

# Register Allocation

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# Allocate Minimal Number of Registers

## exercise

```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

# Overview today's lecture

## Interference graphs

- construction during liveness analysis

## Graph Coloring

- assign registers to local variables and compiler temporaries
- store local variables and temporaries in memory

## Coalescing

- handle move instructions

## Pre-colored nodes

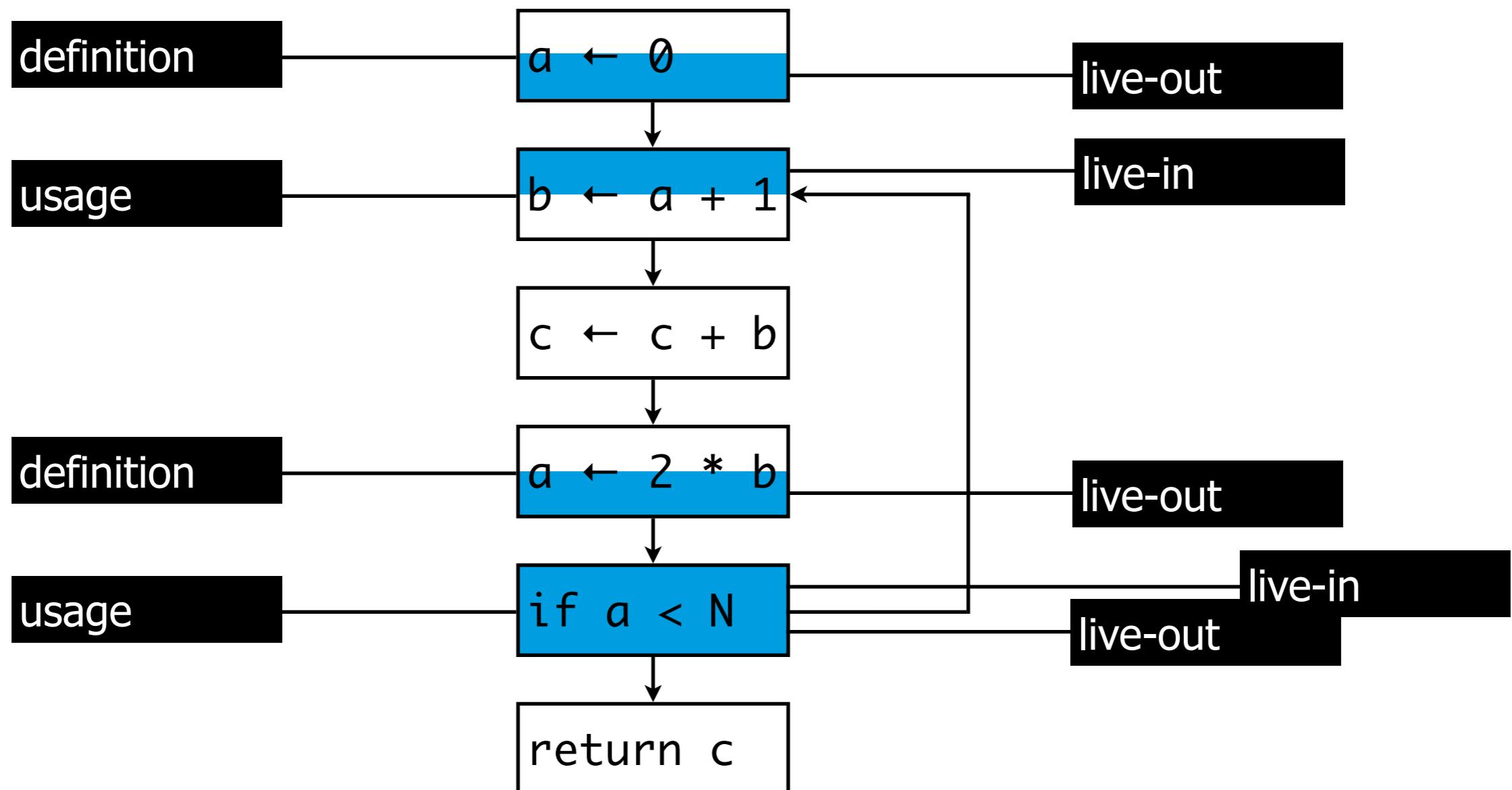
# I

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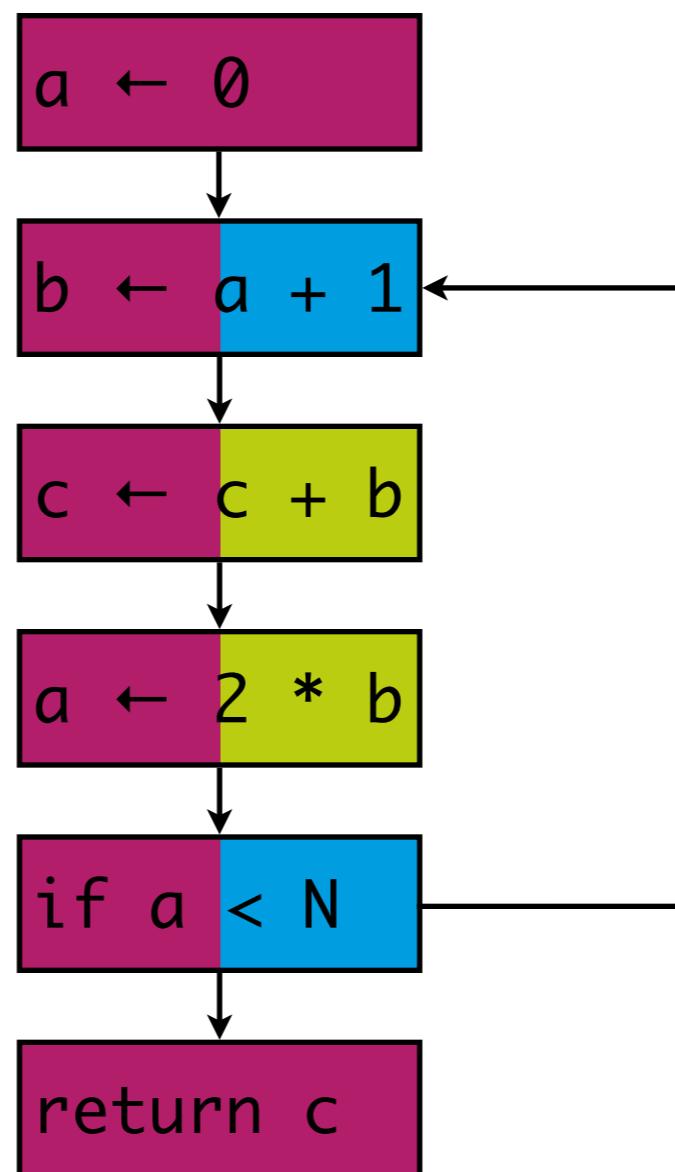
## Interference Graphs

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# Recap: Liveness Analysis terminology

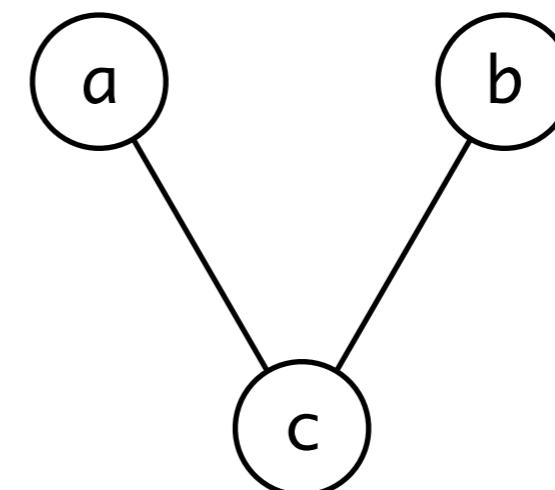
