

Technical Session 1:

The firefighter drone - Part 2: Safety

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Agenda

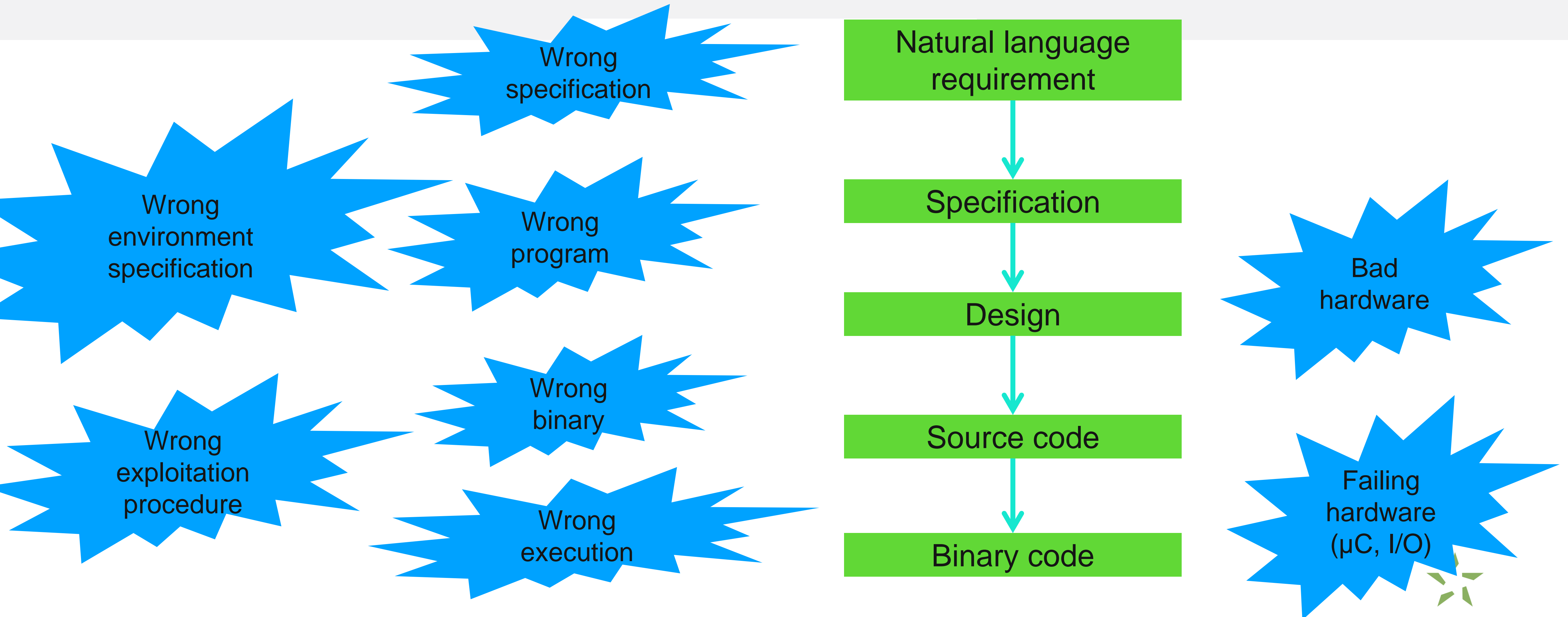
- Safety issues
- Hazard analysis
- Safety function

