

INSTALLING SCRIPTS

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<(2. Expert An employee who performs regular services of
a hig!!Y technical or administrative nature
essential to theaccom plishm'ant of certa:in specialized functions An-expert
e normally will perform duties suchdeveloping and putting into effect solutionsoperating
problems a highly technicalofnature supervisingexecutionhighlyfunctionsofth~tec~ical
conducting responsible activities which are an integral part of asoperatingprocedures and
making operational decision s a specialist in a highly technical field ofknowledge.
his Though service normally is intermittent, an expert may have con~inuing operational
responsihill ties during each period of actual duty since his primary function is to out specialized
Operations carry for which training and experience qualify him services of The an expert are
they cannot perform suchtha "t beby a regularemployee or obtained on any other basis.)>

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<(Special ProjectsExecutive Ass'toChiefthePersonnel and Logistics BranchSecurity and
Cryptographic BranchOperations Branchfie SectionRaw 'rafTrafficSection
~droinistrativePerformance SectionSpecial DeviceSectionCommandant, AFSA School
Ass'Commandant SchoolAFSA Academic DivisionAdministrative DivisionTesting Section Security
Section)>

‡

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</action>
<symbol>NCO</symbol>
<criteria>Not directly related to protecting the confidentiality of CUI </criteria>
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</actions>
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<action>
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<symbol>FFD</symbol>
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<criteria>Inherently federal, primarily the responsibility of the federal government.
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</criteria>
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</actions>
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<action>
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<symbol>NFO</symbol>
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<criteria>Expected to be routinely satisfied by nonfederal organizations without specification </criteria>
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</actions>
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<action>
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<symbol>CUI</symbol>
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<criteria>The CUI basic or derived security requirement is reflected in and is traceable to the security control, control enhancement, or specific elements of the control/enhancement </criteria>
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</actions>
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file:///C:/Users/luhell/OneDrive - National Institute of Standards and Technology

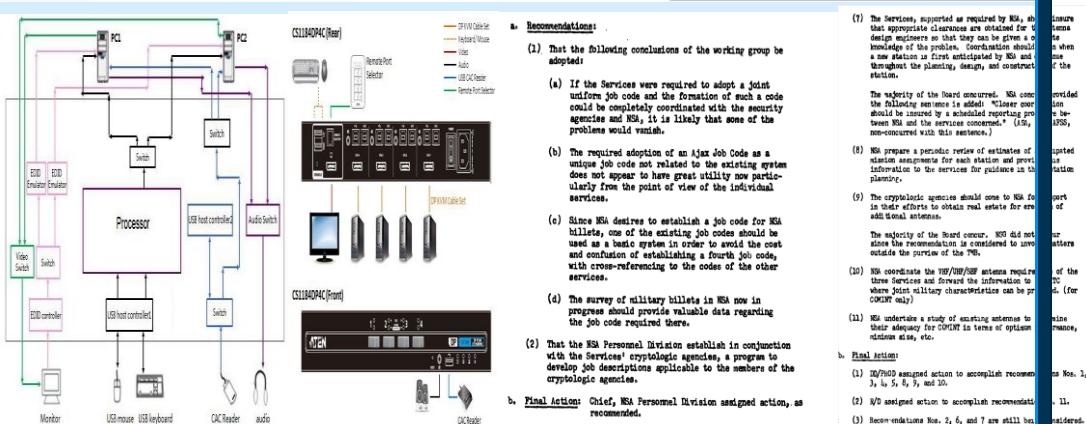
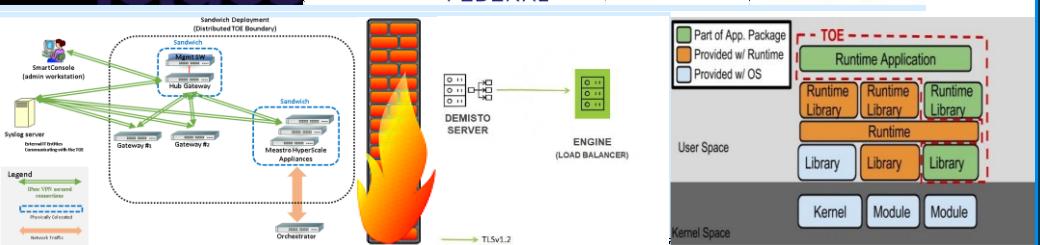
(NIST)/doc/2021/Bal2021luhe0408.html#d2e511

13/16)

Commented [A2]:

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t>0  
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(t) = u(t)  
vct  
and  
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t > 0  
8>>>  
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TECHNOGRAPHIC ELEMENTS



ON-LINE TELETYPE CIPHER DEVICE

General One 44x4 telegraph rack on castors Height 110 approximately

Outline Description - An electronically operated half-duplex on-line teletypewriter substituting electromechanical device.

Technical Description

Electromechanical Features: See notes on Cock-Robins. (Item no.). The cipher key is generated by cold cathode gas tubes. Provision is made for generating random indicators not under control of the operator and for automatically positioning the key generator to these indicators.

Mechanical Features: The whole equipment is electronic. Most circuits use cold cathode gas tubes.

General - The device is intended initially for use on GPO land line circuits. A basic concept has been the use of electronic techniques so as to permit ready mass production.

State of Progress - Two models now being built for user trials.

PENDRAGON

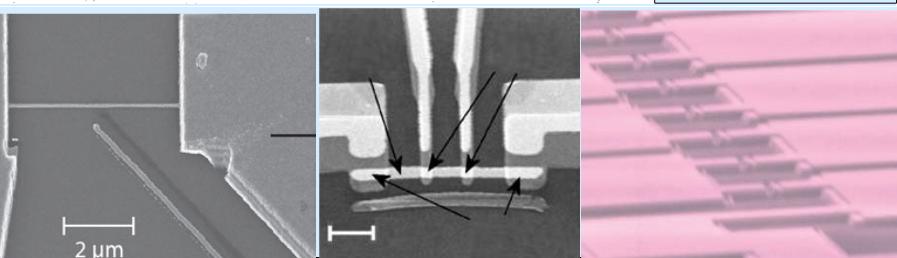
General Pendragon is an off-line cipher machine using a perforated tape input and producing a page-printed copy on a teletypewriter and also, if required, a perforated tape on a printing reperforator.

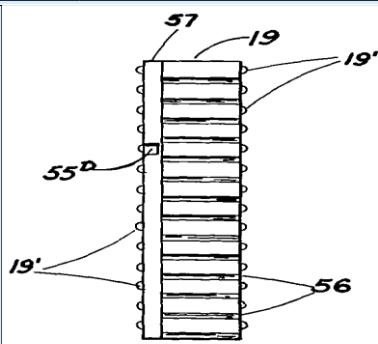
The input tape can be prepared on a standard teletypewriter perforator using the full range of teletypewriter signals. Signal signals are automatically inserted by the equipment which has a 24-way permitting name exactly the same as that used in Singlet.

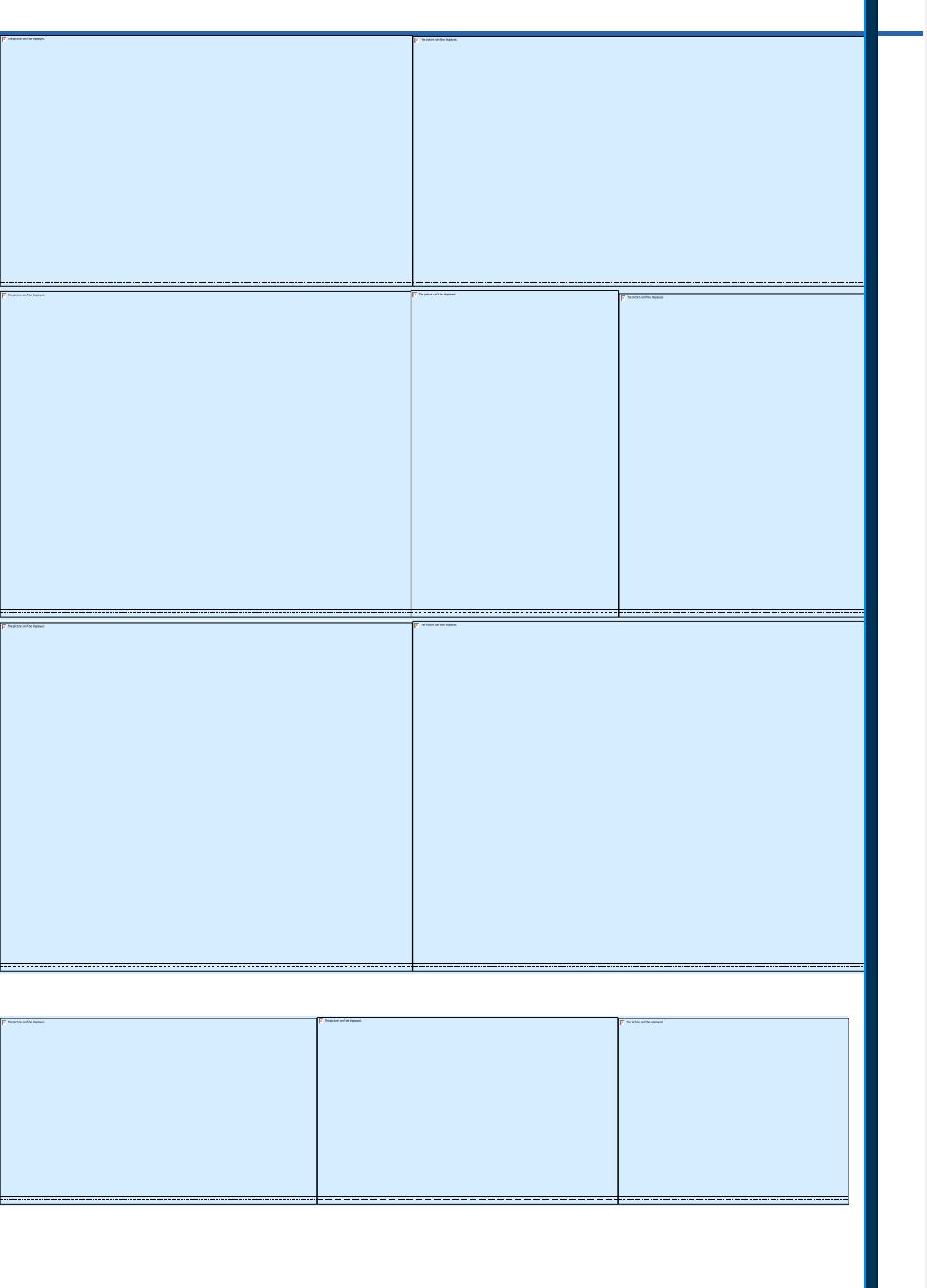
Pendragon will interwork with Singlet and can also be used for GPO or NSA working.

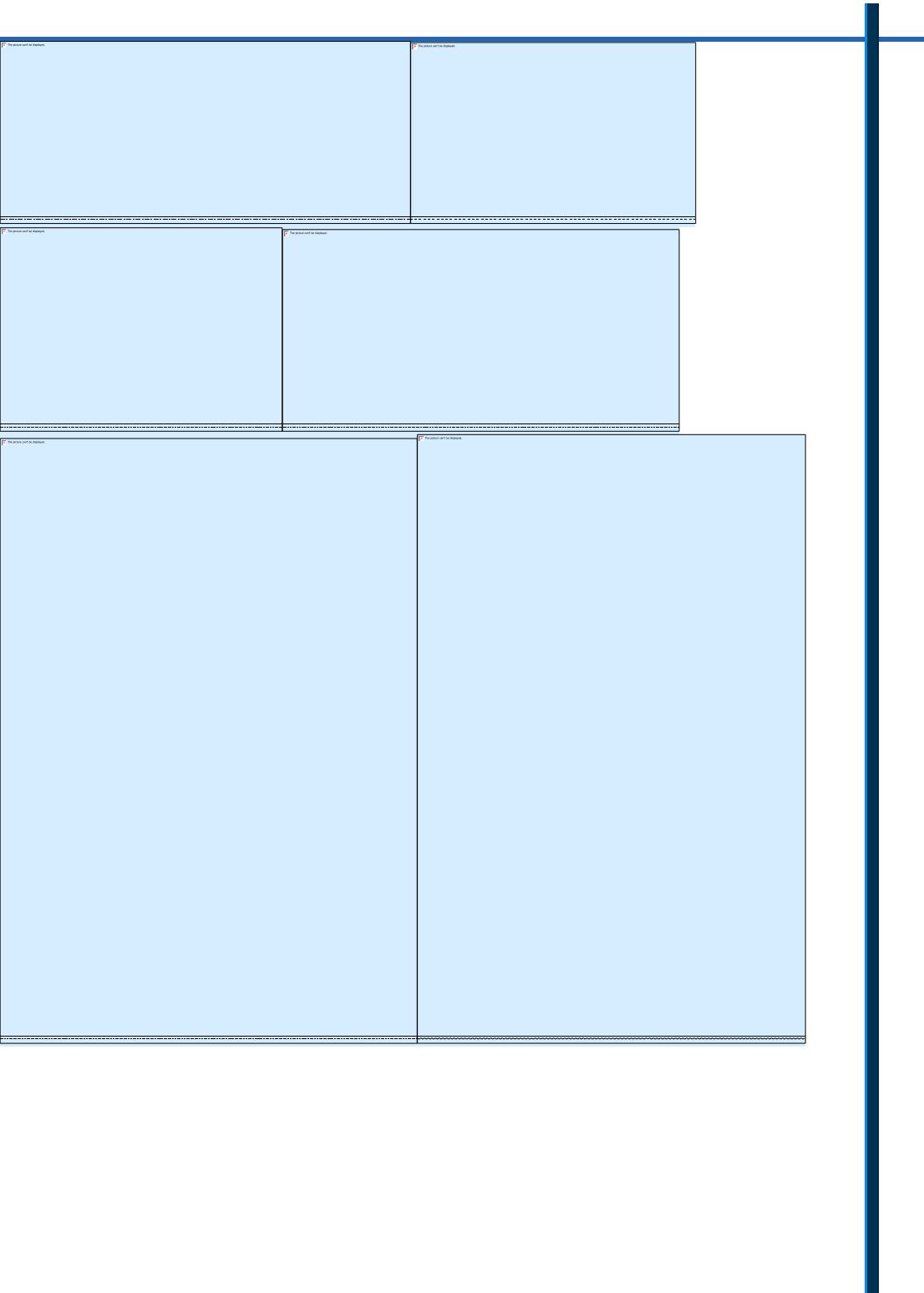
Details - The unit will be identical with Singlet, except that the keyboard and printer will be replaced by a control unit for inserting carriage return and line-feed, etc.