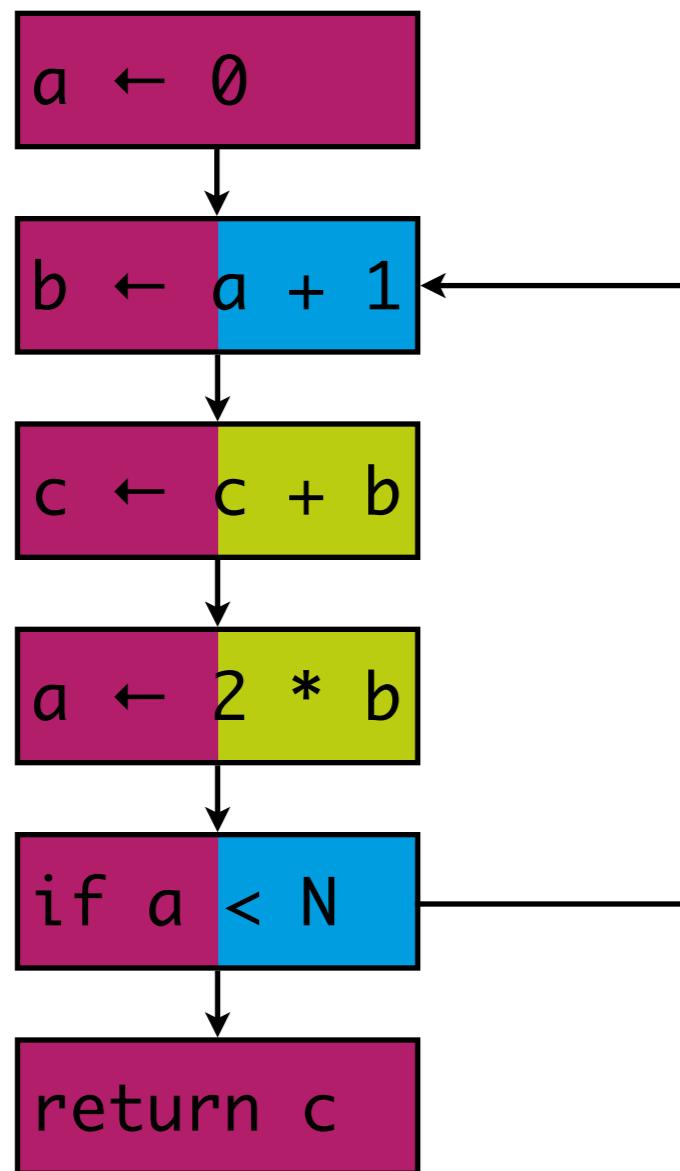


# Recap: Liveness Analysis example



# Interference Graphs

## example



# II

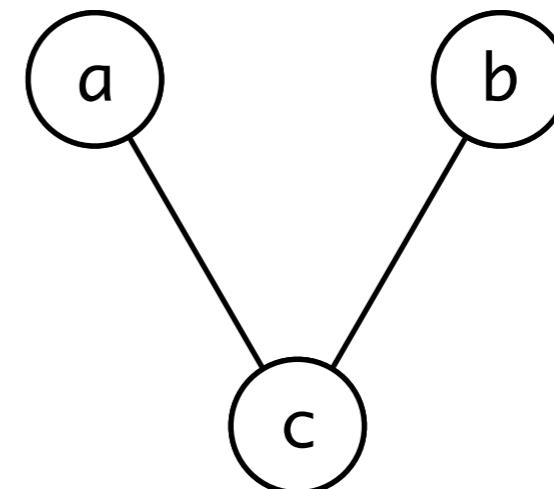
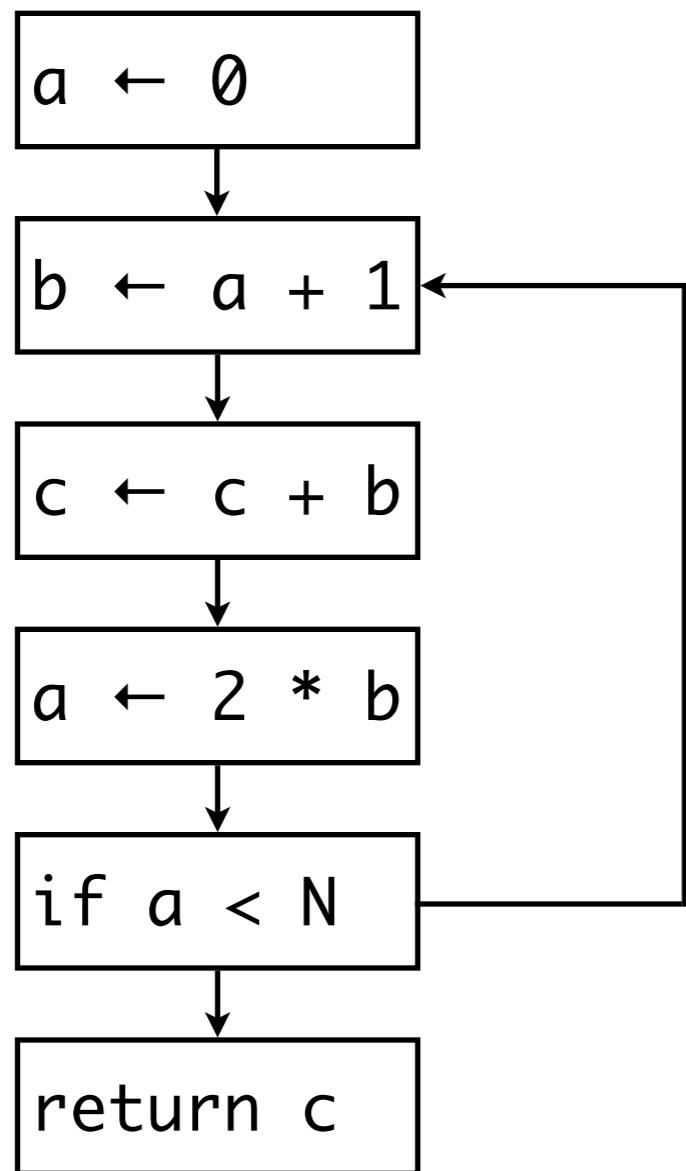
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## Graph Coloring

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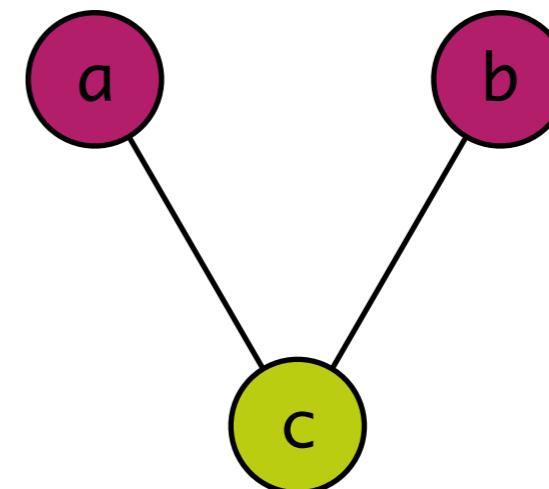
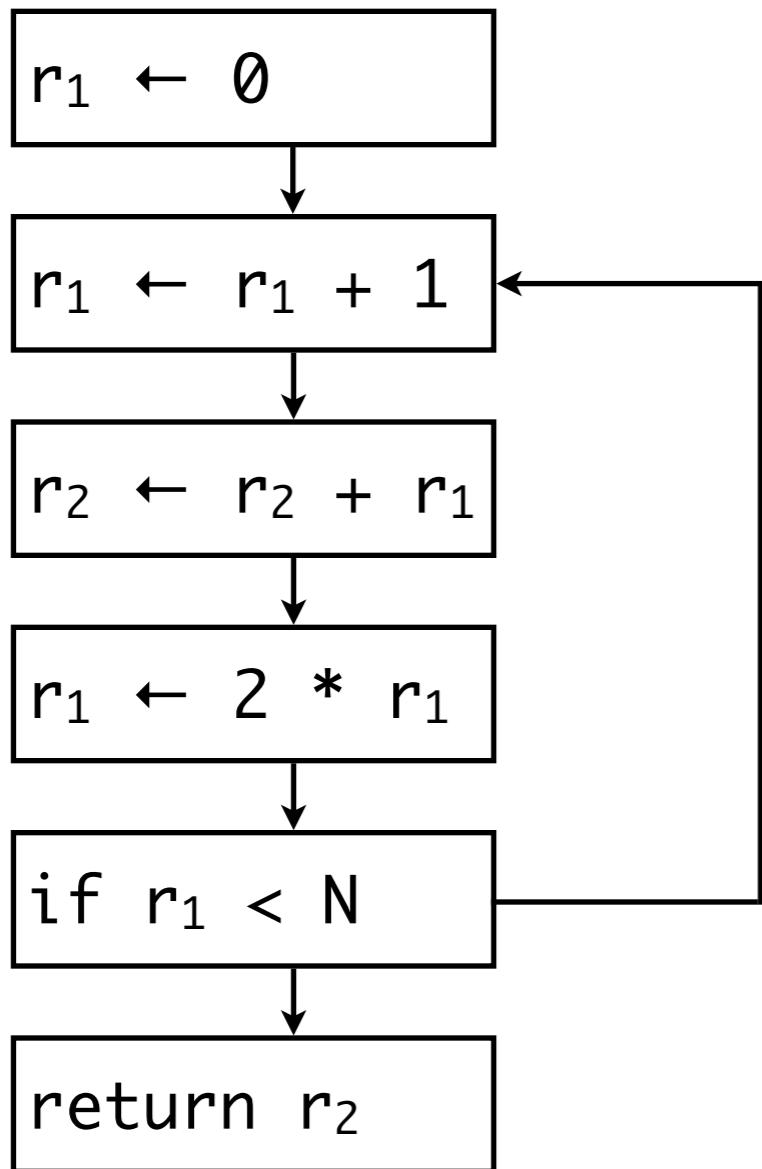
# Graph Coloring

## example



# Graph Coloring

## example



# Graph Coloring

## steps

### Simplify

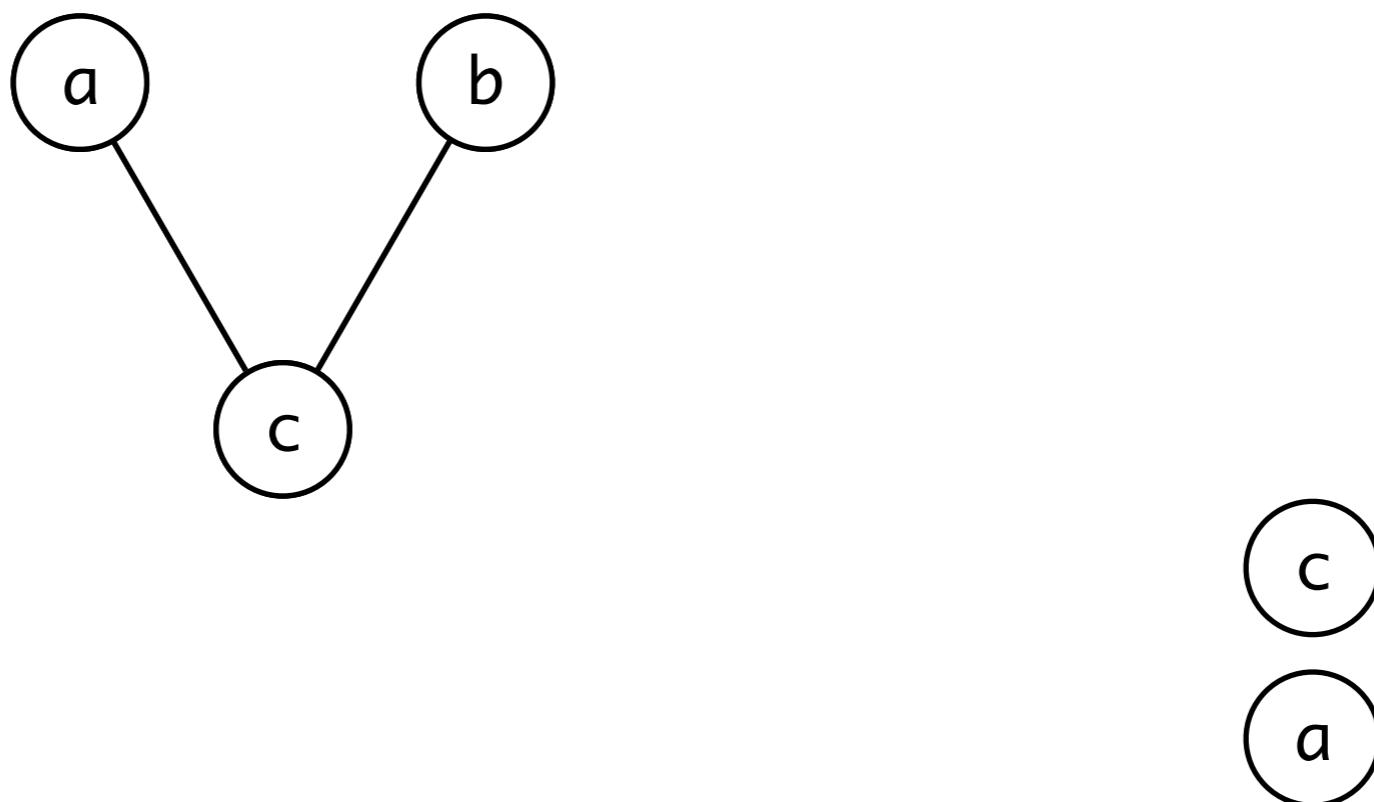
remove node of **insignificant** degree (fewer than  $k$  edges)

### Select

add node, select color

# Graph Coloring

## example with 2 colors



# Graph Coloring

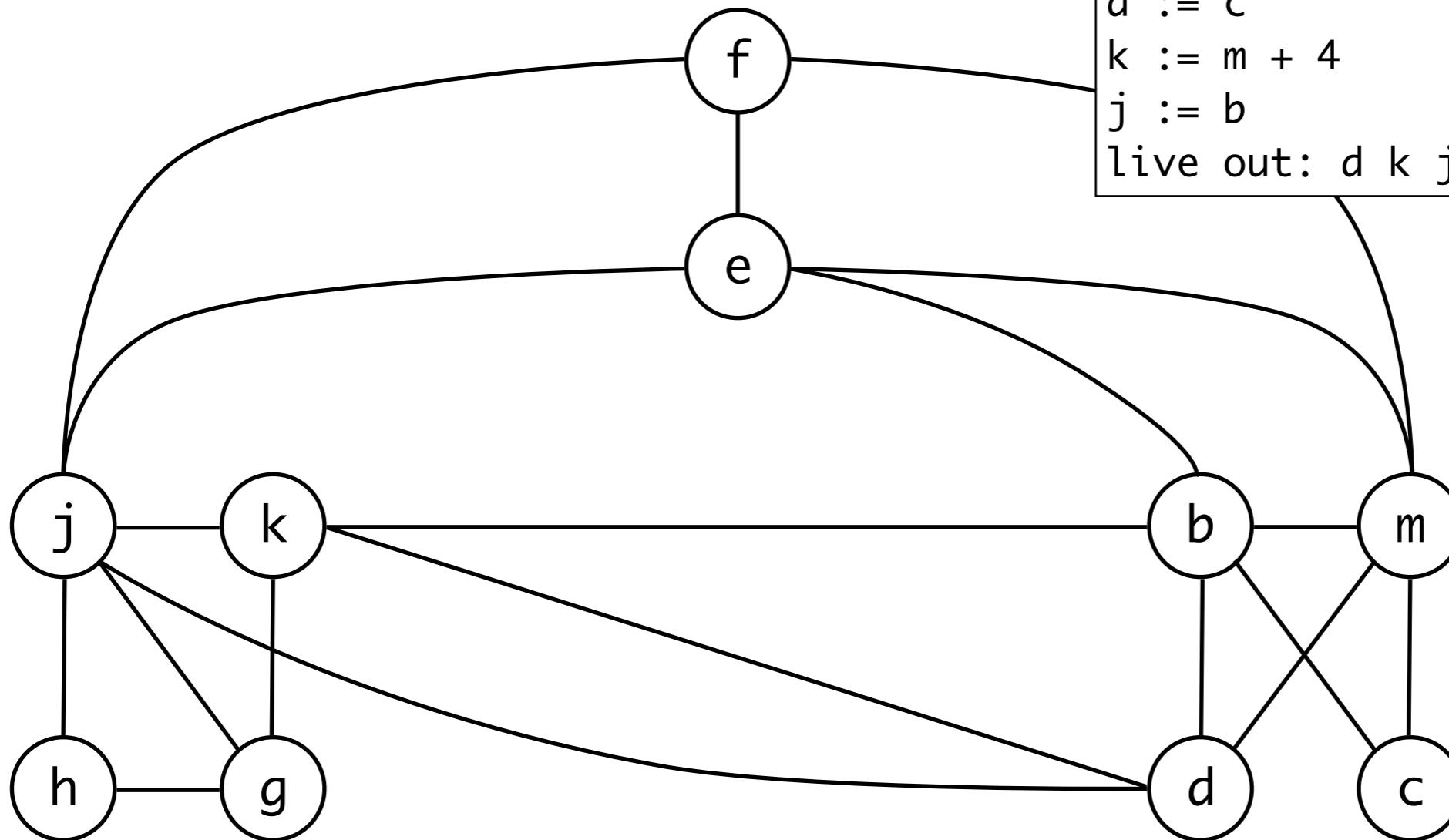
## example with 4 colors

