THÍ NGHIỆM: VI XỬ LÝ – VI ĐIỀU KHIỂN BÁO CÁO

LAB1

Giáo viên hướng dẫn	Huỳnh Phúc Nghị
Sinh viên thực hiện	Trương Phi Trường
Mssv	1915749

Link cho các bài mô phỏng:

https://github.com/TRUONGTRUONG2304/Simulation_Proteus_LAB1

Exercise 1: In this exercise, the status of two LEDs are switched every 2 seconds, as demonstrated in the figure bellow.

Source code:

```
while (1)
{
    /* USER CODE END WHILE */
        HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6);
        HAL_Delay(2000);
        HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6);
        HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5);
        HAL_Delay(2000);
        HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5);
        /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
}
```

Exercise 2: Extend the first exercise to simulate the behavior of a traffic light. A third LED, named **LED-GREEN** is added to the system, which is connected to **PA7**. A cycle in this traffic light is 5 seconds for the RED, 2 seconds for the YELLOW and 3 seconds for the GREEN. The LED-GREEN is also controlled by its negative pin.

Source code:

```
int state = 1;
while (1)
```

```
/* USER CODE END WHILE */
      Cách 1
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6);
//
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7);
      HAL_Delay(5000);
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5);
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6);
//
      HAL Delay(5000);
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6);
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7);
//
      HAL_Delay(5000);
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5);
//
      HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6);
//
      Cách 2
//
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
      switch(state){
      case 1:
            HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
            break
      case 2:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
            break;
      case 3:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
                 break:
      HAL_Delay(1000);
      state += 1:
      if(state > 3) state = 1;
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
```

Exercise 3: Extend to the 4-way traffic light. Arrange 12 LEDs in a nice shape to simulate the behaviors of a traffic light. A reference design can be found in the figure bellow.

Source code:

```
int state = 1:
while (1)
{
/* USER CODE END WHILE */
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO PIN SET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 2, GPIO PIN SET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 3, GPIO PIN SET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 13, GPIO PIN SET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 14, GPIO PIN SET);
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_15, GPIO_PIN_SET);
     switch(state){
     case 1:
           HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO PIN RESET):
           HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 15, GPIO PIN RESET);
           break;
     case 2:
           HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 2, GPIO PIN RESET);
          HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 14, GPIO PIN RESET);
           break;
     case 3:
          HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_13, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
           break;
     state++;
     if(state > 3) state = 1;
     HAL_Delay(1000);
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
```

Exercise 4: Add **only one 7 led segment** to the schematic in Exercise 3. This component can be found in Proteus by the keyword **7SEG-COM-ANODE**. For this device, the common pin should be connected to the power supply and other pins are

supposed to connected to PB0 to PB6. Therefore, to turn-on a segment in this 7SEG, the STM32 pin should be in logic 0 (0V).

Source code:

```
void display7SEG(int count){
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 1, GPIO PIN RESET):
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 4, GPIO PIN RESET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 5, GPIO PIN RESET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 6, GPIO PIN RESET);
     HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO PIN RESET);
     switch(count){
     case 0:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_1, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     case 1:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_1, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     case 2:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_5, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     case 3:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break:
     case 4:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     case 5:
           HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 3, GPIO PIN SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
```

```
break;
     case 6:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_6, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     case 7:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_1, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_4, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     case 8:
           break;
     case 9:
           HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_SET);
           break;
     }
}
```