

acorn Vignette

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Load the acorn Package

```
library('acorn')
```

Load in the Test DNV Data

readDNV = Reads in a de novo variant (DNV) file in the format of sample, chromosome, genomic position, reference allele, alternate allele, and then any optional columns. File must be tab-delimited and the file must have the data in the order listed above (i.e., sample is field 1, chromosome is field 2, genomic position is field 3, reference allele is field 4, and alternate allele is field 5. The file can either be a uncompressed file or can be a gz compressed file. Please note that the chromosome data should take the form with a “chr” at the beginning (e.g., chr1).

Returns back a loaded in version of the DNV file that can be assigned to an object.

```
input <- readDNV(paste(path.package("acorn"), "/extdata/dnms_from_Ng_et_al_2022_Human_Mutation_paper.txt", sep = ""))
head(input)
```

```
##      SAMPLE CHROM POS_B38 REFERENCE      ALTERNATE
## 1 HG01928  chr1  913941          G                T
```

```
## 2 HG03915 chr1 917676 C A
## 3 HG03915 chr1 918783 G C
## 4 HG00450 chr1 1216505 A G
## 5 HG02257 chr1 1217502 G A
## 6 HG00465 chr1 1366883 G GGTGTGAATTGGTGTAGTGTGAATGAGT
## ID
## 1 chr1_913941_G_T
## 2 chr1_917676_C_A
## 3 chr1_918783_G_C
## 4 chr1_1216505_A_G
## 5 chr1_1217502_G_A
## 6 chr1_1366883_G_GGTGTGAATTGGTGTAGTGTGAATGAGT
```

```
str(input)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 9741 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ SAMPLE : chr "HG01928" "HG03915" "HG03915" "HG00450" ...
## $ CHROM : chr "chr1" "chr1" "chr1" "chr1" ...
## $ POS_B38 : int 913941 917676 918783 1216505 1217502 1366883 1765426 2332062 2645102 3355666 ...
## $ REFERENCE: chr "G" "C" "G" "A" ...
## $ ALTERNATE: chr "T" "A" "C" "G" ...
## $ ID : chr "chr1_913941_G_T" "chr1_917676_C_A" "chr1_918783_G_C" "chr1_1216505_A_G" ...
```

Extract an Individual

extractIndividual = Extracts the DNVs out of a dnvObject from a particular individual. Returns a DNV object containing only DNVs in the specified individual.

```
ind <- extractIndividual(input, "HG01928")
head(ind)
```

```
## SAMPLE CHROM POS_B38 REFERENCE ALTERNATE ID
## 1 HG01928 chr1 913941 G T chr1_913941_G_T
## 12 HG01928 chr1 3393842 G A chr1_3393842_G_A
## 166 HG01928 chr1 44230922 C T chr1_44230922_C_T
## 304 HG01928 chr1 94001171 C T chr1_94001171_C_T
## 405 HG01928 chr1 151473815 T C chr1_151473815_T_C
## 422 HG01928 chr1 156638884 G A chr1_156638884_G_A
```

```
nrow(ind)
```

```
## [1] 85
```

```
table(ind[,1])
```

```
##
## HG01928
## 85
```

Extract Multiple Individuals

```
ind <- extractIndividual(input, c("HG01928", "HG03915"))
head(ind)
```

```
## SAMPLE CHROM POS_B38 REFERENCE ALTERNATE ID
## 1 HG01928 chr1 913941 G T chr1_913941_G_T
## 2 HG03915 chr1 917676 C A chr1_917676_C_A
## 3 HG03915 chr1 918783 G C chr1_918783_G_C
```

```
## 12  HG01928  chr1  3393842      G      A  chr1_3393842_G_A
## 74  HG03915  chr1 18766956      T      A  chr1_18766956_T_A
## 166 HG01928  chr1 44230922      C      T  chr1_44230922_C_T
```

```
nrow(ind)
```

```
## [1] 158
```

```
table(ind[,1])
```

```
##
```

```
## HG01928 HG03915
```

```
##      85      73
```

extract SNVs

extractSNVs = Extracts single-nucleotide variants (SNVs) out from a DNV object generated using the readDNV function. Returns a DNV object containing only SNVs.

```
snvs <- extractSNVs(input)
```

```
nrow(snvs)
```

```
## [1] 8558
```