```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

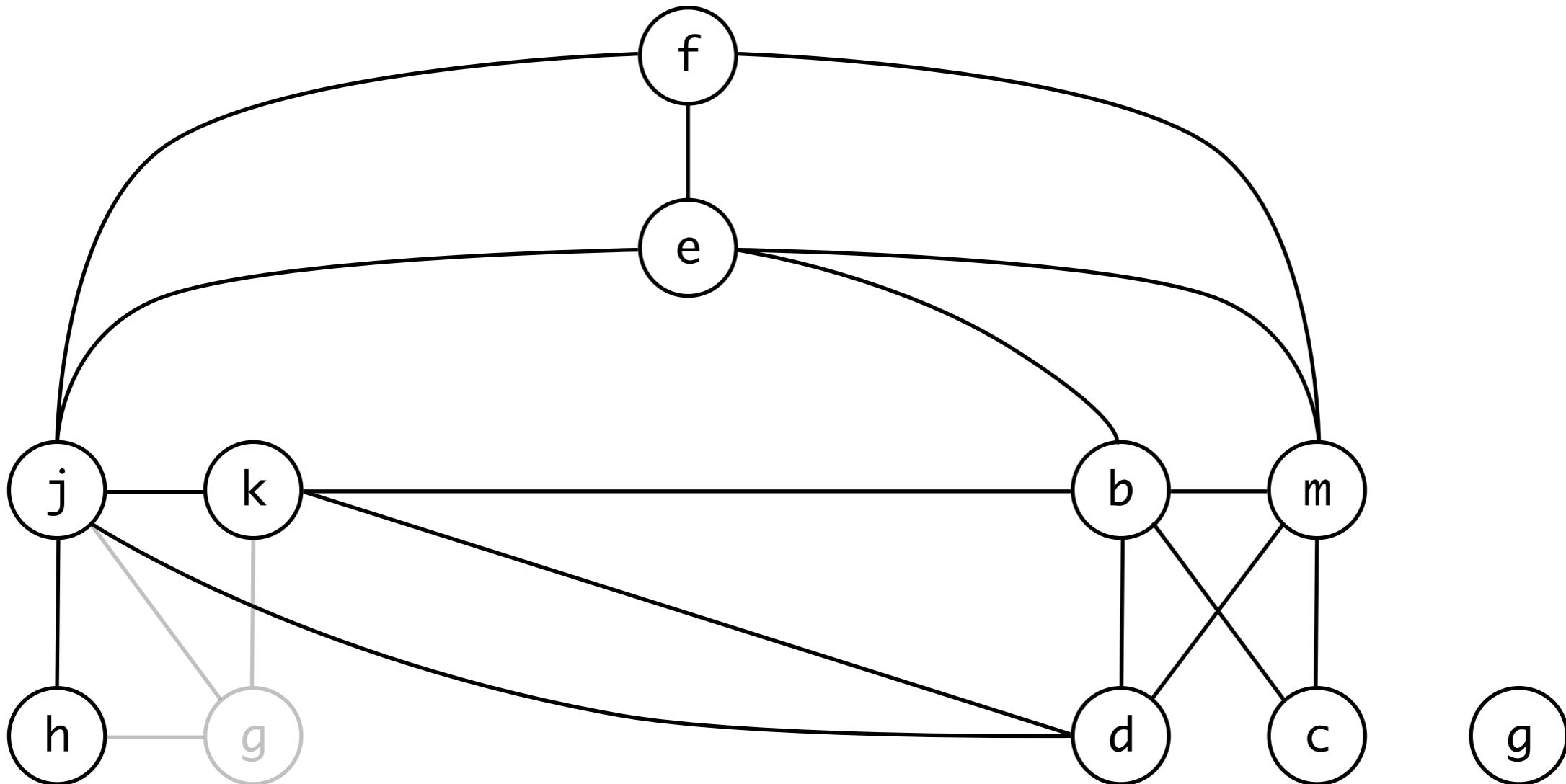
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k j  
g := mem[j + 12]  
h := k - 1  
f := g * h  
e := mem[j + 8]  
m := mem[j + 16]  
b := mem[f]  
c := e + 8  
d := c  
k := m + 4  
j := b  
live out: d k j
```

# Graph Coloring

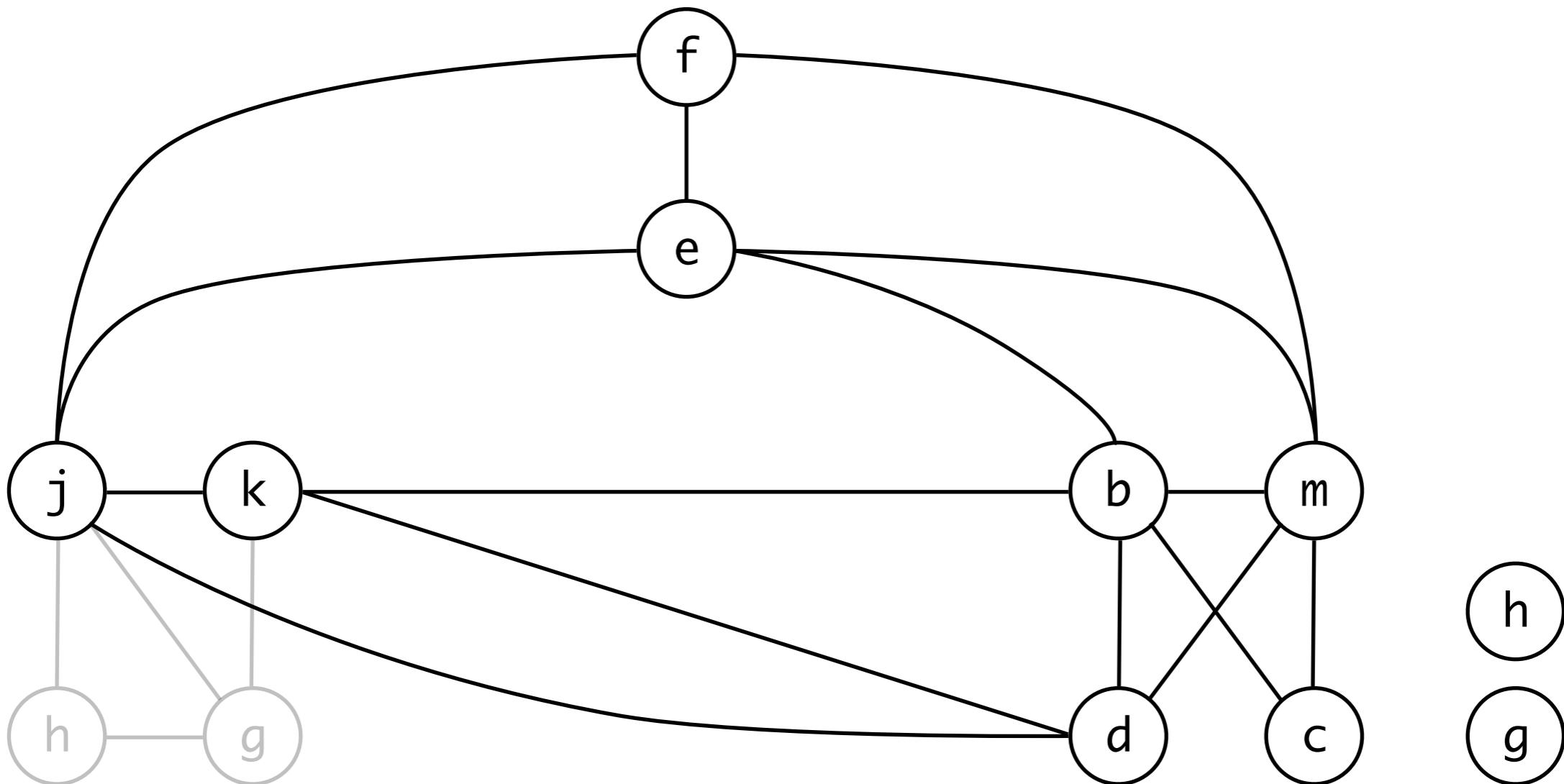
## example with 4 colors



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

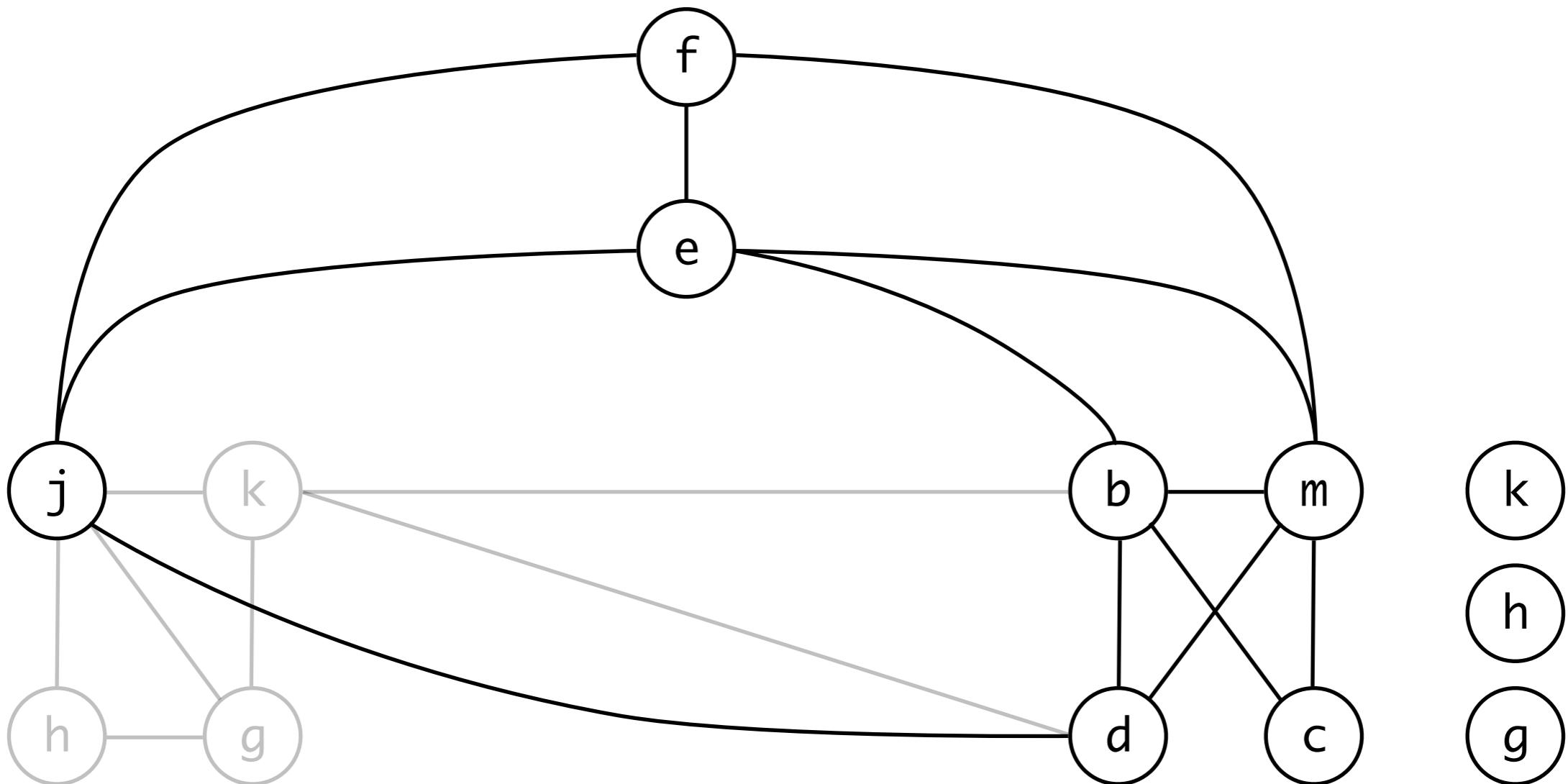
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

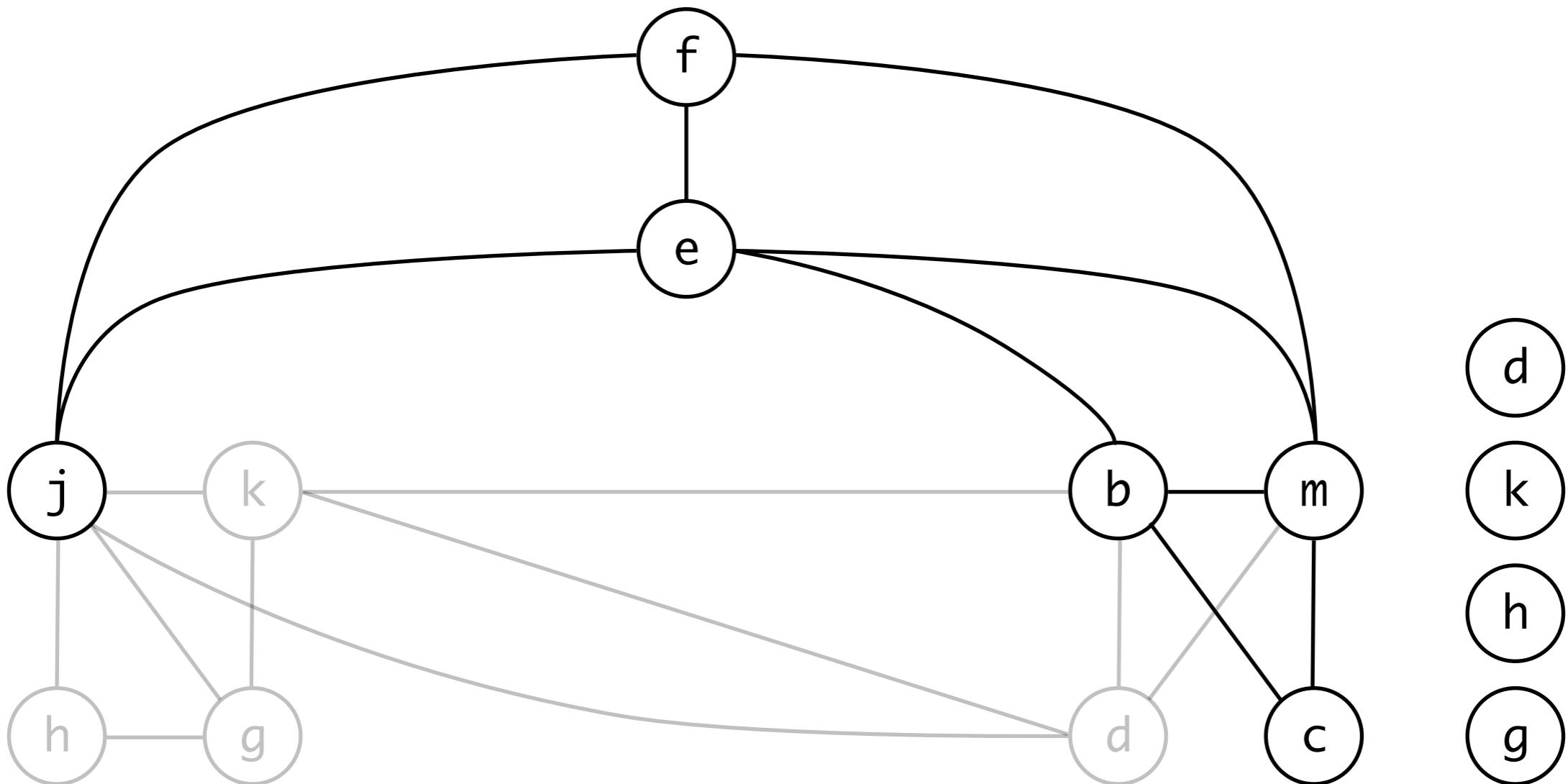
