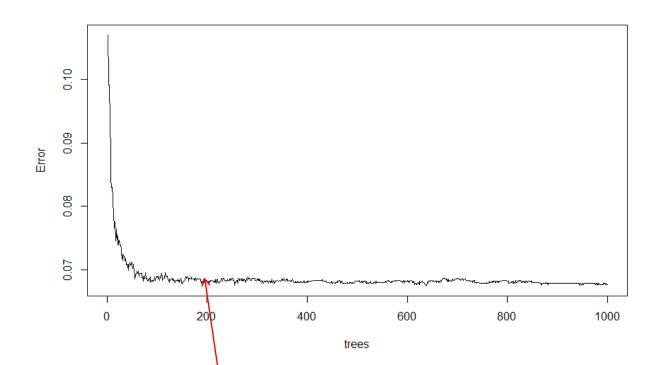
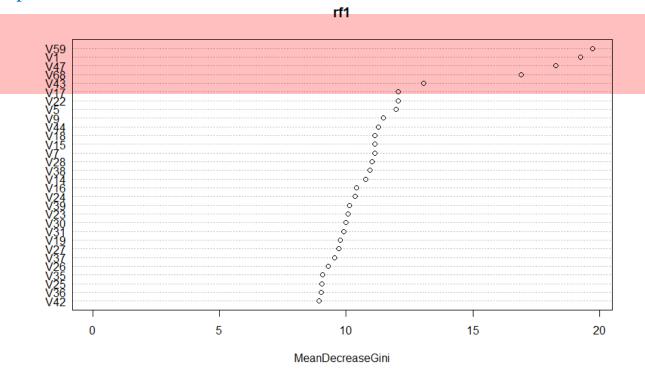
# 1 Supervised learning

#### 1.1 Random forest



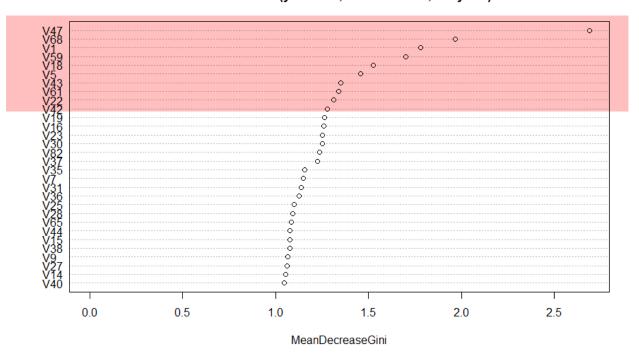
The results should be stable when n.trees>200

# important variables

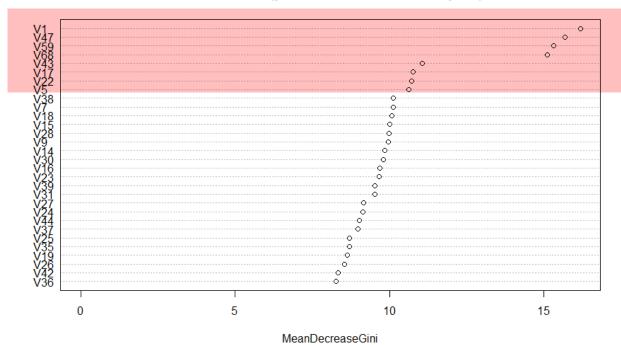


Default:  $m = \sqrt{p}$ 

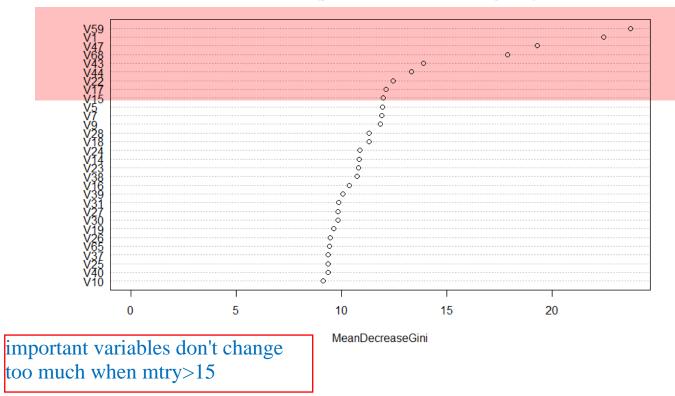
### randomForest(ytrain ~ ., data = Xtrain, mtry = 1)