Safety Issues

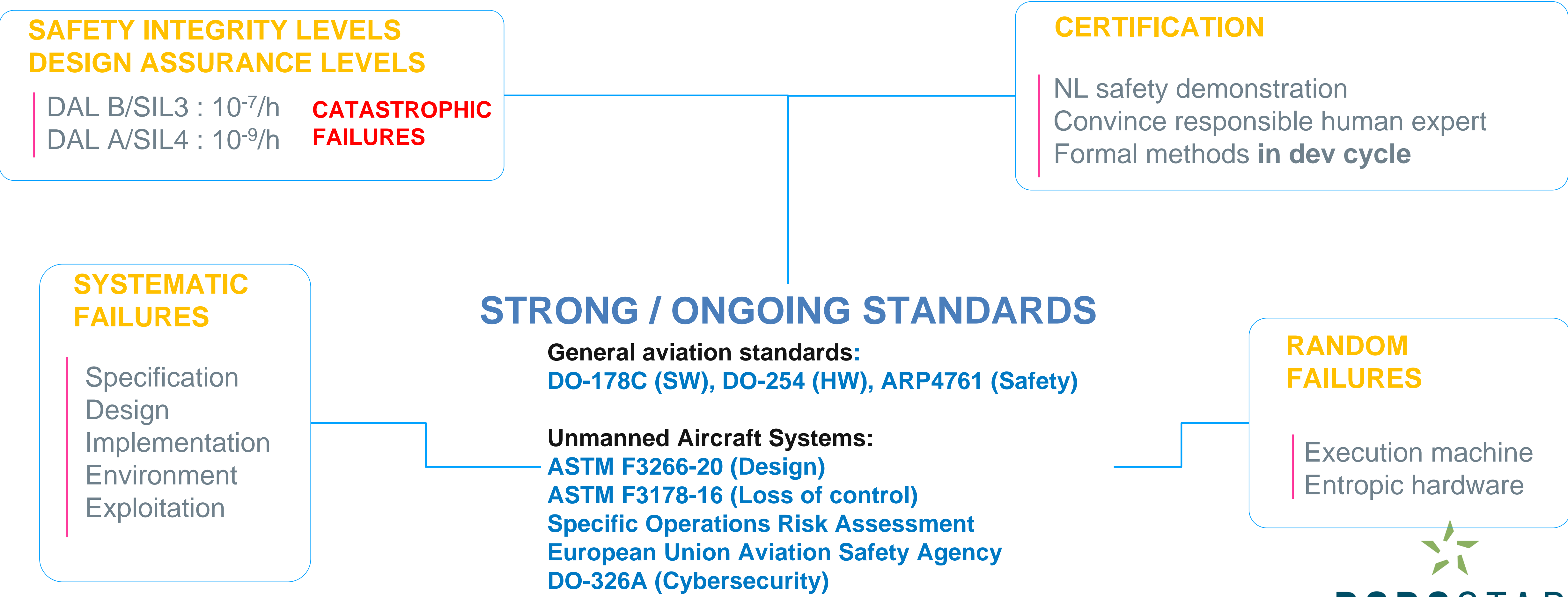
Safety is about things that happen 1 in 1,000,000



