

- binomial_cis: A Python Package for Optimal Binomial
- 2 Confidence Intervals
- **Joseph A. Vincent** [□] ¹
- 1 Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Stanford University

DOI: 10.xxxxx/draft

Software

- Review 🗗
- Repository 🖸
- Archive 🗗

Editor: Open Journals ♂ Reviewers:

@openjournals

Submitted: 01 January 1970 **Published:** unpublished

License

Authors of papers retain copyrights and release the work under a 15 Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0),

Summary

binomial_cis is a Python package for computing confidence intervals for the probability of success parameter, p, of a binomial distribution.

Statement of Need

Constructing confidence intervals for an unknown probability success given samples of successes and failures is one of the most fundamental problems in statistical inference. Research into this question dates back at least to the 1930s with the work of Clopper and Pearson (Clopper & Pearson, 1934). One of the key culminations of this research effort were procedures given by (Eudey, 1949) (Lehmann & Romano, 2022) to construct uniformly most accurate (UMA) and uniformly most accurate unbiased (UMAU) confidence intervals. These intervals have desirable optimality properties, and provide much better inference at small sample sizes than other methods. The need for binomial_cis arose out of these methods not having an open-source implementation.

Research Usage

binomial_cis has been used to compute confidence intervals for the success rate of robots in simulated and real-world tasks (Vincent et al., 2024).

Acknowledgements

22 Financial support was provided by Toyota Research Institute.

References

- ²⁴ Clopper, C. J., & Pearson, E. S. (1934). The use of confidence or fiducial limits illustrated in the case of the binomial. *Biometrika*, 26(4), 404–413.
- Eudey, M. W. (1949). *On the treatment of discontinuous random variables* [PhD thesis].
 University of California Berkeley.
- Lehmann, E. L., & Romano, J. P. (2022). *Testing statistical hypotheses* (Vol. 4). Springer.
- Vincent, J. A., Nishimura, H., Itkina, M., Shah, P., Schwager, M., & Kollar, T. (2024).

 How generalizable is my behavior cloning policy? A statistical approach to trustworthy performance evaluation. arXiv Preprint arXiv:2405.05439.