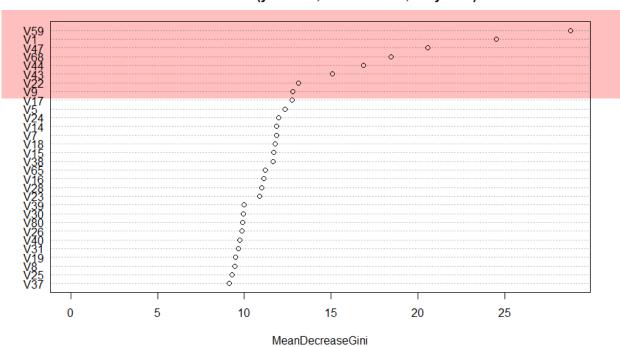
## randomForest(ytrain ~ ., data = Xtrain, mtry = 5)

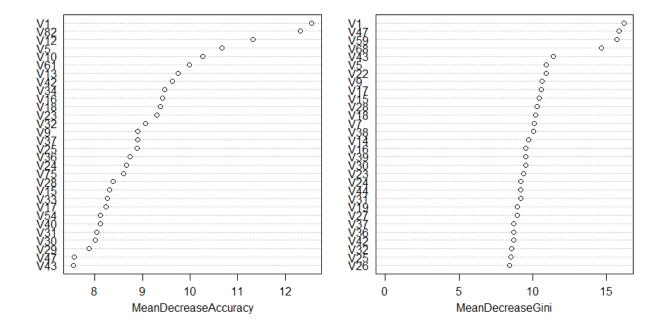


randomForest(ytrain ~ ., data = Xtrain, mtry = 15)



randomForest(ytrain ~ ., data = Xtrain, mtry = 30)





#### > rf3

randomForest(formula = ytrain ~ ., data = Xtrain, mtry = 5, importance = T, ntree = 500)

Type of random forest: classification Number of trees: 500

No. of variables tried at each split: 5

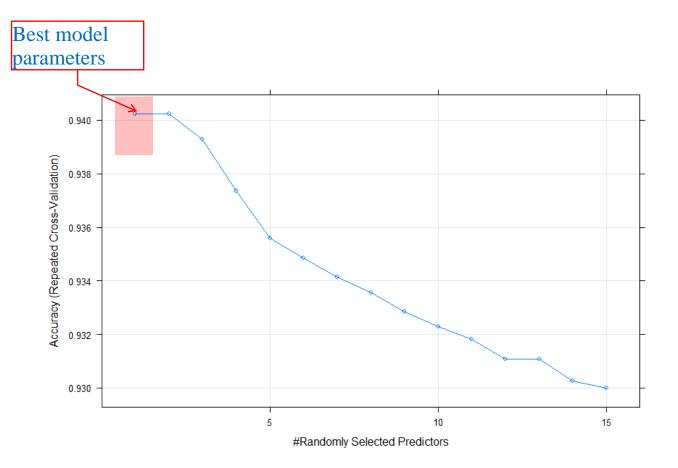
OOB estimate of error rate: 6.42%

Confusion matrix:

0 1 class.error

0 5441 33 0.006028498

1 341 7 0.979885057



#### > fitRFcaret

Random Forest

5822 samples 85 predictor 2 classes: '0', '1'

No pre-processing

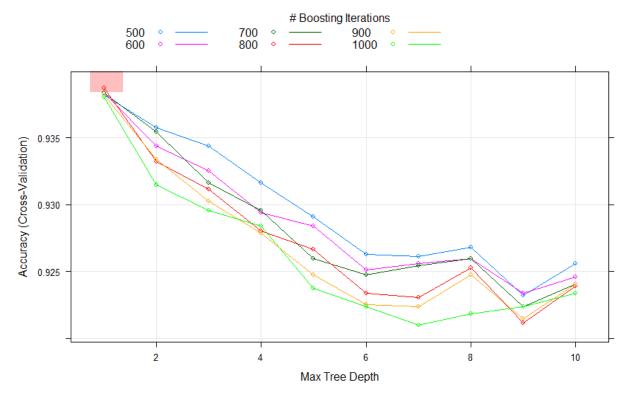
Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold, repeated 4 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 4657, 4657, 4658, 4659, 4658, ...
Resampling results across tuning parameters:

mtry Accuracy Карра 0.9402269 0.000000000 1 2 0.000000000 0.9402269 3 0.9392822 0.0005900409 4 0.0063828841 0.9373500 5 0.9355893 0.0075910832 6 0.9348595 0.0197728115 7 0.9341296 0.0267764935 8 0.9335713 0.0338881696 9 0.9328411 0.0283151607 10 0.9322829 0.0365391783 11 0.9318106 0.0363864358 12 0.9310804 0.0329258373 13 0.9310803 0.0350096328 14 0.9302648 0.0428454060 15 0.9300068 0.0369804461

```
Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
The final value used for the model was mtry = 1.
> fitRFcaret$results
   mtry Accuracy
                          Kappa
                                  AccuracySD
                                                  KappaSD
      1 0.9402269 0.0000000000 0.0004043252 0.000000000
      2 0.9402269 0.0000000000 0.0004043252 0.000000000
      3 0.9392822 0.0005900409 0.0009564775 0.007450466
      4 0.9373500 0.0063828841 0.0013938047 0.016942251
5
      5 0.9355893 0.0075910832 0.0018432104 0.017279734
      6 0.9348595 0.0197728115 0.0023748721 0.025277640
6
      7 0.9341296 0.0267764935 0.0023867457 0.029056280
      8 0.9335713 0.0338881696 0.0022060082 0.035610929
8
      9 0.9328411 0.0283151607 0.0026492134 0.032897900
9
     10 0.9322829 0.0365391783 0.0026853505 0.033119201
10
11
     11 0.9318106 0.0363864358 0.0028549762 0.034983898
12
     12 0.9310804 0.0329258373 0.0030386774 0.033058614
13
     13 0.9310803 0.0350096328 0.0033786478 0.035697648
     14 0.9302648 0.0428454060 0.0039815281 0.031770676
     15 0.9300068 0.0369804461 0.0035415607 0.034421472
> fitRFcaret$finalModel
 randomForest(x = x, y = y, ntree = 500, mtry = param$mtry)
               Type of random forest: classification
                      Number of trees: 500
No. of variables tried at each split: 1
        OOB estimate of error rate: 5.98%
Confusion matrix:
     0 1 class.error
0 5474 0
1 348 0
> fitRFcaret$finalModel$confusion ## OOB confusion matrix
     0 1 class.error
0 5474 0
                    n
1 348 0
                    1
             Test_set show similar performance as the Training set
> rff
call:
 randomForest(formula = \frac{\text{ytest}}{\text{v}} \sim ., \text{ data} = \text{Xtes}_{t}^{t}, \text{ mtry} = 1, \text{ importance} = T,
   ntree = 500)
                Type of random forest: classi∜ication
                      Number of trees: 500
No. of variables tried at each split: 1
        OOB estimate of error rate: 5.95%
Confusion matrix:
     0 1 class.error
0 3762 0
                    1
1 238 0
```

#### 1.2 Boosting

```
> mse(ytrain, predict(bt4b, Xtrain, n.trees=500))
[1] 0.04863351
> bt4c = gbm(ytrain ~ ., data=Xtrain, distribution="gaussian", n.trees=1000,
interaction.depth=4,shrinkage =0.01)
> mse(ytrain, predict(bt4c, Xtrain, n.trees=1000))
[1] 0.04657675
> bt4d = gbm(ytrain ~ ., data=Xtrain, distribution="gaussian", n.trees=1000,
interaction.depth=4,shrinkage =0.1)
> mse(ytrain, predict(bt4d, Xtrain, n.trees=1000))
[1] 0.03518477
> bt4e = gbm(ytrain ~ ., data=Xtrain, distribution="gaussian", n.trees=1000,
interaction.depth=8,shrinkage =0.1)
> mse(ytrain, predict(bt4e, Xtrain, n.trees=1000))
[1] 0.02490013
```



```
> boost.caretk
Stochastic Gradient Boosting
```

5822 samples 85 predictor 2 classes: '0', '1'

Pre-processing: centered (85), scaled (85)
Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold)
Summary of sample sizes: 4658, 4657, 4658, 4657, 4658
Resampling results across tuning parameters:

interaction.depth n.trees Accuracy Kappa

1	500	0.9381653	0.01054431
1	600	0.9383371	0.01538167
1 1	700 800	0.9383372 0.9386809	0.02419928 0.02539704
1	900	0.9381657	0.02339704
1	1000	0.9379936	0.01928926
2	500	0.9357604	0.04518158
2	600	0.9343864	0.04219736
2	700	0.9354173	0.04917754
2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4	800	0.9331836	0.04808394
2	900	0.9333559	0.04400326
2	1000	0.9314669	0.04408119
3	500	0.9343867	0.05826943
3	600	0.9324977	0.05796594
3	700	0.9316389	0.06709426
3	800	0.9311235	0.06996922
3	900	0.9302641	0.06063468
5 Λ	1000 500	0.9295779 0.9316384	0.07488432 0.07954427
4	600	0.9294058	0.06030805
4	700	0.9295775	0.06390862
4	800	0.9280318	0.06002950
4	900	0.9278597	0.05965105
4	1000	0.9283756	0.07589225
5	500	0.9290624	0.06299767
5	600	0.9283750	0.06144044
5 5 5 5	700	0.9259704	0.05580681
5	800	0.9266574	0.06094539
	900	0.9247676	0.05320606
5	1000	0.9237373	0.06482440
6	500	0.9263130	0.05300641
6	600	0.9251104	0.05812387
6	700	0.9247670	0.06734556
6 6	800 900	0.9233932 0.9225350	0.05738089 0.05197630
6	1000	0.9223629	0.05834840
7	500	0.9261424	0.07346706
7	600	0.9256264	0.06896808
7	700	0.9254549	0.07567146
7	800	0.9230496	0.07039719
7	900	0.9223629	0.07151350
7	1000	0.9209885	0.06590763
8	500	0.9268282	0.07948756
8	600	0.9259689	0.08073917
8	700	0.9259692	0.07650827
8	800	0.9252824	0.07520018
8	900	0.9247672	0.07782488
8	1000	0.9218468 0.9232214	0.05050853 0.05734985
9 9	500 600	0.9232214	0.05689134
9	700	0.9223626	0.05526615
9	800	0.9211607	0.05281097
9	900	0.9215039	0.05686916
9	1000	0.9223627	0.07227016
LÕ	500	0.9256270	0.06500132
LO	600	0.9245958	0.06624805
LO	700	0.9240802	0.06200659

Best Model

10	800	0.9239093	0.06144751
10	900	0.9240814	0.07224810
10	1000	0.9233942	0.07358039

Tuning parameter 'shrinkage' was held constant at a value of 0.1 Tuning parameter 'n.minobsinnode' was held constant at a value of 5

Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value. The final values used for the model were n.trees = 800, interaction.depth = 1, shrinkage = 0.1 and n.minobsinnode = 5.