Extract INDELs Only

extractINDELs = Extracts small insertions/deletions (INDELs) out from a DNV object generated using the readDNV function. Returns a DNV object containing only INDELs.

```
indels <- extractINDELs(input)
```

```
nrow(indels)
```

```
## [1] 1183
```

Extract MNVs Only (There are None in the Test Set)

extractMNVs = Extracts multi-nucleotide variants (MNVs) out from a DNV object generated using the readDNV function. Returns a DNV object containing only MNVs.

```
mnvs <- extractMNVs(input)
```

```
nrow(mnvs)
```

```
## [1] 0
```

Calculate the Transition/Transversion Ratio

calculateTiTvRatio = This function will automatically grab only the SNVs from the DNV object for the calculation of the transition/transversion (Ti/Tv) ratio. Returns the counts of transitions, the counts of transversions, the Ti/Tv ratio, and a barplot of the different types of SNV changes observed in the DNV object.

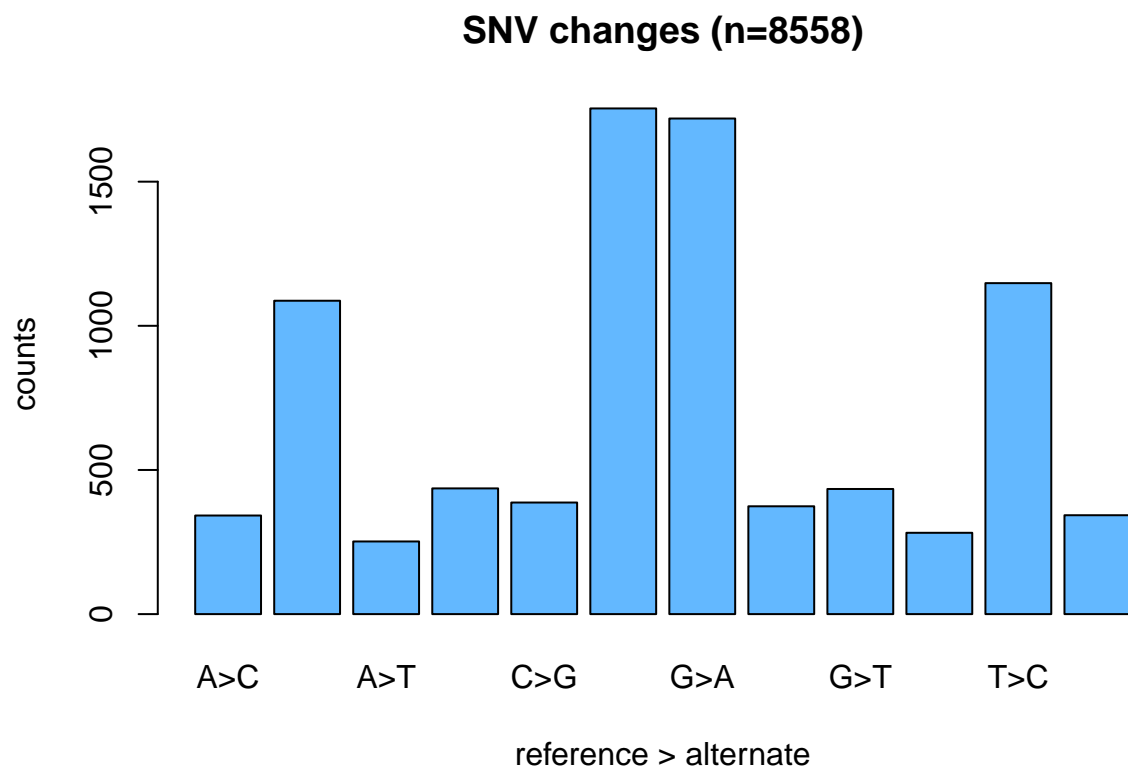
```
calculateTiTvRatio(input)
```

```
## number of transitions (A>G, C>T, G>A, T>C): 5708
```

```
## number of transversions (A>C, A>T, C>A, C>G, G>C, G>T, T>A, T>G): 2850
```

```
## Ti/Tv ratio: 2.00280701754386
```

```
## Plot of different nucleotide changes:
```