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

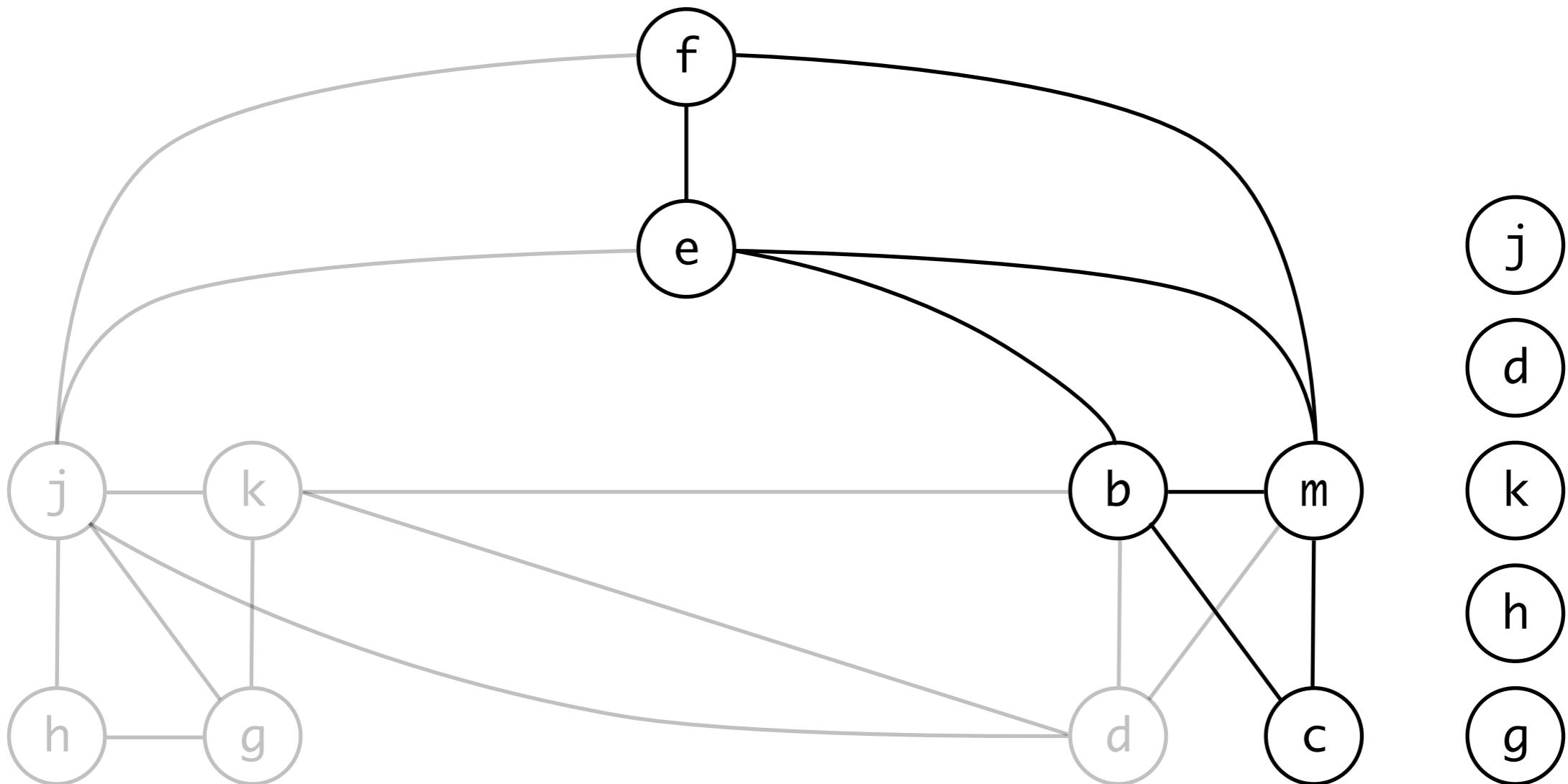
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

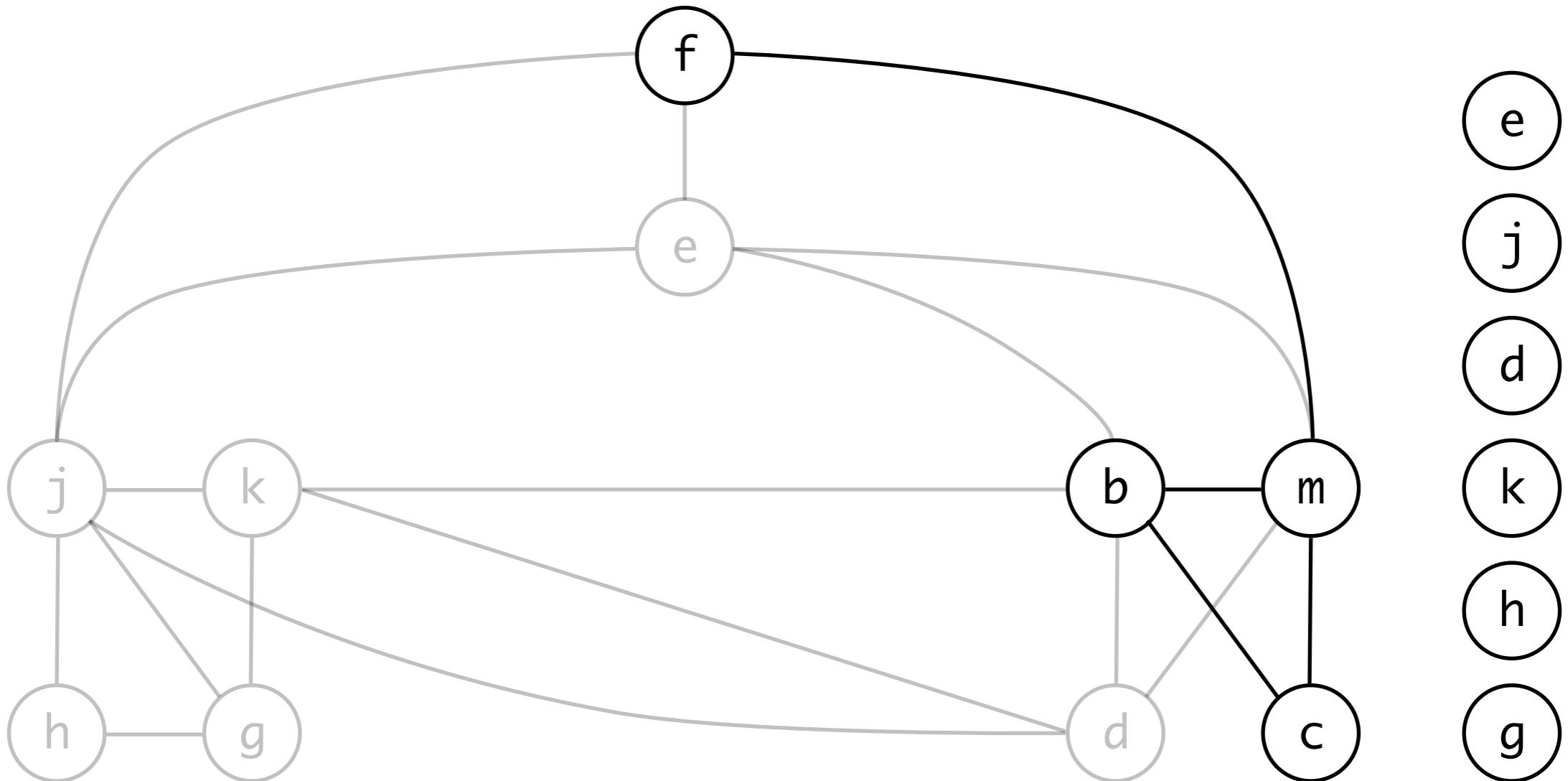
## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

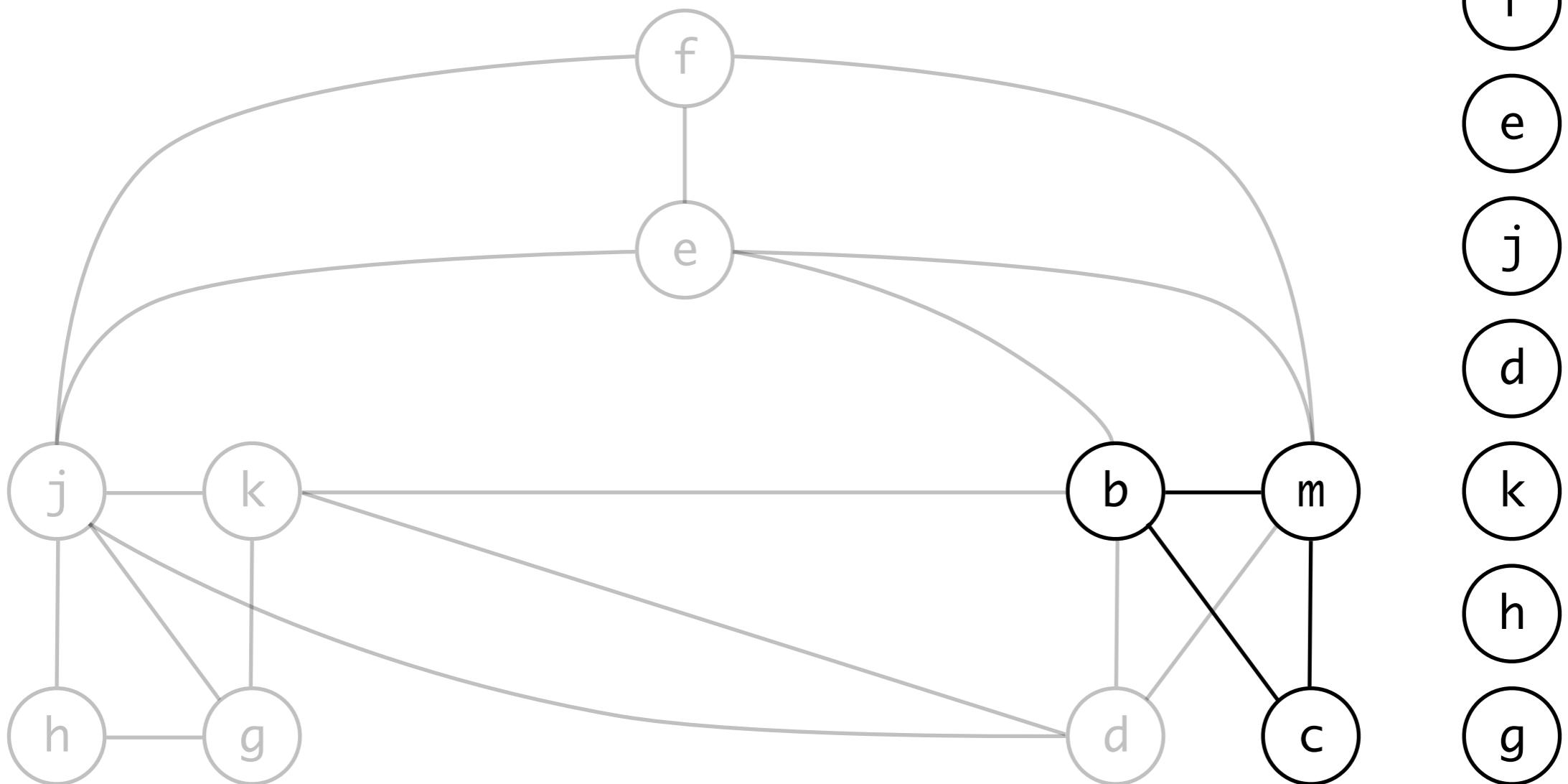
## example with 4 colors



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

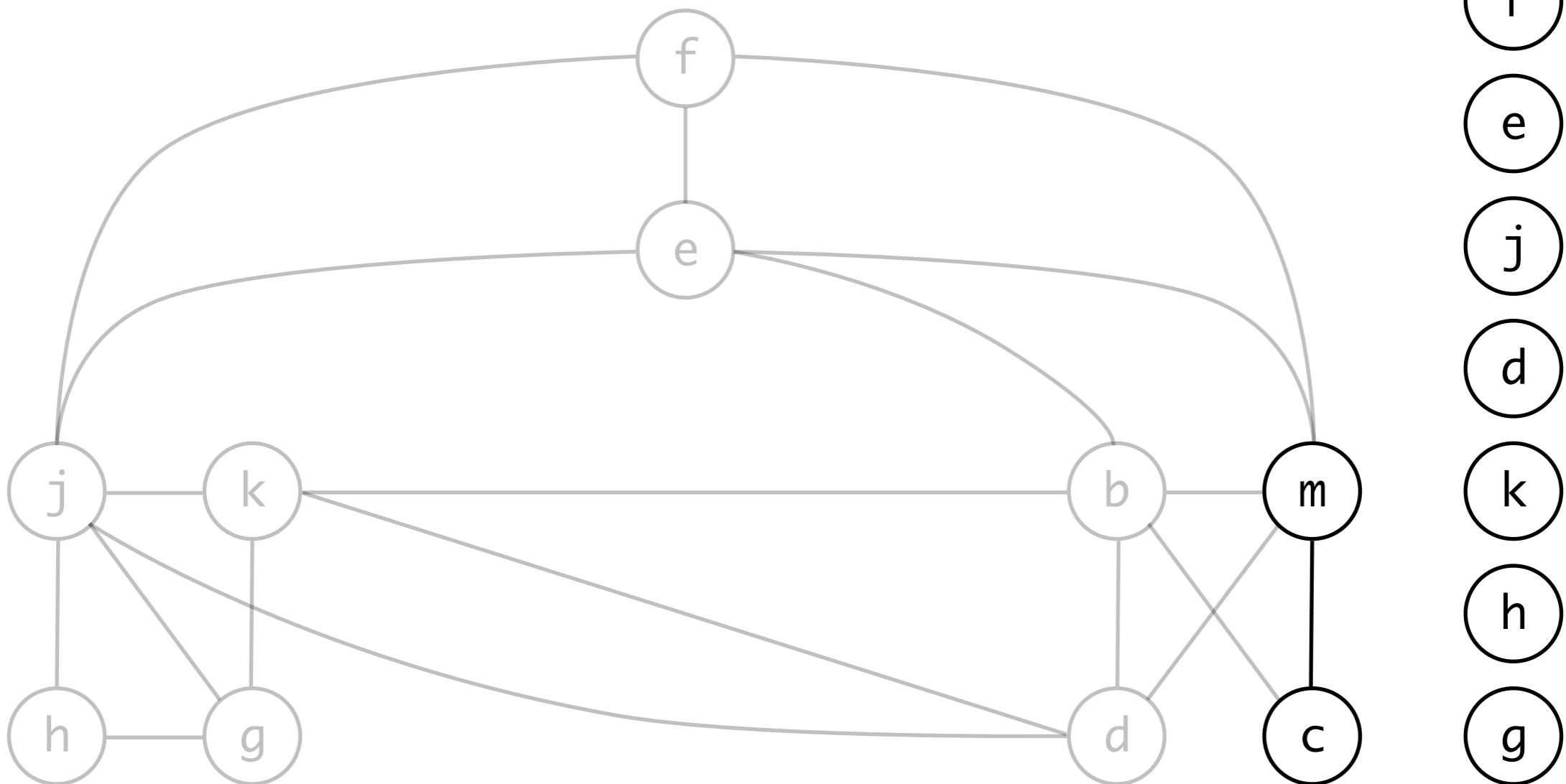
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

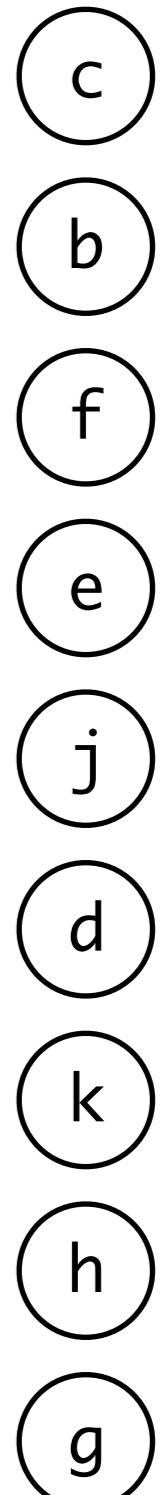
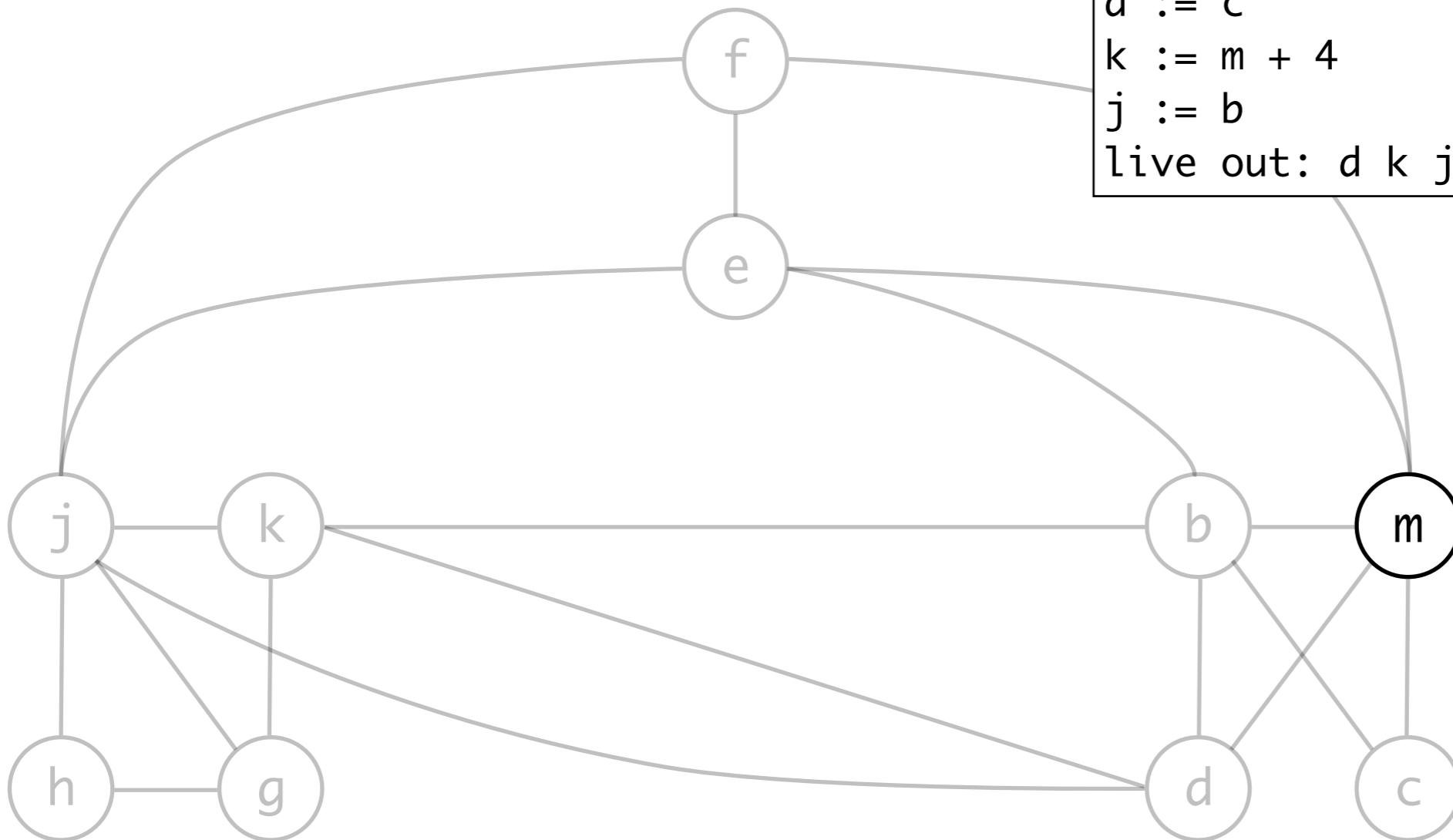
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

