Exercises 1

February 2, 2021

DATA.STAT.770 - Exercise set 1

1.1 Problem 1

1.1.1 a)

```
[9]: import numpy as np
     from numpy.linalg import norm
     # a)
     dims = [2,3,5,7,10,13,17]
     N = 10000000
     print('Proportion of points inside hypersphere:')
     for dim in dims:
         points = np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=(N,dim))
         distances = norm(points, axis=1)
         n_inside = np.sum(distances <= 1)</pre>
         print('At dimension {} : {}/{} = {}'.format(dim, n_inside, N, n_inside/N))
    Proportion of points inside hypersphere:
    At dimension 2 : 7853032/10000000 = 0.7853032
    At dimension 3 : 5235998/10000000 = 0.5235998
    At dimension 5 : 1645457/10000000 = 0.1645457
    At dimension 7 : 368728/10000000 = 0.0368728
```

At dimension 10 : 25125/10000000 = 0.0025125At dimension 13 : 1078/10000000 = 0.0001078At dimension 17 : 13/10000000 = 1.3e-06

1.1.2 b)

```
[10]: # b)
      print('Proportion of points inside the shell of hypersphere:')
      for dim in dims:
          points = np.random.uniform(low=-1, high=1, size=(N,dim))
          distances = norm(points, axis=1)
          inside_hs_mask = distances <= 1</pre>
          n inside hs = np.sum(inside hs mask)
```

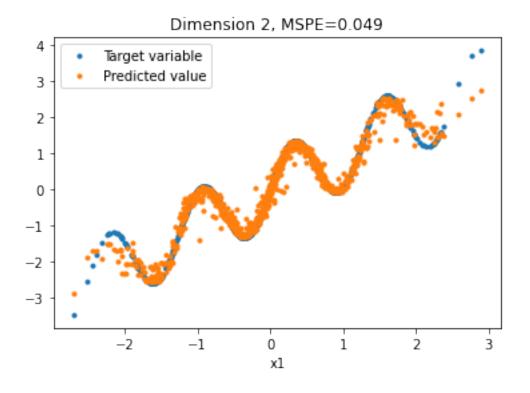
```
Proportion of points inside the shell of hypersphere: At dimension 2: 766958/7854144 = 0.09765010674619666 At dimension 3: 746520/5235165 = 0.14259722472930653 At dimension 5: 372387/1645135 = 0.22635649961857235 At dimension 7: 111490/369421 = 0.30179659521250823 At dimension 10: 10088/25057 = 0.4026020672865866 At dimension 13: 561/1102 = 0.5090744101633394 At dimension 17: 7/9 = 0.77777777777777
```

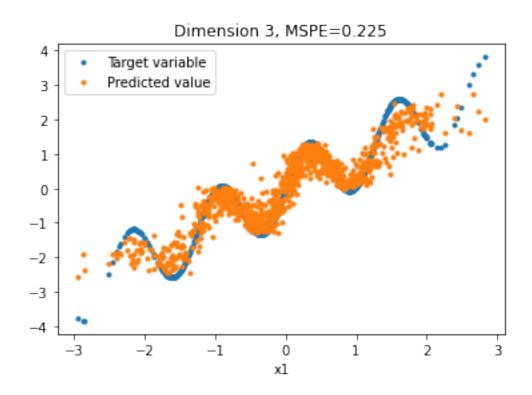
1.2 Problem 2

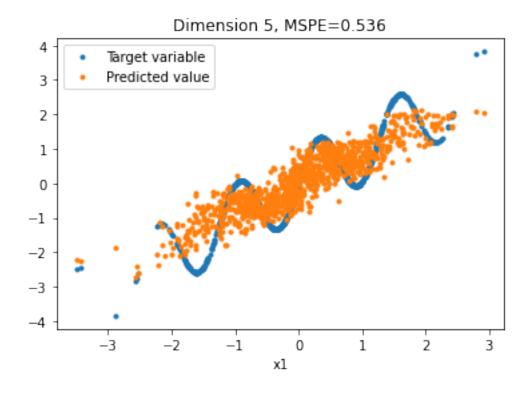
```
[8]: import numpy as np
     from numpy.linalg import norm
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     def generate_data(N, dim):
         xs = np.random.multivariate normal(np.zeros(dim), np.diag(np.ones(dim)),
      ⇒size=N)
         # Target
         ys = xs[:,0] + np.sin(5*xs[:,0])
         trainX = xs[:1000]
         trainY = ys[:1000]
         testX = xs[1000:]
         testY = ys[1000:]
         return trainX, trainY, testX, testY
     def fiveNN(trainX, trainY, testX):
         predY = []
         for tstx in testX:
             distances = norm(tstx-trainX, axis=1)
             idxs = np.argpartition(distances, 5)[:5]
             py = np.mean(trainY[idxs])
             predY.append(py)
         return predY
     def pred_error_mse(testY, predY):
```