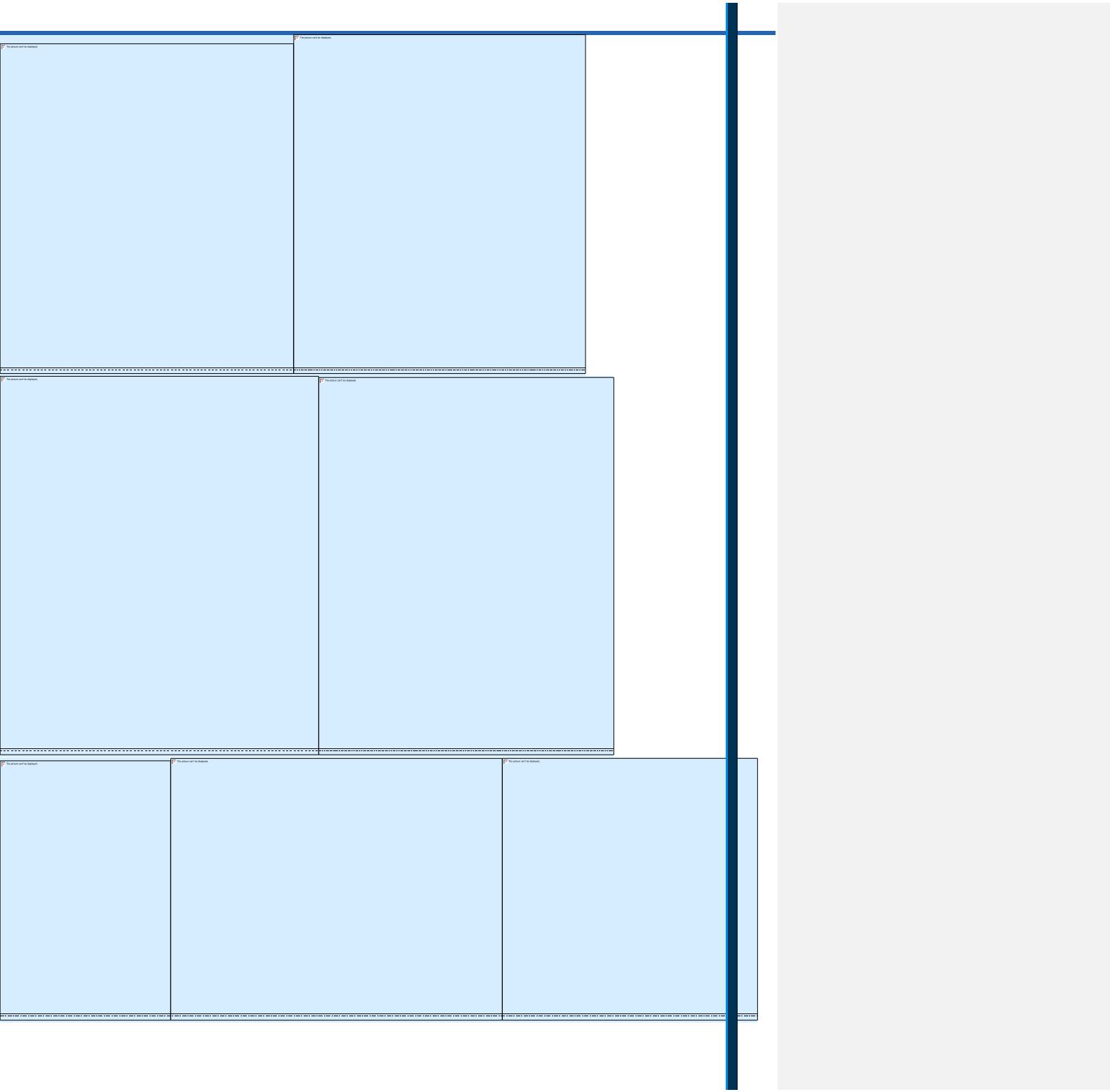
Status of Progress - Development is proceeding in parallel with the work on Singlet and it is expected that both Singlet and Pendragon will become available about the same time.