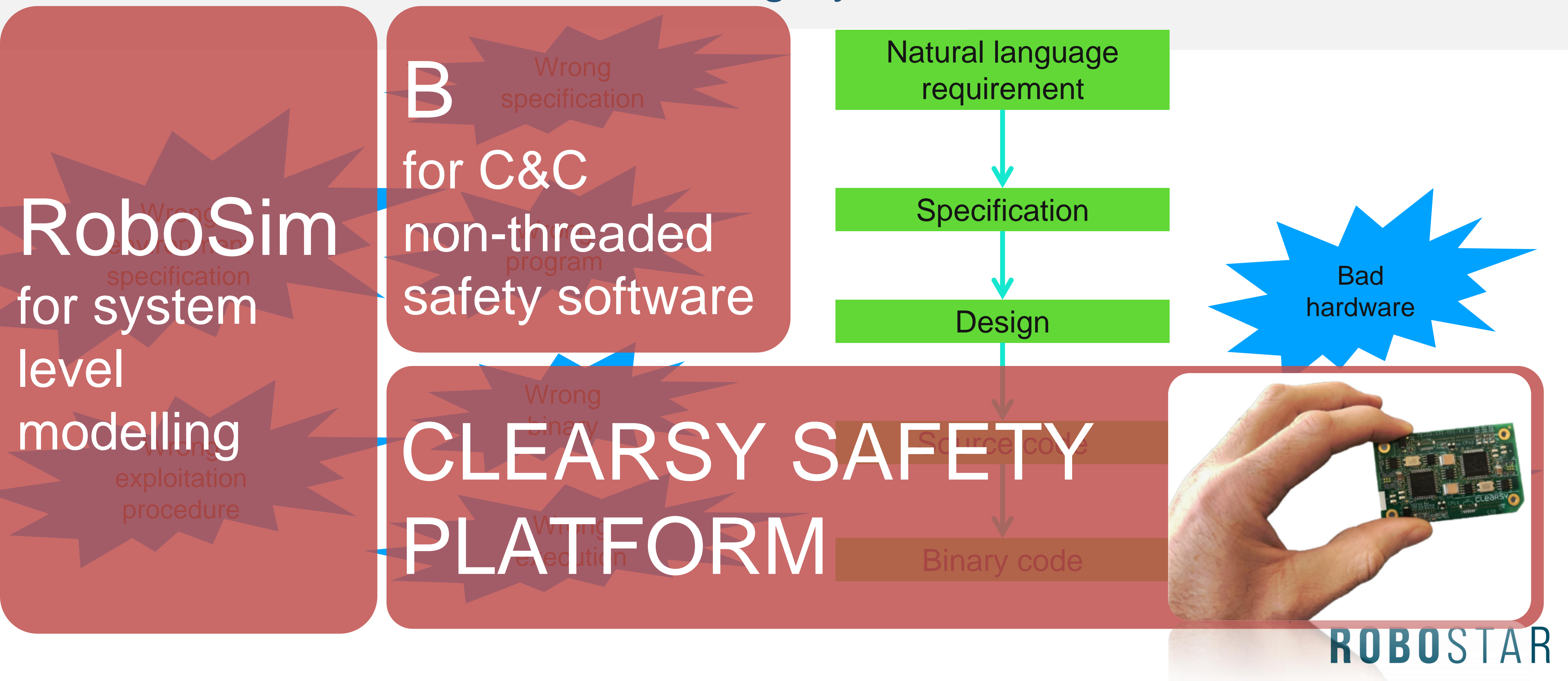
Failing Software-Based Systems



Safety for Industry Systems (at large)



Formal Methods to Handle Failing Systems



Hazard Analysis

Preliminary Study

- Dreaded events (what situation do we want to avoid ?)
 - **[1] Firefighting erratic flight**
 - behaviour is supposed « correct »
 - Adding functional redundancy (duplicate computer, software, and sensors) against the lightweight / lowcost design principles
 - **[2] Collision with environment or human being**
 - Lightweight drone -> probably no incidence
 - **[3] Loss of the drone**
 - Requires safeguard to avoid drone to get out of reach /lost



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Preliminary Study

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Hazard	Accidental event	Probable cause	Preventive actions
Loss of communication	Inability to control drone (mission interrupt)	ECM, fuzzing, emitter down, receiver down, obstacle, signal attenuation	If no signal is received during a given period, flight software is triggered to “return to base”
Invalid communication	Mission maintained with no valid remote control	Wrongly received signal from another source	Messages contains some liveness and dynamic information to discriminate from “random sources”
Low energy	Inability to maintain communication link, inability to ensure flight	Battery low, leak current	External device measures remaining charge and trigger alarm if half charge + constant is reached. Also takes into account the loss of charge over time.
Insufficient propulsion power	Inability to maintain flight profile, collision with ground objects/human beings	Environmental conditions (wind), interaction with environment (cables), engine failure	Out of scope
Inaccurate flight computer	Unpredictable trajectory, collision with objects/human beings	ECM, shots, failing hardware	Out of scope
Safety function not active	Inability to control drone (mission interrupt)	No energy on the safety computer, failing safety computer	Safe position should correspond to “safety computer powered and running OK”

