

Apply filters to SQL queries

Project description

This project aims to acquire specific information about the employees, their machines, and the databases they're operating in. SQL is used to acquire this information, which is typed into the MariaDB shell.

Retrieve after-hours failed login attempts

```
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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [organization]> clear
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM log_in_attempts
->
-> WHERE login_time > '18:00:00' AND success = FALSE;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address | success |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 2 | apatel | 2022-05-10 | 20:27:27 | CAN | 192.168.205.12 | 0 |
| 18 | pwashing | 2022-05-11 | 19:28:50 | US | 192.168.66.142 | 0 |
| 20 | tshah | 2022-05-12 | 18:56:36 | MEXICO | 192.168.109.50 | 0 |
| 28 | aestrada | 2022-05-09 | 19:28:12 | MEXICO | 192.168.27.57 | 0 |
| 34 | drosas | 2022-05-11 | 21:02:04 | US | 192.168.45.93 | 0 |
| 42 | cgriffin | 2022-05-09 | 23:04:05 | US | 192.168.4.157 | 0 |
| 52 | cjackson | 2022-05-10 | 22:07:07 | CAN | 192.168.58.57 | 0 |
| 69 | wjaffrey | 2022-05-11 | 19:55:15 | USA | 192.168.100.17 | 0 |
| 82 | abernard | 2022-05-12 | 23:38:46 | MEX | 192.168.234.49 | 0 |
| 87 | apatel | 2022-05-08 | 22:38:31 | CANADA | 192.168.132.153 | 0 |
| 96 | ivelasco | 2022-05-09 | 22:36:36 | CAN | 192.168.84.194 | 0 |
| 104 | asundara | 2022-05-11 | 18:38:07 | US | 192.168.96.200 | 0 |
| 107 | bisles | 2022-05-12 | 20:25:57 | USA | 192.168.116.187 | 0 |
| 111 | aestrada | 2022-05-10 | 22:00:26 | MEXICO | 192.168.76.27 | 0 |
| 127 | abellmas | 2022-05-09 | 21:20:51 | CANADA | 192.168.70.122 | 0 |
| 131 | bisles | 2022-05-09 | 20:03:55 | US | 192.168.113.171 | 0 |
| 155 | cgriffin | 2022-05-12 | 22:18:42 | USA | 192.168.236.176 | 0 |
| 160 | jclark | 2022-05-10 | 20:49:00 | CANADA | 192.168.214.49 | 0 |
| 199 | yappiah | 2022-05-11 | 19:34:48 | MEXICO | 192.168.44.232 | 0 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
19 rows in set (0.209 sec)

MariaDB [organization]> clear
MariaDB [organization]>
```

In the screenshot above, the query input into the shell is used to acquire the failed login attempts after 6:00 p.m. This shows us not only the employee that attempted to log in to the system unsuccessfully but also where they're located and the exact time the attempt was made. The `SELECT` function tells the computer to show all information received through the arguments. `FROM` tells the computer which table to take information from. In this case, it's the `employees` table. The final command, `WHERE`, filters the table to the given arguments that follow.

Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM log_in_attempts
->
-> WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR login_date = '2022-05-08';
```

| event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address | success |
|----------|----------|------------|------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| 1 | jpaafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27 | CAN | 192.168.243.140 | 1 |
| 3 | dkot | 2022-05-09 | 06:47:41 | USA | 192.168.151.162 | 1 |
| 4 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 02:00:39 | USA | 192.168.178.71 | 0 |
| 8 | bisles | 2022-05-08 | 01:30:17 | US | 192.168.119.173 | 0 |
| 12 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 09:11:34 | USA | 192.168.100.158 | 1 |
| 15 | lyamamot | 2022-05-09 | 17:17:26 | USA | 192.168.183.51 | 0 |
| 24 | arusso | 2022-05-09 | 06:49:39 | MEXICO | 192.168.171.192 | 1 |
| 25 | sbaelish | 2022-05-09 | 07:04:02 | US | 192.168.33.137 | 1 |
| 26 | apatel | 2022-05-08 | 17:27:00 | CANADA | 192.168.123.105 | 1 |
| 28 | aestrada | 2022-05-09 | 19:28:12 | MEXICO | 192.168.27.57 | 0 |
| 30 | yappiah | 2022-05-09 | 03:22:22 | MEX | 192.168.124.48 | 1 |
| 32 | acook | 2022-05-09 | 02:52:02 | CANADA | 192.168.142.239 | 0 |
| 36 | asundara | 2022-05-08 | 09:00:42 | US | 192.168.78.151 | 1 |
| 38 | sbaelish | 2022-05-09 | 14:40:01 | USA | 192.168.60.42 | 1 |
| 39 | yappiah | 2022-05-09 | 07:56:40 | MEXICO | 192.168.57.115 | 1 |
| 42 | cgriffin | 2022-05-09 | 23:04:05 | US | 192.168.4.157 | 0 |
| 43 | mcouliba | 2022-05-08 | 02:35:34 | CANADA | 192.168.16.208 | 0 |
| 44 | daquino | 2022-05-08 | 07:02:35 | CANADA | 192.168.168.144 | 0 |
| 47 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 05:06:45 | US | 192.168.233.24 | 1 |
| 49 | asundara | 2022-05-08 | 14:00:01 | US | 192.168.173.213 | 0 |
| 53 | mason | 2022-05-08 | 11:51:39 | CAN | 192.168.133.188 | 1 |
| 56 | acook | 2022-05-08 | 04:56:30 | CAN | 192.168.209.130 | 1 |
| 58 | ivelasco | 2022-05-09 | 17:20:54 | CAN | 192.168.57.162 | 0 |
| 61 | dtanaka | 2022-05-09 | 09:45:18 | USA | 192.168.98.221 | 1 |
| 65 | aalonso | 2022-05-09 | 23:42:12 | MEX | 192.168.52.37 | 1 |
| 66 | aestrada | 2022-05-08 | 21:58:32 | MEX | 192.168.67.223 | 1 |
| 67 | abernard | 2022-05-09 | 11:53:41 | MEX | 192.168.118.29 | 1 |
| 68 | mrah | 2022-05-08 | 17:16:13 | US | 192.168.42.248 | 1 |
| 70 | tmitchel | 2022-05-09 | 10:55:17 | MEXICO | 192.168.87.199 | 1 |
| 71 | mcouliba | 2022-05-09 | 06:57:42 | CAN | 192.168.55.169 | 0 |
| 72 | alevitsk | 2022-05-08 | 12:09:10 | CANADA | 192.168.139.176 | 1 |
| 79 | abernard | 2022-05-09 | 11:41:15 | MEX | 192.168.158.170 | 0 |

The query typed into this command line retrieves the login attempts between the dates 2022-05-08 and 2022-05-09. In this query, the `OR` operator is used to filter between the dates and only return data filtered for just the dates wanted. It specifies that either condition can be met. Note that the dates had to be individually selected or the information given back will be incomplete.

Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

```
MariaDB [organization]> clear
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM log_in_attempts
->
-> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
```

| event_id | username | login_date | login_time | country | ip_address | success |
|----------|----------|------------|------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| 1 | jrafael | 2022-05-09 | 04:56:27 | CAN | 192.168.243.140 | 1 |
| 2 | apatel | 2022-05-10 | 20:27:27 | CAN | 192.168.205.12 | 0 |
| 3 | dkot | 2022-05-09 | 06:47:41 | USA | 192.168.151.162 | 1 |
| 4 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 02:00:39 | USA | 192.168.178.71 | 0 |
| 5 | jrafael | 2022-05-11 | 03:05:59 | CANADA | 192.168.86.232 | 0 |
| 7 | eraab | 2022-05-11 | 01:45:14 | CAN | 192.168.170.243 | 1 |
| 8 | bisles | 2022-05-08 | 01:30:17 | US | 192.168.119.173 | 0 |
| 10 | jrafael | 2022-05-12 | 09:33:19 | CANADA | 192.168.228.221 | 0 |
| 11 | sgilmore | 2022-05-11 | 10:16:29 | CANADA | 192.168.140.81 | 0 |
| 12 | dkot | 2022-05-08 | 09:11:34 | USA | 192.168.100.158 | 1 |
| 13 | mrh | 2022-05-11 | 09:29:34 | USA | 192.168.246.135 | 1 |
| 14 | sbaelish | 2022-05-10 | 10:20:18 | US | 192.168.16.99 | 1 |
| 15 | lyamamot | 2022-05-09 | 17:17:26 | USA | 192.168.183.51 | 0 |
| 16 | mcouliba | 2022-05-11 | 06:44:22 | CAN | 192.168.172.189 | 1 |
| 17 | pwashing | 2022-05-11 | 02:33:02 | USA | 192.168.81.89 | 1 |
| 18 | pwashing | 2022-05-11 | 19:28:50 | US | 192.168.66.142 | 0 |
| 19 | jhill | 2022-05-12 | 13:09:04 | US | 192.168.142.245 | 1 |
| 21 | iuduike | 2022-05-11 | 17:50:00 | US | 192.168.131.147 | 1 |
| 25 | sbaelish | 2022-05-09 | 07:04:02 | US | 192.168.33.137 | 1 |
| 26 | apatel | 2022-05-08 | 17:27:00 | CANADA | 192.168.123.105 | 1 |
| 29 | bisles | 2022-05-11 | 01:21:22 | US | 192.168.85.186 | 0 |
| 31 | acook | 2022-05-12 | 17:36:45 | CANADA | 192.168.58.232 | 0 |
| 32 | acook | 2022-05-09 | 02:52:02 | CANADA | 192.168.142.239 | 0 |
| 33 | zbernal | 2022-05-11 | 02:52:10 | US | 192.168.72.59 | 1 |
| 34 | drosas | 2022-05-11 | 21:02:04 | US | 192.168.45.93 | 0 |
| 36 | asundara | 2022-05-08 | 09:00:42 | US | 192.168.78.151 | 1 |
| 37 | eraab | 2022-05-10 | 06:03:41 | CANADA | 192.168.152.148 | 0 |
| 38 | sbaelish | 2022-05-09 | 14:40:01 | USA | 192.168.60.42 | 1 |

To retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico, the query used includes the **NOT** and **LIKE** operators after the **WHERE** command. They help to filter the table information to countries that do not include Mexico. This is simply in SQL, by using the symbol '%'. This character substitutes for any number of other characters. As used in the query above, the filter excludes any country containing 'MEX' and any character following it.

Retrieve employees in Marketing