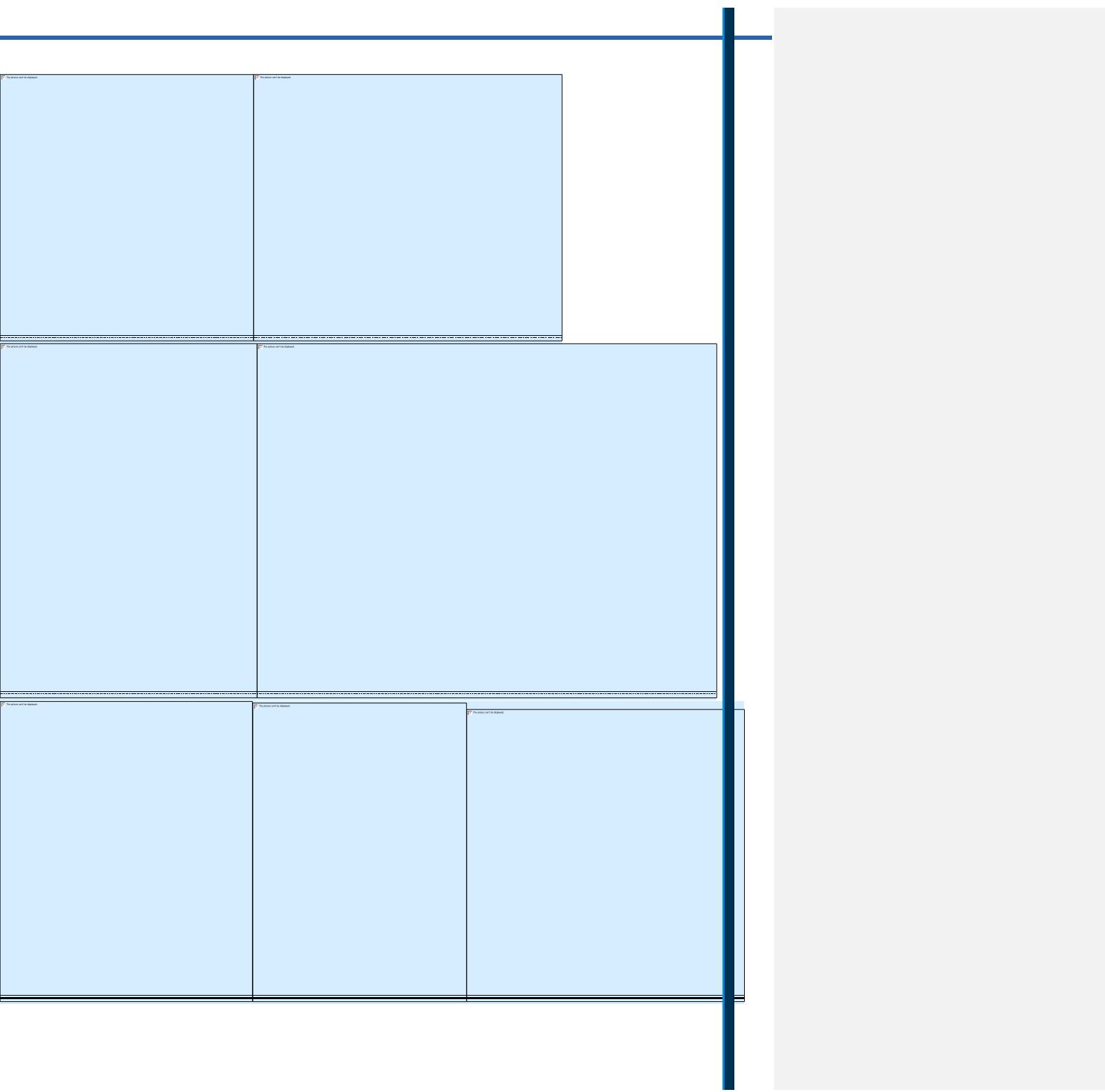


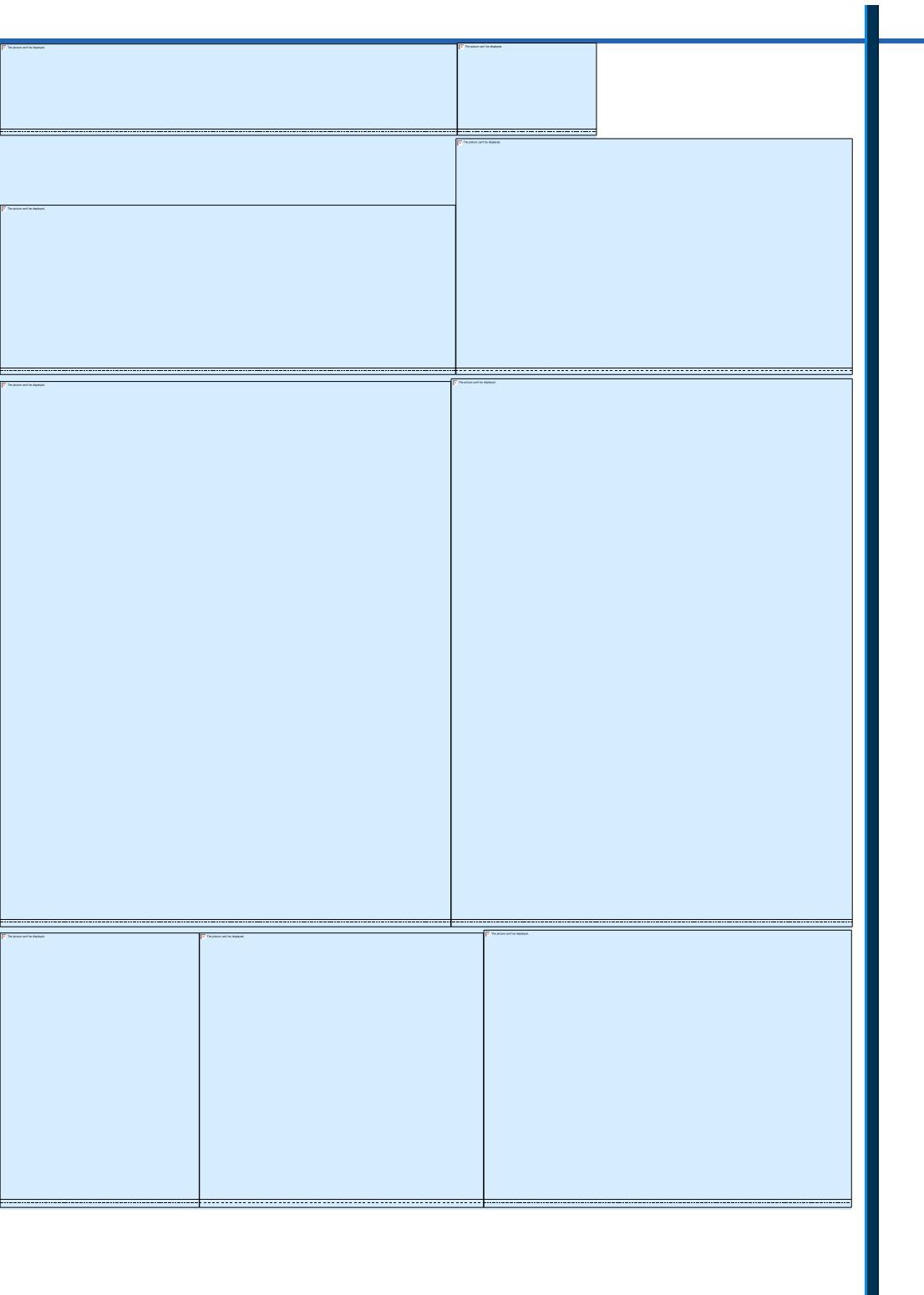


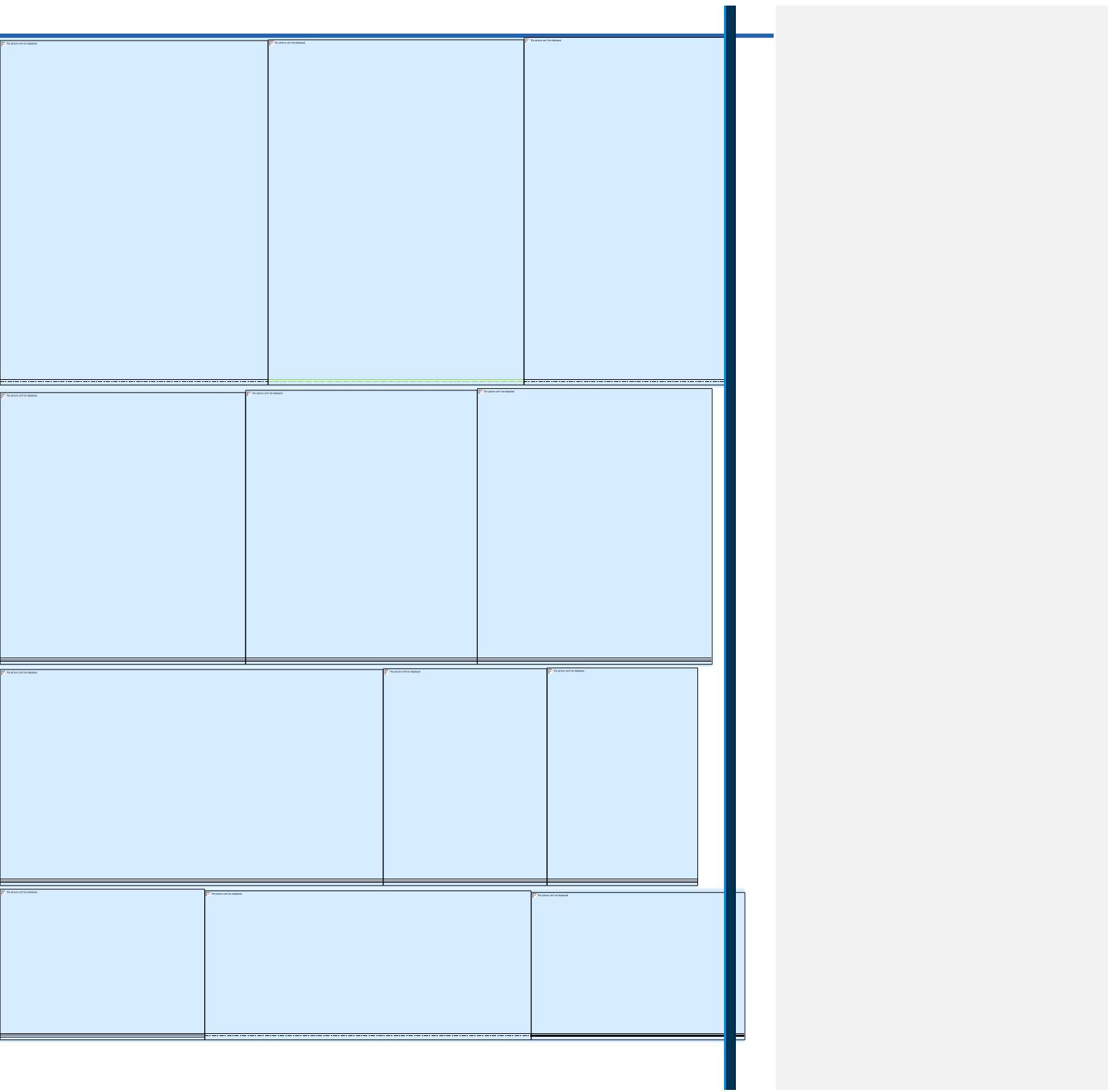


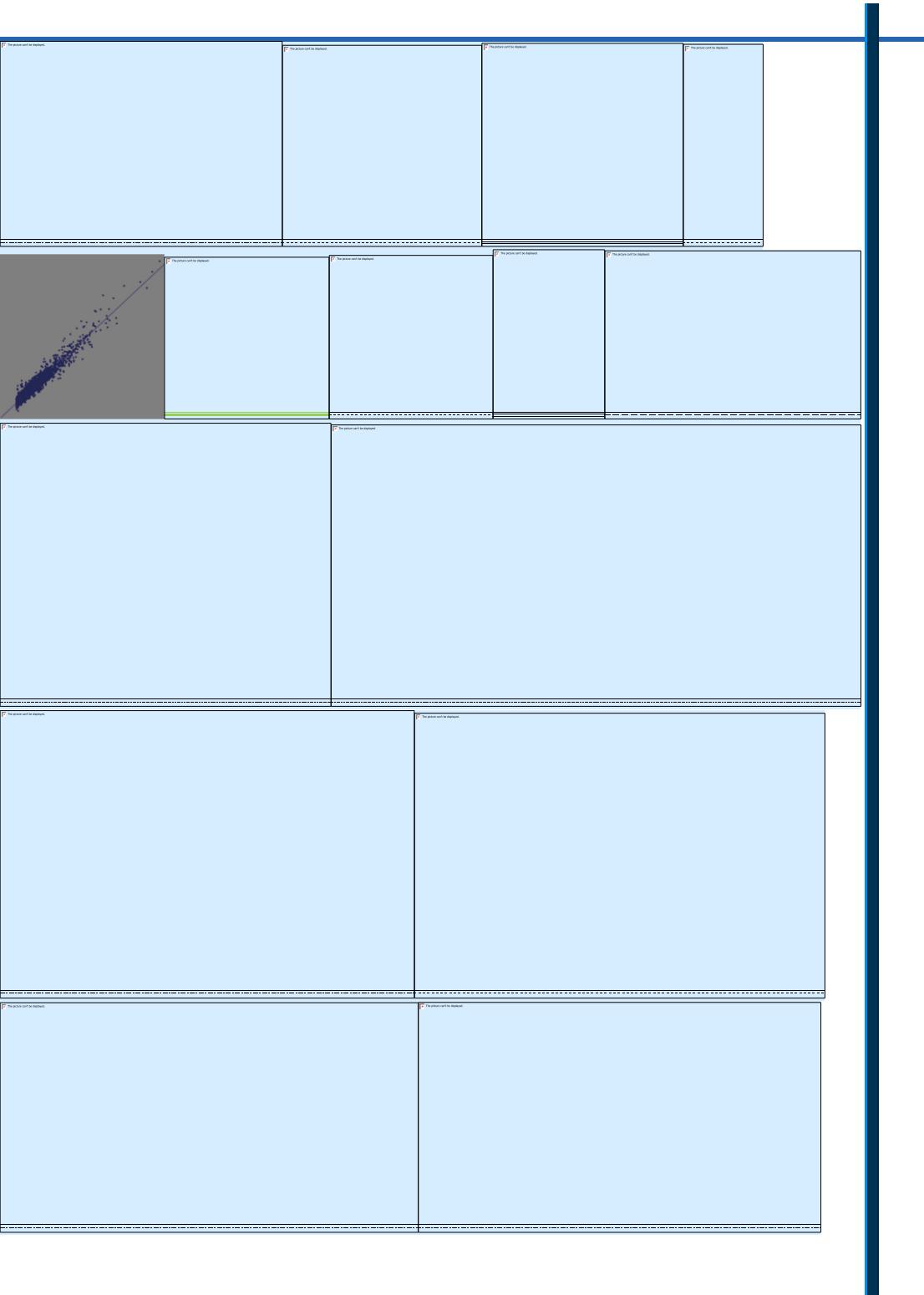


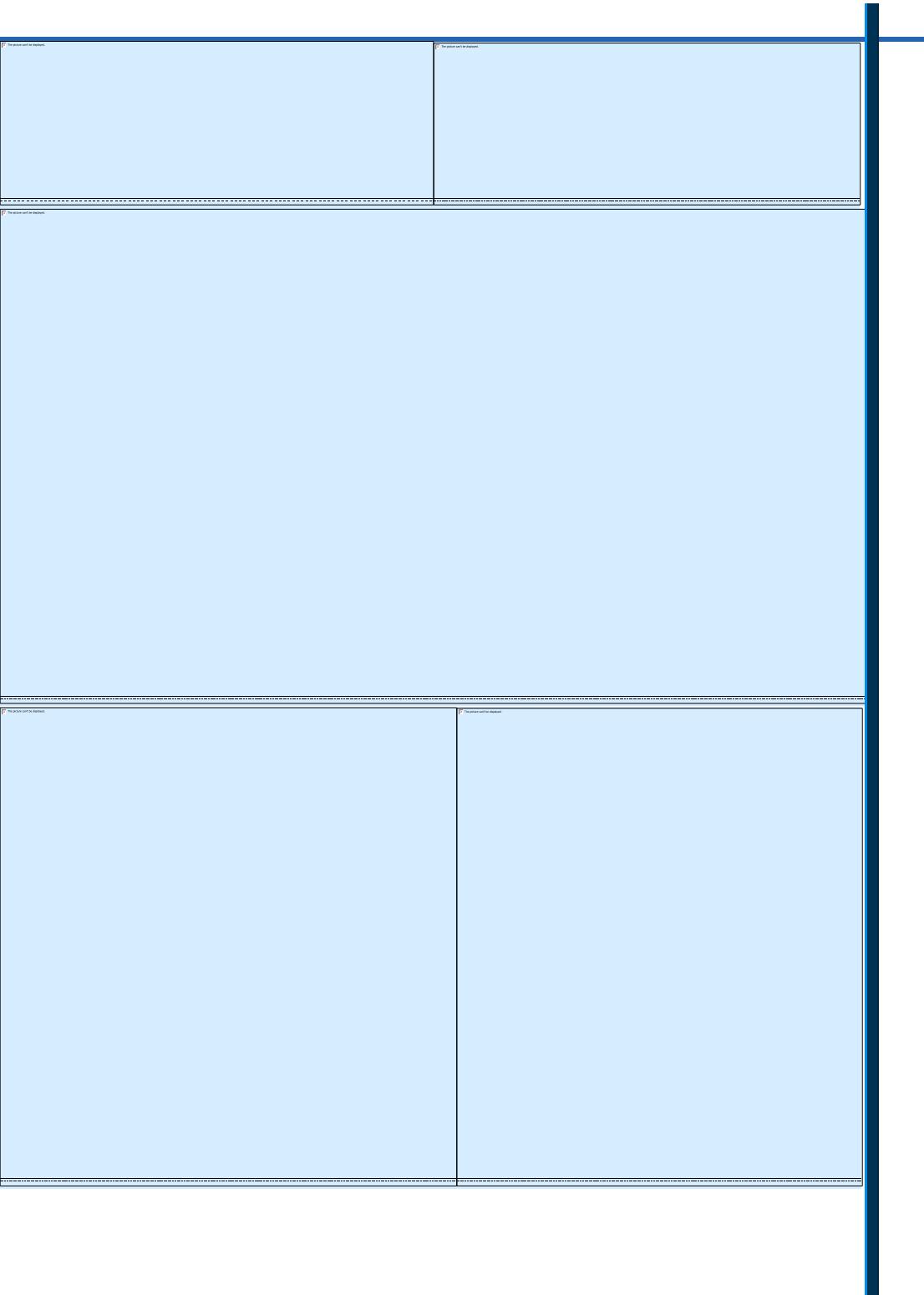


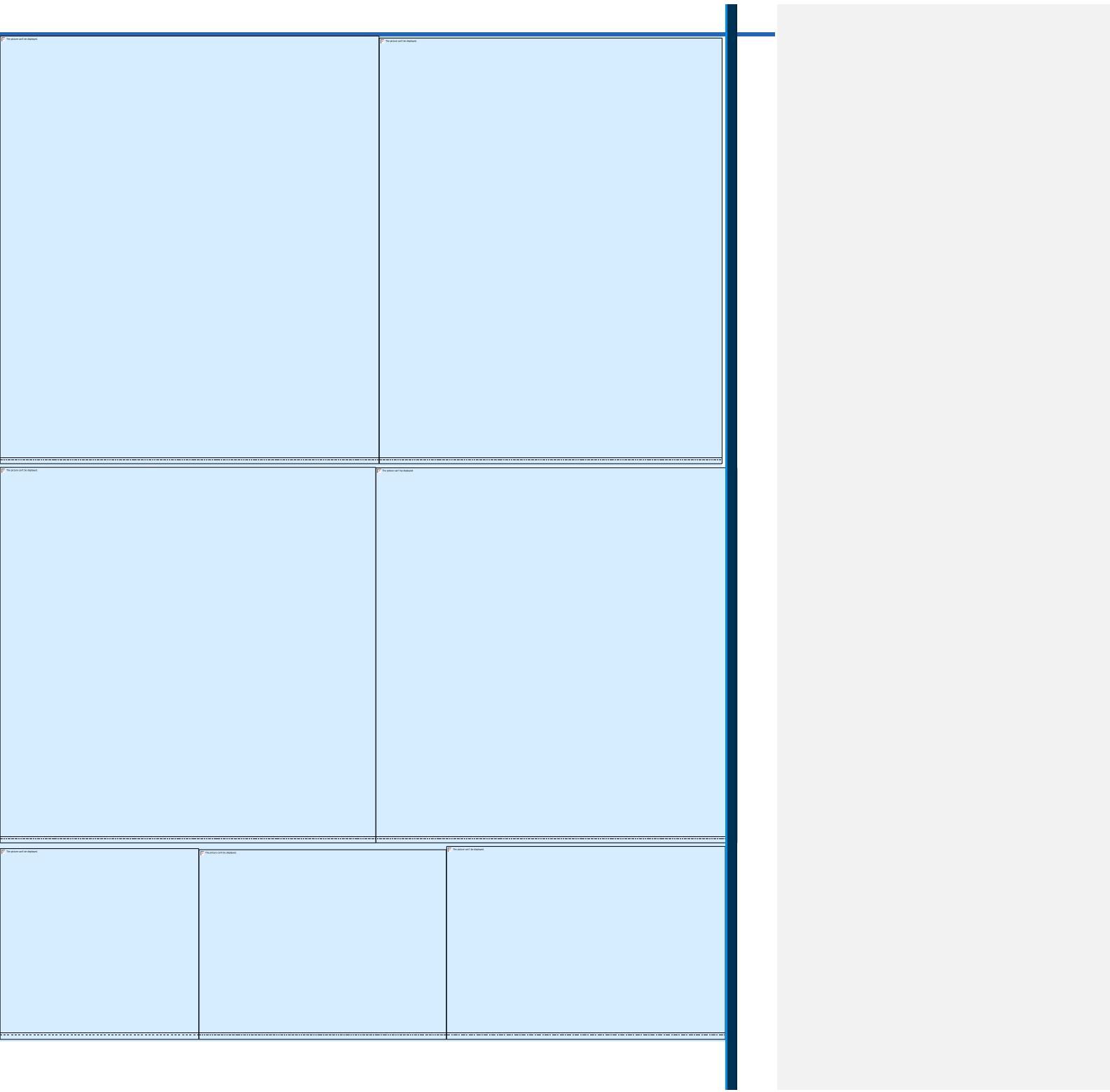


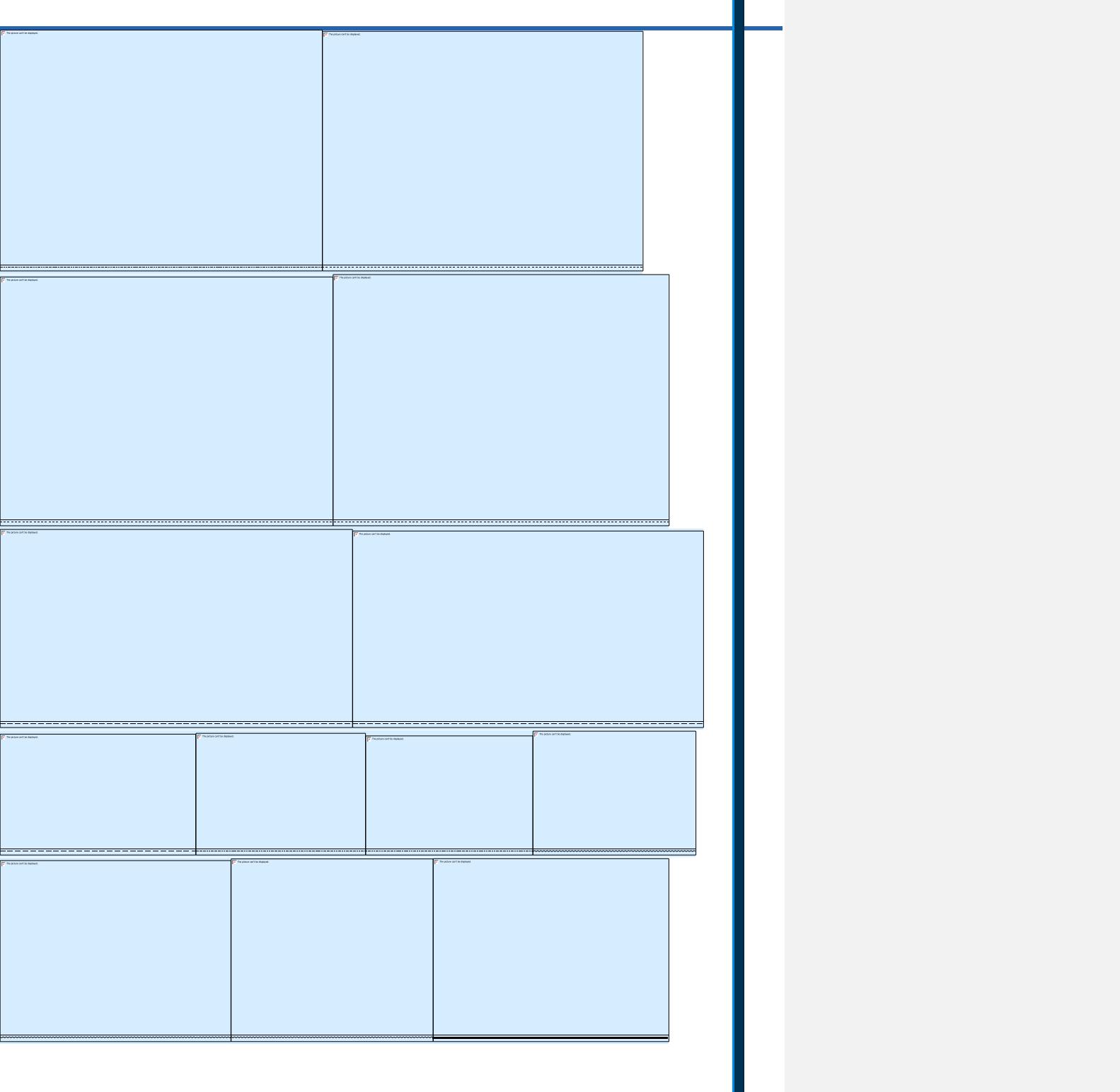


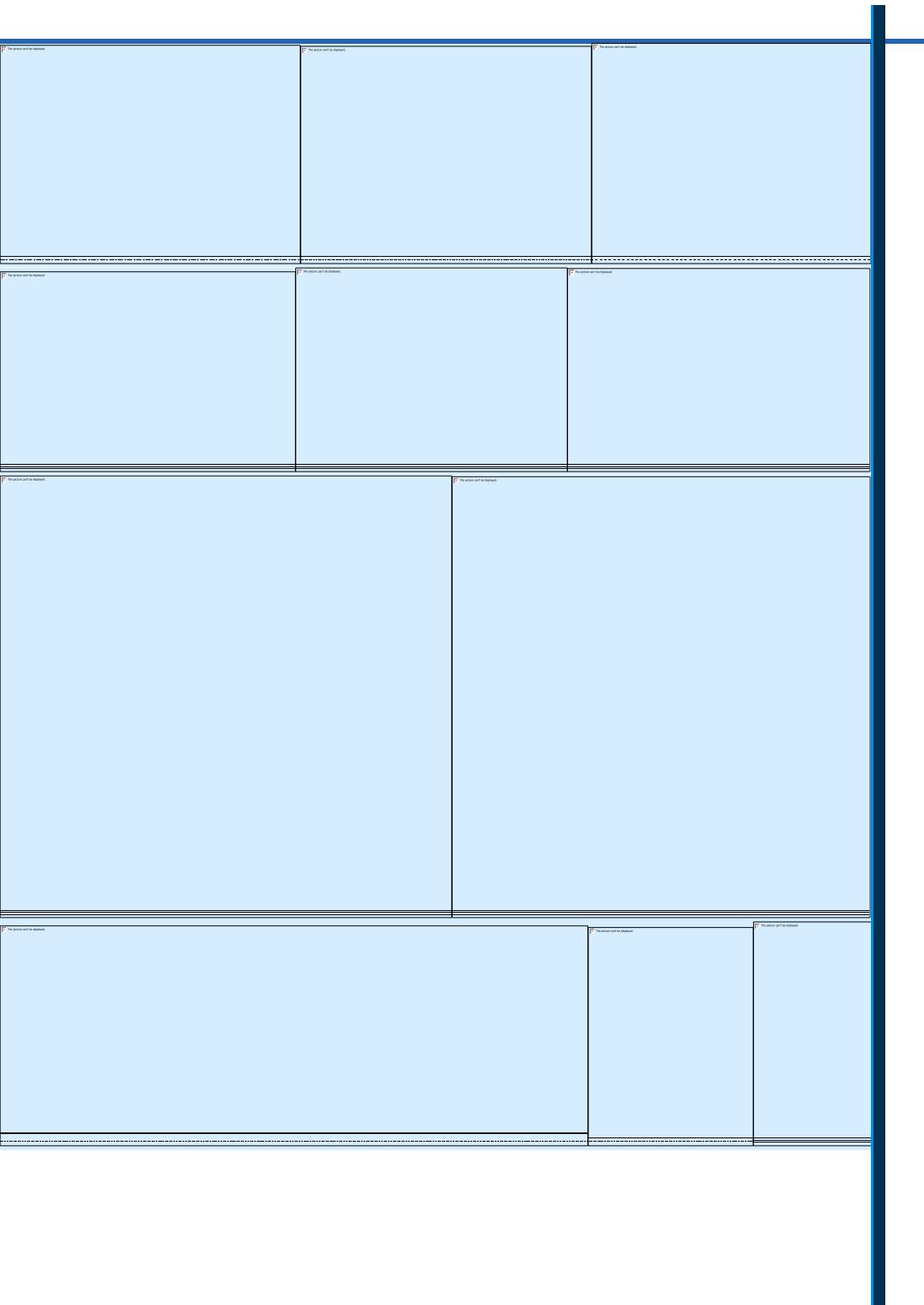


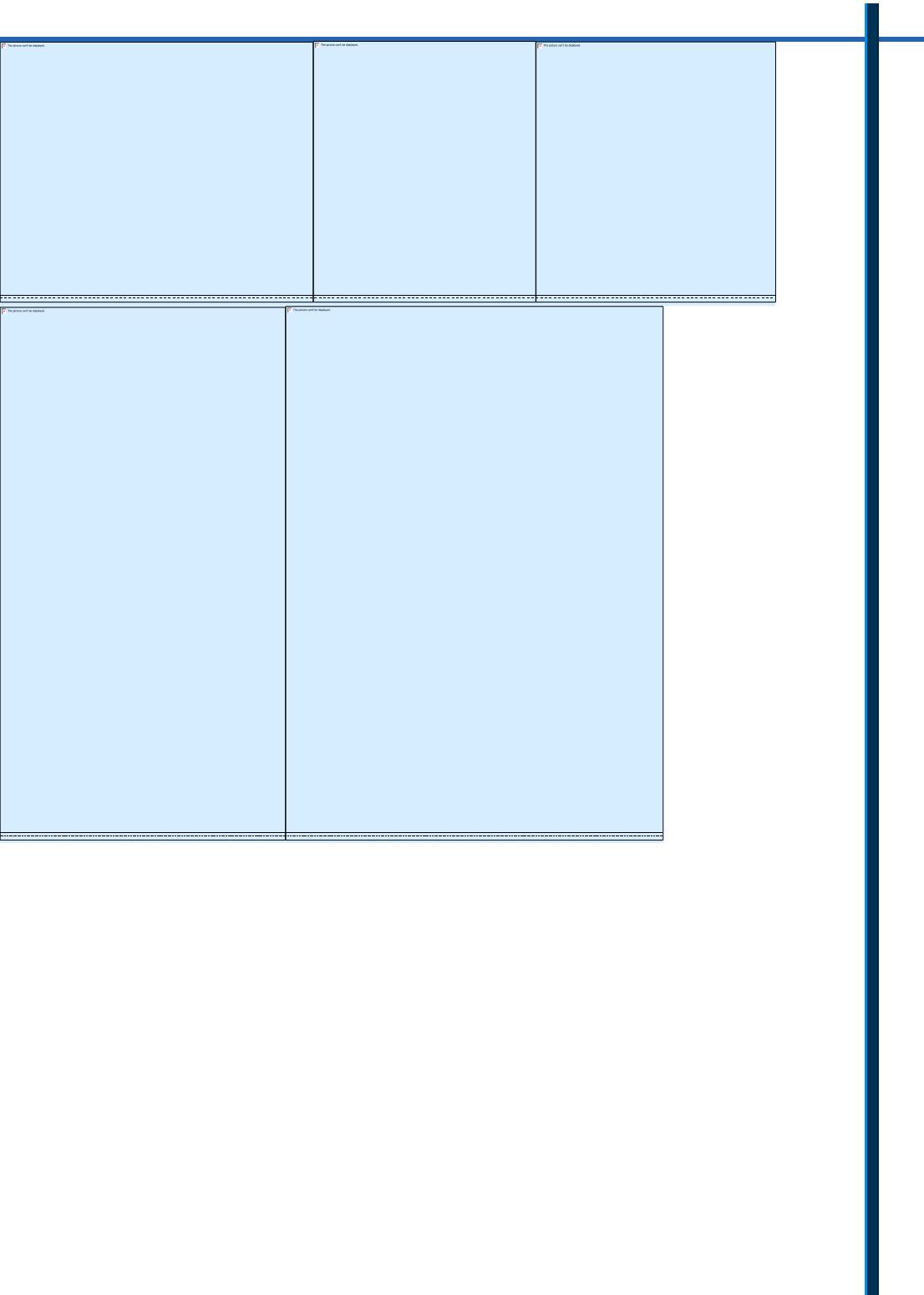


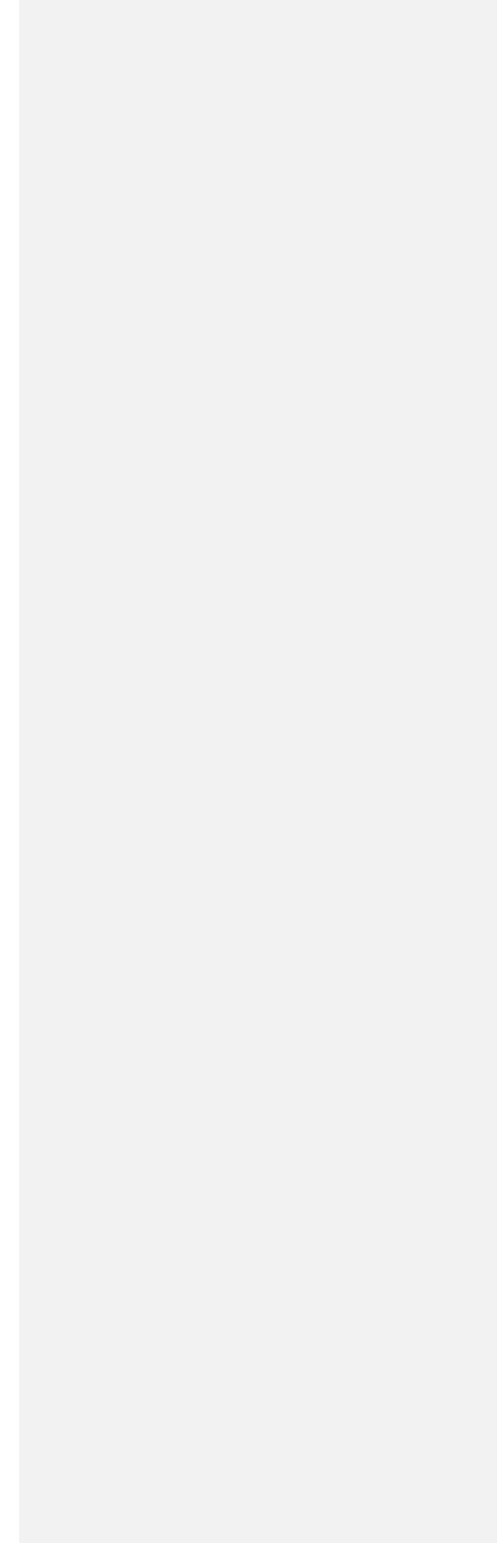
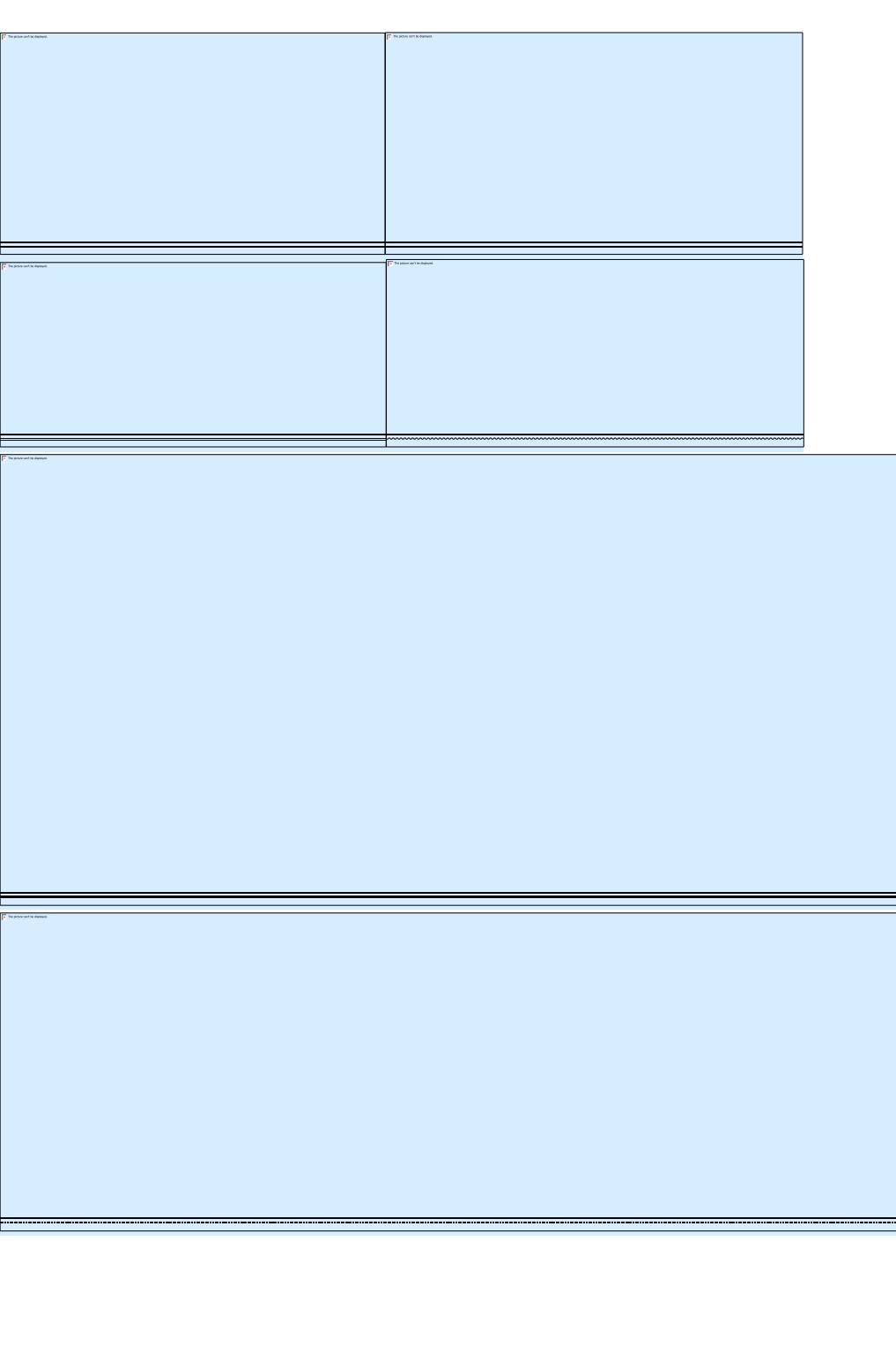


