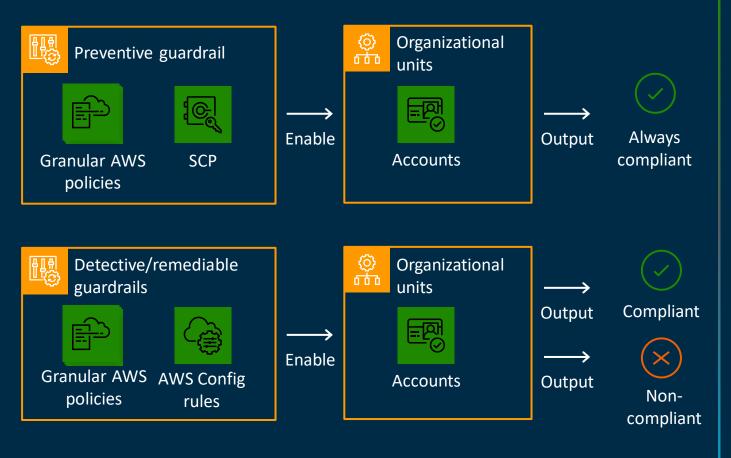




- AWS SSO provides default directory for identity
- AWS SSO also enables federated access management across all accounts in your organization
- Preconfigured groups (e.g., AWS Control Tower administrators, auditors, AWS Service Catalog end users)
- Preconfigured permission sets (e.g., admin, read-only, write)



Establish guardrails



- Guardrails are preconfigured governance rules for security, compliance, and operations
- Expressed in plain English to provide abstraction over granular AWS policies
- Preventive guardrails: prevent policy violations through enforcement; implemented using AWS CloudFormation and SCPs
- Detective guardrails: detect policy violations and alert in the dashboard; implemented using AWS Config rules
- Mandatory and strongly recommended guardrails for prescriptive guidance
- Easy selection and enablement on organizational units

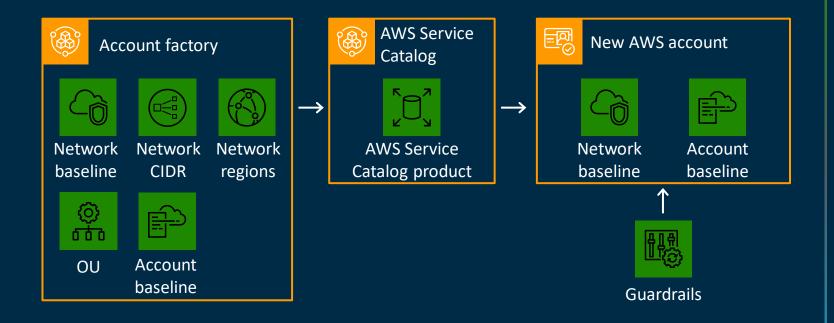


Guardrail examples

Goal/category	Example
IAM security	Require MFA for root user
Data security	Disallow public read access to Amazon S3 buckets
Network security	Disallow internet connection via Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP)
Audit logs	Enable AWS CloudTrail and AWS Config
Monitoring	Enable AWS CloudTrail integration with Amazon CloudWatch
Encryption	Ensure encryption of Amazon EBS volumes attached to Amazon EC2 instances
Drift	Disallow changes to AWS Config rules set up by AWS Control Tower



Automate compliant account provisioning



- Built-in account factory provides a template to standardize account provisioning
- Configurable network settings (e.g., subnets, IP addresses)
- Automatic enforcement of account baselines and guardrails
- Published to AWS Service Catalog



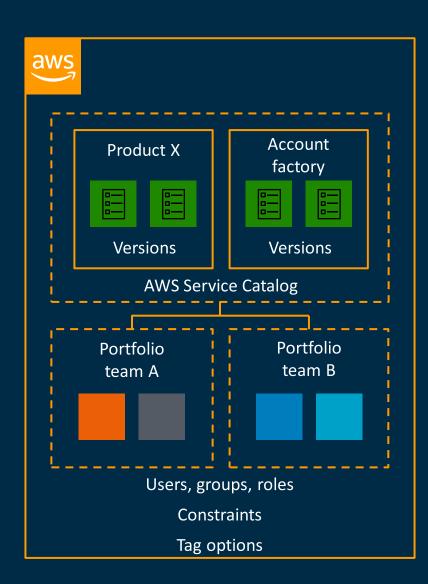
Enable self-service with AWS Service Catalog