```
| 184 | alevitsk | 2022-05-08 | 03:09:48 | CAN | 192.168.33.70 | 0 |
| 185 | jsoto | 2022-05-10 | 13:34:58 | USA | 192.168.151.91 | 0 |
| 186 | bisles | 2022-05-09 | 04:29:17 | USA | 192.168.40.72 | 0 |
| 188 | jsoto | 2022-05-11 | 00:39:09 | USA | 192.168.21.88 | 0 |
| 189 | nmason | 2022-05-08 | 05:37:24 | CANADA | 192.168.168.117 | 1 |
| 190 | jsoto | 2022-05-09 | 05:09:21 | USA | 192.168.25.60 | 0 |
| 191 | cjackson | 2022-05-08 | 06:46:07 | CANADA | 192.168.7.187 | 0 |
| 192 | bisles | 2022-05-10 | 08:32:03 | USA | 192.168.201.40 | 1 |
| 193 | lrodrigu | 2022-05-08 | 07:11:29 | US | 192.168.125.240 | 0 |
| 194 | jclark | 2022-05-12 | 14:11:04 | CAN | 192.168.197.247 | 0 |
| 195 | alevitsk | 2022-05-11 | 06:59:13 | CANADA | 192.168.236.78 | 1 |
| 196 | acook | 2022-05-10 | 09:56:48 | CAN | 192.168.52.90 | 0 |
| 197 | jsoto | 2022-05-08 | 09:05:09 | US | 192.168.36.21 | 0 |
| 200 | jclark | 2022-05-12 | 01:11:45 | CANADA | 192.168.91.103 | 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
144 rows in set (0.053 sec)

MariaDB [organization]> clear
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *
->
-> FROM employees
->
-> WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE 'East-%';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| employee_id | device_id | username | department | office |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1000 | a320b137c219 | elarson | Marketing | East-170 |
| 1052 | a192b174c940 | jdarosa | Marketing | East-195 |
| 1075 | x573y883z772 | fbautist | Marketing | East-267 |
| 1088 | k865l965m233 | rgosh | Marketing | East-157 |
| 1103 | NULL | randers | Marketing | East-460 |
| 1156 | a184b775c707 | dellery | Marketing | East-417 |
| 1163 | h679i515j339 | cwilliam | Marketing | East-216 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.013 sec)

MariaDB [organization]>
```

In order to retrieve employees from the Marketing department, we must specify the department with an `=` sign in the query. This is followed by the `AND` operator, as a sign to the machine that the argument is continued. In this argument, we want offices with the beginning of “East-”. We use `LIKE` to represent this. The `LIKE` operator searches for patterns of characters in the contents of the table. This, altogether, gives a table containing the specific elements wanted as well as the other information associated with the filtered employees.

Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *  
-> FROM employees  
-> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
```