Calculate the Deletion/Insertion Ratio

`calculateDeletionInsertionRatio` = This function will automatically grab only the INDELs from the DNV object for the calculation of the deletion/insertion ratio. Returns the counts of deletions, the counts of insertions, and the deletion/insertion ratio.

```
calculateDeletionInsertionRatio(input)
```

```
## number of deletions: 540
```

```
## number of insertions: 643
```

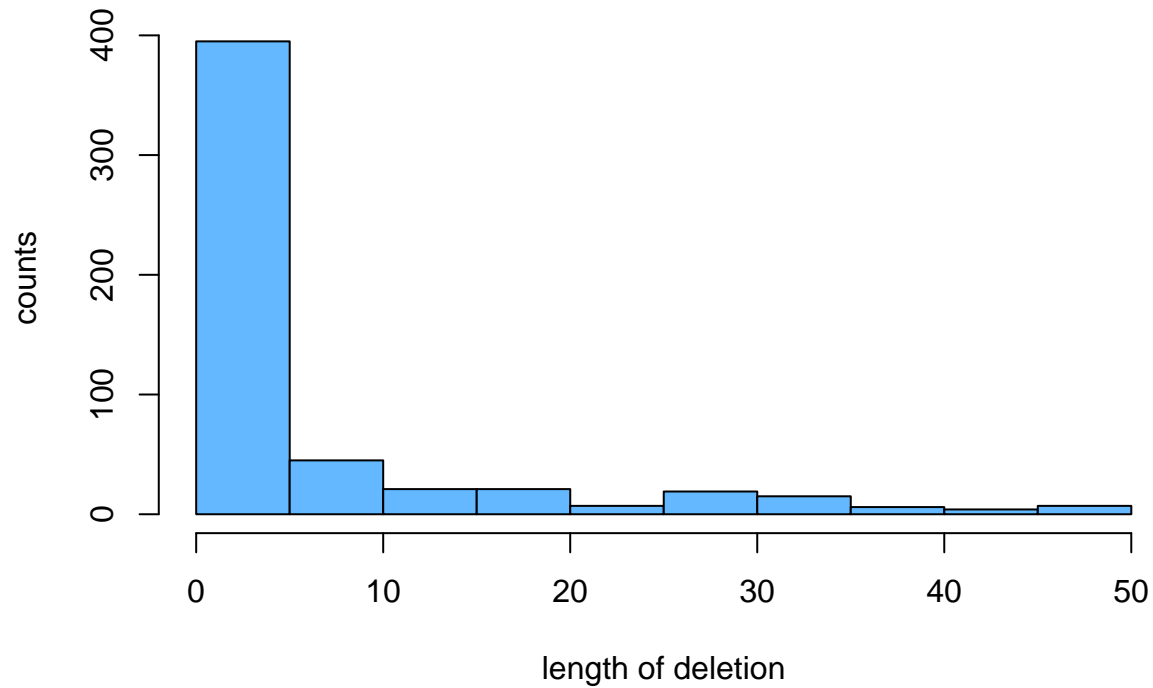
```
## deletion/insertion ratio: 0.839813374805599
```

Calculate Deletion Lengths

`calculateDeletionLengths` = This function will automatically grab only the deletions from the DNV object for the calculation of the length of the deletions. Returns the length of the deletions, in the form of an object, observed in the DNV object. It also returns a barplot of the deletion lengths.

```
dellengths <- calculateDeletionLengths(input)
```