Cloud admins, security, platform teams

1

Organize, entitle, publish account factory



2

Self-service provisioning

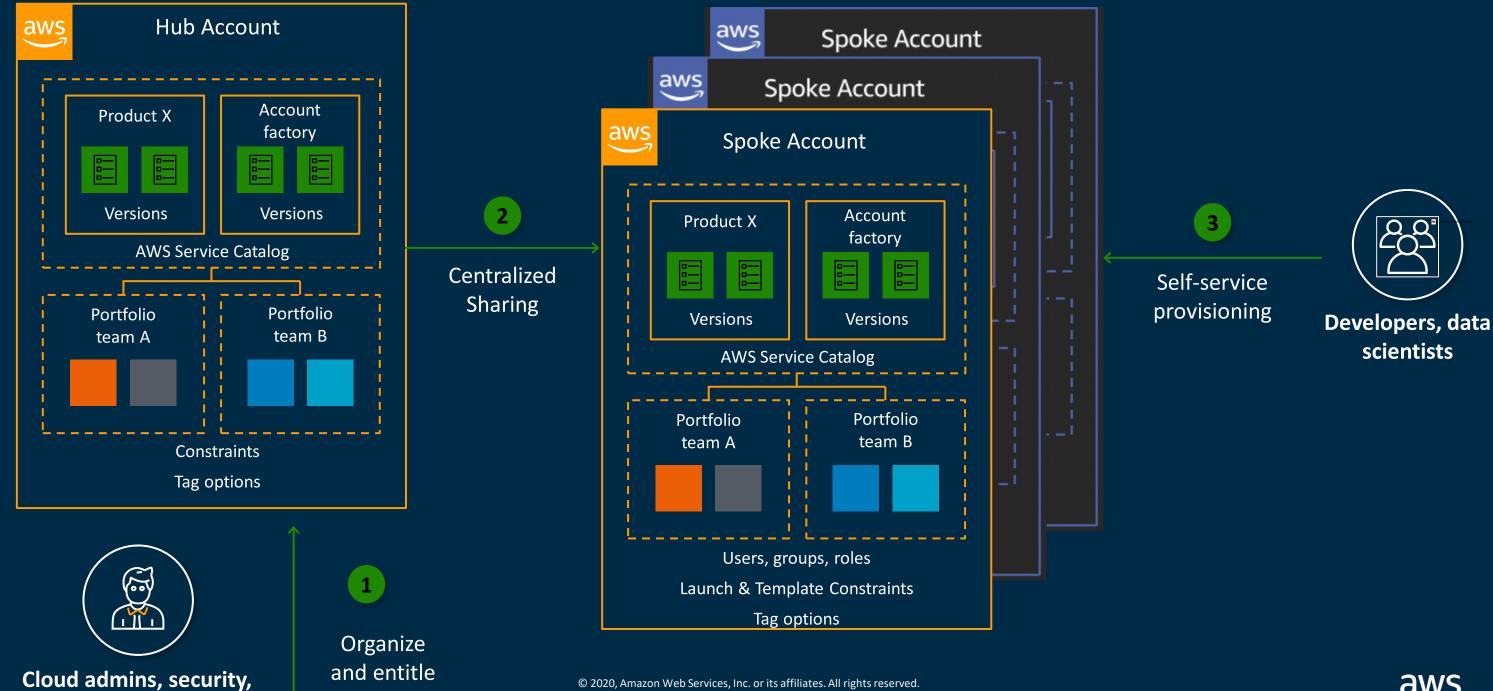


Developers, data scientists



Automate governance at scale

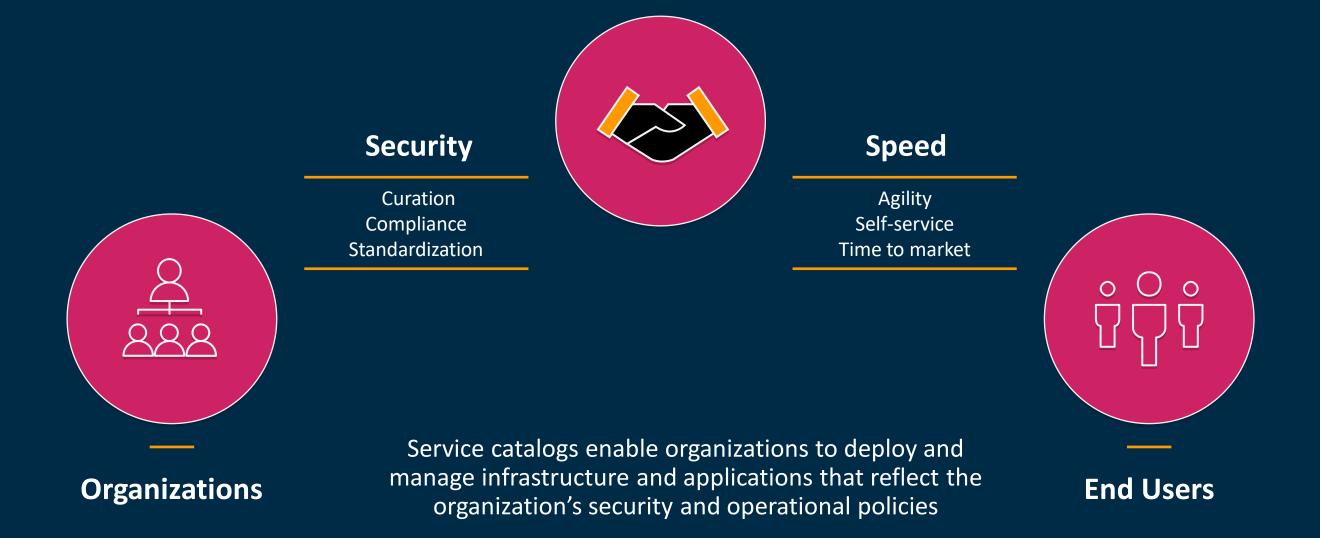
platform teams



© 2020, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

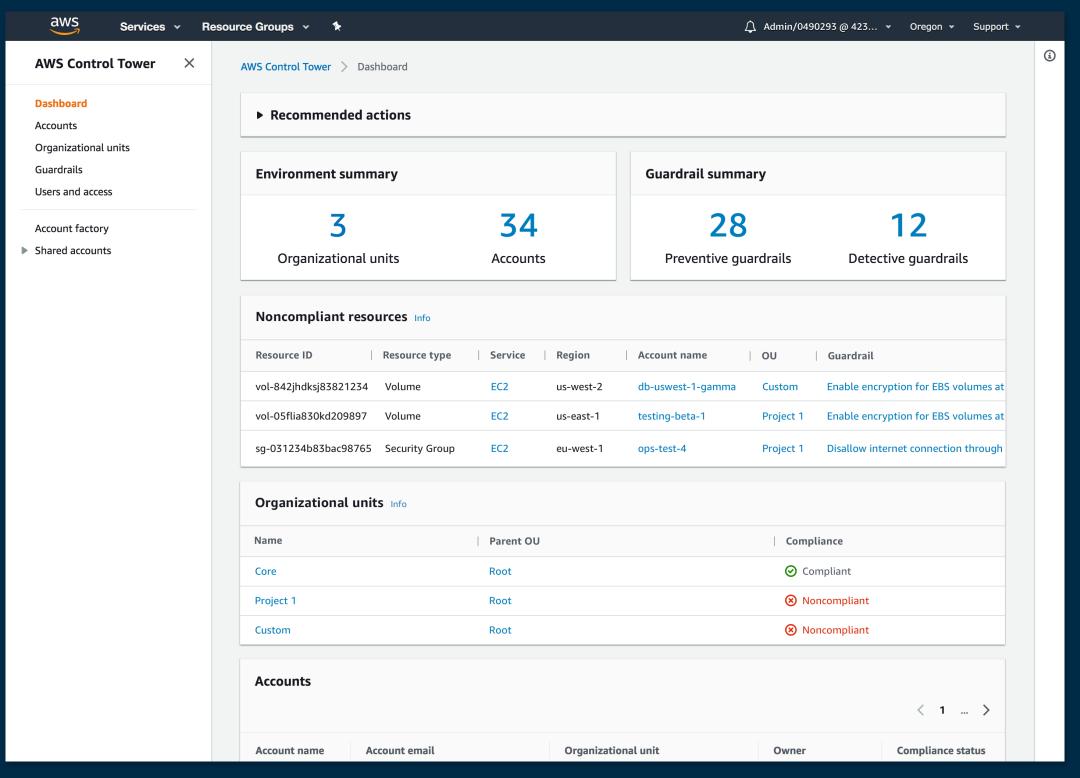


Benefits of governance at scale





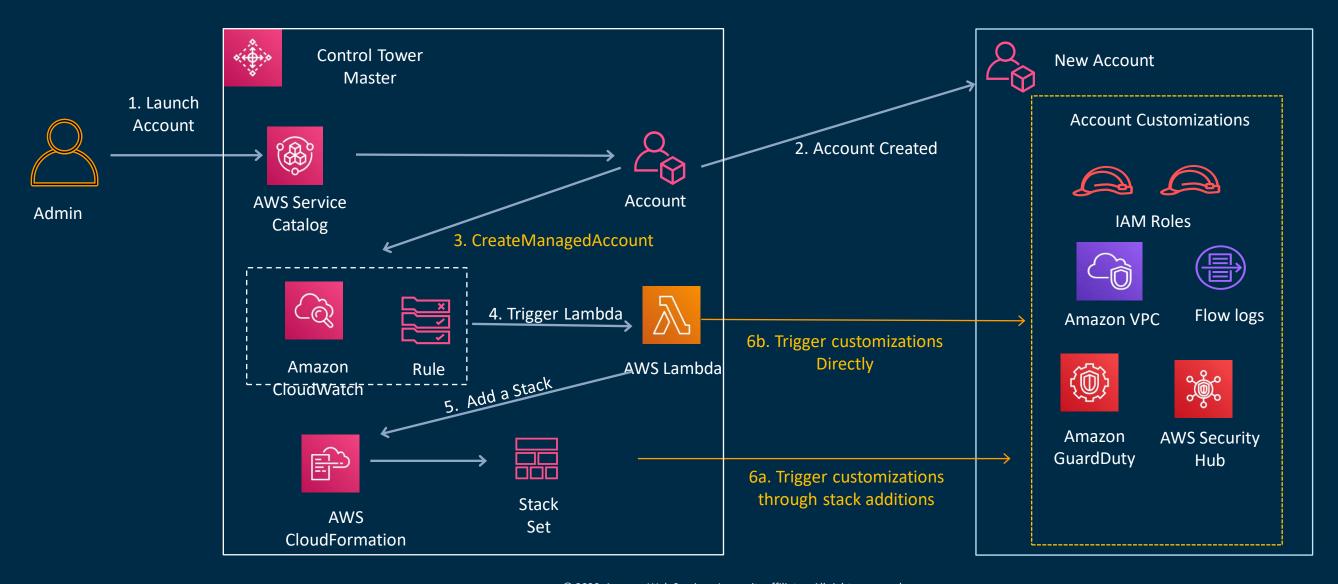
Dashboard for oversight





Configure with AWS Control Tower Lifecycle Events

• CreateManagedAccount: The log records whether AWS Control Tower successfully completed every action to create and provision a new account using account factory.





Considerations for a base foundation of services in each account

- Networking: VPC/TGW,
- Identity Management: Which provider, but also which IAM roles(SSO)
- Security tooling: Guard Duty, Security Hub, IAM Access Analyzer, 3rd party tools
- Logging Strategies: Which logs to locate where, and how to integrate to log aggregators
- Support level: Enterprise, business (may be different across each child account in the Master)
- Additional Guardrails (BYOG)
- Integration to Operational Processes: ITSM/ITIL tooling (ServiceNow, Jira Service Desk), asset management, CMDB, etc.)
- Base resources: Other AWS services required for the account think lampstack, or 'approved' pipeline for architecture pattern



Summary of key features



Automated landing zone with best practice blueprints



Built-in identity and access management



Guardrails for policy management



Preconfigured log archive and audit access to accounts



Account factory for account provisioning



Built-in monitoring and notifications



Dashboard for visibility and actions



Automatic updates



Pricing and availability







Generally available
in US East (N. Virginia), US East
(Ohio), US West (Oregon), and
EU (Ireland), AP Southeast
(Sydney)

No additional charge for using AWS Control Tower

Pay only for underlying
AWS services (e.g., AWS Config
rules, AWS Service Catalog) that
are enabled

