

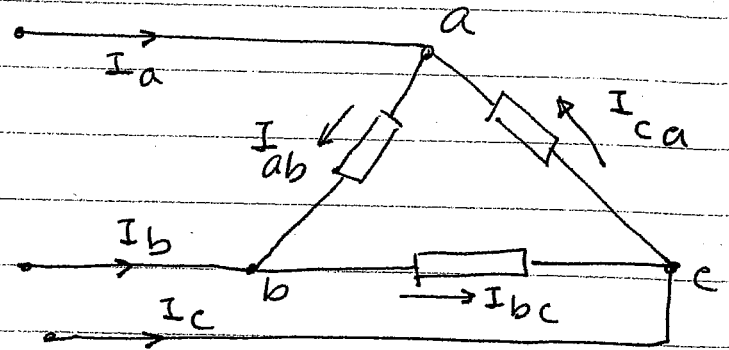
Example 6 [Prob 8-9 / Glover]

Assume the phase currents of the Δ -connected load below are:

$$I_{ab} = 10 \angle 0^\circ,$$

$$I_{bc} = 20 \angle -90^\circ,$$

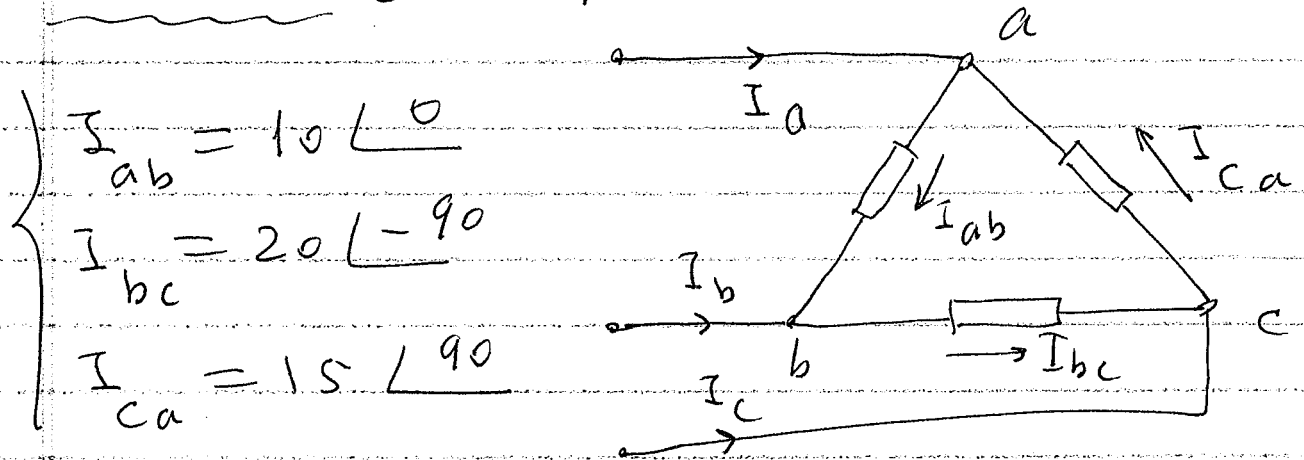
$$I_{ca} = 15 \angle 90^\circ.$$



- Calculate the sequence components of Δ -connected load: $I_{\Delta 0}, I_{\Delta 1}, I_{\Delta 2}$.
- Find the line currents: I_a, I_b, I_c .
- Find the sequence components of the line current: I_{L0}, I_{L1}, I_{L2} .
- Verify the following general rule:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_{L0} = 0 \\ I_{L1} = \sqrt{3} I_{\Delta 1} e^{-j30^\circ} \\ I_{L2} = \sqrt{3} I_{\Delta 2} e^{+j30^\circ} \end{array} \right.$$

Solution [Example 6]



a) Sequence components of Δ -load current:

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{\Delta 0} \\ I_{\Delta 1} \\ I_{\Delta 2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{ab} \\ I_{bc} \\ I_{ca} \end{bmatrix} = \dots$$

b) The line currents are:

$$\begin{cases} I_a = I_{ab} - I_{ca} = 10 \angle 0^\circ - 15 \angle 90^\circ = 10 - j15 \\ I_b = I_{bc} - I_{ab} = 20 \angle -90^\circ - 10 \angle 0^\circ = -(10 + j15) \\ I_c = I_{ca} - I_{bc} = 15 \angle 90^\circ - 20 \angle -90^\circ = +j35 \end{cases}$$

c)

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{L0} \\ I_{L1} \\ I_{L2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_a \\ I_b \\ I_c \end{bmatrix} = \dots = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 23.32 \angle -26.4^\circ \\ 11.81 \angle 20.3^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

d)

Let: $I_{abo} = I_{\Delta 0}$; we have just
0-sequence current
then: in Δ -load.

$$I_{bco} = I_{cao} = I_{abo} = I_{\Delta 0}$$

Now,

$$I_{a0} \triangleq I_{L0} = I_{abo} - I_{cao} = I_{\Delta 0} - I_{\Delta 0} = 0;$$

proven...

Let $I_{ab1} = I_{\Delta 1}$
as shown in this
diagram.

Now, find

$$I_{L1} = I_{a1} = I_{ab1} - I_{ca1}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} I_{\Delta 1} e^{-j30}$$

Let $I_{ab2} = I_{\Delta 2}$
as shown and
find:

$$I_{L2} = I_{a2} = I_{ab2} - I_{ca2}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} I_{\Delta 2} e^{+j30}$$