_,	Jili Tilikage	- OIL and III					
<pre>&gt; boost.caretk\$results</pre>							
		action.depth n.minob	osinnoda n	n.trees Accuracy Kappa AccuracySD KappaSD			
1	0.1	1	5 5	500 0.9381653 0.01054431 0.0010734365 0.01369015			
7	0.1	2	5	500 0.9357604 0.04518158 0.0016775932 0.03763587			
13	0.1	3	5	500 0.9343867 0.05826943 0.0018868959 0.02886149			
19	0.1	4	5	500 0.9316384 0.07954427 0.0039217657 0.04060863			
25	0.1	5	5	500 0.9290624 0.06299767 0.0045630673 0.04006288			
31	0.1	6	5	500 0.9263130 0.05300641 0.0047762955 0.03214117			
37	0.1	7	5	500 0.9261424 0.07346706 0.0046222131 0.01781837			
43	0.1	8	5	500 0.9268282 0.07948756 0.0049302802 0.03001483			
49	0.1	9	5	500 0.9232214 0.05734985 0.0054660193 0.02251782			
55	0.1	10	5	500 0.9256270 0.06500132 0.0036209154 0.01488375			
2	0.1	10	5	600 0.9383371 0.01538167 0.0015485408 0.03259579			
8	0.1	2	5	600 0.9343864 0.04219736 0.0027014687 0.04616569			
6 14	0.1	3	5	600 0.9324977 0.05796594 0.0035653031 0.02466463			
20		4	5	600 0.9294058 0.06030805 0.0054783038 0.03873499			
26	0.1 0.1	5	5	600 0.9283750 0.06144044 0.0047289216 0.03989789			
	0.1		5	600 0.9251104 0.05812387 0.0055335412 0.02552678			
32 38	0.1	6 7	5	600 0.9256264 0.06896808 0.0053228182 0.02762979			
		8	5	600 0.9259689 0.08073917 0.0050501489 0.02758914			
44	0.1	9	5				
50	0.1			600 0.9233931 0.05689134 0.0050038165 0.02792410			
56	0.1	10	5	600 0.9245958 0.06624805 0.0042794424 0.01666580			
3	0.1	1	5	700 0.9383372 0.02419928 0.0007286356 0.03759580			
9	0.1	2	5	700 0.9354173 0.04917754 0.0018651242 0.02711429			
15	0.1	3	5	700 0.9316389 0.06709426 0.0035659372 0.02920548			
21	0.1	4	5	700 0.9295775 0.06390862 0.0039823789 0.02970442			
27	0.1	5	5	700 0.9259704 0.05580681 0.0041819122 0.03303151			
33	0.1	6	5	700 0.9247670 0.06734556 0.0045491845 0.01722973			
39	0.1	7	5	700 0.9254549 0.07567146 0.0044416557 0.02493348			
45	0.1	8	5	700 0.9259692 0.07650827 0.0046255836 0.02619863			
51	0.1	9	5	700 0.9223626 0.05526615 0.0050456365 0.03637053			
57	0.1	10	5	700 0.9240802 0.06200659 0.0038417601 0.02113308			
4	0.1	1	5	800 0.9386809 0.02539704 0.0017803992 0.04098618			
10	0.1	2	5	800 0.9331836 0.04808394 0.0027001199 0.03425380			
16	0.1	3	5	800 0.9311235 0.06996922 0.0041763624 0.02252601			
22	0.1	4	5	800 0.9280318 0.06002950 0.0032871683 0.03114995			
28	0.1	5	5	800 0.9266574 0.06094539 0.0041030168 0.03823665			
34	0.1	6	5	800 0.9233932 0.05738089 0.0038794739 0.01339706			
40	0.1	7	5	800 0.9230496 0.07039719 0.0058572900 0.02950995			
46	0.1	8	5	800 0.9252824 0.07520018 0.0040521276 0.02621601			
52	0.1	9	5	800 0.9211607 0.05281097 0.0039627859 0.02913087			
58	0.1	10	5	800 0.9239093 0.06144751 0.0038691638 0.02693910			
5	0.1	1	5	900 0.9381657 0.02411130 0.0014805154 0.03993995			
11	0.1	2	5	900 0.9333559 0.04400326 0.0022520384 0.03238760			
17	0.1	3	5	900 0.9302641 0.06063468 0.0026176425 0.01903974			
23	0.1	4	5	900 0.9278597 0.05965105 0.0036978392 0.03059895			

```
29
       0.1
                                           900 0.9247676 0.05320606 0.0041117038 0.02863171
35
       0.1
                                     5
                                           900 0.9225350 0.05197630 0.0041849682 0.02220264
       0.1
                        7
                                           900 0.9223629 0.07151350 0.0042454218 0.02248000
41
                                     5
47
       0.1
                                     5
                                          900 0.9247672 0.07782488 0.0039849874 0.02715224
                                          900 0.9215039 0.05686916 0.0052246280 0.02252700
53
       0.1
                       10
                                          900 0.9240814 0.07224810 0.0048735663 0.02751137
59
                                     5
                                     5
       0.1
                        1
                                          1000 0.9379936 0.01928926 0.0011345011 0.02922307
6
12
       0.1
                        2
                                     5
                                          1000 0.9314669 0.04408119 0.0018585234 0.01387209
18
       0.1
                        3
                                     5
                                          1000 0.9295779 0.07488432 0.0059137189 0.03901509
       0.1
                                          1000 0.9283756 0.07589225 0.0041803401 0.03573436
24
                        4
                                     5
       0.1
                        5
                                     5
                                          1000 0.9237373 0.06482440 0.0041428553 0.03739020
30
36
       0.1
                        6
                                          1000 0.9223629 0.05834840 0.0035872770 0.02004546
                                          1000 0.9209885 0.06590763 0.0053788609 0.01234493
42
       0.1
                                          1000 0.9218468 0.05050853 0.0046131576 0.02634323
48
       0.1
                        8
       0.1
                                          1000 0.9223627 0.07227016 0.0053272995 0.03713970
54
                        9
       0.1
                        10
                                          1000 0.9233942 0.07358039 0.0034491322 0.03346573
> ytest <- as.numeric(ytest)</pre>
> mse(ytest, test.pred)
[1] 0.05047135 MSE for Test_set
1.3 Support vector machine
> tune.out <- tune(svm, ytrain ~ ., data=cbind(Xtrain,ytrain), kernel = "radi</pre>
al", ranges=list(cost=2^{(-5:5)}, gamma=2^{(-5:0)})
> tune.out$best.model
call:
best.tune(method = svm, train.x = ytrain ~ ., data = cbind(Xtrain, ytrain), r
anges = list(cost = 2^{(-5:5)},
     gamma = 2\wedge(-5:0), kernel = "radial")
Parameters:
   SVM-Type: C-classification
 SVM-Kernel: radial
        cost:
                 0.03125
                 0.03125
       gamma:
Number of Support Vectors:
                                  2010
> summary(tune.out)
Parameter tuning of 'svm':
- sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
best parameters:
    cost
            gamma
```

