Self-Assessment Quiz

General Knowledge about California Community Colleges, Basic Skills Students and Yourself.

A note about answering these questions:

This is anonymous. Answer honestly; no one is looking.

This is self-assessment.

For each question, please select the best answer.

- 1. Approximately what percent of California Community Colleges students place into one or more basic skills course in reading, writing, ESL or math?
 - a. 0%
 - b. 25%
 - c. 35%
 - d. 50%
 - e. Over 70%
- 2. What percent of the students in your class probably require additional pre-collegiate training in order to be successful in college-level course work?
 - a. 10%
 - b. 20%
 - c. 40%
 - d. 60%
 - e. Over 70%
- 3. The definition of basic skills is: Those foundation skills necessary for students to succeed in college-level work in
 - a. Reading
 - b. Writing
 - c. Math
 - d. English as a Second Language (ESL)
 - e. Any of the disciplines above as well as learning and study skills
- 4. How many students who start 3 or more levels below college level actually make it to a college level course?
 - a. Less than 10%
 - b. 15% 30%
 - c. Approximately 40%
 - d. Over 60%
 - e. 80% or more
- 5. What is the AVERAGE number of hours our community college students work per week? (as reported by the CCCCO)
 - a. 8 hours/week
 - b. 16 hours per week
 - c. 24 hours per week
 - d. 28 hours per week
 - e. 32 hours per week

- 6. Which of the following is true of basic skills students in California community colleges?
 - a. They generally assess uniformly low on placement tests in all areas; reading, writing, math, and ESL
 - b. They may assess low on placement tests in one discipline while testing at college-level in other areas (i.e. a college level writer but require additional work in math)
 - c. They are easily identifiable in our classes by sex, age or ethnicity.
 - d. They usually have learning and study skills necessary to succeed in college-level work.
 - e. They are found only in the Community Colleges and are only rarely found at the UC and CSU campuses.
- 7. Which of the following is true about student success in basic skills?
 - a. The success rate in basic skill classes is the same as other college class success rates.
 - b. Ethnic diversity has no effect on student success in basic skills.
 - c. There are obvious and very different success patterns in basic skills courses based on ethnicity.
 - d. Students that take basic skills classes always do better in the college level classes.
 - e. The majority of basic skills students complete the entire basic skills class sequence.
- 8. Latina/o students represent the fastest growing population of community college students (averaging 27% of CCC students statewide but up to 85% at some individual colleges). Approximately what percent of Latina/o students and parents were unable to name even ONE source of financial aid funding?
 - a. 5% -15%
 - b. 15% -30%
 - c. 30% -45%
 - d. 45% -50%
 - e. 50% -65%

Answer these questions realistically with regards to your present work. Select the answer that most closely represents your belief and practice.

- 9. In the courses I teach and/or in the work that I do with students (e.g. as a counselor, librarian, etc) I consider student learning styles
 - a. Irrelevant with no conclusive research.
 - b. Possibly significant, but I don't know much about them.
 - c. Valid, but the students should adapt learning styles to teaching styles.
 - d. Important, but I don't know how to incorporate them into my class or work with students.
 - e. Essential, I include students learning style analysis opportunities for students and I use different learning approaches to meet the needs of different styles.
- 10. I inform students about expectations by:
 - a. Referring students to the student expectations in the catalog or student handbook.
 - b. Informally discussing my overall expectations with the students.
 - c. Providing clearly documented expectations specific to the situation (e.g. instructions, process handout, syllabus, or rubric).
 - d. Describing a wide range of expected student behaviors associated with academic achievement, intellectual and psychosocial development, and personal responsibilities.
 - e. All of the above

- 11. Concerning the design of your course or the way you interact with students in student services, which is **most** true? (Select the single answer that best represents your practice.)
 - a. I have worked hard to create the course organization or student interaction dynamics as it is now and I am satisfied with my work.
 - b. I have worked on my interactions with students/course design and attempt to assess its effectiveness, but have been unable to incorporate assessments or any changes.
 - c. I regularly reassess my interactions with students/course design, content, and strategies.
 - d. I regularly reassess my course content, design and teaching strategies then document and share those changes and the data that led me to make them with my colleagues.
 - e. I adopted my course design or student interaction style from a senior faculty member and it has served me well.

12. On a regular basis, in my work with students, I require them to

- I. Work collaboratively or join a learning community
- II. Review and analyze their work
- III. Create projects or products involving multiple
- IV. Turn in written work
- V. Examine complex problems or case studies
- VI. Communicate with me via e-mail or office visit
- VII. Give oral presentations
- VIII. Participate in field trips or observations of components of high level application current relevant applications
- IX. Attend at least one office hour
- X. Become involved in campus or community activities (service learning)
 - a. None of the above are required
 - b. One of the above is required
 - c. A few of the above are required
 - d. I require at least 5 of the above
 - e. I require all of the above in my work with students

13. In my work with students I

- a. Do not have planned assessments.
- b. Occasionally assess students.
- c. Limit assessments to final summative assessments such as exams or final report.
- d. Assess students frequently, including formative and summative assessment.
- e. Assess students frequently in a variety of different ways (projects, labs, quizzes, case studies), taking into account various learning styles, and authentic to real world tasks that relate to my course material.

14. The feedback I provide students is

- a. Oral only.
- b. Written only.
- c. Either oral or written depending on the situation.
- d. Either oral or written feedback and within hours or a couple of days at most.
- e. Some form of oral or written feedback as quickly as possible and based upon criteria or a rubric with diagnostic and specific information.

15. I consult with colleagues on my work with students

- a. Very infrequently or Never
- b. Occasionally

- c. In department meetings
- d. When accreditation or program review requires dialogue
- e. On a regular and scheduled basis to improve practice
- 16. I believe that student interactions and classroom instruction should
 - a. Allow students the opportunity to express what they know.
 - b. Respect diverse talents and ways of learning including potential cultural differences or perspectives.
 - c. Emulate real world experiences, not those unique to academic environments.
 - d. Consider first what the student needs to learn and be able to do, then second what information or content is essential.
 - e. All of the above.
- 17. With regards to professional development dedicated to student success and basic skills
 - a. I do not participate usually
 - b. There are very few options on our campus, but I would participate
 - c. I participate in some faculty development opportunities on my campus
 - d. I participate in faculty development opportunities in venues outside of my campus
 - e. I participate in faculty development opportunities on my campus and in other venues (such as statewide, national, online or other professional meetings).
- 18. Which of the following would be most beneficial to increasing student success in your area of work?
 - a. Principles of learning theory
 - b. Specific pedagogical and student service practices
 - c. Holistic student development
 - d. Culturally responsive teaching theory and practices
 - e. Curricular and program alignment strategies