Safety Function



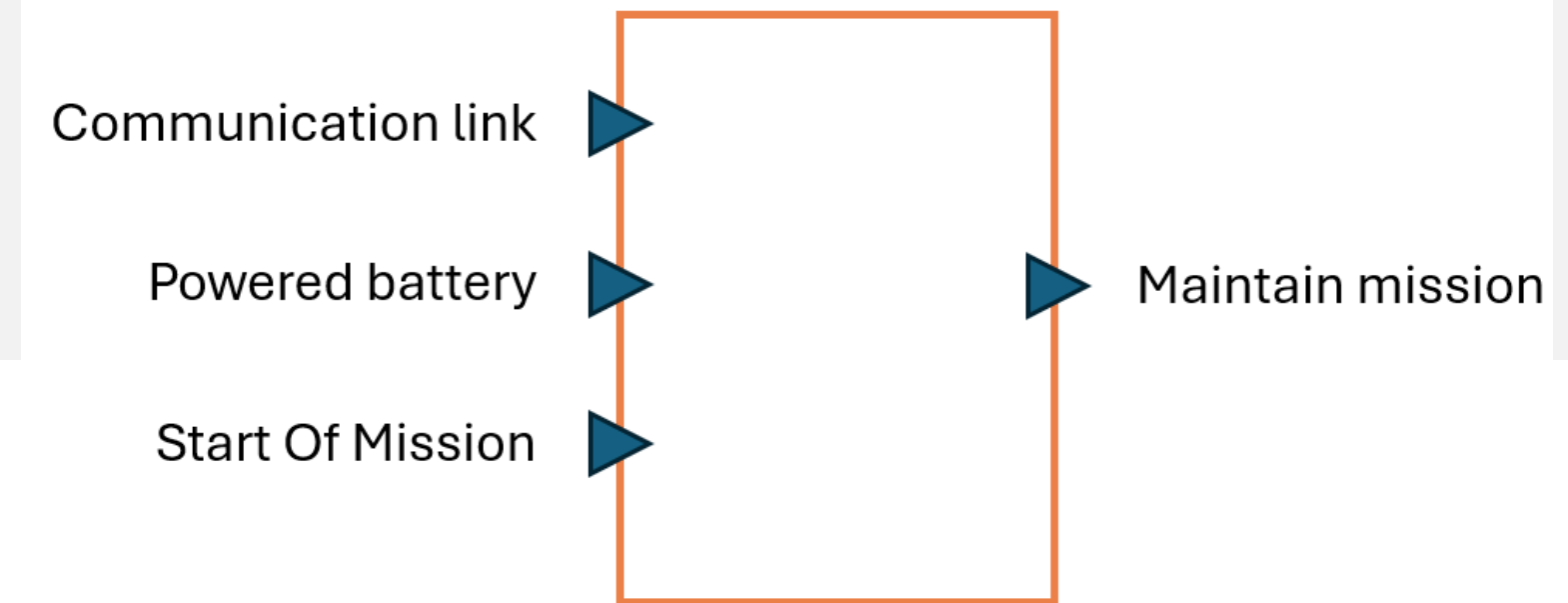
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Safety Check

- **Verifying that a communication link is maintained during the whole mission.** This communication link, from ground base to drone only, is used to interrupt the mission if decided remotely by human supervisors and/or if some on-board conditions are not met. Recovering the communication link re-enables the mission.
- **Checking that the battery has sufficient charge.** Insufficient charge implies to recharge the battery of the drone that is the only way to cancel the “low battery” alarm.
- If the safety-check fails, the flight software is contained in a mode where a return-to-base is mandatory.
- **Need to know when the mission starts** (Start of Mission, or **SoM**)
- **Operational exported constraint:** drone cannot be operated from a moving base