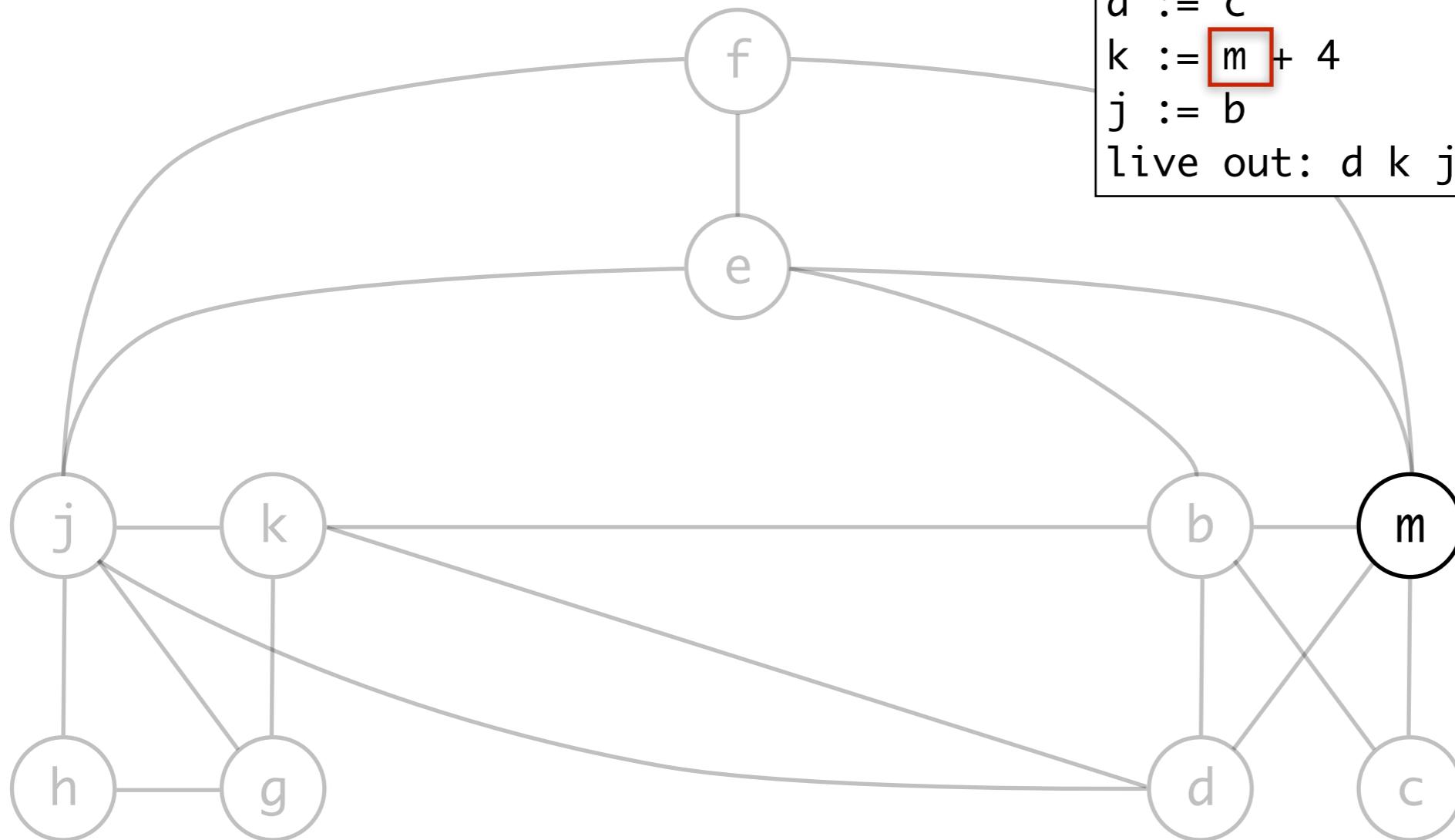
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



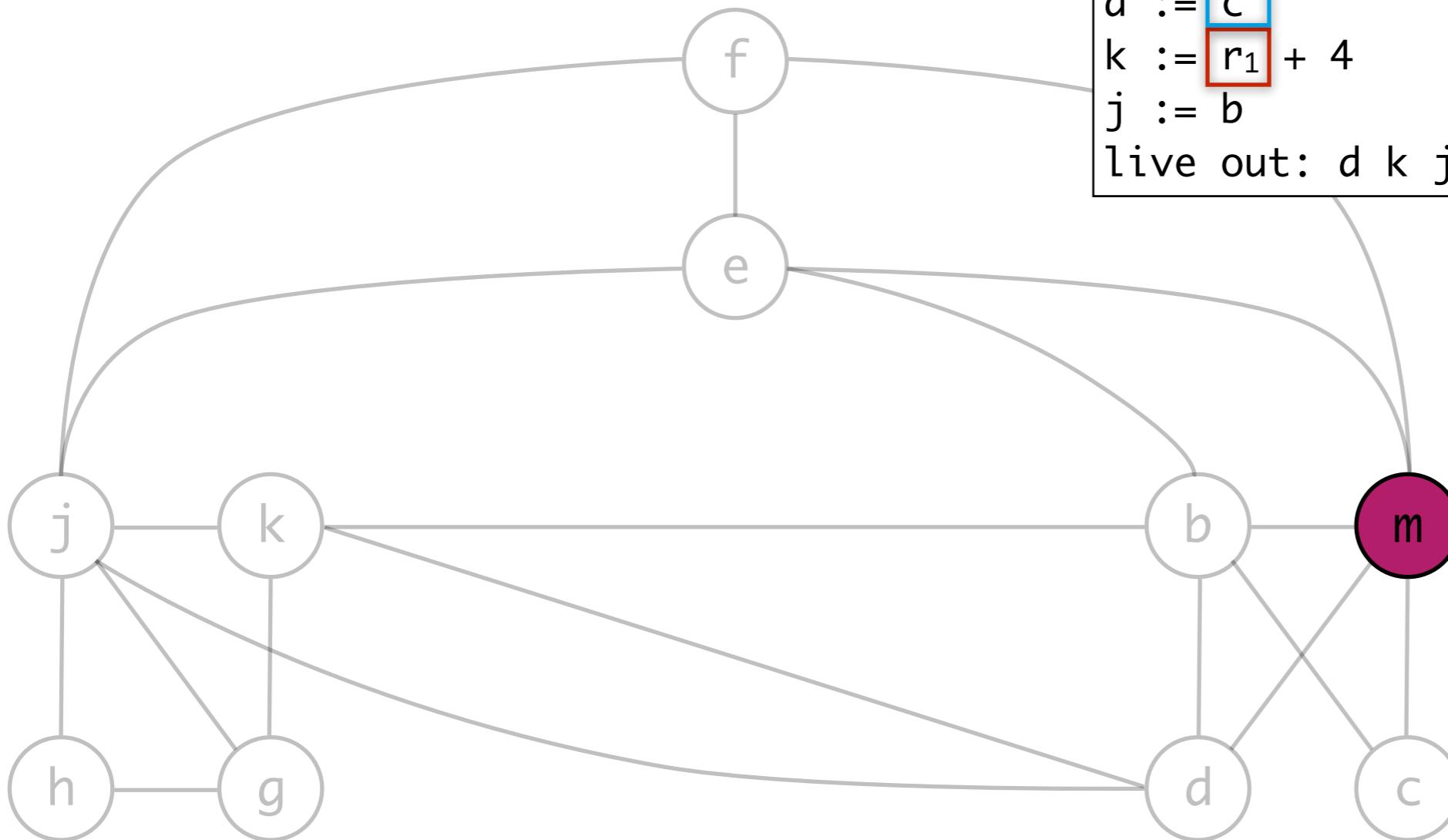
```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16] red box
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4 red box
j := b
live out: d k j
```

- (c)
- (b)
- (f)
- (e)
- (j)
- (d)
- (k)
- (h)
- (g)

# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



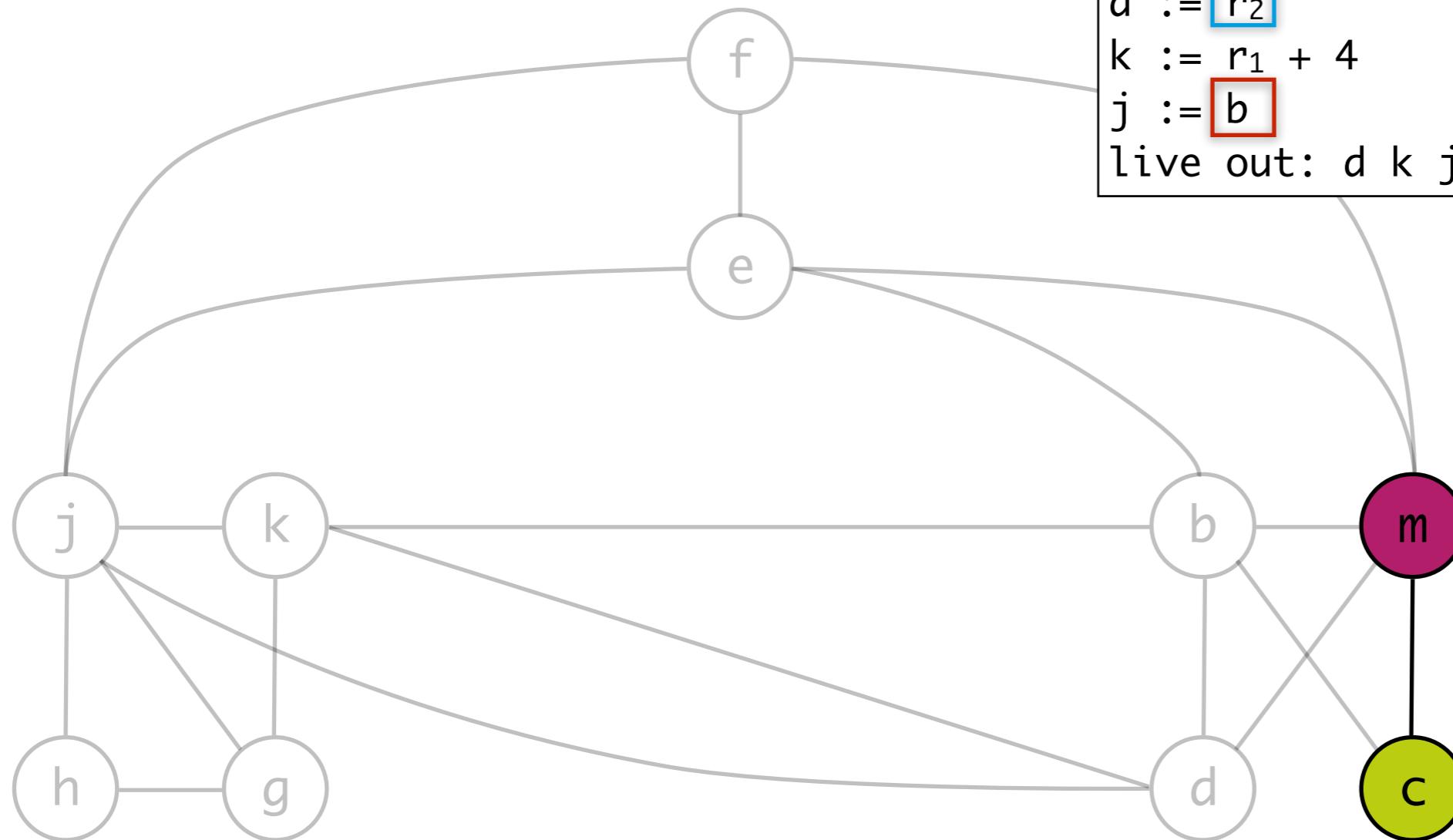
```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
r1 := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := r1 + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