- best performance: 0.05977318

0.03125 0.03125

- Detailed performance results:

```
cost
              gamma
                         error
                                dispersion
    0.03125 0.03125 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.06250 0.03125 0.05977318 0.008864128
3
    0.12500 0.03125 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.25000 0.03125 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.50000 0.03125 0.05977318 0.008864128
    1.00000 0.03125 0.05977318 0.008864128
7
    2.00000 0.03125 0.06200480 0.009024414
    4.00000 0.03125 0.07042051 0.009357542
8
    8.00000 0.03125 0.07660401 0.008747793
9
  16.00000 0.03125 0.08244358 0.009695321
   32.00000 0.03125 0.08519095 0.009133592
12
    0.03125 0.06250 0.05977318 0.008864128
13
    0.06250 0.06250 0.05977318 0.008864128
14
    0.12500 0.06250 0.05977318 0.008864128
15
    0.25000 0.06250 0.05977318 0.008864128
16
    0.50000 0.06250 0.05977318 0.008864128
17
    1.00000 0.06250 0.06080293 0.008761079
18
    2.00000 0.06250 0.06767225 0.008597157
19
    4.00000 0.06250 0.07540155 0.009265892
   8.00000 0.06250 0.07918074 0.008646942
21 16.00000 0.06250 0.07918044 0.008643504
22 32.00000 0.06250 0.08192870 0.008199369
    0.03125 0.12500 0.05977318 0.008864128
23
24
    0.06250 0.12500 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.12500 0.12500 0.05977318 0.008864128
25
    0.25000 0.12500 0.05977318 0.008864128
26
27
    0.50000 0.12500 0.05977318 0.008864128
28
    1.00000 0.12500 0.06234874 0.008213617
    2.00000 0.12500 0.06973440 0.009373304
   4.00000 0.12500 0.07231113 0.008955164
30
31
    8.00000 0.12500 0.07299812 0.008724610
   16.00000 0.12500 0.07420028 0.009146360
33
   32.00000 0.12500 0.07523121 0.008595104
    0.03125 0.25000 0.05977318 0.008864128
35
    0.06250 0.25000 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.12500 0.25000 0.05977318 0.008864128
36
37
    0.25000 0.25000 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.50000 0.25000 0.05994501 0.008888592
38
39
    1.00000 0.25000 0.06337966 0.007568377
    2.00000 0.25000 0.07093774 0.008799485
40
41
    4.00000 0.25000 0.07128138 0.009279282
42
    8.00000 0.25000 0.07196808 0.009596251
43 16.00000 0.25000 0.07265566 0.008876413
44 32.00000 0.25000 0.07351447 0.009122442
45
    0.03125 0.50000 0.05977318 0.008864128
46
    0.06250 0.50000 0.05977318 0.008864128
47
    0.12500 0.50000 0.05977318 0.008864128
48
    0.25000 0.50000 0.05977318 0.008864128
49
    0.50000 0.50000 0.06011653 0.008833330
50
    1.00000 0.50000 0.06544181 0.007085746
51
    2.00000 0.50000 0.07007922 0.008754614
52
    4.00000 0.50000 0.07059439 0.008815485
53
    8.00000 0.50000 0.07128167 0.008921513
54 16.00000 0.50000 0.07214049 0.009201937
55 32.00000 0.50000 0.07231231 0.008929264
```

```
56 0.03125 1.00000 0.05977318 0.008864128
57 0.06250 1.00000 0.05977318 0.008864128
58 0.12500 1.00000 0.05977318 0.008864128
59 0.25000 1.00000 0.05977318 0.008864128
60 0.50000 1.00000 0.06011653 0.008833330
61 1.00000 1.00000 0.06492605 0.007885387
62 2.00000 1.00000 0.06887706 0.008281053
63 4.00000 1.00000 0.06939282 0.008275513
64 8.00000 1.00000 0.07007981 0.008259033
65 16.00000 1.00000 0.07025163 0.008003409
66 32.00000 1.00000 0.07025163 0.008003409
> svm.radial <- svm(ytrain ~ ., data=cbind(Xtrain,ytrain), kernel = "radial",</pre>
  cost = tune.out$best.parameter$cost)
> summary(svm.radial)
call:
svm(formula = ytrain ~ ., data = cbind(Xtrain, ytrain), kernel = "radial", co
st = tune.out$best.parameter$cost)
Parameters:
   SVM-Type: C-classification
 SVM-Kernel: radial
       cost: 0.03125
      gamma: 0.01176471
Number of Support Vectors: 1549
 ( 1201 348 )
Number of Classes: 2
Levels:
 0 1
> train.pred <- predict(svm.radial, Xtrain)</pre>
> table(ytrain, train.pred)
      train.pred
ytrain
         0
               1
     0 5474
               0
     1 348
               0
> test.pred <- predict(svm.radial, Xtest)</pre>
> table(ytest, test.pred)
     test.pred
ytest
       0
              1
    0 3762
              0
    1 238
              0
```