Safety Check



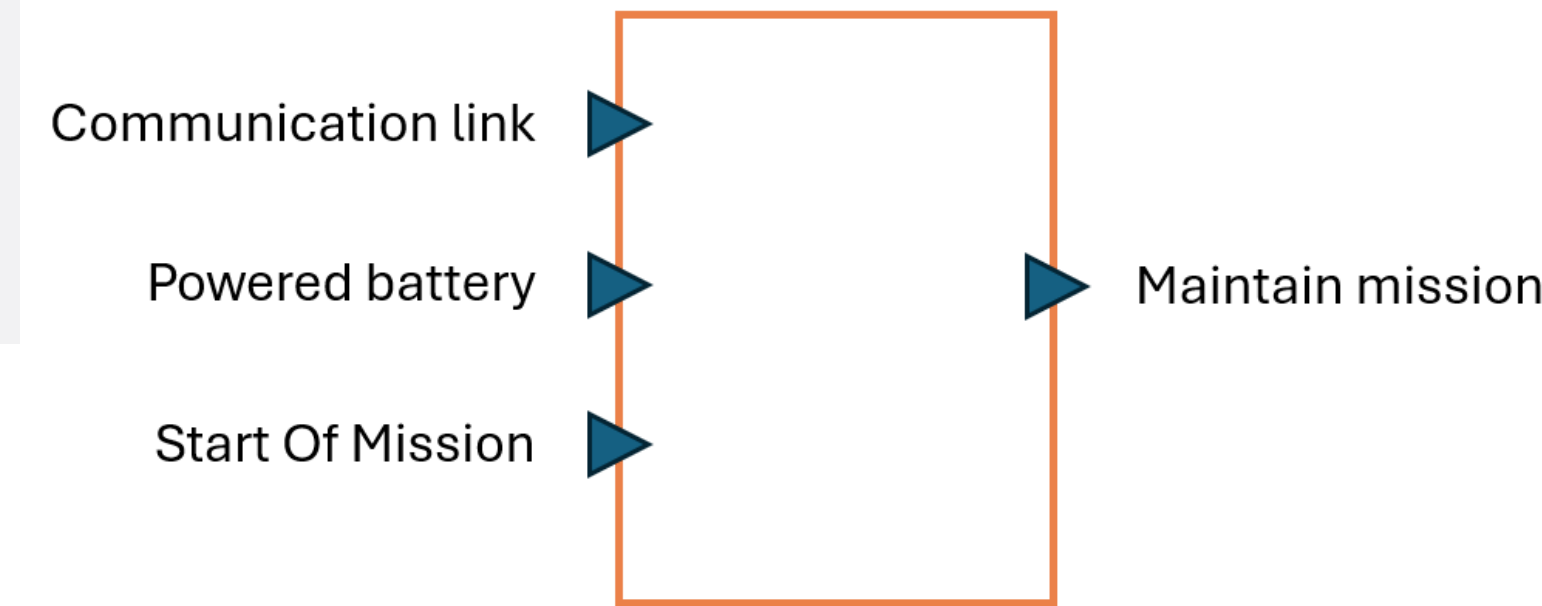
It takes three inputs:

- ▶ **Communication link** represents the transformation of analogic radio signal into digital signal (bit stream). The frequency of the signal and bit alternation is constant. The transmission pattern must be determined. When communication link is down, the mission is not maintained until either the communication link is reestablished, or the drone reaches base and is reset/restarted.
- ▶ **Powered battery** represents the capability of the drone to return to its base, as it is supposed to start its mission with full charge. The data required for the low battery alarm is usually complex (real value fluctuating over time). For this case study, the Boolean input signal represents the fact that the output voltage is greater than a threshold. If it is lower than this threshold during a delay delay_1 , then the low battery alarm is raised. Once a low battery alarm is raised, the return-to-base is forced until the drone returns to base and is reset/reenergized/restarted
- ▶ **Start of Mission** represents the first moment when the safety check must be ensured. This event is characterized by the first rising edge of this input.

and calculates one output:

- ▶ **Maintain mission** represents the ability to continue the mission.

