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Experiment preparation

*On est trop souvent imprécis
lorsqu'on fait une citation.*

Quelqu'un, un jour.

Generative part of all experiments

0.1 Base Z cercle

```

1 def complex_cal(qc, statevector_sim):
2     statevector_job = execute(qc, statevector_sim)
3     statevector_result = statevector_job.result()
4     psi = statevector_result.get_statevector()
5     z0 = psi[0]
6     z1 = psi[1]
7     if z1.real != 0 or z1.imag != 0:
8         z = z0/z1
9         z = round(z.real, 2) + round(z.imag, 2) * 1j
10    else:
11        z = 0
12    return z
13
14 init_q = QuantumRegister(1, 'q')
15 qc_cercle = QuantumCircuit(init_q)
16
17 tab_cercle = [[], []]
18 x_cercle = []
19 y_cercle = []
20 tab_temp = []
21 z0 = 0+0j
22 z1 = 0+0j
23 z = 0+0j
24
25 shots = 100
26 max_shots = 1
27 qc_cercle.h(init_q)

```

```

28 for w in range(max_shots):
29     # First part
30     for i in range(shots):
31         qc_cercle.rz(pi/(shots/8), init_q)
32         z = complex_cal(qc_cercle, statevector_sim)
33         if z != 0:
34             tab_temp.append(z)
35     qc_cercle.barrier()
36
37     if (w + 1) % 5 == 0:
38         print("Full circuit bloch :", w+1, "/", max_shots)
39
40 print("Fini!")
41
42 for i in tab_temp:
43     iteration = tab_temp.count(i)
44     if tab_cercle[0].count(i) < 1:
45         tab_cercle[0].append(i)
46         tab_cercle[1].append(iteration)
47
48 for i in range(len(tab_cercle[0])):
49     x_cercle.append(tab_cercle[0][i].real)
50     y_cercle.append(tab_cercle[0][i].imag)
51
52 print("Total of SV :", len(tab_temp))

```

0.2 Generical functions

0.2.1 Qubit and variable preparation

```

1  init_q = QuantumRegister(1, 'q')
2  qc = QuantumCircuit(init_q)
3
4  tab = [[], []]
5  x = []
6  y = []
7  x_north = []
8  y_north = []
9  x_south = []
10 y_south = []
11 tab_temp = [[], [], []]
12 z0 = 0+0j
13 z1 = 0+0j
14 z = 0+0j
15 z_north = 0*0j
16 z_south = 0*0j
17
18 shots = 100    # Never change -> Concidere it as 1 full circuit
19 max_shots = 100 # Change in fonction of how many full block we want

```

0.2.2 Transform spherical plan to 2d plan

```

1 def complex_cal(qc, statevector_sim):
2     statevector_job = execute(qc, statevector_sim)
3     statevector_result = statevector_job.result()
4     psi = statevector_result.get_statevector()
5     z0 = psi[0]
6     z1 = psi[1]
7     if z1.real != 0 or z1.imag != 0:
8         z = z0/z1
9         z = round(z.real, 2) + round(z.imag, 2) * 1j
10        if np.abs(z0.real) >= 1.0 / np.sqrt(2):
11            z_north = z0/z1
12            z_north = round(z_north.real, 2) + round(z_north.imag, 2) * 1j
13            z_south = 0
14            return z, z_north, z_south
15        if np.abs(z0.real) <= 1.0 / np.sqrt(2):
16            z_south = z0/z1
17            z_south = round(z_south.real, 2) + round(z_south.imag, 2) * 1j
18            z_north = 0
19            return z, z_north, z_south
20    else:
21        z = 0
22        z_north = 0
23        z_south = 0
24    return z, z_north, z_south

```

0.2.3 Data analyse for plan

```

1 for i in tab_temp[0]:
2     iteration = tab_temp[0].count(i)
3     if tab[0].count(i) < 1:
4         tab[0].append(i)
5         tab[1].append(iteration)
6
7 # the whole world
8 for i in range(len(tab[0])):
9     x.append(tab[0][i].real)
10    y.append(tab[0][i].imag)
11 # northern hemisphere
12 for i in range(len(tab_temp[1])):
13     x_north.append(tab_temp[1][i].real)
14     y_north.append(tab_temp[1][i].imag)
15 # southern hemisphere
16 for i in range(len(tab_temp[2])):
17     x_south.append(tab_temp[2][i].real)
18     y_south.append(tab_temp[2][i].imag)
19
20 print("Total of SV :", len(tab_temp[0]))

```

0.3 Graph

```
1 plt.scatter(x_cercle, y_cercle, c=tab_cercle[1], s=1, cmap="coolwarm")
2 plt.scatter(x, y, c=tab[1], s=1, cmap="coolwarm")
3 plt.colorbar()
4 print("Number of different value : ", len(x))
```

```
1 print("The whole world !")
2 gen_tab = [[], [], []]
3 zoom_in = 4
4
5 for i in range(len(x)):
6     if (x[i] > -1.05 and x[i] < 2) and (y[i] > -1.05 and y[i] < 1.05):
7         gen_tab[0].append(x[i])
8         gen_tab[1].append(y[i])
9         gen_tab[2].append(tab[1][i])
10
11 #plt.scatter(x_cercle, y_cercle, c=tab_cercle[1], s=2, cmap="coolwarm")
12 plt.scatter(gen_tab[0], gen_tab[1], c=gen_tab[2], s=2, cmap="coolwarm")
13 #plt.colorbar()
14 print("Number of different values in zoom : ", len(gen_tab[0]), "/", len(x)
15     )
```