Adpanol Anercange Cepteebur.

a) Tueno W Hoghbueres Rominereno companientima re ruccy $\varepsilon = 0 + 6i$, eem w = a - 6i. In generius rominerenax zueen heotrogramo gomponiuro ruccionos u zhanekareno gootu ra rucco, commercino componientimo re zhanekareno: $a_1 + b_1 i$ $(a_1 + b_1 i)(a_2 - b_2 i)$ $a_2 + b_2 i$ $(a_2 + b_2 i)(a_2 - b_2 i)$

$$= \frac{(a_{2}+b_{2}i)(a_{2}-b_{2}i)}{(a_{2}+b_{1}i)(a_{2}-b_{2}i)} e c = \frac{a_{3}}{a_{2}^{2}+b_{2}^{2}} + \frac{b_{3}}{a_{2}^{2}+b_{2}^{2}} i, rge$$

$$a_{3} = a_{1}a_{2}+b_{1}b_{2}$$

$$a_{3} = a_{1}a_{2}+b_{1}b_{2}$$

$$6_3 = 0_2 6_1 - 0_1 6_2$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \hline \delta) & \hbox{Nyero gamm bereroper } & \alpha = (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) \text{ in } b = (b_1, b_2, b_3). \\ \hline \text{Torga} & (\alpha_1, b) = (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) & (\overline{e}_1, \overline{e}_2) & (\overline{e}_1, \overline{e}_3) & (\overline{e}_2, \overline{e}_3) & (\overline{e}_2, \overline{e}_3) & (\overline{e}_2, \overline{e}_3) & (\overline{e}_2, \overline{e}_3) & (\overline{e}_3, \overline{e}_2) & (\overline{e}_3, \overline{e}_2) & (\overline{e}_3, \overline{e}_3) & (\overline{e}_3,$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -3 & -5 & -3 \\ 2 & -2 & 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 8 & -4 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
|11X_{1} - 5X_{2} - 2X_{3} - 10X_{4} = 0 \\
-5X_{1} + 3X_{2} + 2X_{3} + 2X_{4} = 0 \\
2X_{1} - 4X_{2} - 5X_{3} + 9X_{4} = 0 \\
-7X_{1} + 3X_{2} + X_{3} + 7X_{4} = 0
\end{array}$$

$$\left(AA = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -5 & -2 & -10 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -5 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & -5 & 9 & 0 & (2)+2(1) & 2 & -4 & -5 & 9 & 0 \\ -7 & 3 & 1 & 7 & 0 & 0 & -4 & -6 & 14 & 0 \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

an opposer A personnymy

$$\begin{array}{c} -S = 6 \cdot (-3) - (-3) - 2 \cdot (-5) \\ 2 \cdot (-3) = 7 \cdot (-3) - 3 \cdot (-5) \\ 2 \cdot (-3) = 7 \cdot (-3) - 3 \cdot (-5) \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (-2) - 2 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (2) - 3 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (2) - 3 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (2) - 3 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (2) - 3 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (2) - 3 \cdot 6 \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (-3) \\ 2 \cdot (-2) = 2 \cdot (-3) \\ 2 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 2 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 2 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 2 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 3 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 3 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 3 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 3 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-2) \\ 3 \cdot (-4) = 2 \cdot (-4) - 2 \cdot (-4) + 2 \cdot$$

Muriop ropsgra 1, re pelmini O). =) Pg(A1B) = 1, ecm CNAY cobnection. M1=-1+2i+0=> Pg(A18) >1 2000 Pg(A|B) = P restrogues 4 governo, 2000 Y Milin = 0. 1) y me nocrurano, 20 M12 = 0. 2) $M_{12}^{13} = \begin{vmatrix} -1 + 2i & 1 - 14i \end{vmatrix} = (-1 + 2i) / - (-3 + i) (1 - 14i) = 0$ $=\frac{(11+43i)(+1-2i)}{(-1)^2-(2i)^2}=\frac{-11-22i-43i+86}{1+4}$ $=\frac{75-652}{5}=|15-13i|$ 3) $M_{12}^{23} = \begin{vmatrix} 5-4i & 1-14i \\ 9+i & \end{vmatrix} = \lambda(5-4i) - (1-14i)(9+i) = 0 =)$ $=) = \frac{(1-14i)(9+i)}{5-4i} = \frac{(9+i)-126i+14)(5+4i)}{(5-4i)(5+4i)} =$ $= \frac{(23 - 125i)(5 + 4i)}{25 + 16} = \frac{115 + 92i - 625i + 500}{41} = \frac{615 - 533i}{41}$ Tax rear M12 = 0 u M12 = 0 ppu ogther u rem me zharenuu x, ppu x=15-13i pg(A1B)= pg A=#=) CNAY COBMECTHA OTBOTI 15-13i Otber: 15-13i

My cro $f(x) = \alpha x^2 + \beta x + c - 4$ crombris mrosornet. Tak saw zagatto 2 reven $(x) f(x) \in \mathcal{C}$, an f(x) - mrosornet c benefit bennoun responsetionen, Creneral mrosornena f(x) me reformate 2.