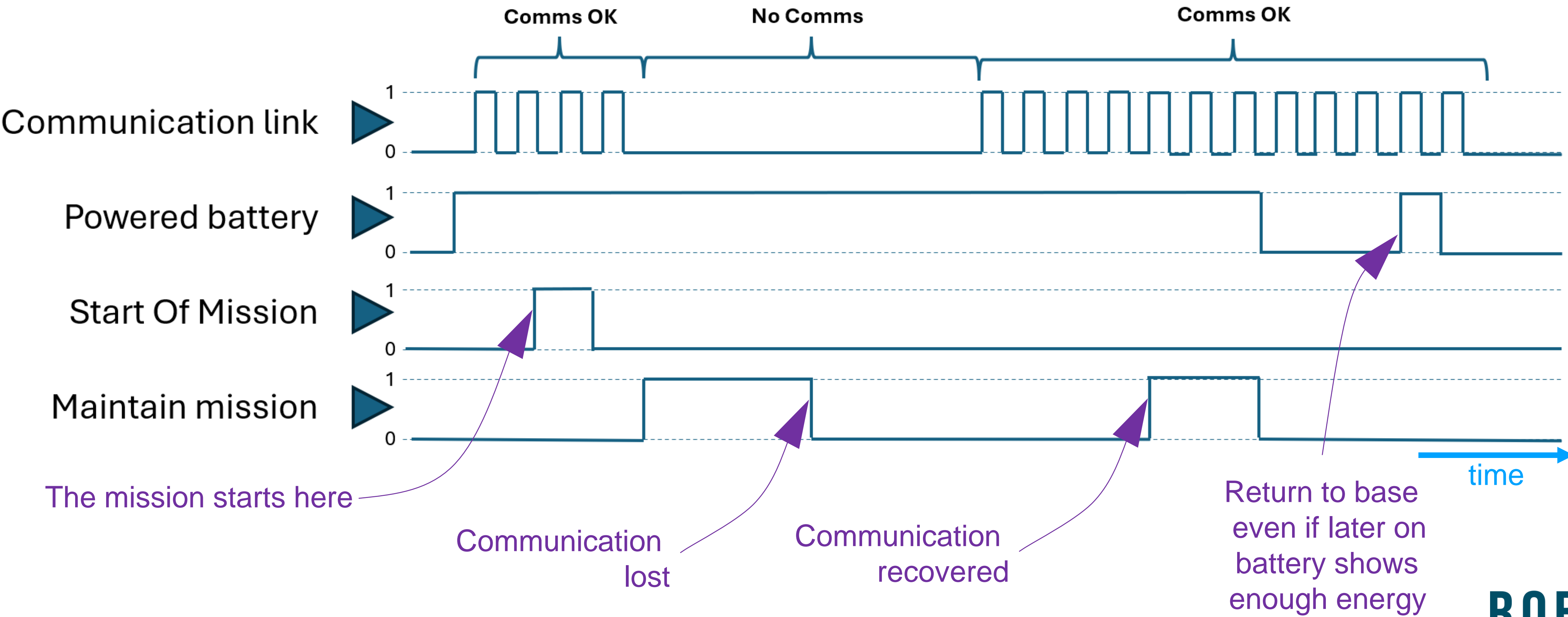
Inputs, Outputs, and Safe Position



- ▶ Restrictive position (“return to base”) should correspond to “absence of power”
 - ▶ *Maintain mission* should be powered to maintain the mission
 - ▶ *Powered battery* indicates enough energy when powered
 - ▶ *Start Of Mission* requires some energy to start the mission
 - ▶ *Communication Link* not energized indicates no communication activity

When you observe a system
you don't know if everything works OK or not

An example of scenario



Next

The RoboSim model

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