A CUSUM-Based Trading Strategy

Tianjun Hou Zhijin Kuang Ziyan Liu



Introduction and Motivation

Problem Statement

Apply CUSUM method to detect an upward or downward daily stock return trend and develop a trading strategy based on it. When an upward (downward) trend of a security is observed, a long (short) position is taken. This active trading strategy will be evaluated against the buy-and-hold strategy over the same historical time period.

Motivation

Utilize CUSUM method to build an active trading strategy that can beat the market return.

Data Source

S&P 500 Adjusted Close from 1997-11-30 to 2022-11-30 as the proxy for the prices of a portfolio of stocks



Mathematical Modeling

Methodology

Assume stock price follows Geometric Brownian Motion

$$r_t = \ln \frac{S_t}{S_0}$$
, $r_t \sim \mathbb{N}(\mu - \frac{\sigma^2}{2}, \sigma^2)$

where: S_t : stock price at time t, μ : expected return, σ : volatility

– Use window-limited MLE estimators to calibrate μ and σ

$$\max_{\mu,\sigma^2} l(\mu, \sigma^2; x_1, ..., x_w) \Rightarrow \widehat{\mu_w} = \frac{1}{w} \sum_{i=1}^w x_i \quad \widehat{\sigma_w^2} = \frac{1}{w} \sum_{i=1}^w (x_i - \hat{\mu})^2$$

- CUSUM test: $Z_t^+ \ge h_1 \Rightarrow Long; Z_t^- \le h_2 \Rightarrow Short$

$$Z_t^+ = \max(Z_{t-1}^+ + \log \frac{f_0(r_t)}{f_0(r_0)}, 0)$$
 $Z_t^- = \min(Z_{t-1}^- + \log \frac{f_0(r_t)}{f_0(r_0)}, 0)$

where:
$$Z_0^+ = Z_0^- = 0$$
, $f_0(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\widehat{\sigma_w^2}}} e^{-\frac{\left(x - \widehat{\mu_w} + \frac{\widehat{\sigma_w^2}}{2}\right)^2}{2\widehat{\sigma_w^2}}}$, $h_1 = \widehat{\mu_w} + a_1\widehat{\sigma_w}$, $h_2 = \widehat{\mu_w} - a_2\widehat{\sigma_w}$

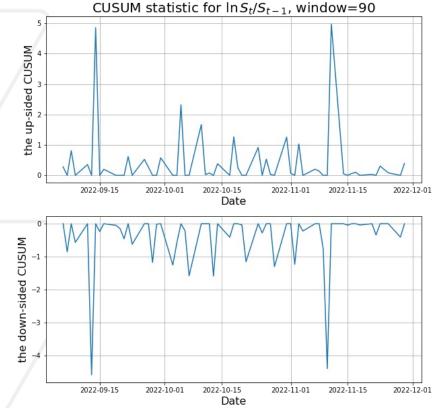
Main Results

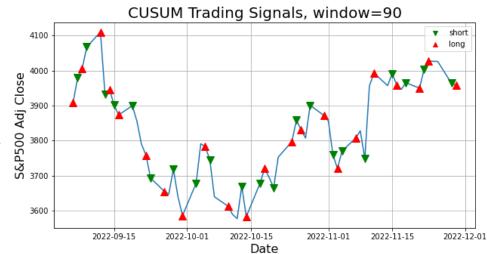
CUSUM Statistics and Trading Signals

– Date: 2022/09/01 - 2022/11/30

Rolling window: 90 days

– Threshold: $h_1 = \mu_w + \sigma_w$, $h_2 = \mu_w - \sigma_w$







Main Results

Strategy Comparison

- Long-and-Hold : 0.85% Holding Period Return
- CUSUM: 4.58% Holding Period Return