deletion lengths (n=540)



```
head(dellengths)
```

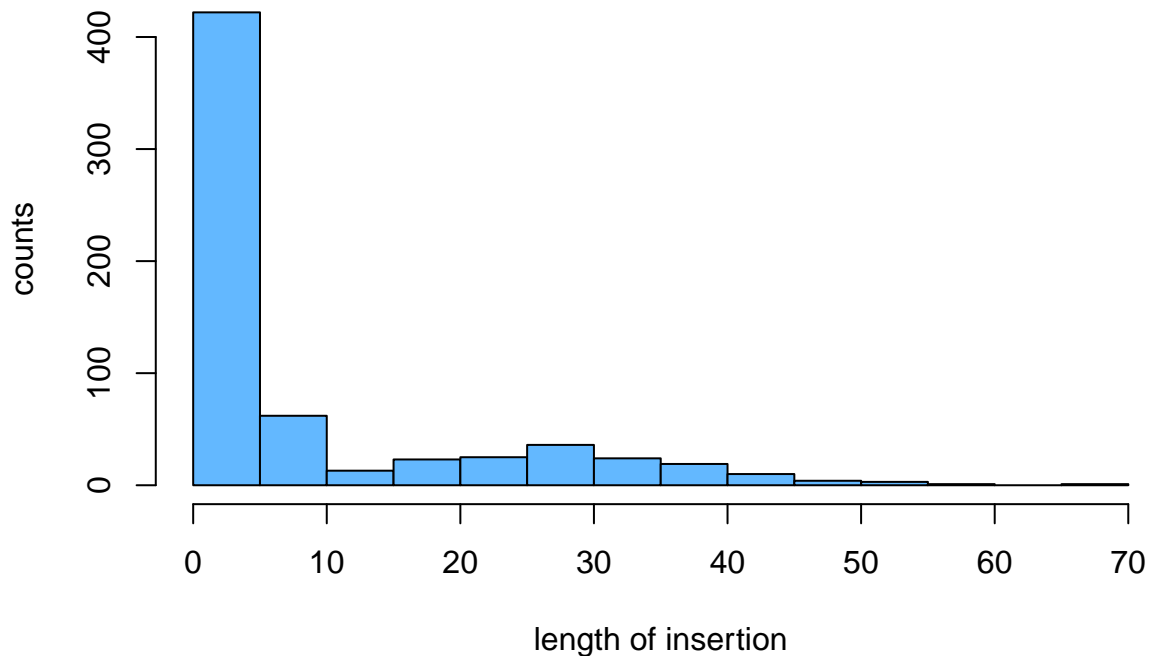
```
## [1]  2  2 27  2  2 15
```

Calculate Insertion Lengths

`calculateInsertionLengths` = This function will automatically grab only the insertions from the DNV object for the calculation of the length of the insertions. Returns the length of the insertions, in the form of an object, observed in the DNV object. It also returns a barplot of the insertion lengths.

```
inslengths <- calculateInsertionLengths(input)
```

insertion lengths (n=643)



```
head(inslengths)
```

```
## [1] 28 3 37 37 41 5
```

Keep Only the Autosomes

`extractAutosomes` = Extracts the autosomes (chromosomes 1 to 22) out from a DNV object originally generated using the `readDNV` function. You can also run this on objects generated from `extractSNVs`, `extractINDELs`, or `extractMNVs`. Returns a DNV object containing only DNVs on the autosomes.

```
aut <- extractAutosomes(input)
nrow(aut)
```

```
## [1] 9262
```

```
table(aut[,2])
```

```
##
## chr1 chr10 chr11 chr12 chr13 chr14 chr15 chr16 chr17 chr18 chr19 chr2 chr20
## 707 408 477 408 338 479 251 273 233 232 206 833 257
## chr21 chr22 chr3 chr4 chr5 chr6 chr7 chr8 chr9
## 143 154 696 642 614 551 482 501 377
```

Keep Only the X Chromosome

`extractX` = Extracts the X chromosome out from a DNV object originally generated using the `readDNV` function. You can also run this on objects generated from `extractSNVs`, `extractINDELs`, or `extractMNVs`. Returns a DNV object containing only DNVs on the X chromosome.

```
X <- extractX(input)
nrow(X)
```

```
## [1] 479
```

```
table(X[,2])
```

```
##  
## chrX  
## 479
```

Keep Only the Y Chromosome (There are None on the Y in the Test Dataset)

extractY = Extracts the Y chromosome DNVs out from a DNV object originally generated using the readDNV function. You can also run this on objects generated from extractSNVs, extractINDELs, or extractMNVs. Returns a DNV object containing only DNVs on the Y chromosome.

```
Y <- extractY(input)  
nrow(Y)
```

```
## [1] 0
```