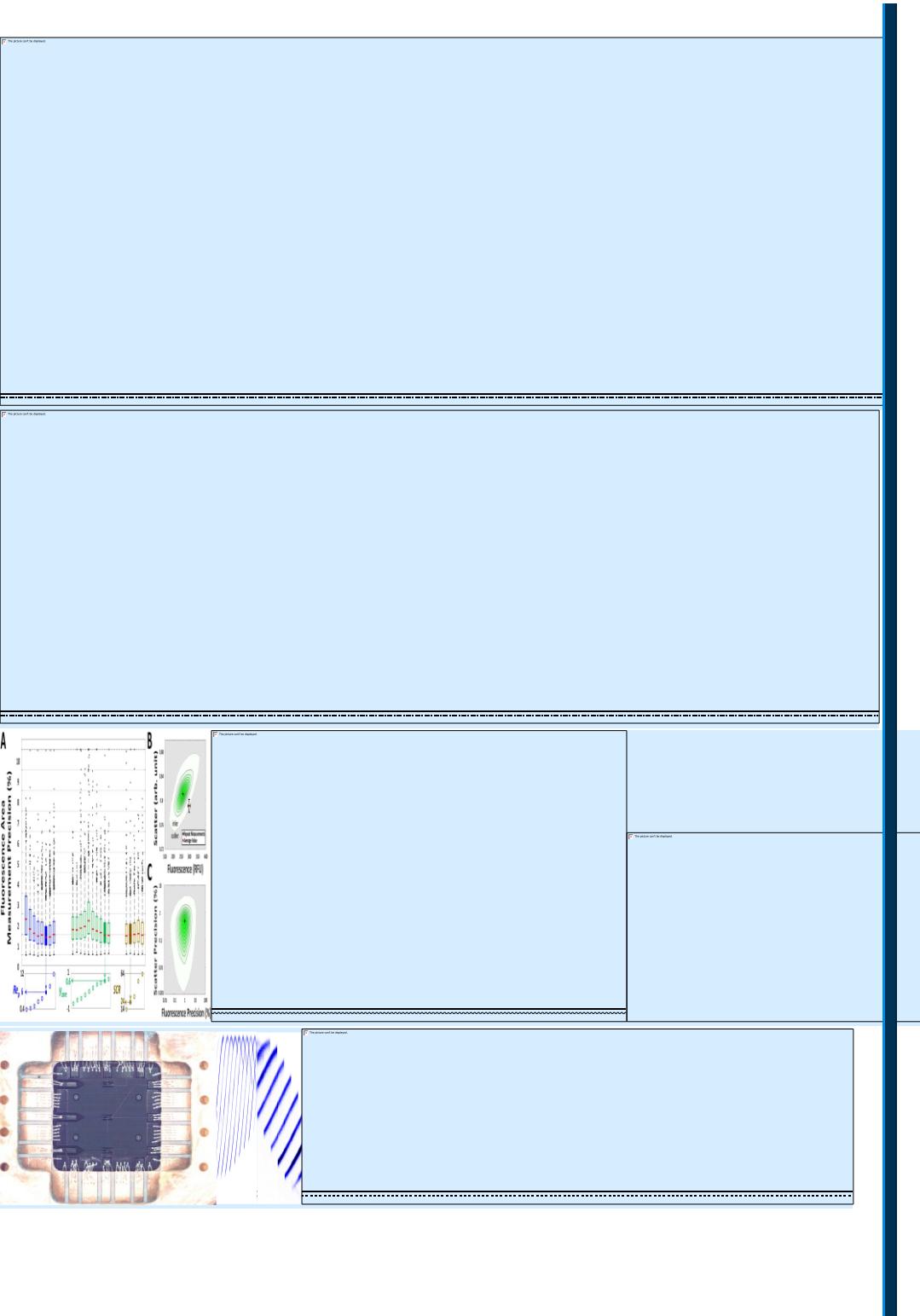


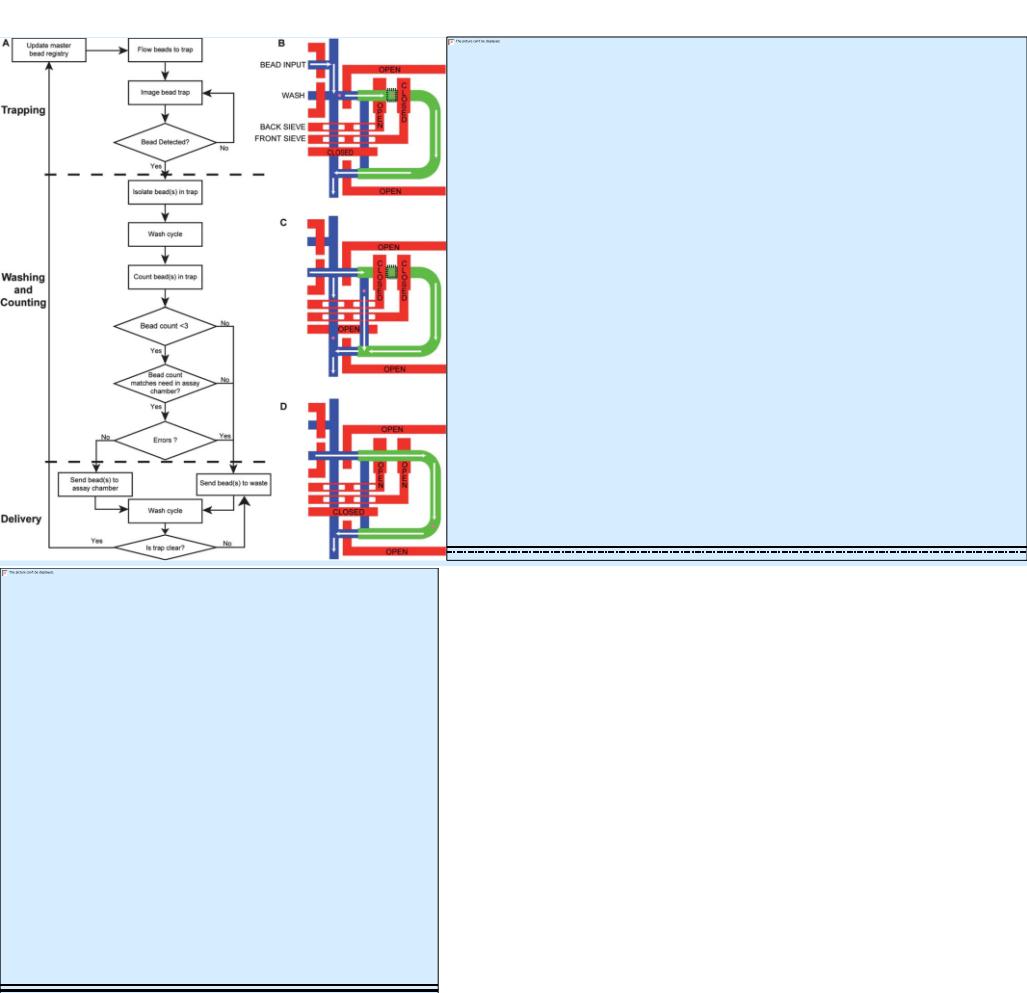












3. Plants in the Ukraine Showing Increased Natural Radioactivity

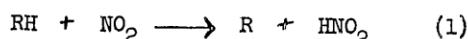
"On the Increase of Natural Radioactivity in Plants," by Academician P. A. Vlasyuk and O. P. Golykova, Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute of Plant Physiology; Kiev, Dopovidy Ukrayins'koyi Akademiyi Sil's'kohospodars'kykh Nauk, No 6, Nov/Dec 58, pp 6-8