No y caoburo, f(2) = 11f(-1+i) = 1-10i

Ecru f(-1+i) = 1-10i, 70

f(-1+i) = 1+10i => f(-1-i) = +10i

 $\Rightarrow \int Q \cdot (2)^{2} + \beta \cdot (2) + C = ||$ $Q \cdot (-1+i)^{2} + \beta \cdot (-1+i) + C = 1-10i$ $Q \cdot (-1-i)^{2} + \beta \cdot (-1-i) + C = 1+10i$

 $\begin{array}{l}
4a + 2l + c = 11 \\
-2i a + (i-1)l + c = 1 - 10i
\end{array}$ 2i a - l(i+1) + c = 1 + 10i

 $=) \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ -2i & i-1 & 1 \\ 2i & -(i+1) & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 1-10i \\ 1+10i \end{pmatrix}$

 $\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{9}{5}$ $\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{9}{5}$ $\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{9}{5}$

(2)-i
$$\frac{2}{2}$$
 $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{11}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{100}{12} = \sqrt{52 \left(\cos \frac{-4\pi}{12} + 25m \frac{-10\pi}{12}\right)} + \sqrt{100} = \sqrt{100} + 200 =$$

=)
$$2 = \sqrt{1927} (\cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi)^{3}$$
, rge $\varphi = \sqrt{\frac{-11\pi}{12}} + \frac{\pi}{12}$, $k = 0, 4$

1) Hawgen bce
$$\varphi$$
: $\begin{cases} \varphi_0 = -\frac{111}{60} \\ \varphi_1 = \frac{130}{60} \\ \varphi_2 = \frac{330}{60} \\ \varphi_3 = \frac{6107}{60} \\ \varphi_4 = \frac{1207}{12} \end{cases}$

=) hogxogur pobleo ogtes stravenue
$$\varphi = \varphi_2 = \frac{32\pi}{60}$$
, upu
Rottopon $\left[2 = \frac{10}{2}\right]\left(\cos\frac{32\pi}{60} + i\sin\frac{32\pi}{60}\right)$

$$(os(-\frac{15}{6}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 1 - 2sm^{2} \frac{10}{12} = sin \frac{11}{12} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{2} - 1} = \frac{\sqrt{8 - 4\sqrt{3}}}{4} = \sqrt{\frac{10^{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}} = -\frac{\sqrt{10^{2} - \sqrt{6}}}{4} = -\frac{\sqrt{10^{2} -$$

$$2x-2y-32-6=0$$
 ; $-2x+2+4=0$
 $A=(3)-2)-4$; $B=(3)370$; $C=(1)370$)

 $Dy CR C-MULLS REPRESENTED PRODUCTION

 $2x-2y-3z-6=0$ | $2x-2y-3z-6=0$ | $2x+3=2x+3=0$ | $2x+2x+3=0$ | $2x+3=0$ | $2x+3=$$

$$=)$$
 $A'(-\frac{1}{9},\frac{20}{9},\frac{16}{9})$

$$3 - 2.3 + 2.0 + D = 0$$

=)
$$B_0$$
: $X-2(-2x+3)+2(2x-4)+3=0$

$$X + 4x - 6 + 4x - 8 + 3 = 3$$

$$X + 4x - 6 + 4x - 8 + 3 = 0$$

$$9x = 11 =)x = \frac{1}{9}$$
 $y = \frac{9}{9}$
 $z = -\frac{1}{9}$

Bo (14) 5) - 14)

$$BB_0 = B_0B' = \left(-\frac{16}{9}, -\frac{22}{9}, -\frac{14}{9}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $B(-\frac{5}{9}; -\frac{17}{9}; -\frac{28}{9})$

$$C(\frac{1}{3}) = \frac{13}{9} = \frac{13}{9} = \frac{13}{9} = \frac{28}{9}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \left[CA_{1}, CB_{2} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{81} \left[\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{81} \left[\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{81} \left[\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{18} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{81} \left[\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{18}, \frac{1}{1$$

= $(-\frac{10}{9}) - \frac{7}{9}; \frac{16}{9}$

OTGET: 26,7

 $(B' = -\frac{14}{9}) - \frac{28}{9})$

Penerne! Lauro: Mo(To) l:[r, a]=M $(\overline{\alpha})M)=0$ Hairy! Mo 1) Pacchorpum mockowa ": Py cto M(T) G Ti. Torga MMO E TI.; MMO = F-TO lar for l L Ti, a - nopmand - beretop Ti => -0= (2-1:2) (= 2-1-2 (= MM - 2) (= 0-1) Macroca To. 2) No - Torra represente l u TI =) Eun Mo (To), TO $\left| (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) (\overline{\alpha}) \right| = 0$ $\begin{vmatrix} (\bar{a}_{1} \bar{v}_{3}) = (\bar{a}_{1} \bar{v}_{0}) \\ \bar{v}_{0}'(\bar{a}_{1}\bar{a}) - \bar{a}(\bar{a}_{1}\bar{v}_{0}') = [\bar{a}_{1}\bar{n}] \end{vmatrix} = \langle v_{0}' = \frac{[\bar{a}_{1}\bar{n}] + \bar{a}(\bar{a}_{1}\bar{v}_{0})}{\alpha^{2}}$

Other

Europeanenening noutpear un bereropex a, 6, c, ro $V_{n-nega} = |\langle \alpha, \beta, c \rangle|$, you sem $|\langle \alpha, \beta, c \rangle = V$, even a, $\beta, c - para = V$ La, b, e> = - V, een a, b, c - rebas ki Je Socy Socy



1) Pyero [a, 6] = ki, rge i - egururrout berrop. Torga Sour = |kil = k

2) <0,6,0 = ([a) (], c) = (kē, c) = |kē|·|ē|·cos y= = k|c| tosq= Socn | d cosq. Barnerium, 20 $|\bar{c}|\cos\varphi| = h - barcora napannenemurega$ Ecan a, b, c - npabas Tpatika, 70 Cosy >0 => 20, b, c> = $\int_{\text{out}} |\bar{c}|\cos\varphi$ 4 69,6,c> >0

Econ 0, B, c - relap pour la, 10 cos q 20 => h 20 20, b, c > 20

=) (La, l, c) = ± Soun h = ± Vn. - neuregon

no 4 tpesobanous goragers.