Parameter tuning of 'svm':

```
- sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
                                 For Training_set, model_Kernal=Polynomial
- best parameters:
       cost
                                 show better performance than
 0.03162278
                                 model Kernal=radical, while for test set,
- best performance: 0.05960136
                                 they show the same performance
- Detailed performance results:
          cost
                  error dispersion
    0.01000000 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.01778279 0.05977318 0.008864128
    0.03162278 0.05960136 0.009128050
    0.05623413 0.05977318 0.009155393
    0.10000000 0.06011683 0.008946052
   0.17782794 0.06063229 0.009094641
    0.31622777 0.06063229 0.008613000
    0.56234133 0.06097534 0.008227416
9
    1.00000000 0.06217750 0.007628309
10 1.77827941 0.06269267 0.006013307
11 3.16227766 0.06355207 0.006377726
12 5.62341325 0.06595698 0.006128858
13 10.00000000 0.06784672 0.006746541
> set.seed(1)
> svm.poly <- svm(ytrain ~ ., data=cbind(Xtrain,ytrain), kernel = "polynomial")</pre>
", degree = 2, cost = tune.outp$best.parameter$cost)
> summary(svm.poly)
call:
svm(formula = ytrain ~ ., data = cbind(Xtrain, ytrain), kernel = "polynomial
", degree = 2, cost = tune.outp$best.parameter$cost)
Parameters:
   SVM-Type: C-classification
 SVM-Kernel: polynomial
       cost: 0.03162278
     degree: 2
      gamma: 0.01176471
     coef.0:
Number of Support Vectors: 1124
 (776 348)
Number of Classes: 2
Levels:
 0 1
> train.pred <- predict(svm.poly, Xtrain)</pre>
> table(ytrain, train.pred)
```

```
train.pred
ytrain 0 1
    0 5474 0
    1 345 3
> test.pred <- predict(svm.poly, Xtest)
> table(ytest, test.pred)
    test.pred
ytest 0 1
    0 3761 1
    1 238 0
```

1.4 Compare the performance of the 3 best models.

For this particular dataset, Boosting tree show the best predict performance on Test data.

## 2 Unsupervised learning:

#### 5.1 K-means

Separating observations to two categories

```
Data not standardized

it's the usual decomposition of deviance in deviance "

> table(aa$cluster, bb$cluster)

Between" and deviance "Within". Ideally, a clustering is good if it has the properties of internal cohesion and external separation, i.e. the BSS/TSS ratio should approach 1.

K-means clustering with 2 clusters of sizes 1995, 3827

Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:

[11 291404 7 580337 7]
```

[1] 291404.7 580337.7 (between\_SS / total\_SS = 51.4 %)

Standardized results

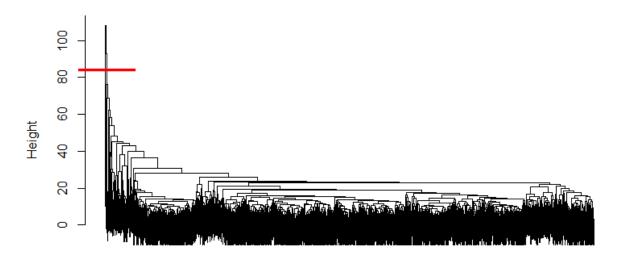
In this case, standardized scales data show relatively bad results

K-means clustering with 2 clusters of sizes 2202, 3620

```
Within cluster sum of squares by cluster: [1] 204015.1\ 254321.5 (between_SS / total_SS = 7.4\ \%)
```

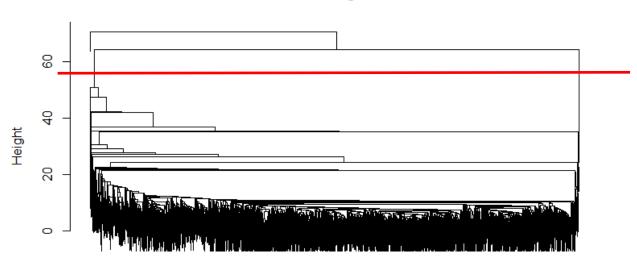
# 2 Hierarchical clustering

# Complete



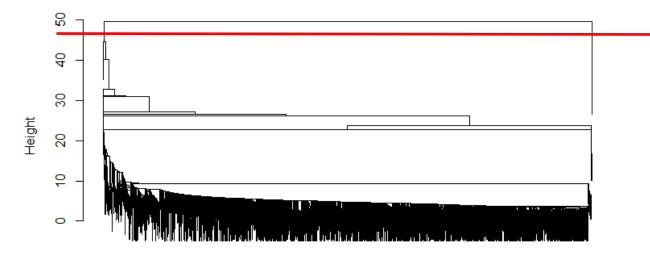
hclust (\*, "complete")

# Average



hclust (\*, "average")