After conducting a number of experiments in the study of the natural radioactivity of sugar beet and winter wheat plants, the authors arrived at the following conclusions:

8. Kinetics of Nitration of Methane With Nitrogen Dioxide

"The Kinetic Mechanism of the Reaction Between Methane and Nitrogen Dioxide," by T. V. Fedorova, A. P. Ballod, Academician A. V. Topchiyev, and V. Ya. Shtern, Petroleum Institute of the Academy of Sciences USSR; Moscow, Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, Vol 123, No 5, 11 Dec 59, pp 860-863

The vapor-phase nitration of methane with nitrogen dioxide was investigated with the view of establishing experimentally whether this process, and processes of the nitration of alkanes in general, are of the free radical or chain reaction type. The problem had to be solved as to whether the experimentally determined reaction velocity corresponds to the bimolecular stage of a free radical process that proceeds with difficulty or represents the velocity of a complex chain process which imitates a bimolecular reaction. It was concluded on the basis of the results obtained that the primary stage of nitration, which determines the velocity of the reaction, can be represented by the equation



10. Calorific Value of Jet Kerosenes

"The Calorific Value of Aviation Kerosenes Produced by the Thermal Cracking of Mazuts," by M. F. Nagiyev and L. I. Tryapina, Petroleum Institute, Academy of Sciences Azerbaijan SSR; Baku, Doklady Akademii Nauk Azerbaydzhanskoy SSSR, Vol 15, No 1, Jan 59, pp 25-28

The calorific values were determined of aviation kerosenes obtained by the thermal cracking of mazuts derived from Karachukhur crude, heavy Balakhansk crude, and mazut remaining after the distillation of a mixture crudes. It was established that the quality of the initial raw material has a greater effect on the calorific value of aviation kerosenes obtained by the thermal cracking of mazuts than the conditions of cracking. Among the aviation kerosenes investigated the highest calorific values per unit of weight were exhibited by kerosenes produced by the thermal cracking of mazut derived from Karachukhur crude while the highest calorific values per unit of volume were exhibited by aviation kerosenes resulting from the thermal cracking of mazut derived from heavy Balakhansk petroleum. It was established that the calorific values of aviation kerosenes obtained by the thermal cracking of mazuts are inversely proportional to the content of aromatic hydrocarbons in these kerosenes.



Industrial Chemistry

11. Expansion of the Production and Application of Oxygen in the USSR Under the Current 7-Year Plan

"A new stage in the Development of the Production and Application of Oxygen," (unsigned article); Moscow, Kislorod, Vol 11, No 6, Nov/Dec 58, pp 1-2

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18. Anthracene Insecticides

"Insecticide Preparations From Crude Anthracene: Their Preparation and Properties," by N. I. Burdak, Nauk. Tr. Ukr. N.-I. In-ta Ovoshchovedeniya i Kartofelja (Scientific Works of Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute of Vegetable and Potato Cultivation), 1957, No 4, 265-271 (From Referativnyy Zhurnal - Khimika, No 23, 10 Dec 58, Abstract No 78827 by I. Mil'shteyn)

The insecticidal properties of the following preparations based on anthracene (I) were studied: I with the addition of 3% and 5% of hexachlorocyclohexane, the product obtained by the interaction of I with petrochemical sulfonic acids, sulfonated I, and the product obtained by the interaction of I formed I with the polyacrylic sulfonic acid. Against cucumbers, cabbage, sorrel and apple trees were completely eliminated by a 0.3 - 0.4 emulsion of the preparations. The effect of hexachlorocyclohexane on the insecticidal properties of the preparations becomes evident in dilute emulsions ($\leq 0.4\%$).

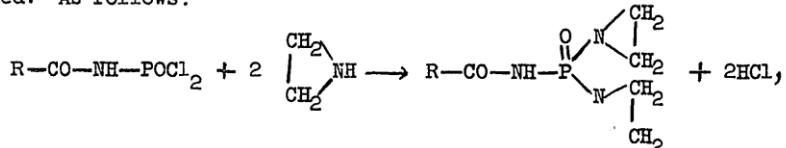
"An electric arc of high potential acts on the methane in the electric cracking process. The produced reaction gases contains 14% of acetylene and 57% of hydrogen. After leaving the reactor the gases are purified and then conducted into a system where acetylene is separated by extraction with selectively acting solvents (dimethylformamide, acetone, or butyrolactone).

23. Organophosphorus Research

"Acyldiethylentriamides of Phosphoric Acid," by L. D. Protsenko and K. A. Kornev, Ukrainian Scientific Research Sanitary Chemical Institute; Kiev, Ukrainskiy Khimicheskiy Zhurnal, Vol 24, No 5, 1958, pp 636-638

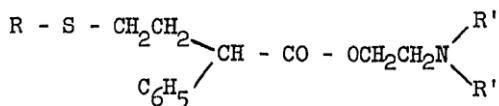
The acyl derivatives of diethylentriamides of phosphoric acid were prepared and characterized. The authors had previously reported on the aryl derivatives in Volume 22 of this same periodical (Ukrainskiy Khimicheskiy Zhurnal, Vol 22, 782, 1956).

Upon reacting dichloranhydrides with ethylenamine in the presence of triethylamine the acyldiethylentriamides of phosphoric acid are formed. As follows:



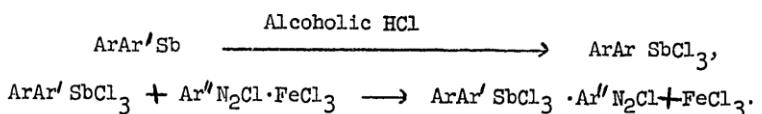
where R represents the following radical: benzoyl, para-nitrobenzoyl, para-bromobenzoyl, para-iodobenzoyl, para-chlorobenzoyl, para-fluorobenzoyl, para-methylbenzoyl and cinnamoyl.

The amino esters (12 in all; not previously described in the literature) of beta-alkylmercaptoethylphenylacetic acids were synthesized and characterized. The purpose of the work was study of the cholinolytic properties of the compounds in question. These compounds have the following general formula:



where R = CH_3 , C_2H_5 , C_3H_7 , iso- C_3H_7 , C_4H_9 , iso- C_4H_9 ; and $R' = CH_3$, C_2H_5 .

Compounds such as $ArAr' SbX_3$ were isolated in the form of diarylstibinic acids and were identified as double diazonium salts, $ArAr'SbCl_3$. $Ar'' N_2Cl$, according to a method devised by O. A. Reutov and A. Markovskaya (vide Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, Vol 99, p 543, 1954):



Twenty compounds are listed in a table; the percentage yield and the melting point of each are given.

Mr. Herbert E. Hetu
Assistant to the Director for
Public Affairs
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D.C. 20505



A SUBSIDIARY OF THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

HEMINGWAY'S PARIS

In a manner of speaking, for Ernest Hemingway Paris was the Ritz Hotel, and vice-versa. In the early days, of course, when he was poor and struggling, Ernest lived in furnished rooms on the Left Bank, but even then his good friends, Scott Fitzgerald and others, were staying at the Ritz and Ernest came often to the Ritz to visit them.





REVEREND THEODORE M. HESBURGH, C.S.C.
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

anniversary of the United Nations Declaration that maybe there should be a High Commissioner for Human Rights who would go around the world to investigate the denial of these rights and to report to all the world when humans were being mistreated."

"Did you appoint such a person?"

"I did. I called all the nations up in resistance by individual nations, especially those denying human rights, saying that no one should interfere in their internal affairs; that others were worse than they were; that their national sovereignty was more important than anything else."

At this point, my questioners almost exploded: "More important than those human rights which you say you cannot in any really honest life among us? If what you request of us is right, how could humans on earth deny it and still have a decent human condition on earth?"

"Now you make me confess, with some shame I finally admit, we did not really have a decent human condition on earth for the majority of human beings. There were ten very rich and very poor, a few middle, but, but not in any way or another were there others. There was little real interest in bridging the gap. The few wealthy nations gave less than half of one percent of their gross national product to help the poor, and after helping the poor, spent many times more than that, about \$300 billion a year, but the newest weapons of destruction. We had a wonderful saying of long ago about peace coming when we turned our swords into plowshares, but no one took that seriously. If you were ever concerned about arms control, you were suspected of being a kind of traitor. The patriots were those who insisted on building up mountains of armaments."

" Didn't anyone see the insanity of all this? Where it was leading?"

"Well, the United States had a President who spoke of curtailing the arms race and began to criticize these denials of human rights when they occurred, in both large and small countries. He said he could run some other's country, but that when they did something inhumane, he was going to say that we thought it wrong, that we would try to stand for human rights, freedom, and dignity, even at some cost and hazard."

Finally, my questioners seemed relieved and asked: "Was he cheered for that concern for the most important need of human kind across the earth?"

"Yes, I tell you, he was. He knew that what he was doing was right and long overdue cheered him, but the cheers were drowned out, both in his own country and abroad, by powerful people who said he was too moral, too religious, too naive, too frank, too likely to cause worse problems. If you can imagine what could be worse?"

" Didn't you worry?"

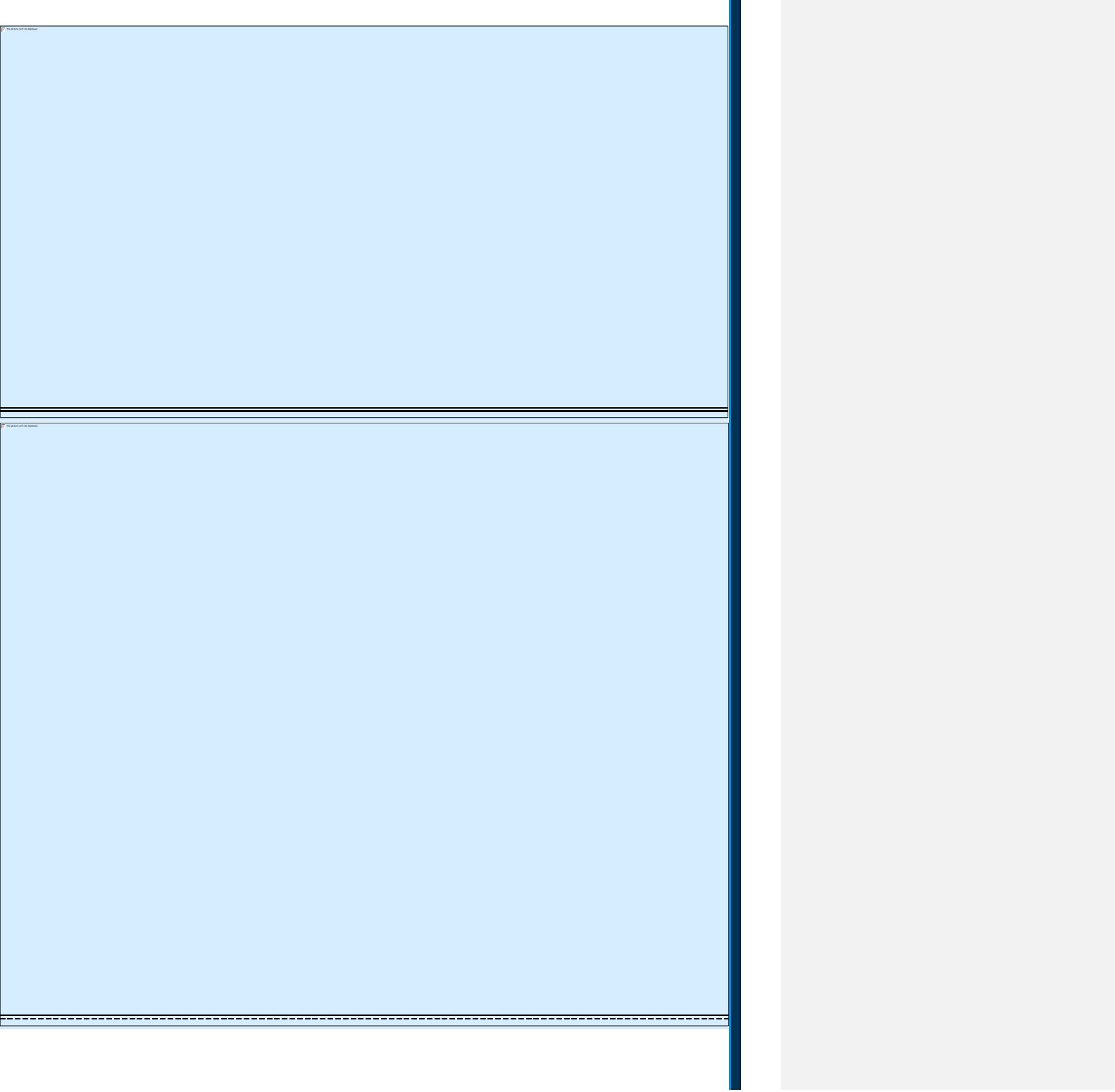
" Much worse. When I left earth, the great opposing powers were about to blow each other up and destroy the rest of the world in the process. In fact, that's why I left to seek a better world. The world on earth just did not seem to care and save themselves."

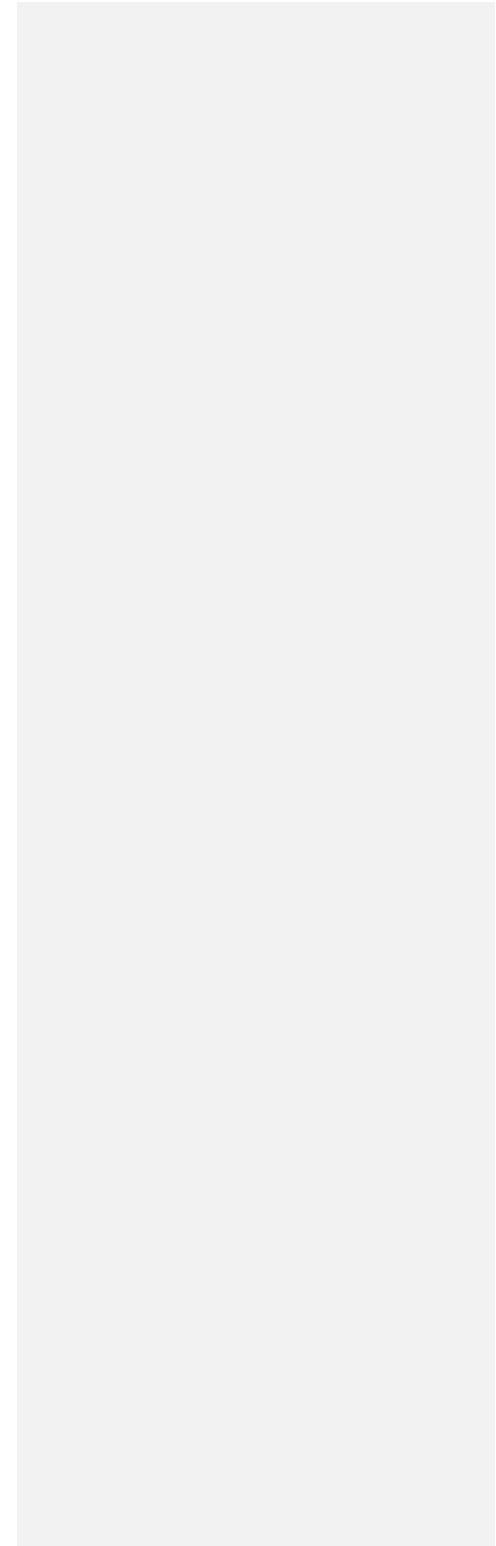
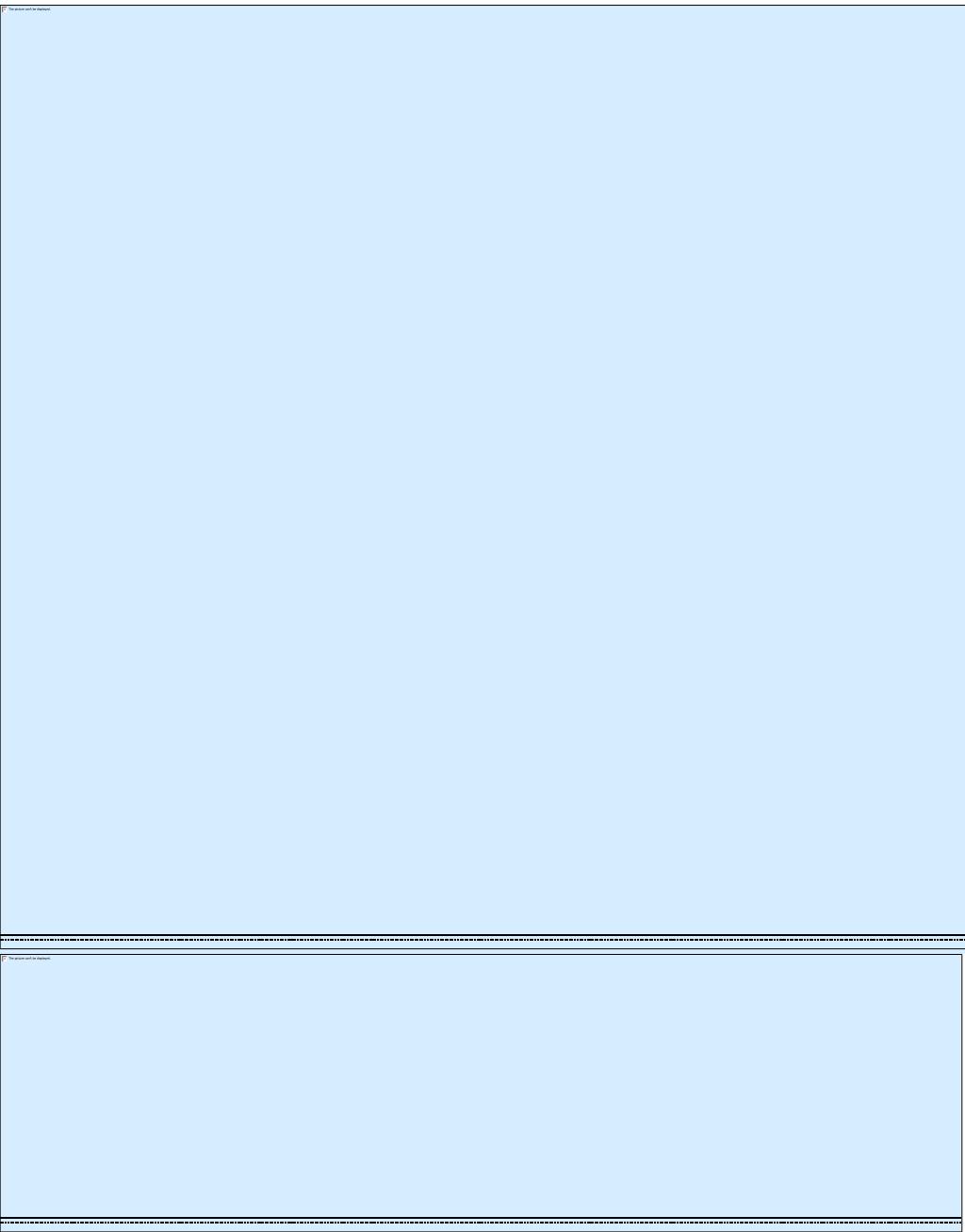
A final question: "And this President who tried to turn the tide, what happened to him?"