- (c)
- (b)
- (f)
- (e)
- (j)
- (d)
- (k)
- (h)
- (g)

# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



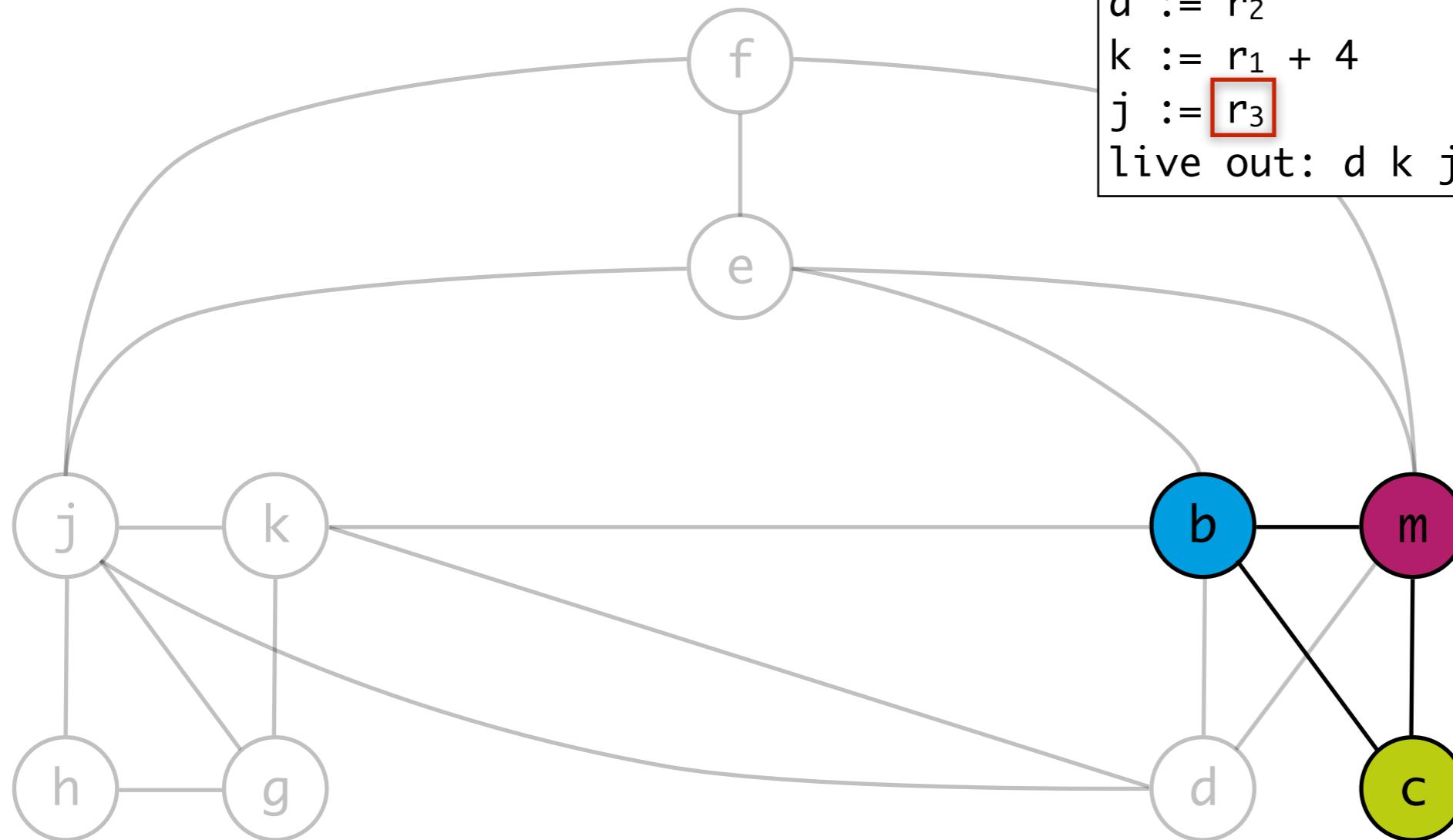
```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
r1 := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
r2 := e + 8
d := r2
k := r1 + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

- (b)
- (f)
- (e)
- (j)
- (d)
- (k)
- (h)
- (g)

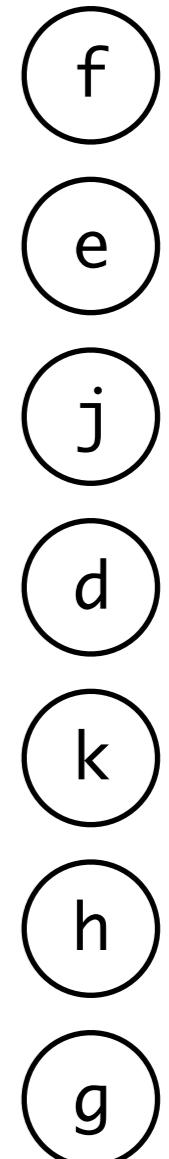
# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



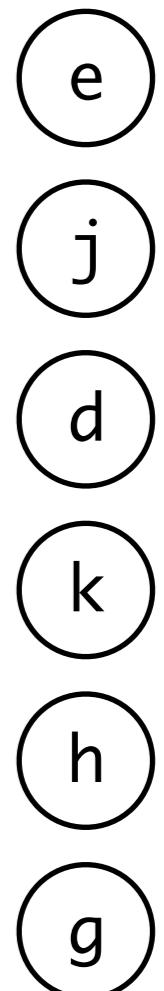
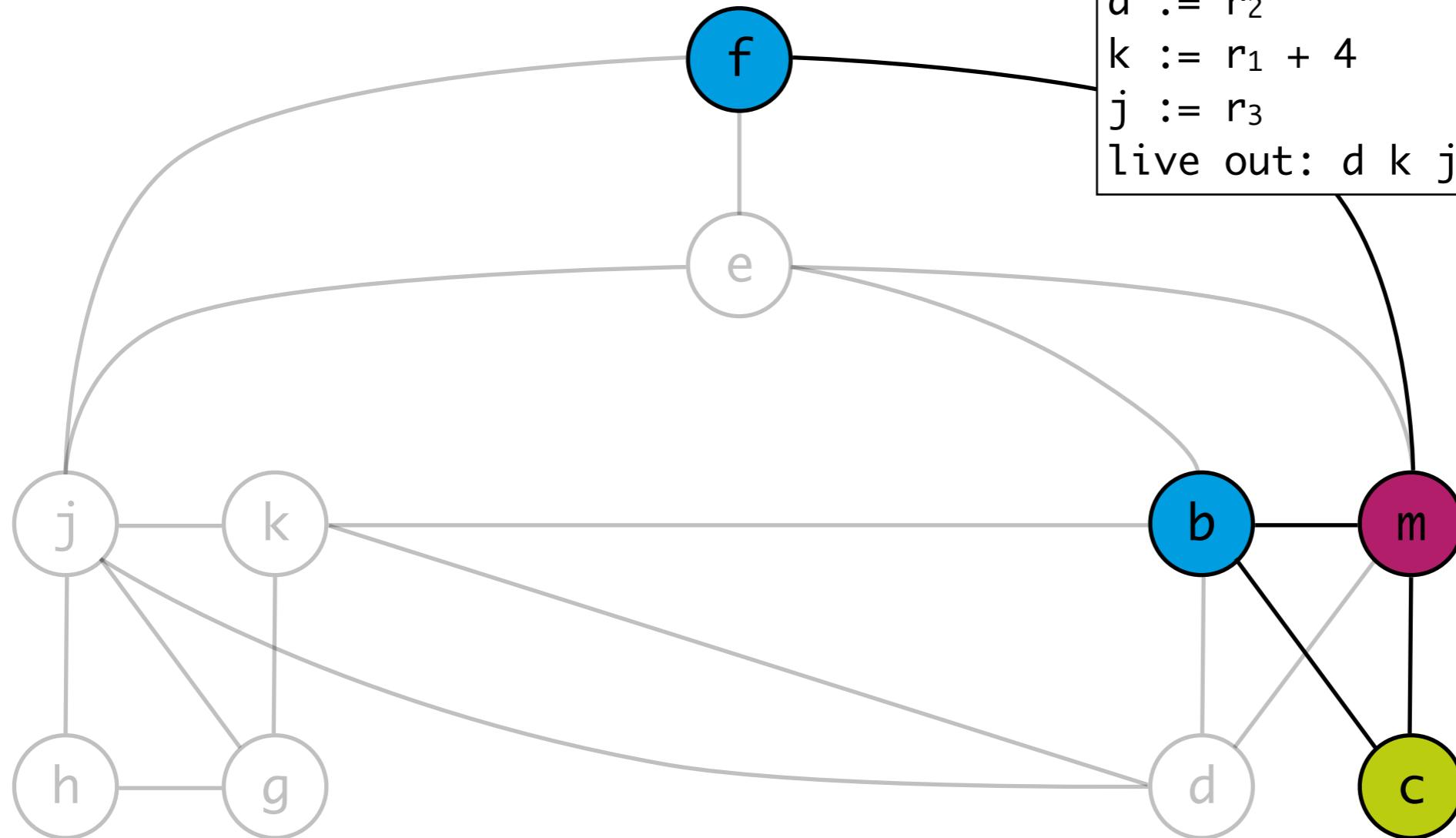
```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
r1 := mem[j + 16]
r3 := mem[f]
r2 := e + 8
d := r2
k := r1 + 4
j := r3
live out: d k j
```



# Graph Coloring

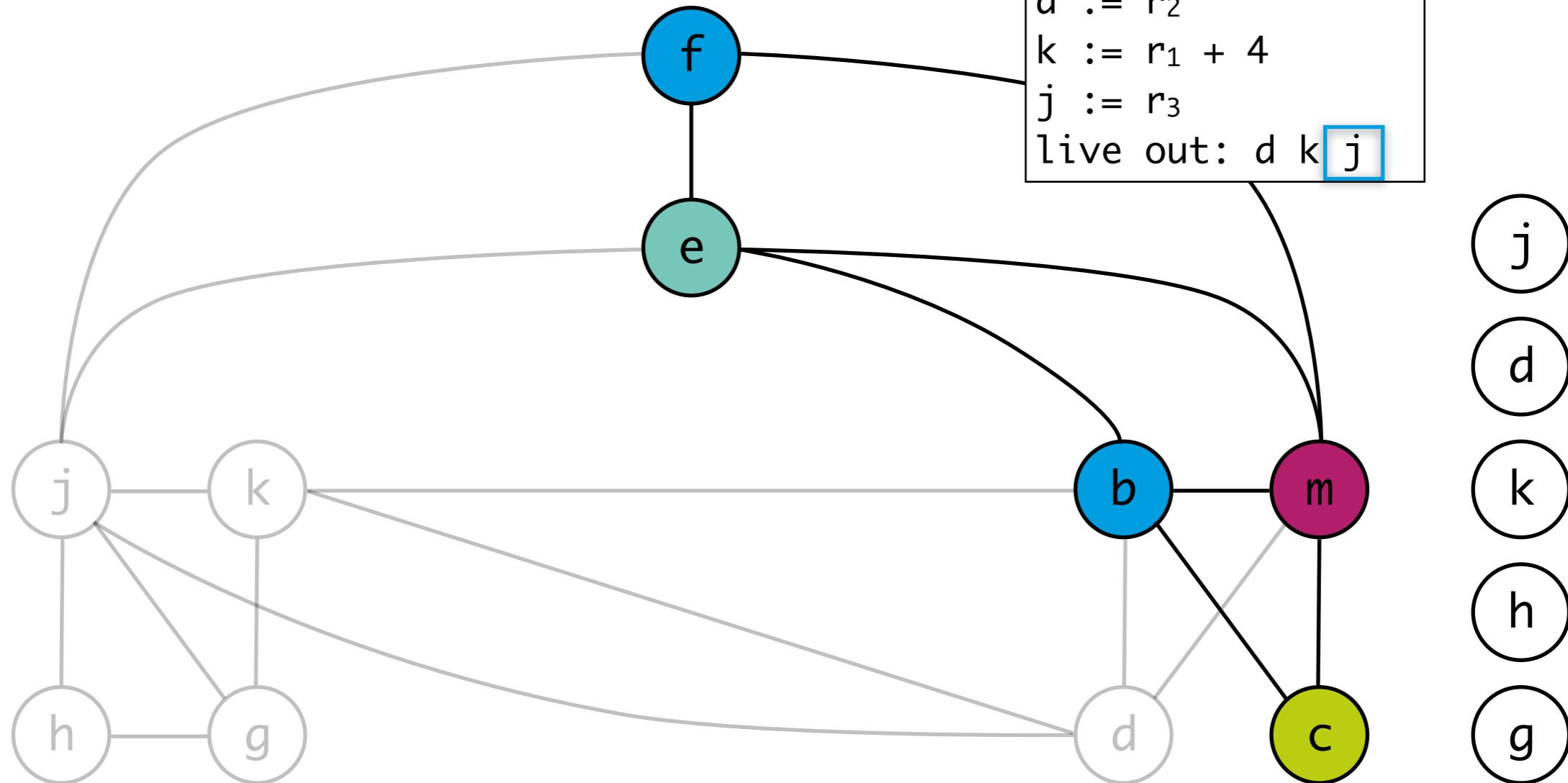
## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



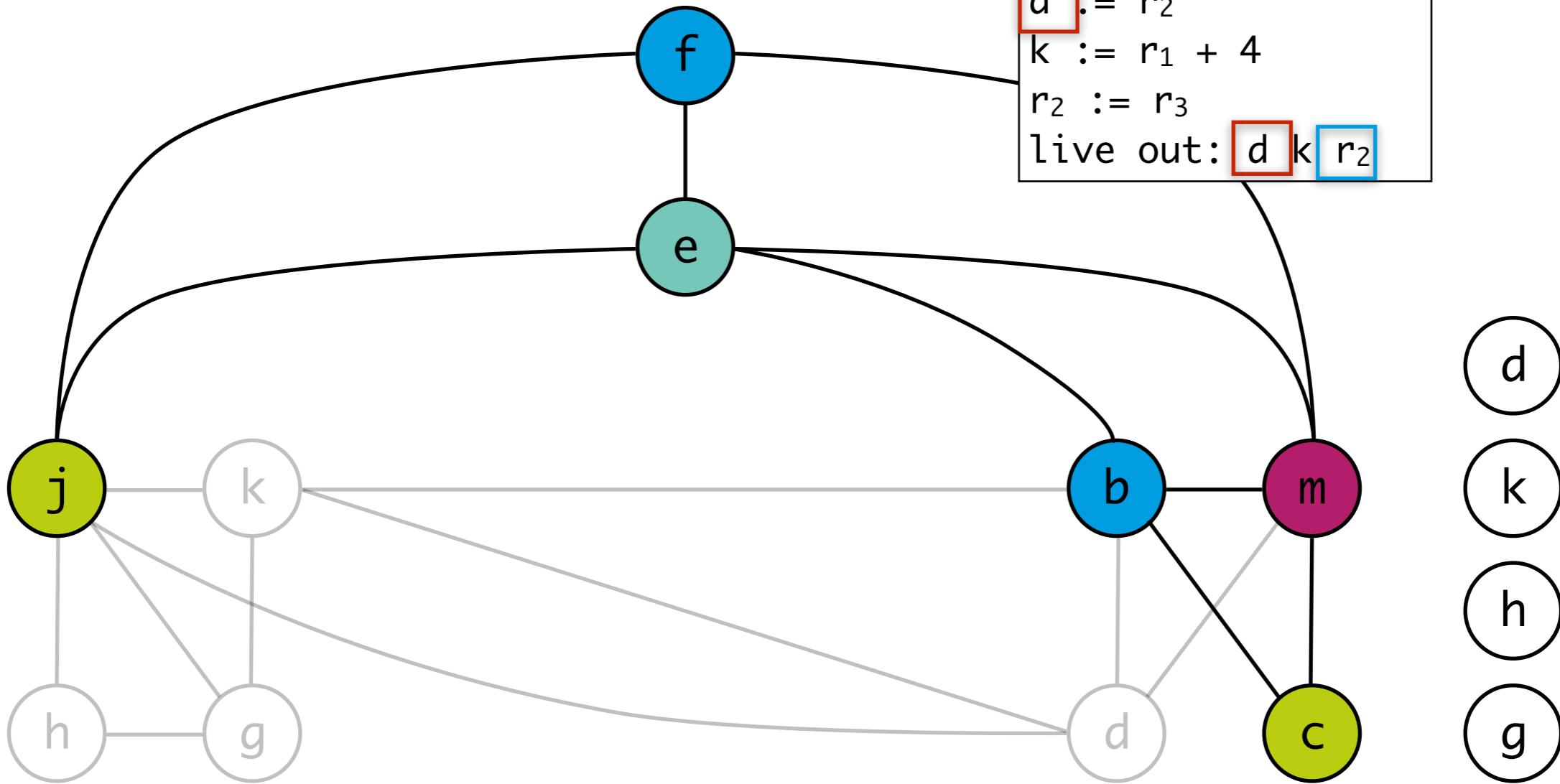
# Graph Coloring example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring example with 4 colors

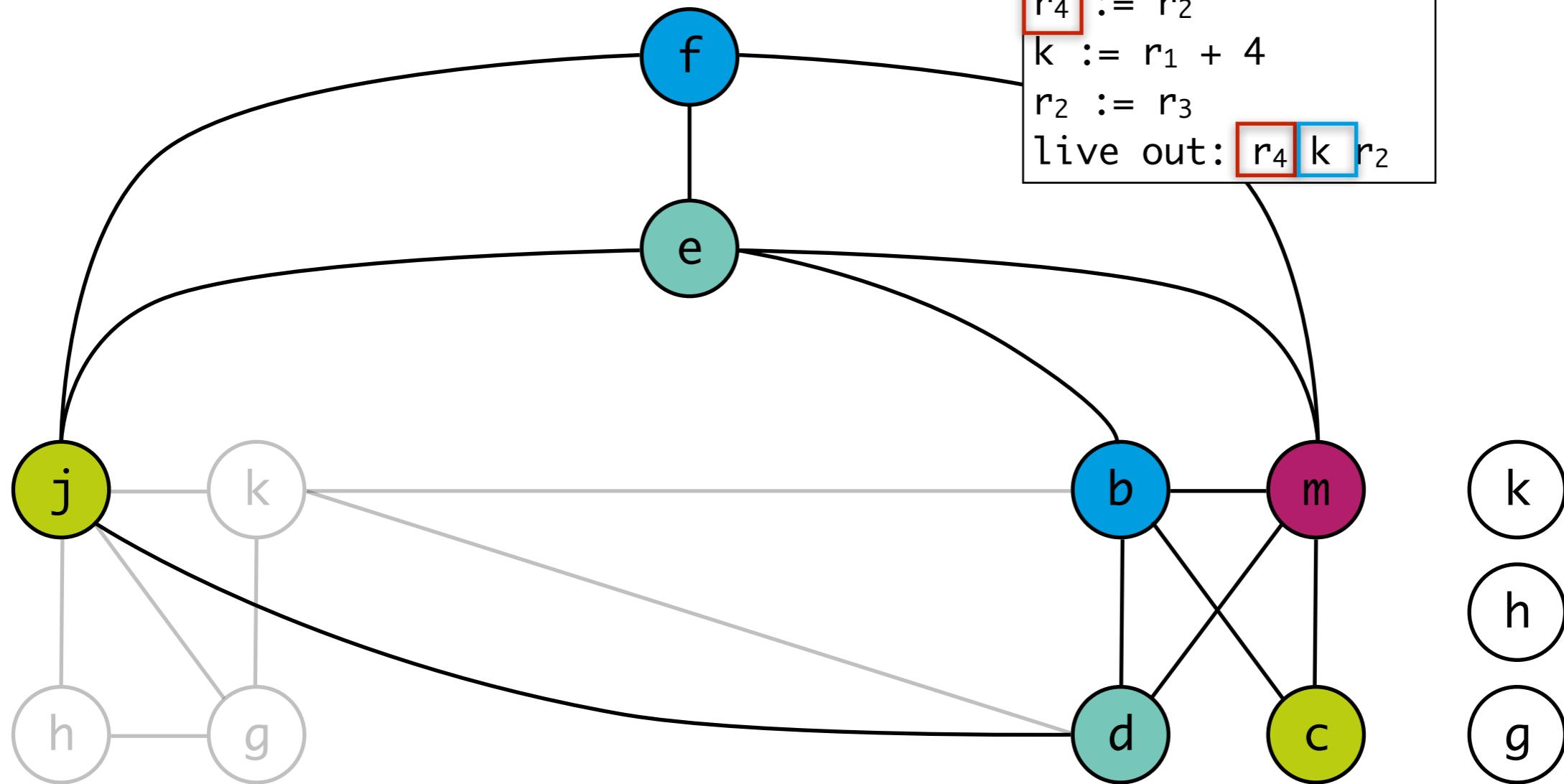
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

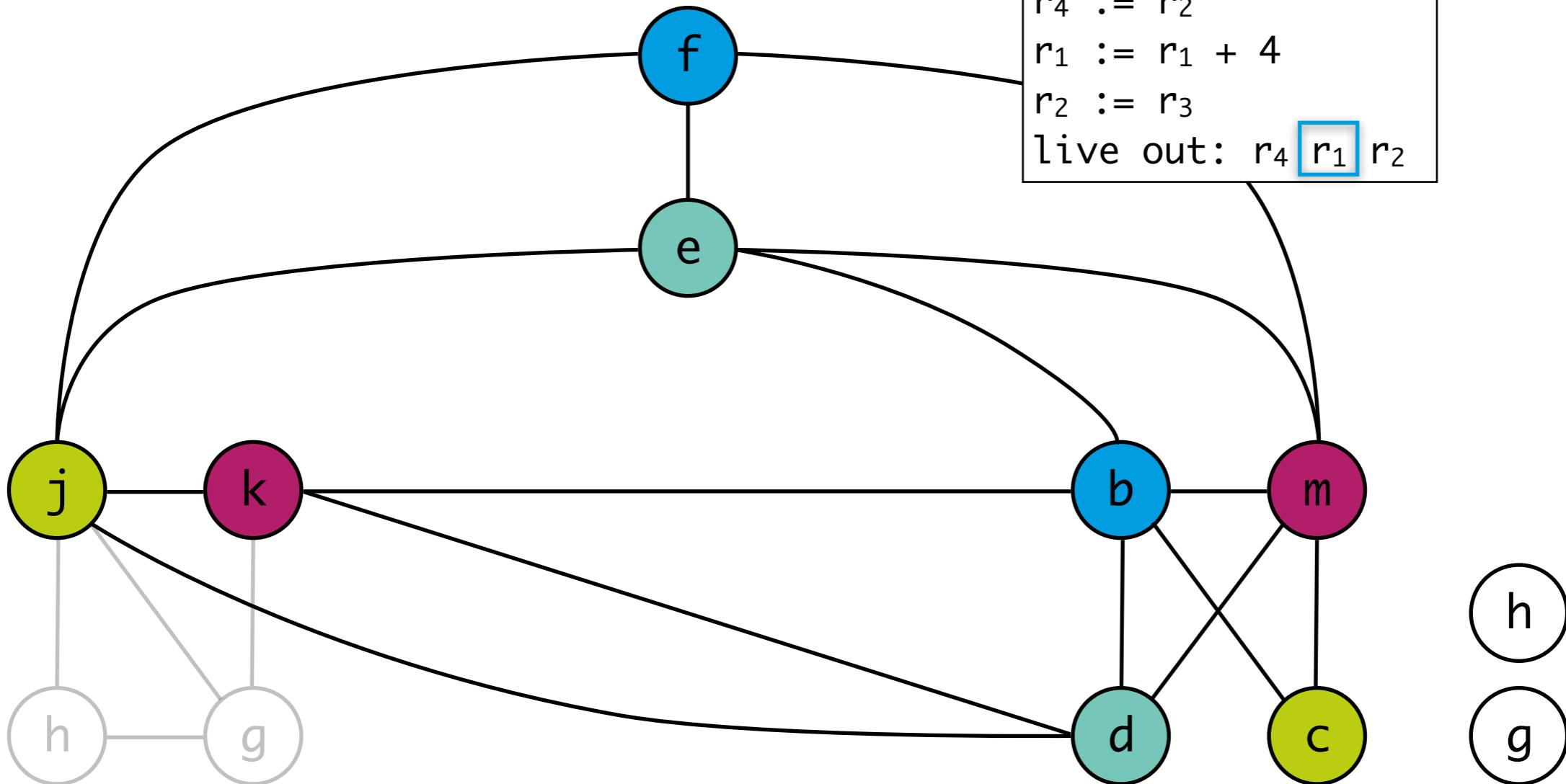
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k r2
g := mem[r2 + 12]
h := k - 1
r3 := g * h
r4 := mem[r2 + 8]
r1 := mem[r2 + 16]
r3 := mem[r3]
r2 := r4 + 8
r4 := r2
k := r1 + 4
r2 := r3
live out: r4 k r2
```

