Dual Boot Setup Guide: Windows 10, Windows 11, and Ubuntu via Ventoy



Overview

This guide walks you through creating a multiboot USB using **Ventoy**, installing **Windows 10**, Windows 11 (with TPM/CPU bypass), and Ubuntu Linux in a dual-boot setup. It includes BIOS setup, manual partitioning, and troubleshooting tips.



Back up important data before proceeding with a dual-boot installation.



Requirements

- 1 USB drive (16GB minimum) /dev/sdb assumed in guide
- Ventoy installed on USB
- Windows 10 ISO: Win10_22H2_EnglishInternational_x64v1.iso
- Windows 11 ISO: Win11_EnglishInternational.iso
- Ubuntu ISO: ubuntu-22.04.4-desktop-amd64.iso
- PC with BIOS/UEFI access



🧰 Step 1: Prepare Ventoy USB



⚠ Double-check /dev/sdb is your USB! This command will erase the drive.

wget https://github.com/ventoy/Ventoy/releases/download/v1.0.96/ventoy-1.0.96linux.tar.gz tar -xzvf ventoy-1.0.96-linux.tar.gz cd ventoy-1.0.96 sudo ./Ventoy2Disk.sh -i /dev/sdb



📤 Step 2: Download and Copy ISOs to Ventoy USB

- cp ~/Downloads/Win10_22H2_EnglishInternational_x64v1.iso /mnt/ventoy
- cp ~/Downloads/Win11_EnglishInternational.iso /mnt/ventoy
- cp ~/Downloads/ubuntu-22.04.4-desktop-amd64.iso /mnt/ventoy



Optional: Verify ISO checksum with sha256sum to avoid corrupted installs.



Step 3: Install Windows 10 (First OS)

- 1. Boot from Ventoy USB
- 2. Select Windows 10 ISO
- 3. Use **Custom Install**
- 4. Delete existing partitions
- 5. Create:
 - **100GB Primary Partition** for Windows 10
 - Leave Unallocated Space for Ubuntu

Bypass)

- 1. Boot from Ventoy USB
- 2. Select Windows 11 ISO
- 3. On unsupported hardware, press Shift+F10 during install
- 4. Bypass TPM/CPU check:

regedit

Add the following in Registry Editor:

```
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\Setup
```

- → Create Key: LabConfig
- → Inside LabConfig, create DWORD (32-bit) values: BypassTPMCheck = 1BypassSecureBootCheck = 1BypassCPUCheck = 1
 - 5. Restart the setup and continue installation



🐧 Step 5: Install Ubuntu on Remaining Space

- 1. Boot from Ventoy USB
- 2. Select Ubuntu ISO
- 3. Choose Try Ubuntu to load live desktop
- 4. Open terminal and launch GParted:

sudo gparted

- 5. Partition remaining space:
 - 1GB Linux swap partition (Type: linux-swap)

- Remaining space as ext4 (mount point: /)
- 6. Launch installer and choose Something Else
 - Set root partition (/) to ext4
 - Set swap partition
 - Install bootloader to /dev/sda

Partition Layout Diagram

Partition	Size	Type	Use
/dev/sda1	100MB	EFI System	Boot Manager (Windows/GRUB)
/dev/sda2	100GB	NTFS	Windows 10
/dev/sda3	80GB	NTFS	Windows 11 (optional)
/dev/sda4	1GB	linux-swap	Ubuntu Swap
/dev/sda5	Remaining	ext4	Ubuntu Root /



** Step 6: Post-Install: GRUB Fix + OS Default

Boot into Ubuntu and run:

sudo update-grub sudo grub-install /dev/sda

Edit GRUB config:

sudo nano /etc/default/grub

To set Windows as default:

GRUB_DEFAULT="Windows Boot Manager (on /dev/sda2)"

Or use:

GRUB_DEFAULT=saved GRUB_SAVEDEFAULT=true

Then run:

sudo update-grub

Optional Tuning

- Change BIOS boot order to boot from Ubuntu first
- Use Startup Applications in Ubuntu to enable auto-login or disable unnecessary apps

• Run Ubuntu Updates:

sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade



Troubleshooting Appendix

GRUB Not Showing After Ubuntu Install

sudo grub-install /dev/sda sudo update-grub

Can't Boot USB (Ventoy not loading)

- Try reformatting USB and reinstalling Ventoy
- Ensure USB is set as first boot device in BIOS

Windows 11 TPM/CPU Bypass Didn't Work

- Ensure correct registry keys were added under LabConfig
- Double-check spelling and DWORD (32-bit) format

Ubuntu Install Crashes or Freezes

Use nomodeset boot parameter in GRUB to disable GPU drivers

📸 Photos & Screenshots (See Appendices)

All referenced steps are visually supported with attached installation images, BIOS screenshots, partition layout, and Ventoy interface photos.



Final Notes

You now have a full **multiboot USB** and a **custom dual-boot system** running Windows and Ubuntu! This process helps you:

- Avoid multiple USBs
- Skip TPM/CPU checks for Win11
- Use Linux alongside Windows for development, IT, or learning purposes.
- 🧠 Document compiled by Tom Kemp
- PDF version includes all commands, images, and instructions for offline reference.