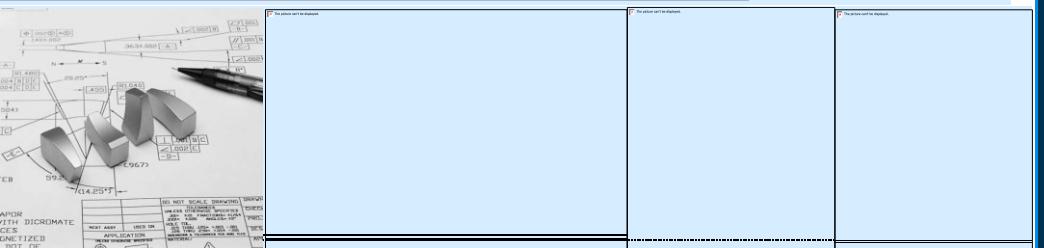
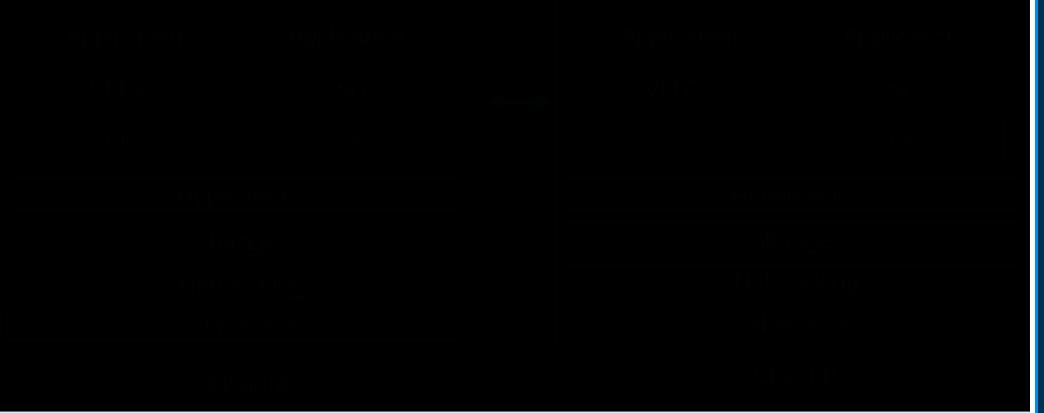
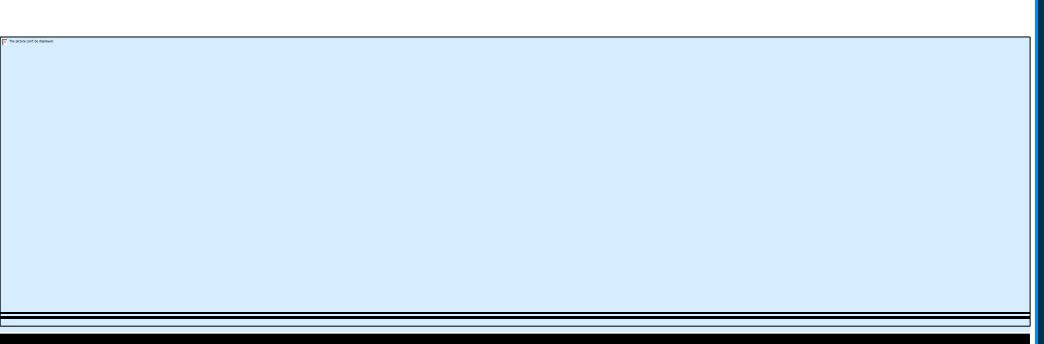
"He is an old man today and one of the few on earth who still believe in human freedom. I hold many of his beliefs because I am his grandson. In fact, I was born a few weeks after he became President and was named after him."

My name is James Earl Carter."

CHIEF EXECUTIVE







37 One possible set of parameters for such a receiver
is as follows:

Sub-bands	30 to 60 Mc, 60 to 120 Mc, 120 to 240 Mc, 240 to 480 Mc, and 480 to 1000 Mc.
I-F bandwidths	0.3 Mc, 0.6 Mc, 1.2 Mc, 2.4 Mc, and 4.8 Mc
Scan Rate	3 Mc per second, 6 Mc per second, 12 Mc per second, 24 Mc per second, and 48 Mc per second.
Total scan time	10 seconds

First Law:

$$\begin{aligned} A\bar{C} &= A' \\ B\bar{D} &= B' \\ C\bar{A} &= C' \\ D\bar{B} &= D' \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

Second Law:

$$\begin{aligned} A'\bar{D}' &= A' \\ B'\bar{A}' &= B' \\ C'\bar{B}' &= C' \\ D'\bar{C}' &= D' \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

Interpolate Law:

$$\begin{aligned} A''B''C''D''D''A'' &= I \\ \text{or } (A'' + C'') (B'' + D'') &= I \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

196 The computer is required to accept data at a random rate. The shortest time interval between a pair of intercepts from the same radar will be 100 μ sec and the longest will be 50,000 μ sec. A complete intercept word consists of the following basic data in binary digit form:

Frequency	7 bits
Direction	5 bits
Pulse width	7 bits
PRF	10 bits
Total	29 bits

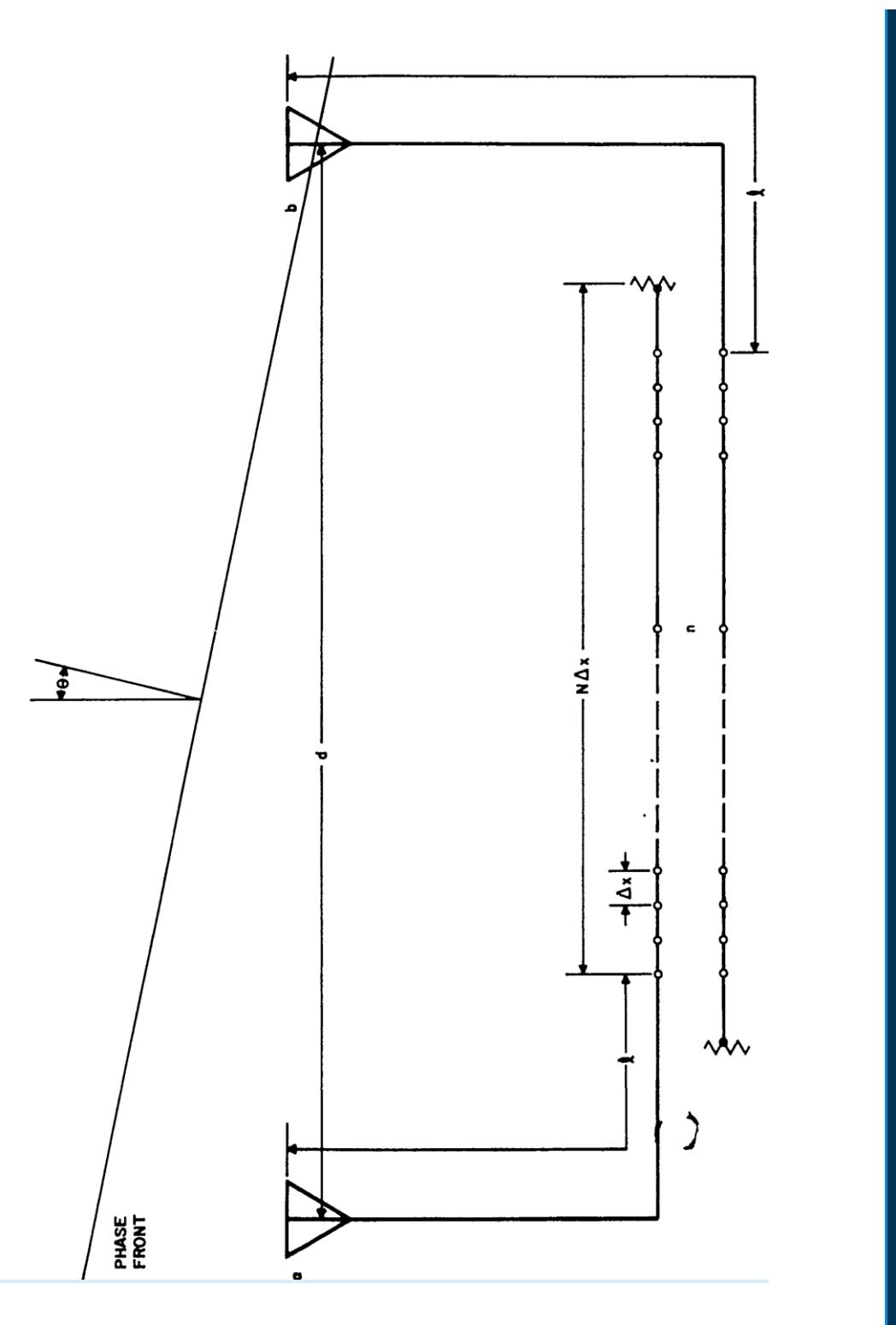
197 The computer must be capable of storing these four pieces of radar information for each of as many as five different signals. For the present system, this requires a memory capacity of 29 bits in each of five storage units (called trunk memories), or 145 bits. One of the important considerations in the design of the computer is flexibility in the number of trunks and in the number of bits per signal that can be used. It is desired that this type of system be capable of use in equipments that are to have a different capacity from the equipment presently under consideration. This requires that the equipment be designed from the building-block point of view, where a complete equipment can be built by wiring together sufficient small standard blocks to equal

216 Transistor flip-flops, unijunction transistors,
pulse-driven magnetic cores, and r-f driven magnetic covers
were studied for use as memory cells.

217 Families of parameters of unijunction transistors
exhibited very wide spreads at room temperature. Temperature
variations can be expected to superpose further large changes
in the parameter spread. Further, there was only one manu-
facturer of unijunction transistors. For these reasons,
application of unijunction transistors was not considered.

218 R-F driven cores (the Potter Magnistor) were not
used, because (1) they are specialized devices manufactured
by only one supplier; (2) they require high power consumption
from a special r-f supply, with possible attendant shielding
problems; (3) they are relatively large and heavy; and
(4) they cannot easily provide indication of state.

219 A computer using pulse-driven magnetic cores and
transistor drivers was compared with one using transistors
only. From considerations of memory-cell requirements,
reliability, general suitability to the intercept problem,
development time, production, operation, and maintenance,



PHASE
FRONT

238 PRF counting is performed in a quasi-logarithmic

fashion. This is accomplished by starting the counting process at a high rate (4- μ sec intervals between drive pulses), and reducing the rate in steps at specified count levels as the total accumulated count increases. This approximates a true logarithmic counter, in which the count rate would decrease continuously as the total count increased.

239 Figure 89 is a block diagram of the quasi-

logarithmic PRF analyzer. The basic counting rate is determined by the shortest interval (corresponding to the highest PRF) to be measured and the required accuracy. The highest PRF is 10 kc; the shortest interval then is $2 \times 1/10,000 = 200 \mu$ sec, the factor 2 entering because the PRF counter is used for intercept verification. The required accuracy is ± 2 percent. Thus, $0.02 \times 200 = 4 \mu$ sec is the basic counting interval, and $1/4 \times 10^{-6} = 0.25$ Mc is the counting rate.

240 The largest number to be counted is determined by

the longest interval (corresponding to the lowest PRF) to be measured and the basic counting rate. The longest interval is $2 \times 1/20 = 100,000 \mu$ sec and the largest count is $0.25 \times 100,000 = 25,000$.

241 The quasi-logarithmic analyzer is divided into two

groups of circuits--common and trunk. Common circuits serve all five trunks; these circuits consist of the basic rate generator and count-down circuits. Trunk circuits are those that are included individually in each trunk.

242 Since one set of drivers serves five sets of

counters whose starting and stopping times occur at random,

These principles extend to the remaining trunks, and are summarized by the following Boolean equations, in which the subscripts 1 through 5 denote correspondence with the trunks that are so numbered, A_8 through A_{12} are direction memories corresponding to trunks 1 through 5, O is an occupancy (busy) signal, T is a trunk-gate pulse, and Z is the enable pulse.

$$O_1 = A_8 + A_9 + \dots + A_{12} \quad (9)$$

and so on to

$$O_5 = A_8 + A_9 + \dots + A_{12} \quad (10)$$

$$T_1 = Z\bar{O}_1 \quad (11)$$

$$T_2 = ZO_1\bar{O}_2 \quad (12)$$

and so on to

$$T_5 = ZO_1O_2O_3O_4\bar{O}_5 \quad (13)$$

An occupancy signal, O_n , is generated if any direction memory of the corresponding trunk is set. A trunk-gate pulse, T_n , is generated if simultaneously (1) the enable pulse Z is applied, (2) the n th trunk is not busy, and (3) all lower-numbered trunks are busy.