# Graph Coloring

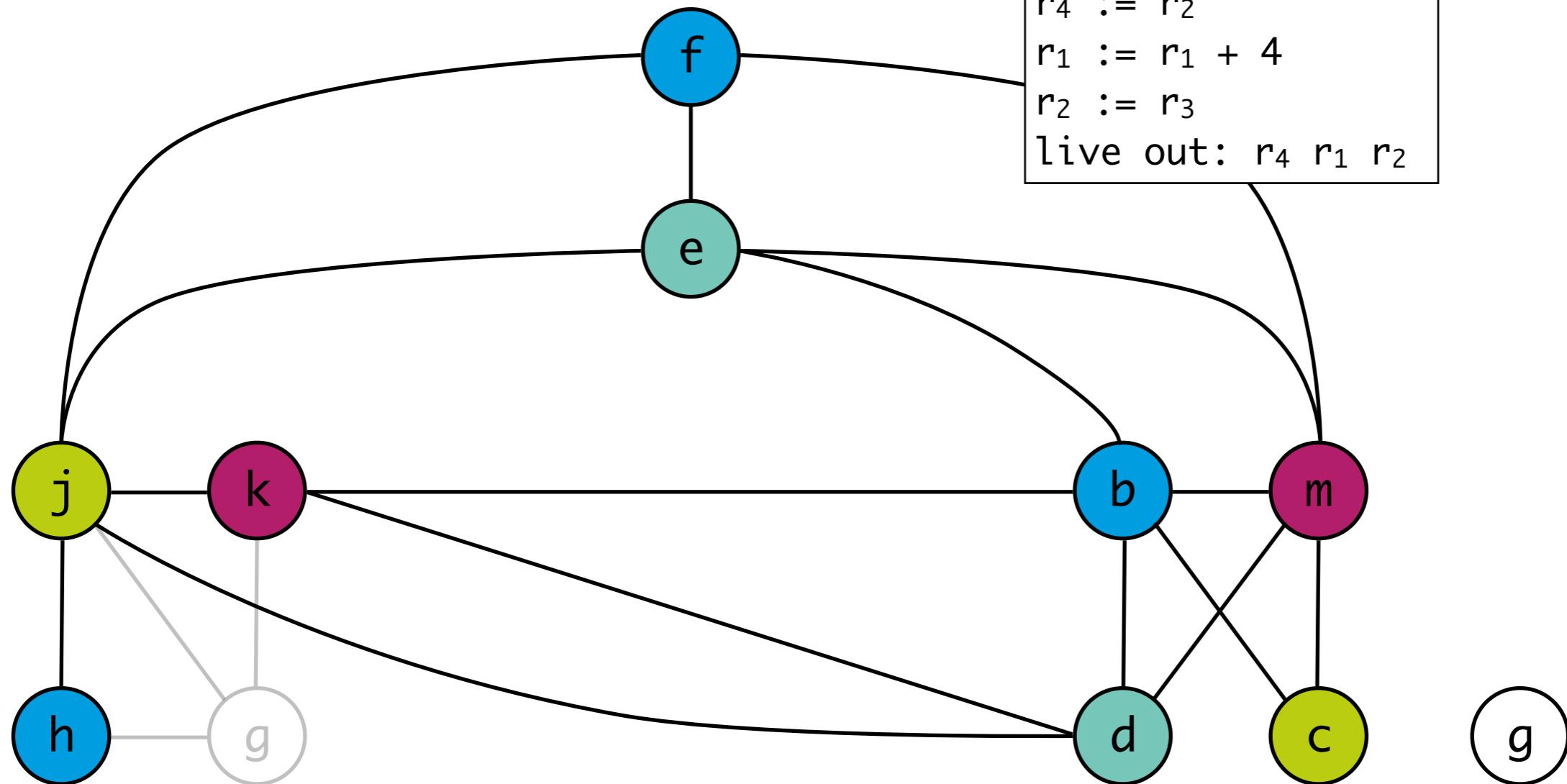
## example with 4 colors



# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$

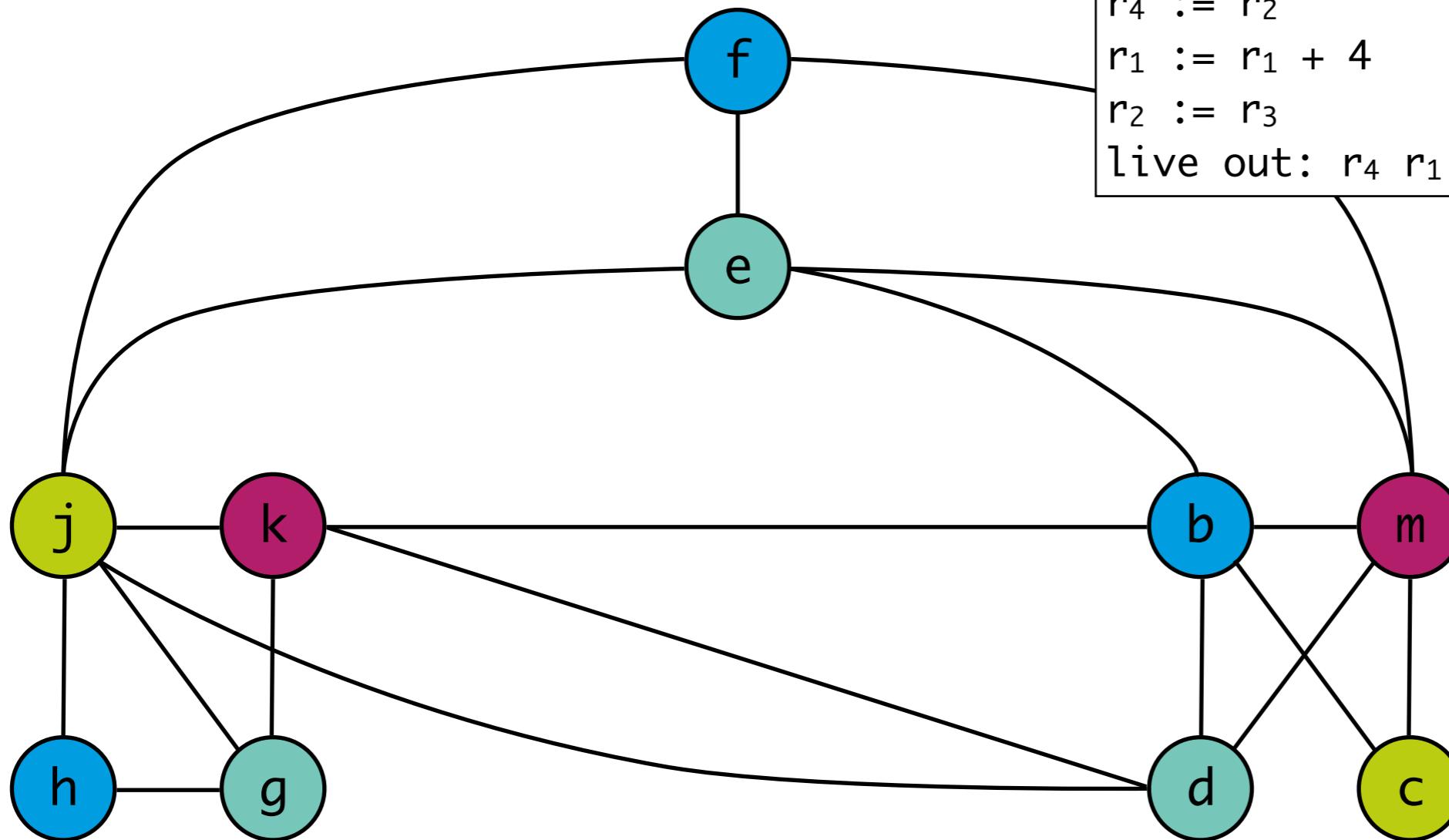


```
live-in: r1 r2
g := mem[r2 + 12]
r3 := r1 - 1
r3 := g * r3
r4 := mem[r2 + 8]
r1 := mem[r2 + 16]
r3 := mem[r3]
r2 := r4 + 8
r4 := r2
r1 := r1 + 4
r2 := r3
live out: r4 r1 r2
```