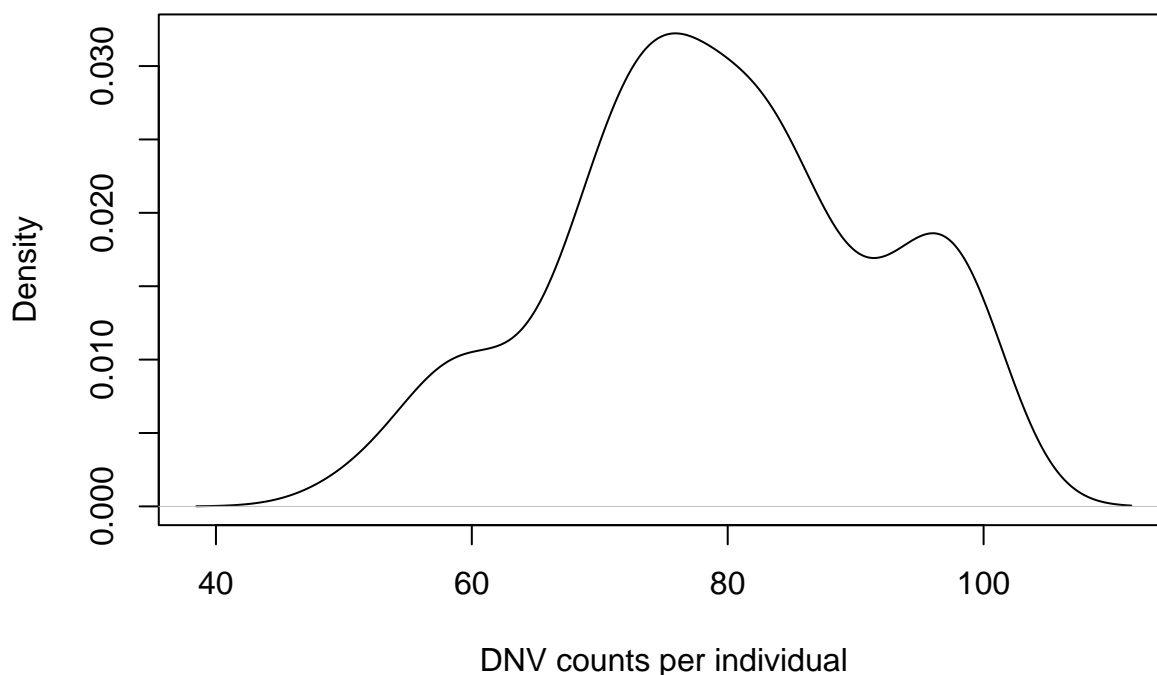
Calculate Counts per Individual

countsPerIndividual = This function will count the DNVs from a DNV object originally generated using the readDNV function. You can also run this on objects generated from extractSNVs, extractINDELs, or extractMNVs. Returns the mean of the DNV counts per individual, the standard deviation of the DNV counts per individual, a plot of the density of the DNV counts per individual, and an object consisting of the sample name and the counts of their DNVs that can be assigned to another object.

```
counts <- countsPerIndividual(input)
```

```
## mean of the counts per individual:  
## 79.1951219512195  
##  
## standard deviation of the counts per individual:  
## 12.2043116115263  
##  
## Plot generating of the density of the DNV counts.
```

density of DNV counts per individual



```
head(counts)
```

```
##      sample dnv_count
## 1 HG00405      70
## 2 HG00423      78
## 3 HG00429      57
## 4 HG00438      66
## 5 HG00444      74
## 6 HG00447      75
```

Load in Example Data for Parental Age Analyses

```
input <- readDNV(paste(path.package("acorn"), "/extdata/dnms_from_Ng_et_al_2022_Human_Mutation_paper.txt"))

countExample <- read.delim(paste(path.package("acorn"), "/extdata/dnm_count_example.txt", sep=""), sep="")
parentExample <- read.delim(paste(path.package("acorn"), "/extdata/parental_age_example.txt", sep=""))
```

