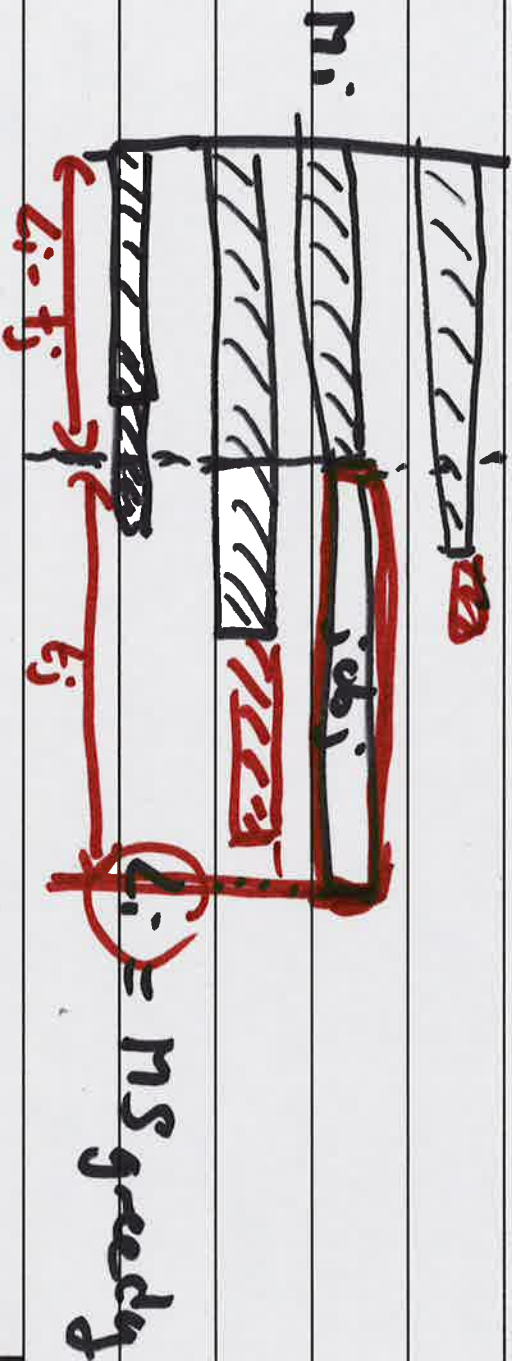


Th. Greedy is a 2-approx.

$MS_{\text{greedy}} = L_i = \max_{1 \leq x \leq m} L_x$ "bottleneck machine"

j : last job added to machine i by Greedy



when j was added to M_i ,

M_i had the smallest load (greedy rule).

It was $L_i - t_j$

$\Rightarrow L_i - t_j \leq L_k \quad \forall 1 \leq k \leq m$

$$L_i - t_j \leq L_1$$

$$L_i - t_j \leq L_2$$

...

$$L_i - t_j \leq L_m$$



$$L_m \sum t_p \leq MS_{opt}$$

MS_{opt} is not necessary, but must be \geq .

$$m(L_i - t_j) \leq L_1 + L_2 + \dots + L_m = \sum_{p=1}^m L_p = \sum_{p=1}^m t_p$$

(all jobs are scheduled)

$$MS_{greedy} = L_i \leq \frac{1}{m} \sum_{p=1}^m t_p + t_j$$

$$\leq MS_{opt}$$

(perfect load balance)

$$\leq MS_{opt}$$

Jobs must go

on a machine

in any sol!

$$\Rightarrow MS_{opt} \leq MS_{greedy} \leq 2 \cdot MS_{opt}$$

2-Approx!

$n = m = 2$	$t_1 = 1$
$t_2 = 3$	



Center selection pb

obs. All centers in greedy sol. C are at least $r(C)$ apart.