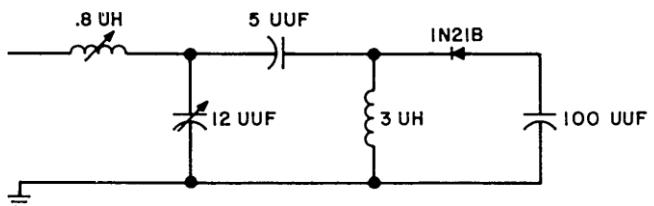
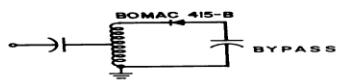
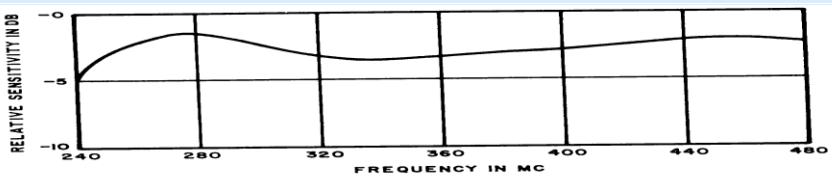
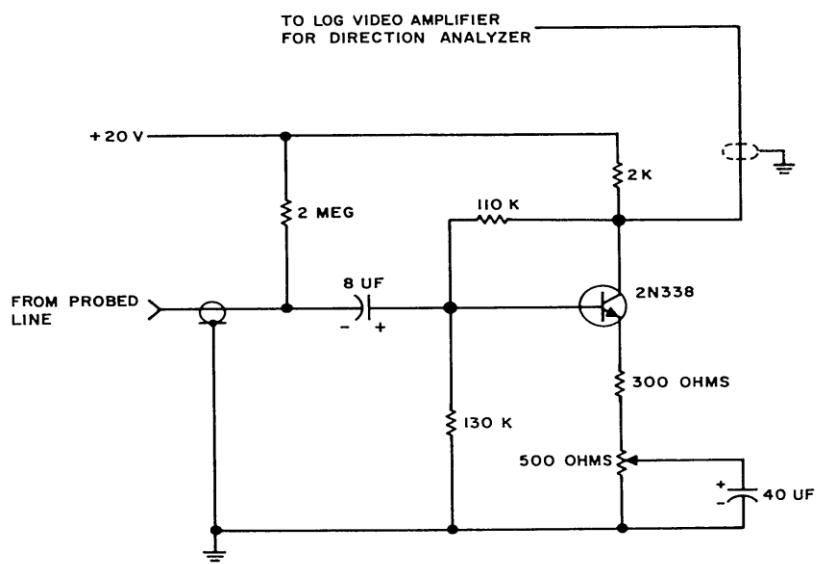
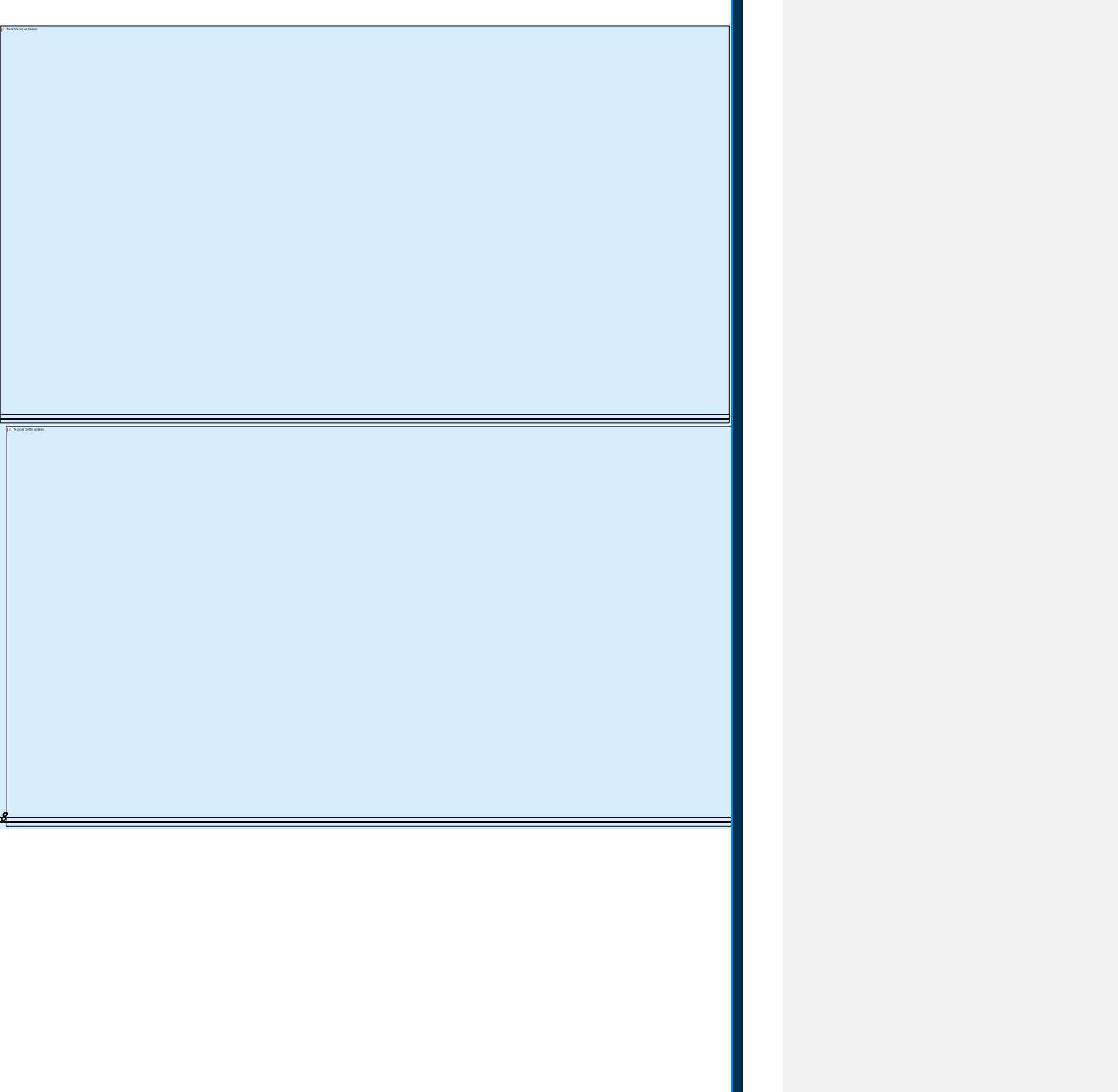
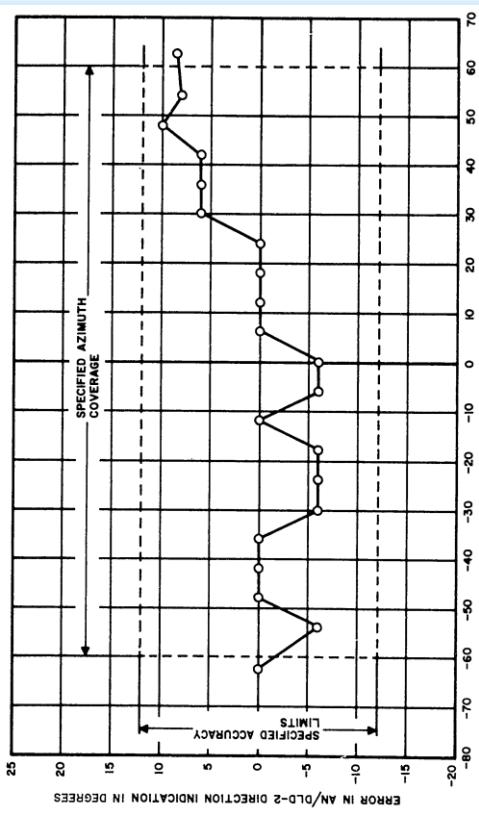
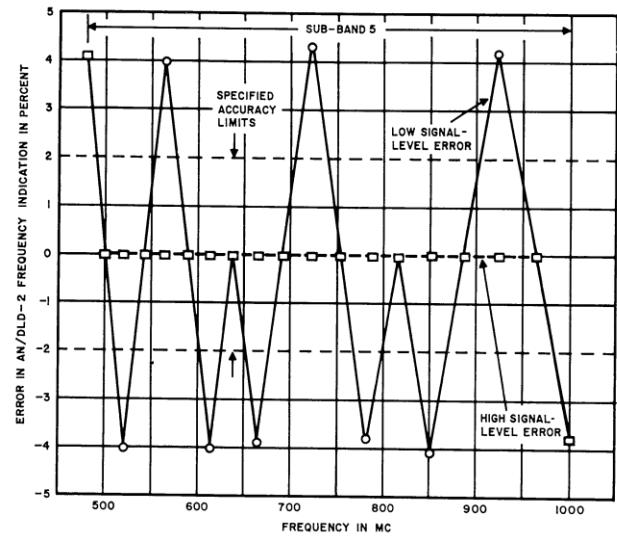


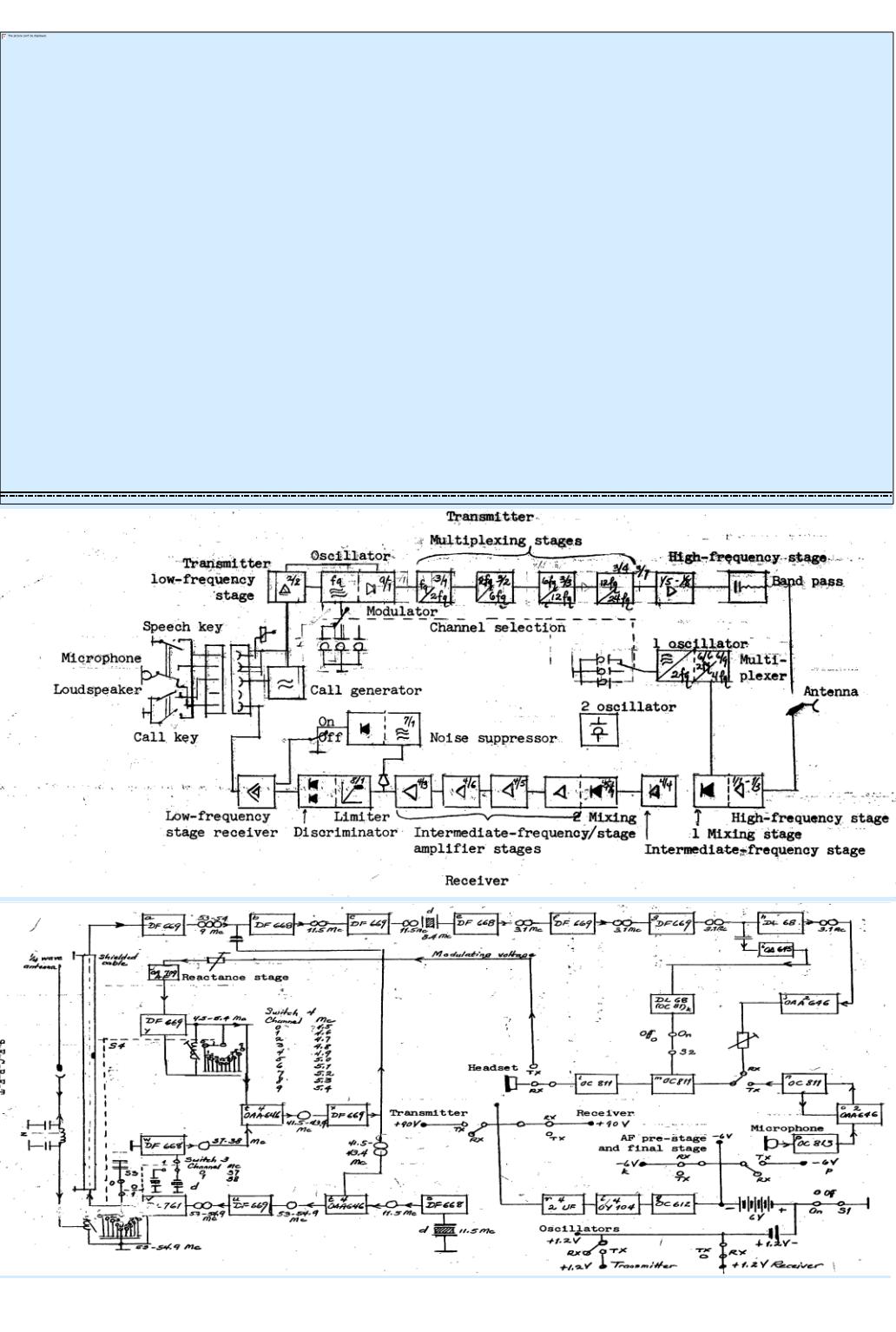
FIGURE 16. SENSITIVITY VS FREQUENCY OF DETECTOR MOUNT FOR SUB-BAND I
(WITH RESPECT TO TUNED DETECTOR MOUNT)



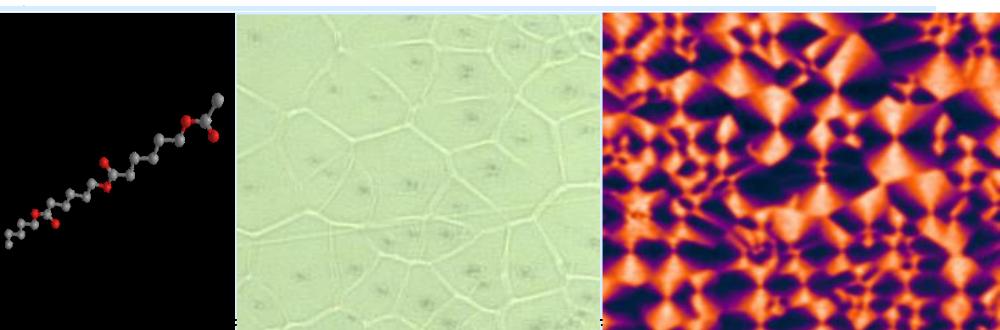
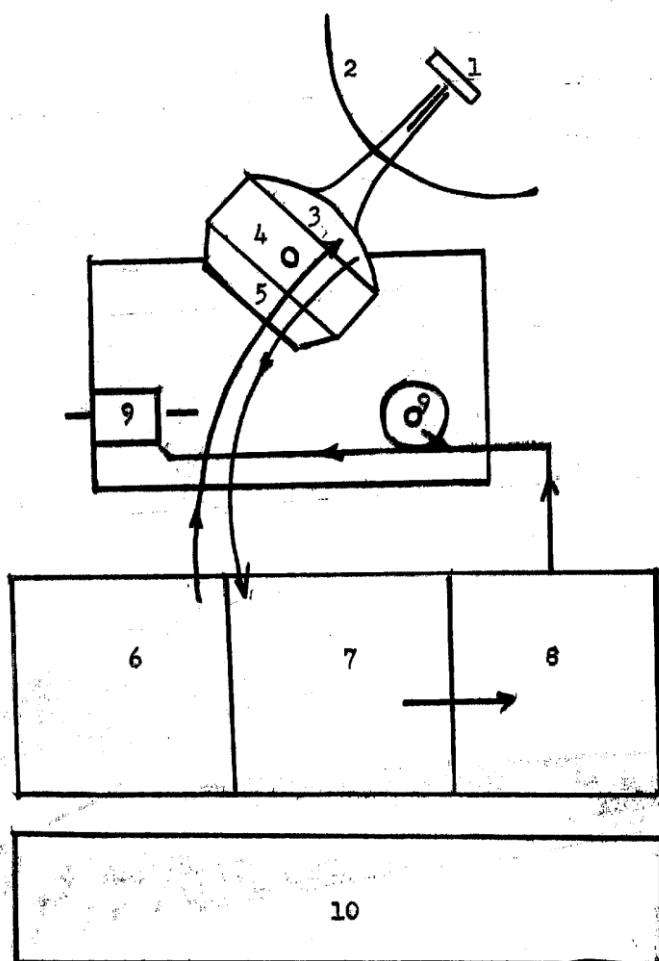