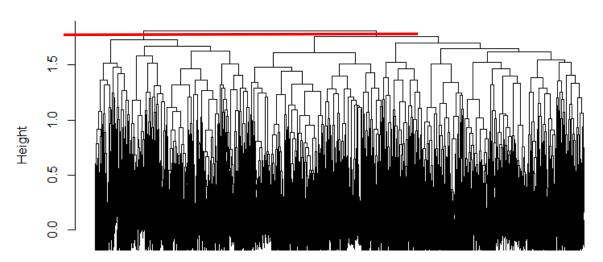
# Single



hclust (\*, "single")

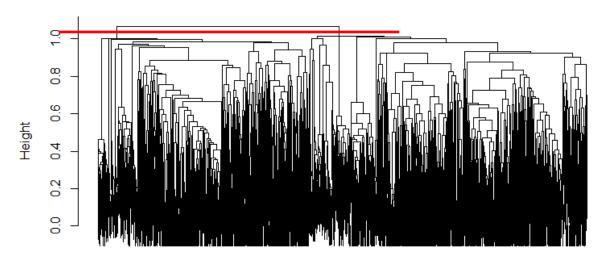
#try the correlation approach.

# Complete



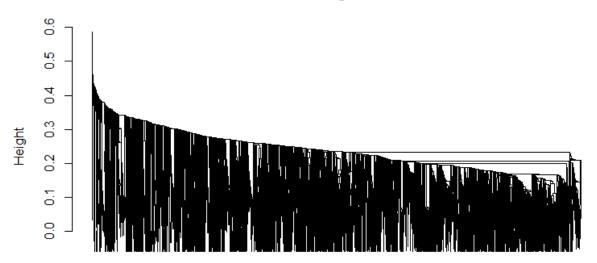
hclust (\*, "complete")

# Average



hclust (\*, "average")

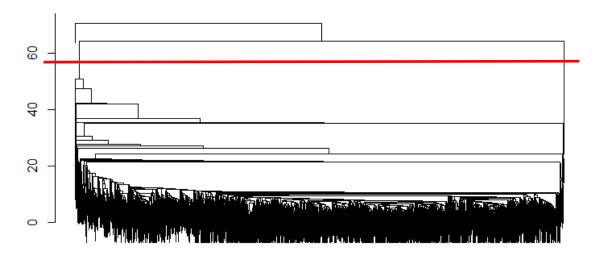
# Single



hclust (\*, "single")

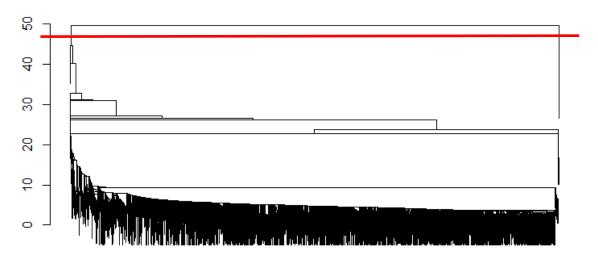
distance

# Average Linkage



It's reasonable to separate the data as two categories

## Single Linkage



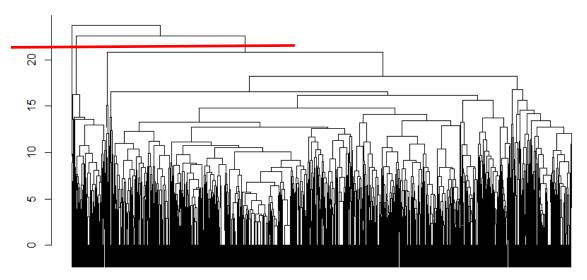
• Use only the variables 6-41. Can you cluster your training data into subsets? Which method performs better for the data?

```
>Xtrain3=C.train[,6:41]
Xtrain4=scale(Xtrain3)
cc = kmeans(Xtrain4, 2, nstart=10)

cc
K-means clustering with 2 clusters of sizes 3342, 2480

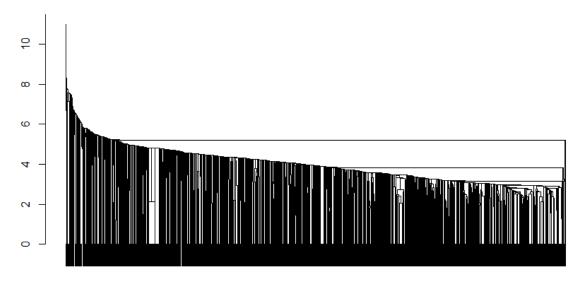
Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:
[1] 96414.31 83419.46
  (between_SS / total_SS = 14.2 %)
```





The complete show clearer clusters on the branch

Single Linkage



## Average Linkage

