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## Perfect 2

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:         **standard output**  
Time limit:          10 seconds  
Memory limit:       256 megabytes

A **proper divisor** of an integer  $n$  is a positive integer strictly less than  $n$  which evenly divides  $n$ . For example, the proper divisors of 6 are 1, 2 and 3.

Let  $D(n)$  denote the sum of the proper divisors of an integer  $n$ . So  $D(6) = 1 + 2 + 3 = 6$ ,  $D(4) = 1 + 2 = 3$ , and  $D(7) = 1$ . If  $D(n)$  is less than  $n$ , we call  $n$  **deficient**. If  $D(n)$  is equal to  $n$ , we call  $n$  **perfect**. If  $D(n)$  is greater than  $n$ , we call  $n$  **abundant**.

Write a program that will read in two positive integers,  $A$  and  $B$ , and then display the number of **deficient**, **perfect** and **abundant** numbers (in this order) between  $A$  and  $B$ , inclusive of both  $A$  and  $B$ . The output values must be separated by a single space.

### Examples

standard input	standard output
4 6	2 1 0
11 12	1 0 1
25 30	4 1 1