Th. If C^* is opt. sol., then

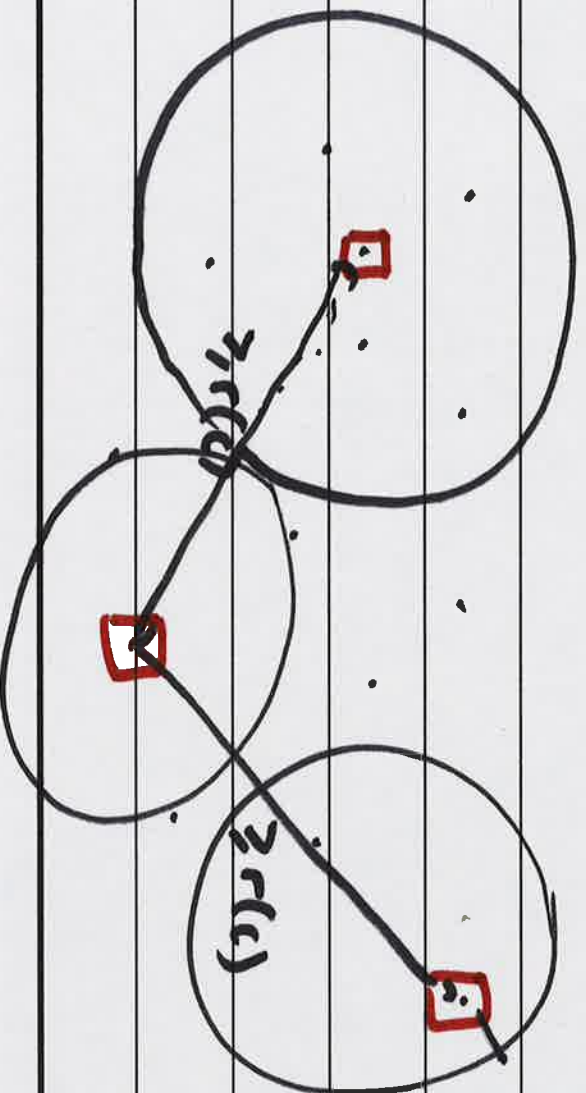
$r(C) \leq 2 \cdot r(C^*) \Rightarrow$ Approx.
 ^{greedy} _{opt.} ratio of 2

Pf by contradiction

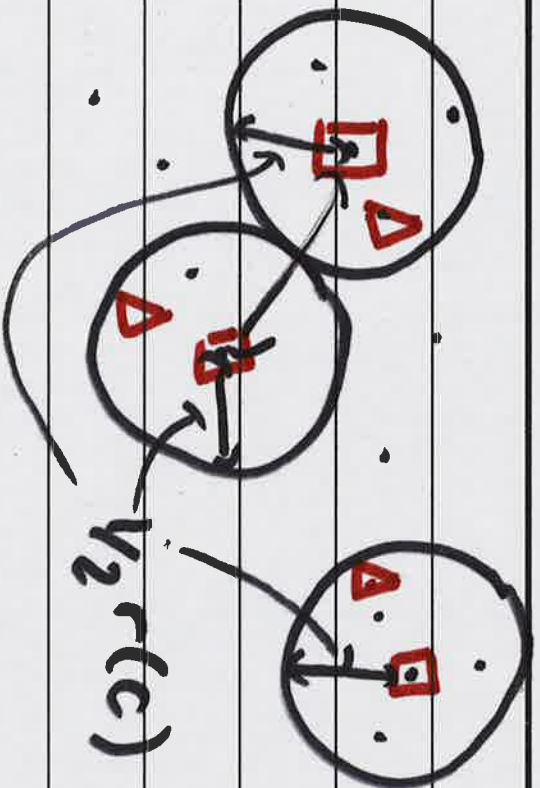
Assume $r(C) > 2r(C^*)$, i.e., $r(C^*) < \frac{1}{2}r(C)$

~~the~~ sites: .

~~the~~ centers in C : 



C : D greedy centers
 C^* : Δ opt. centers



For each center c_i in C , consider a ball
of radius $\frac{1}{2} r(c_i) \Rightarrow$ No 2 balls
can overlap.

$$\text{dist}(c_i, C^*) \leq r(C^*) \leq \frac{1}{2} r(c_i)$$

by assumption

\Rightarrow the closest opt. center in C^* to c_i
has to be inside its ball.

\Rightarrow At least 1 opt. center (Δ) c_i^* in every ball

} No 2 balls overlap.

} If opt. center is c_i^* and k balls

\Rightarrow every ball has exactly one opt. center.



Pick any site s

Let $c_i^* \in C^*$ is closest center in C^*

$\Rightarrow c_i$ greedy center $c_i \in C$ is ~~first~~ in whose ball c_i^* falls.

$$\text{dist}(c_i, c_i^*) \leq \frac{1}{2} r(C)$$

$$\text{dist}(s, c) \leq \text{dist}(s, c_i)$$

$$\text{dist}(S, C) \leq \text{dist}(S, c_i^*) + \text{dist}(c_i^*, c_i)$$

triangle

inequality.

$$\leq r(C^*)$$

$$r(C^*)$$