| employee_id | device_id | username | department | office |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| 1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore | Finance | South-153 |
| 1007 | h174i497j413 | wjaffrey | Finance | North-406 |
| 1008 | i858j583k571 | abernard | Finance | South-170 |
| 1009 | NULL | lrodriqu | Sales | South-134 |
| 1010 | k242l212m542 | jlansky | Finance | South-109 |
| 1011 | l748m120n401 | drosas | Sales | South-292 |
| 1015 | p611q262r945 | jsoto | Finance | North-271 |
| 1017 | r550s824t230 | jclark | Finance | North-188 |
| 1018 | s310t540u653 | abellmas | Finance | North-403 |
| 1022 | w237x430y567 | arusso | Finance | West-465 |
| 1024 | y976z753a267 | iuduike | Sales | South-215 |
| 1025 | z381a365b233 | jhill | Sales | North-115 |
| 1029 | d336e475f676 | ivelasco | Finance | East-156 |
| 1035 | j236k303l245 | bisles | Sales | South-171 |
| 1039 | n253o917p623 | cjackson | Sales | East-378 |
| 1041 | p929q222r778 | cgriffin | Sales | North-208 |
| 1044 | s429t157u159 | tbarnes | Finance | West-415 |
| 1045 | t567u844v434 | pwashing | Finance | East-115 |
| 1046 | u429v921w138 | daquino | Finance | West-280 |
| 1047 | v109w587x644 | cward | Finance | West-373 |
| 1048 | w167x592y375 | tmitchel | Finance | South-288 |
| 1049 | NULL | jreckley | Finance | Central-295 |
| 1050 | y132z930a114 | csimmons | Finance | North-468 |
| 1057 | f370g535h632 | mscott | Sales | South-270 |
| 1062 | k367l639m697 | redwards | Finance | North-180 |
| 1063 | l686m140n569 | lpope | Sales | East-226 |
| 1066 | o678p794q957 | ttyrell | Sales | Central-444 |
| 1069 | NULL | jpark | Finance | East-110 |
| 1071 | t244u829v723 | zdutchma | Sales | West-348 |
| 1072 | u905v920w694 | esmith | Sales | East-421 |
| 1076 | y347z204a710 | fgarcia | Finance | Central-270 |

Retrieving employees in other departments is quite similar to the situation above. Key differences are the lack of `LIKE` operator, which was replaced with the `OR` operator. Also, the individual departments must be entered into the query separately. This is because multiple conditions cannot be listed in the same argument.

Retrieve all employees not in IT

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT *  
-> FROM employees  
-> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
```

| employee_id | device_id | username | department | office |
|-------------|--------------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1000 | a320b137c219 | elarson | Marketing | East-170 |
| 1001 | b239c825d303 | bmoreno | Marketing | Central-276 |
| 1002 | c116d593e558 | tshah | Human Resources | North-434 |
| 1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore | Finance | South-153 |
| 1004 | e218f877g788 | eraab | Human Resources | South-127 |
| 1005 | f551g340h864 | gesparza | Human Resources | South-366 |
| 1007 | h174i497j413 | wjaffrey | Finance | North-406 |
| 1008 | i858j583k571 | abernard | Finance | South-170 |
| 1009 | NULL | lrodriqu | Sales | South-134 |
| 1010 | k242l212m542 | jlansky | Finance | South-109 |
| 1011 | l748m120n401 | drosas | Sales | South-292 |
| 1015 | p611q262r945 | jsoto | Finance | North-271 |
| 1016 | q793r736s288 | sbaelish | Human Resources | North-229 |
| 1017 | r550s824t230 | jclark | Finance | North-188 |
| 1018 | s310t540u653 | abellmas | Finance | North-403 |
| 1020 | u899v381w363 | arutley | Marketing | South-351 |
| 1022 | w237x430y567 | arusso | Finance | West-465 |
| 1024 | y976z753a267 | iuduike | Sales | South-215 |
| 1025 | z381a365b233 | jhill | Sales | North-115 |
| 1026 | a998b568c863 | apatel | Human Resources | West-320 |
| 1027 | b806c503d354 | mrah | Marketing | West-246 |
| 1028 | c603d749e374 | aestrada | Human Resources | West-121 |
| 1029 | d336e475f676 | ivelasco | Finance | East-156 |
| 1030 | e391f189g913 | mabadi | Marketing | West-375 |
| 1031 | f419g188h578 | dkot | Marketing | West-408 |
| 1034 | i679j565k940 | bsand | Human Resources | East-484 |
| 1035 | j236k303l245 | bisles | Sales | South-171 |
| 1036 | k550l533m205 | rjensen | Marketing | Central-239 |
| 1038 | m873n636o225 | btang | Human Resources | Central-260 |
| 1039 | n253o917p623 | cjackson | Sales | East-378 |
| 1040 | o783p832q294 | dtarly | Human Resources | East-237 |

In the above query, the purpose is to retrieve a table containing all employees not in IT. To achieve this, the **NOT** operator is used. The **NOT** operator is used to negate a condition in the **WHERE** clause. The query lists all employees in departments that aren't IT.

Summary

In conclusion, applying filters to SQL queries is a powerful technique that enhances the querying capabilities of SQL statements. By utilizing clauses, operators, and functions effectively, users can refine their queries and retrieve precise data subsets, enabling more efficient data analysis and decision-making processes.