

remapping of x in integr. dipoles

$$\sigma_{h_1 h_2} = \int_0^1 dn_1 \cdot \int_0^1 dn_2 \cdot \overset{\text{pdfs}}{f_a(n_1) \cdot f_b(n_2)} \cdot \int_0^1 dx \overset{\text{part. cross sect.}}{\sigma_{ab}(x n_1, p_1, n_2 p_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{n'_1 = x n_1} \quad \times I_a(x, x n_1, p_1, n_2 p_2) \quad \text{integr. dipoles}$$

$$= \int_0^1 dx \cdot \int_0^{\frac{x}{x}} \frac{dn'_1}{x} \int_0^1 dn_2 \quad f_a\left(\frac{n'_1}{x}\right) \cdot f_b(n_2) \cdot \sigma_{ab}(n'_1 p_1, n_2 p_2)$$

\uparrow
 $\int_0^x dn'_1$ can be promoted to $\int_0^1 dn'_1$
 if we require $f_a\left(\frac{n'_1}{x}\right) = 0$ for $\frac{n'_1}{x} > 1$.

$$\times I_a(x, n'_1 p_1, n_2 p_2)$$

Now, do the same for n_2 and add up:

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_{h_1 h_2} = \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 dn_1 \int_0^1 dn_2 \sigma_{ab}(n_1 p_1, n_2 p_2) \cdot \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{x} f_a\left(\frac{n_1}{x}\right) \cdot f_b(n_2) \cdot I_a(x, n_1 p_1, n_2 p_2) \\ &+ f_a(n_1) \cdot \frac{1}{x} f_b\left(\frac{n_2}{x}\right) \cdot I_b(x, n_1 p_1, n_2 p_2) \end{aligned} \right\}}$$

The integr. dipoles I_p decompose into a delta-fct. part (soft) and into a regular part (fini) and into a plus-distr. part (plus):

$$I_p = \overset{\text{"soft"}}{c_p \cdot \delta(x-1)} + \overset{\text{"fini"}}{g_p(x)} + \overset{\text{"plus"}}{h_p(x)}$$

pdfs + part. cross sect.

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow s_p(x) \cdot I_p &= s_p(1) \cdot c_p + s_p(x) g_p(x) + (s_p(x) - s_p(1)) h_p(x) \\ &= s_p(1) \cdot [c_p - h_p(x)] + s_p(x) \cdot [g_p(x) + h_p(x)] \end{aligned}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{h_1 h_2} &= \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 d\eta_1 \int_0^1 d\eta_2 \cdot \sigma_{ab}(\eta_1 P_1, \eta_2 P_2) \cdot \left\{ \right. \\ &\quad f_a(\eta_1) \cdot f_b(\eta_2) \cdot [(c_a - h_a(x)) + (c_b - h_b(x))] \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{x} f_a\left(\frac{\eta_1}{x}\right) \cdot f_b(\eta_2) \cdot [g_a(x) + h_a(x)] \\ &\quad \left. + f_a(\eta_1) \cdot \frac{1}{x} f_b\left(\frac{\eta_2}{x}\right) \cdot [g_b(x) + h_b(x)] \right\} \end{aligned}$$