Make Parental Age Object

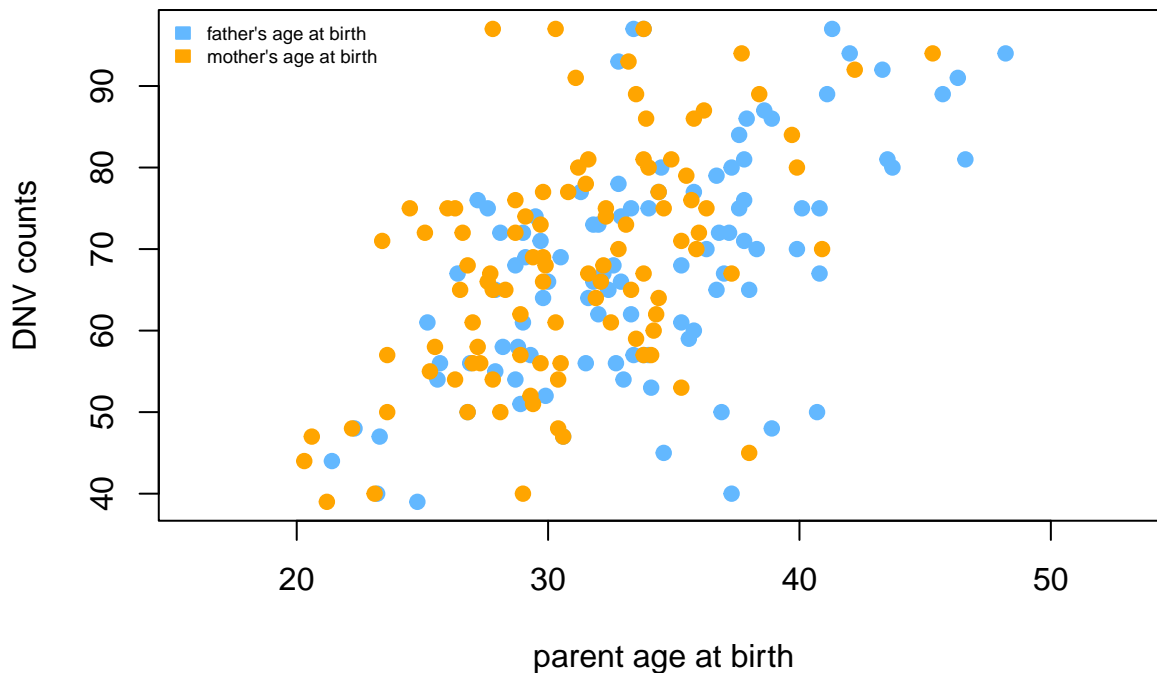
parentalAgeObject = Takes in a counts object that is either the result of countsPerIndividual() or is already read into an object from a file that contains the following two fields: sample and number of DNVs. The parental age object should be read in and contain the following fields: sample, father age at child's birth, and mother age at child's birth. Returns back an object with the de novo counts and parental age data together. The fields in this file are sample, dnm_counts, fatherAge, and motherAge.


```
parents <- parentalAgeObject(countExample, parentExample)
```

Run Parental Age Analyses Including Both Mother and Father

parentalAge = This function will calculate the correlation between father's and mother's age at birth and DNV counts per individual, the results of the linear model taking the form: `lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ fatherAge+motherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)`. Input required is output from the `parentalAgeObject` function in this package. Returns the results of the linear model taking the form: `lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ fatherAge + motherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)`. It also returns a plot of father's and mother's age at birth and DNV counts.

```
parentalAge(parents)
```



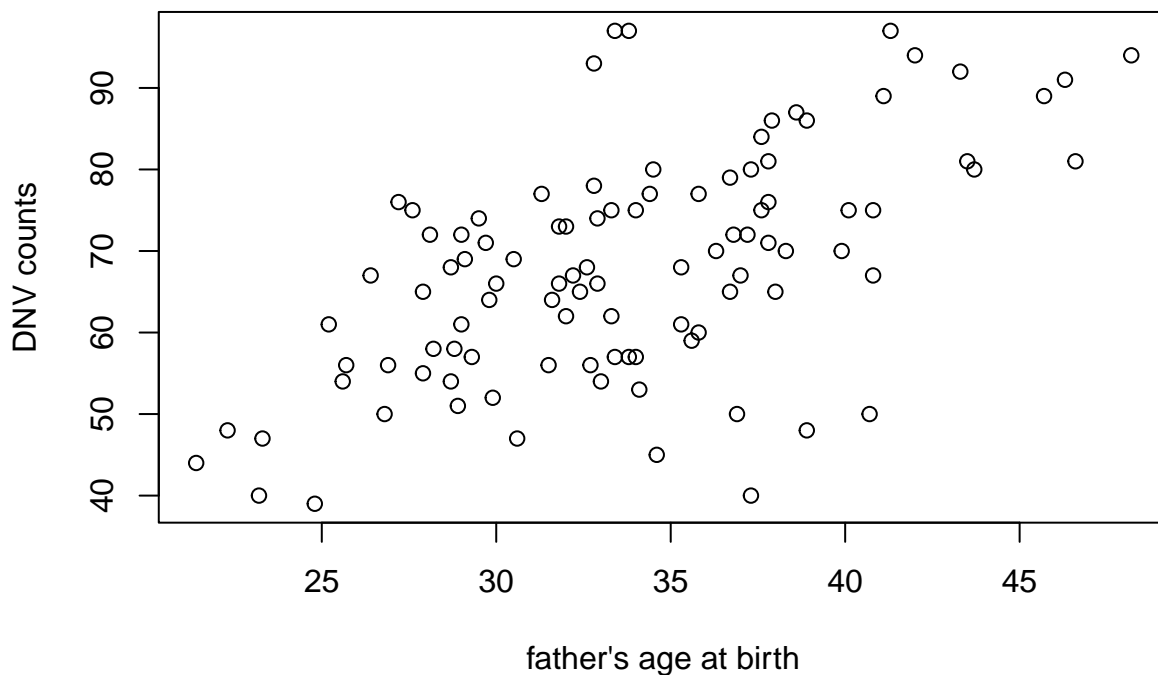
```
## $`summary of linear model for father's and mother's age at birth and DNV counts`
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ fatherAge + motherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -30.190  -6.831  -0.477   6.975  31.700
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  10.8374     7.7691   1.395 0.166220
## fatherAge     1.0331     0.2669   3.871 0.000196 ***
## motherAge     0.7179     0.3174   2.262 0.025955 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 11.14 on 97 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3732, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3603
## F-statistic: 28.87 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: 1.45e-10
```

```
##
##
## $`confidence interval of linear model for father's and mother's age at birth and DNV counts`
##           2.5 %    97.5 %
## (Intercept) -4.58207432 26.256945
## fatherAge    0.50343356 1.562695
## motherAge    0.08788934 1.347946
```

