

Verification and Validation Report: TPG

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1 Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
Date 1	1.0	Notes
Date 2	1.1	Notes

2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

symbol	description
TPG	Tangled Program Graphs
DNNs	Deep Neural Networks
RL	Reinforcement Learning
SRS	Software Requirement Specification
FR	Functional Requirement
NFR	Non-Functional Requirement
SLN	System Level Number
VnV	Verification and Validation

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This document cohesively summarizes the results of each test as specified in the [VnV Plan](#) documentation.

3 Functional Requirements Evaluation

3.1 MuJoCo Integration

Table 1: MuJoCo Integration Tests

Test Id	Notes	Result
FR-SLN1	When executing the appropriate script, all MuJoCo environments can be run. The best-performing agent within the policy can be visualized using OpenGL or an MP4 file.	Pass
FR-SLN2	MuJoCo environments within the TPG framework can be successfully run within the Digital Research Alliance, enabling research to be conducted by executing experiments.	Pass

3.2 Experiment Visualization

Table 2: Experiment Visualization Tests

Test Id	Notes	Result
FR-SLN3	When an experiment is running or finished training, the best performing policy can be visualized using the TPG CLI tool.	Pass

4 Nonfunctional Requirements Evaluation

4.1 Usability

4.2 Performance

4.3 Operational and Environmental

Table 3: Operational and Environmental Tests

Test Id	Result
NFR-SLR6	Pass

For NFR-SLN6, TPG now supports contributions from macOS, Windows, and Linux developers. Previously, only Linux was supported because TPG used SCons for C++ builds and Linux-specific dependencies from [requirements.txt](#). With VSCode Dev Containers, a Linux development environment is automatically launched for all developers, ensuring a standardized setup. Simply follow the [Wiki](#) instructions to download all necessary Linux dependencies and build the C++ code reliably. Onboarding on a Macbook has been reduced from 2 weeks to just 5 minutes.

4.4 Compliance

Table 4: Compliance Tests

Test Id	Result
NFR-SLR9	Pass

The modified codebase is successfully analyzed using Clang-Tidy and Clang-Format within the CI/CD pipeline. Code change discussions take place through pull request conversations made to the main branch. All errors and warnings are generated based on the C++ Style Guidelines. Any critical

errors found during the linting process create blocking pull request conversations that must be resolved before merging into the main branch.

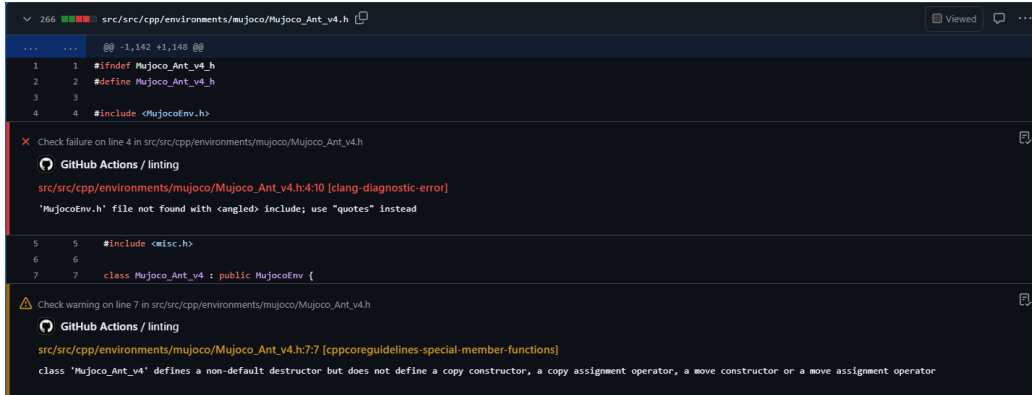


Figure 1: Example of a Linter Error

5 Unit Testing

6 Changes Due to Testing

6.1 Feedback from Rev 0

The feedback given by the instructor and teaching assistant during Revision 0 was essential in guiding the next steps as the team looks toward the final demonstration. Emphasis was placed on ensuring that usability testing was executed systematically rather than in the more ad-hoc manner initially planned by the team. Some additional changes to be made include ensuring that unit testing and benchmarking of the implemented environments are cohesively executed and investigating whether the integration of deployment within the DRA is possible.

7 Automated Testing

As a result of the team's conversion from building the project using SCons to CMake, automated testing became significantly easier to execute and debug. To run any automated tests within a developer's local environment, a

developer can simply execute a command to build the project. This not only compiles everything but also runs all automated tests. If a developer wishes to run only the tests, they must navigate to the directory where the tests were already compiled (typically `/build/tests`). From there, the command `ctest` can be entered into the command prompt. Similar to the compilation process, all automated tests are executed once this command is run.

From the repository’s point of view, tests are executed using GitHub Actions or GitLab CI (depending on which repository is being viewed). Both linting and compilation are performed using the same commands that would be executed within a developer’s local environment. These tests run when a new pull request is made to the main branch, ensuring that all tests pass before merging. The compiler workflow is also executed after merging into the main branch to ensure no errors or unintended changes in code behaviour have occurred. If any test or workflow fails, the logs of the workflow can be reviewed, providing a detailed summary of the reason for failure. This not only allows for easier debugging but also resolves the “works on my machine” issue.

8 Trace to Requirements

9 Trace to Modules

10 Code Coverage Metrics

References

Appendix — Reflection

The information in this section will be used to evaluate the team members on the graduate attribute of Reflection.

The purpose of reflection questions is to give you a chance to assess your own learning and that of your group as a whole, and to find ways to improve in the future. Reflection is an important part of the learning process. Reflection is also an essential component of a successful software development process.

Reflections are most interesting and useful when they're honest, even if the stories they tell are imperfect. You will be marked based on your depth of thought and analysis, and not based on the content of the reflections themselves. Thus, for full marks we encourage you to answer openly and honestly and to avoid simply writing "what you think the evaluator wants to hear."

Please answer the following questions. Some questions can be answered on the team level, but where appropriate, each team member should write their own response:

1. What went well while writing this deliverable?
2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?
3. Which parts of this document stemmed from speaking to your client(s) or a proxy (e.g. your peers)? Which ones were not, and why?
4. In what ways was the Verification and Validation (VnV) Plan different from the activities that were actually conducted for VnV? If there were differences, what changes required the modification in the plan? Why did these changes occur? Would you be able to anticipate these changes in future projects? If there weren't any differences, how was your team able to clearly predict a feasible amount of effort and the right tasks needed to build the evidence that demonstrates the required quality? (It is expected that most teams will have had to deviate from their original VnV Plan.)