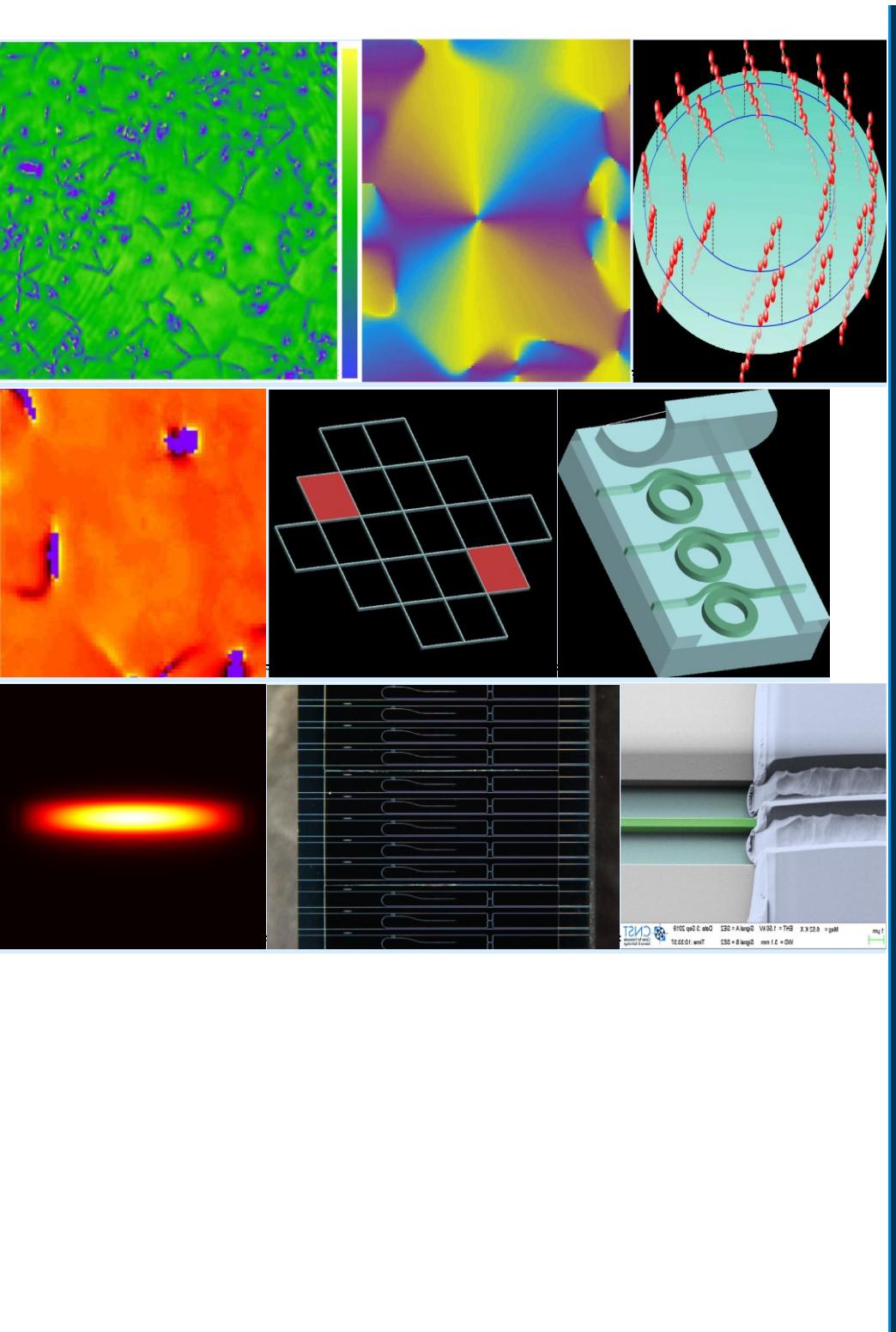


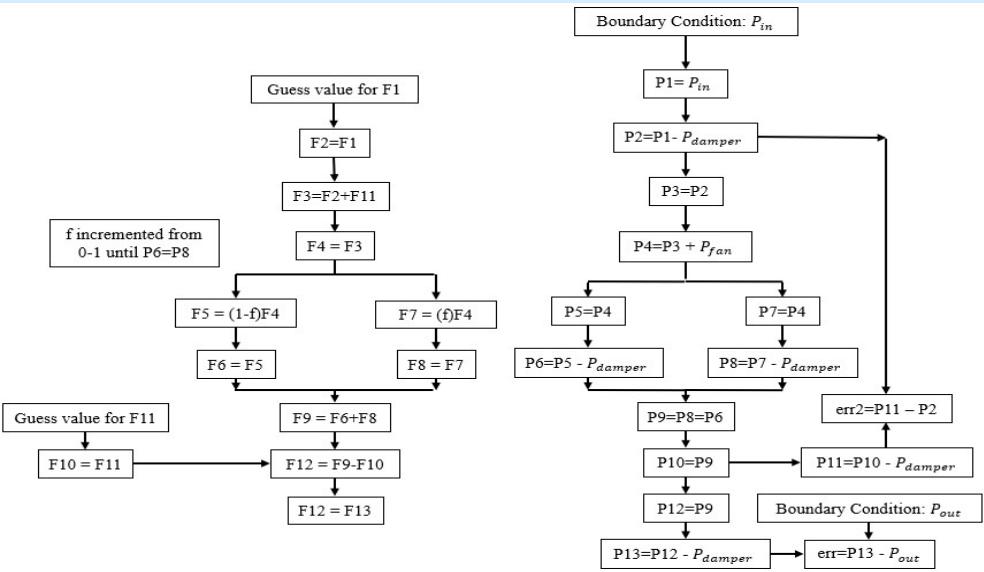
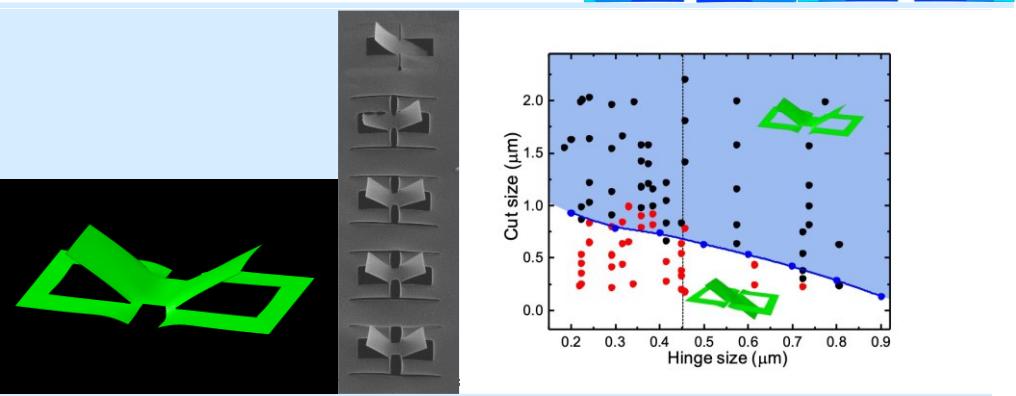
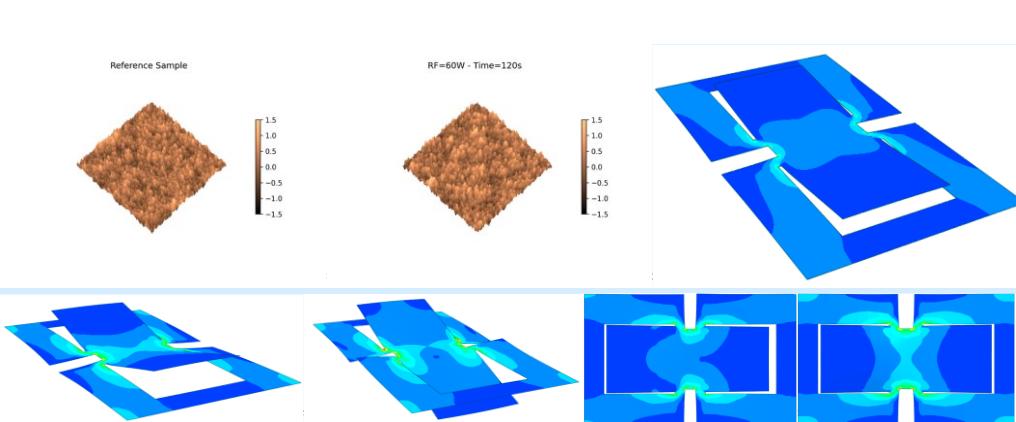


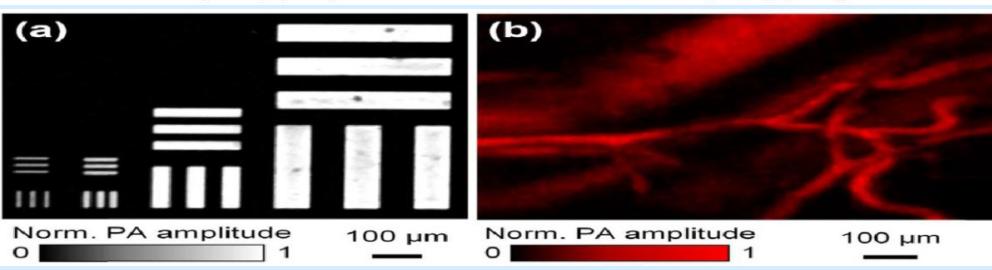
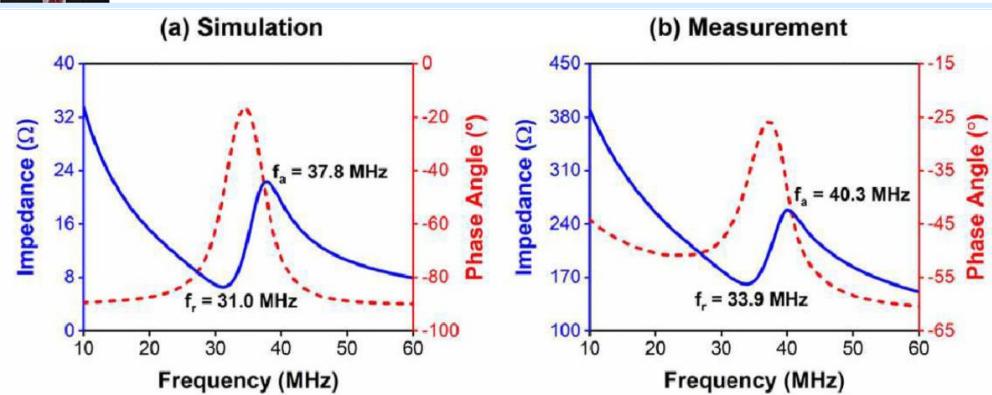
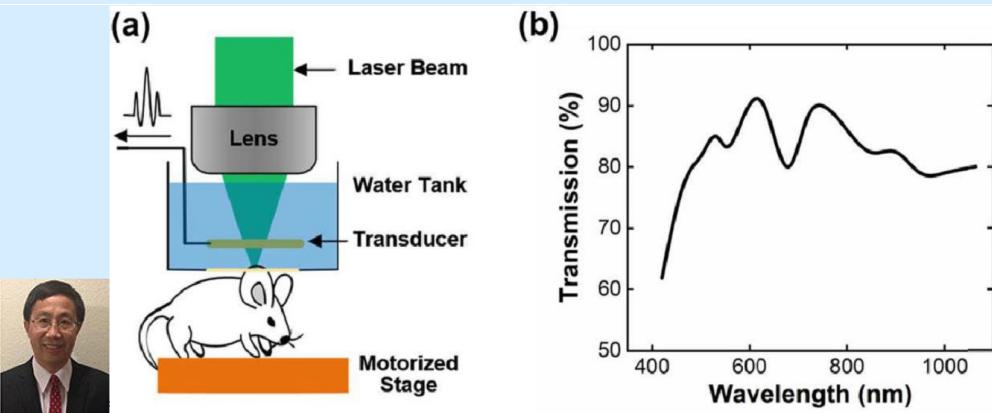
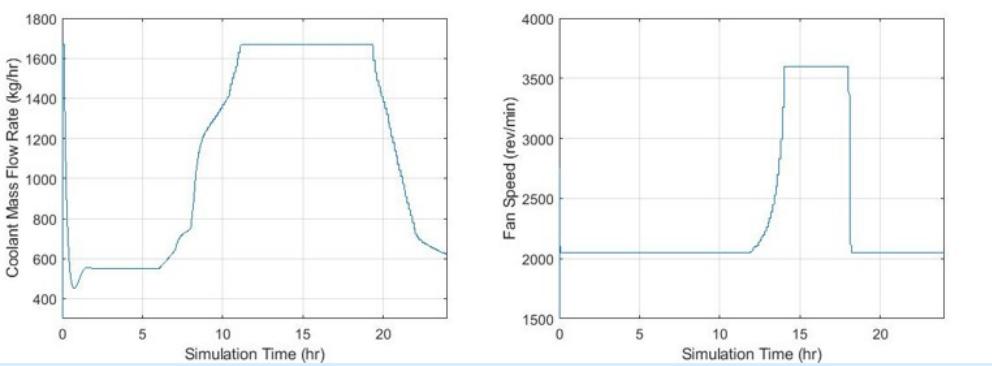


Switching Diagram of the Target-Seeking Device









auch in den Händen der Sowjets sind, kann man darüberaus Gespräche in einem fahrenden Auto mit hören, andere wieder brauchen nur ein Telefon zu hören, andere wieder befestigt zu werden, so daß sie in einem Zimmers befestigt zu werden, so daß sie in einem Nebenzimmer geführte Unterhaltung abhören zu können.

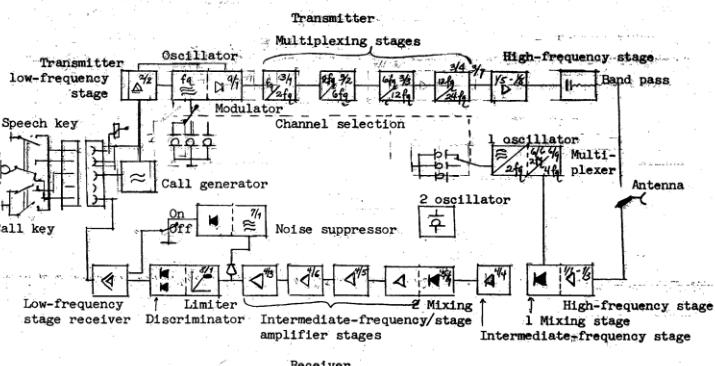
Diese technische Spionage wird dadurch nur noch raffinierter, daß gegenwärtig sowohl in den USA als auch in Rußland ein Gerät entwickelt wird, mit dem die Telephonengänge ausgespäht werden können. Durch eine besondere Spieldrahtanordnung gelangt z. B. Induktionsstrom — ohne sie in irgendeiner Weise die Sinne des Wortes direkt anspießen zu müssen — es bringt es, derartige Geräte an jeden Punkt eines Telefonnetz einer Stadt und Kontrollieren zu können und auch jedes Gespräch mehr oder weniger zuzuhören, so ist es möglich, mehrere Städte gleichzeitig zu überwachen, so ist es möglich, die ganze Telephonanlage einer Stadt unter Kontrolle zu bringen und auch jedes Gespräch mehr oder weniger zuzuhören.

106. All-China Conference on Management of Burns

"All-China Conference for Exchange of Experience in the Prevention and Treatment of Burns," by Wu Chieh-ping (吳 裕平); Peiping, Chung-hua Wei-ko Tsa-chih (Chinese Journal of Surgery), Vol 6, No 12, 1959, pp 1313-1321

This item reports highlights at the All-China Conference for Exchange of Experience in the Prevention and Treatment of Burns which convened in Shanghai, 3-9 November 1958. The meeting was attended by 254 delegates, including 150 practitioners of traditional medicine, from 27 provinces and municipalities.

Block Diagram of Transceiver





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Independent Accountant's Report

To the Management of Symantec Corporation:

We have examined the assertions by the management of Symantec Corporation ("Symantec"), regarding the disclosure of its key and certificate life cycle management business practices, the effectiveness of its controls over key and SSL certificate integrity and the authenticity of subscriber information, based on the WebTrust Principles and Criteria for Certification Authorities – Extended Validation SSL – V 1.4.5, during the period December 1, 2014 through November 30, 2015, for the Symantec owned Thawte Extended Validation SSL CAs (Thawte EV SSL CAs) in Appendix A.

Symantec's management is responsible for its assertion. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and accordingly included (1) obtaining an understanding of Symantec's Thawte EV SSL certificate life cycle management business practices, including its relevant controls over the issuance, renewal and revocation of Symantec's Thawte EV SSL certificates; (2) selectively testing transactions executed in accordance with disclosed EV certificate life cycle management business practices; (3) testing and evaluating the operating effectiveness of the controls; and (4) performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The relative effectiveness and significance of specific controls at Symantec and their effect on assessments of control risk for subscribers and relying parties are dependent on their interaction with the controls and other factors present at individual subscriber and relying party locations. We have performed no procedures to evaluate the effectiveness of controls at individual subscriber and relying party locations.

Because of the nature and inherent limitations of controls, Symantec's ability to meet the aforementioned criteria may be affected. For example, controls may not prevent, or detect and correct, error, fraud, unauthorized access to systems and information, or failure to comply with internal and external policies or requirements. Also, the projection of any conclusions based on our findings to future periods is subject to the risk that changes may alter the validity of such conclusions.

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A Boolean circuit C with n inputs and m outputs is a directed, acyclic graph, where the inputs and the gates are the nodes, and the edges correspond to the Boolean-valued wires. The fanin and fanout of a node is the number of wires going in and out of the node, respectively. The nodes with fanin zero are called the input nodes and are labeled with an input variable from f_1 , f_2 , ..., f_n . The circuits considered in this study only contain gates from the complete basis (AND, XOR, NOT) and have exactly one node with fanout zero (i.e., $m = 1$), which is called the output node. For our purposes we assume AND gates have fan-in two, but XOR gates have arbitrary fan-in > 0 . Boolean functions can be partitioned into those f for which $f(0) = 0$ and ...