Run Parental Age Analyses for Father Age Only

fatherAge = This function will calculate the correlation between father's age at birth and DNV counts per individual, the results of the linear model taking the form: `lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ fatherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)`. Input required is output from the `parentalAgeObject` function in this package. Returns the correlation between father's age at birth and DNV counts per individual and the results of the linear model taking the form: `lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ fatherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)`. It also returns a plot of father's age at birth and DNV counts.

```
fatherAge(parents)
```



```
## $`correlation of father's age at birth and DNV counts`
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data:  parentalAgeObject[, 3] and parentalAgeObject[, 2]
## t = 7.1073, df = 98, p-value = 1.927e-10
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.4368243 0.6994934
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.5832034
##
##
```

```
## $`summary of linear model for father's age at birth and DNV counts`
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ fatherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -33.027  -6.690  -0.768   7.624  29.579
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  19.4131     6.9218   2.805  0.00608 **
## fatherAge     1.4374     0.2022   7.107 1.93e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 11.37 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3401, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3334
## F-statistic: 50.51 on 1 and 98 DF,  p-value: 1.927e-10
##
##
## $`confidence interval of linear model for father's age at birth and DNV counts`
##              2.5 %    97.5 %
## (Intercept) 5.676962 33.149157
## fatherAge   1.036030  1.838704
```

Run Parental Age Analyses for Mother Age Only

motherAge = This function will calculate the correlation between mother's age at birth and DNV counts per individual, the results of the linear model taking the form: `lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ motherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)`. Input required is output from the `parentalAgeObject` function in this package. Returns the correlation between mother's age at birth and DNV counts per individual and the results of the linear model taking the form: `lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ motherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)`. It also returns a plot of mother's age at birth and DNV counts.

```
motherAge(parents)
```



```
## $`correlation of mother's age at birth and DNV counts`
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: parentalAgeObject[, 4] and parentalAgeObject[, 2]
## t = 6.1173, df = 98, p-value = 1.955e-08
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.3671661 0.6545122
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.5256736
##
## $`summary of linear model for mother's age at birth and DNV counts`
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = dnm_counts ~ motherAge, data = parentalAgeObject)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -33.793  -7.578   -0.467    7.825   33.927
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  20.2284     7.8898   2.564  0.0119 *
## motherAge     1.5412     0.2519   6.117 1.96e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 11.91 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2763, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2689
```

```
## F-statistic: 37.42 on 1 and 98 DF,  p-value: 1.955e-08
##
##
## $`confidence interval of linear model for mother's age at birth and DNV counts`
##           2.5 %    97.5 %
## (Intercept) 4.571389 35.88550
## motherAge   1.041211  2.04113
```