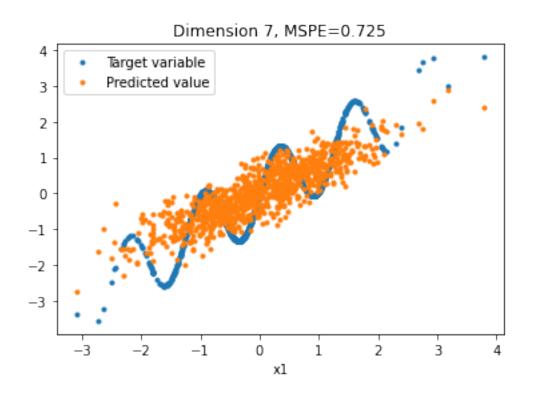
```
sqdiff = (testY-predY)**2
    return np.mean(sqdiff)
def plot(x1, testY, predY, n, dim, mspe):
    plt.figure(n)
    plt.title('Dimension {}, MSPE={}'.format(dim, np.round(mspe,3)))
    tv, = plt.plot(x1, testY, '.', label='Target variable')
    pv, = plt.plot(x1, predY, '.', label='Predicted value')
    plt.xlabel('x1')
    plt.legend(handles=[tv,pv])
    return
dims = [2,3,5,7,10,13,17]
N = 2000
for n in range(len(dims)):
    d = dims[n]
    print('Dimension {}'.format(d))
    trainX, trainY, testX, testY = generate_data(N, d)
    predY = fiveNN(trainX, trainY, testX)
    # Mean-squared prediction error
    mspe = pred_error_mse(testY, predY)
    # Plotting
    plot(testX[:,0], testY, predY, n, d, mspe)
```

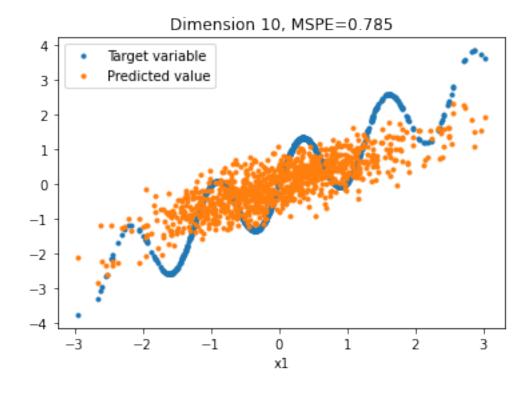
Dimension 2
Dimension 3
Dimension 5
Dimension 7
Dimension 10
Dimension 13
Dimension 17

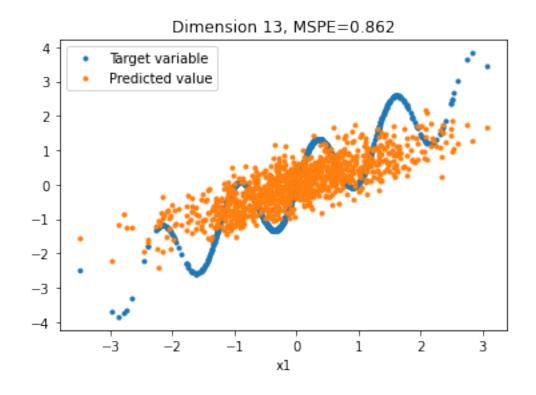


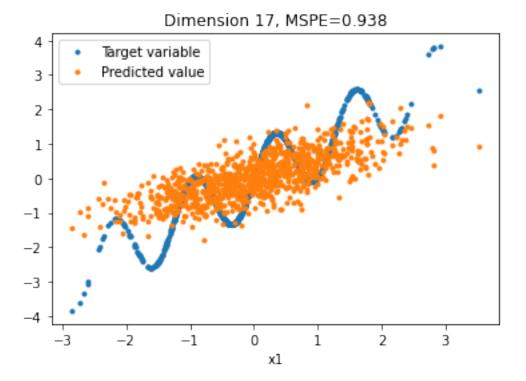












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