# Graph Coloring

## example with 4 colors

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: r1 r2
r4 := mem[r2 + 12]
r3 := r1 - 1
r3 := r4 * r3
r4 := mem[r2 + 8]
r1 := mem[r2 + 16]
r3 := mem[r3]
r2 := r4 + 8
r4 := r2
r1 := r1 + 4
r2 := r3
live out: r4 r1 r2
```

# III

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## Spilling

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# Optimistic Coloring

## steps

Simplify

remove node of **insignificant** degree (fewer than  $k$  edges)

Spill

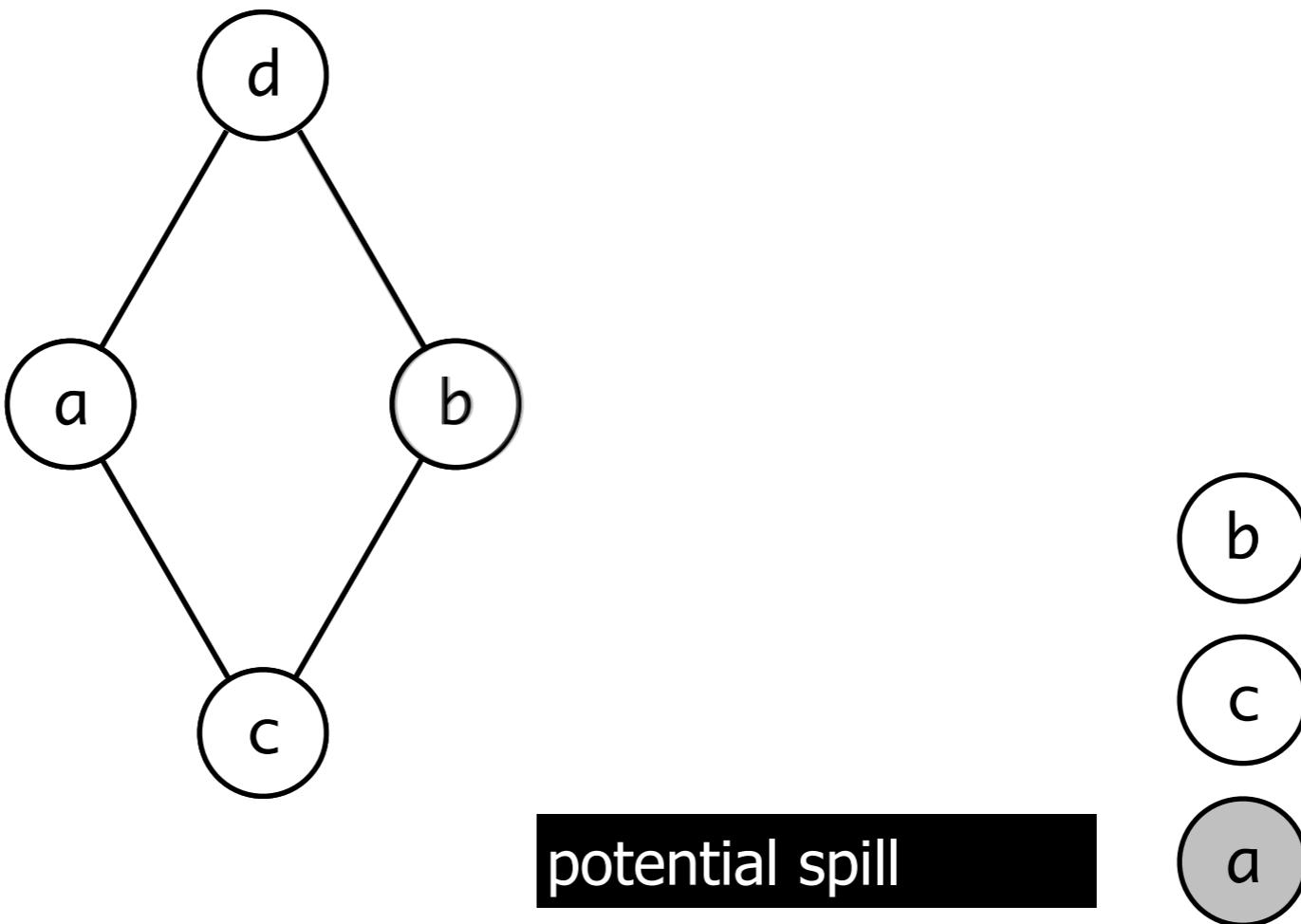
remove node of **significant** degree ( $k$  or more edges)

Select

add node, select color

# Optimistic Coloring

## example with 2 colors



# Spilling steps

Simplify

remove node of **insignificant** degree (less than  $k$  edges)

Spill

remove node of **significant** degree ( $k$  or more edges)

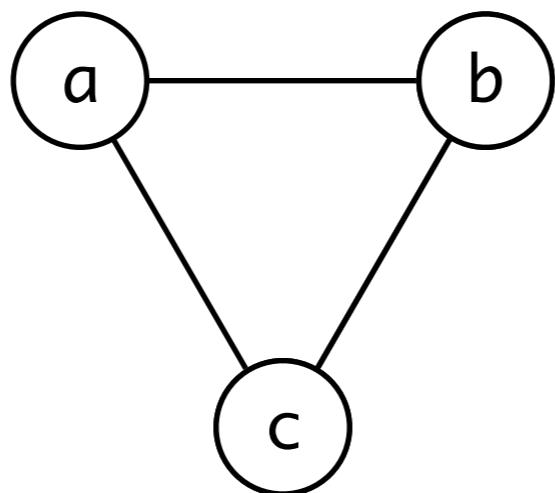
Select

add node, select color

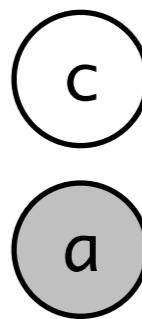
Actual spill

Start over

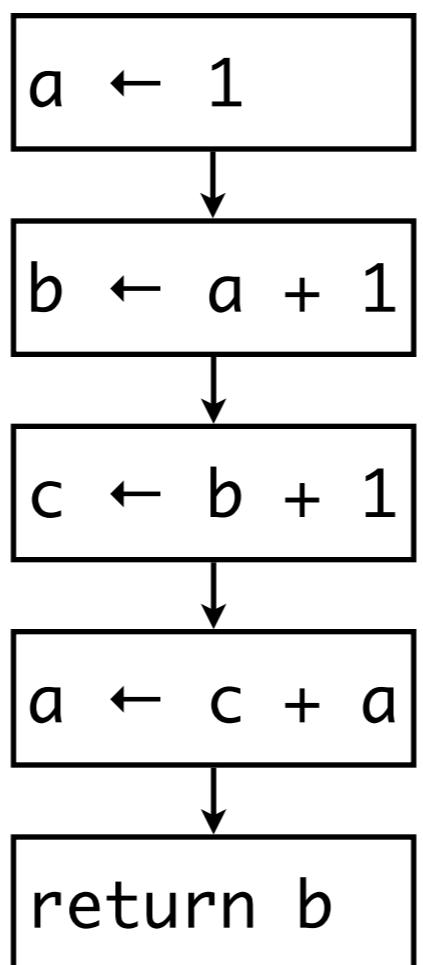
# Spilling example with 2 colors



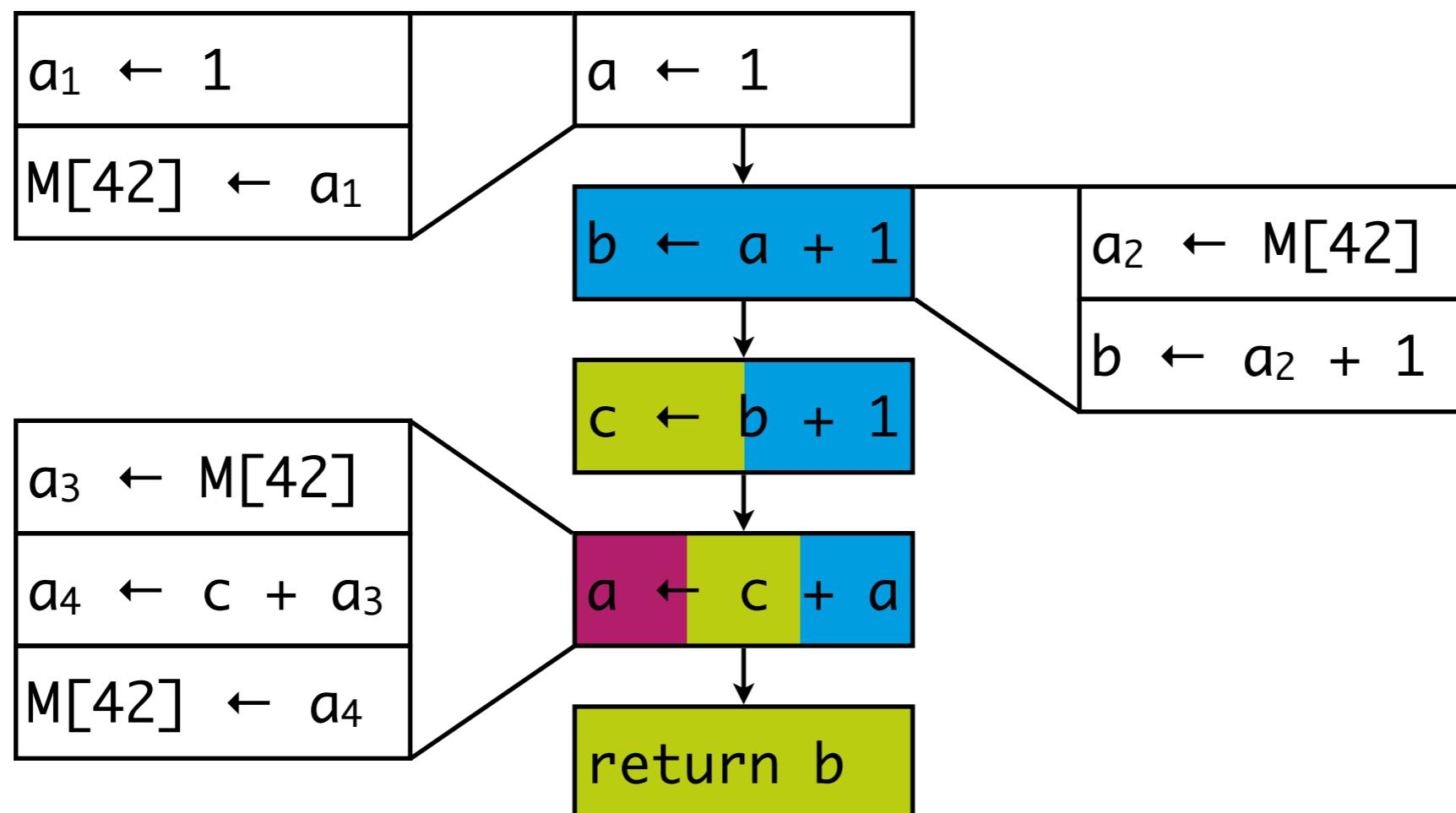
actual spill



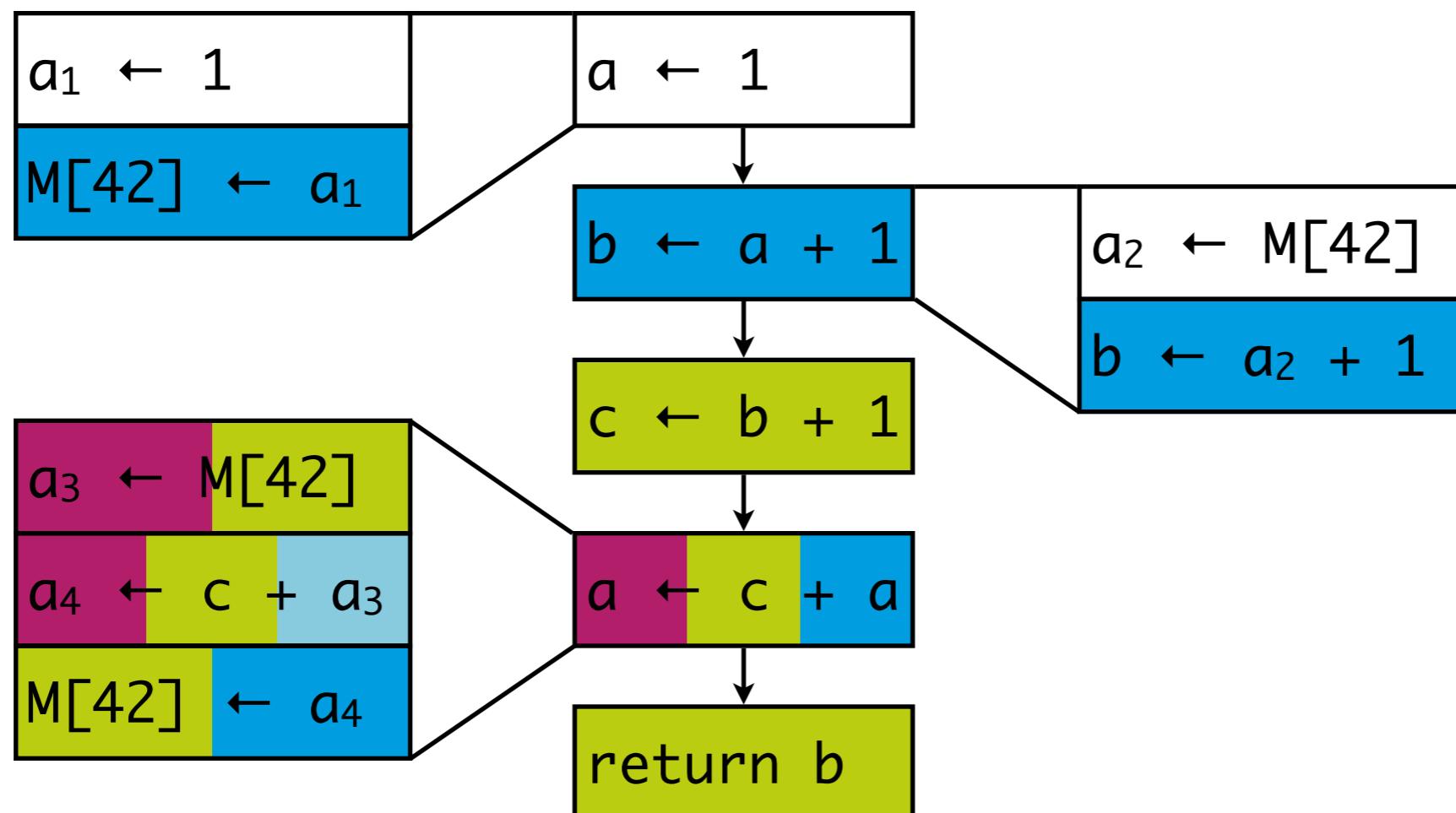
# Spilling example



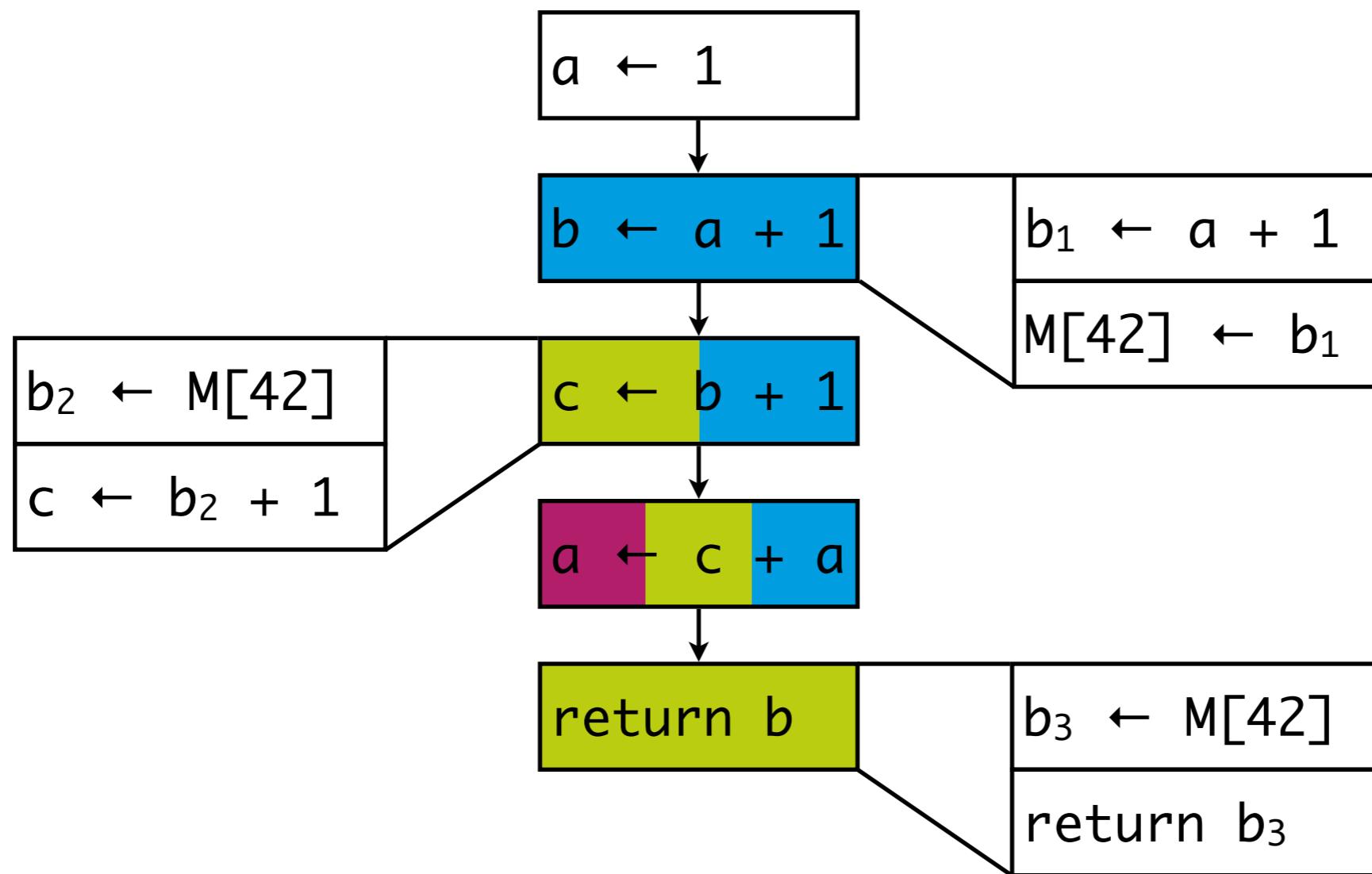
# Spilling example



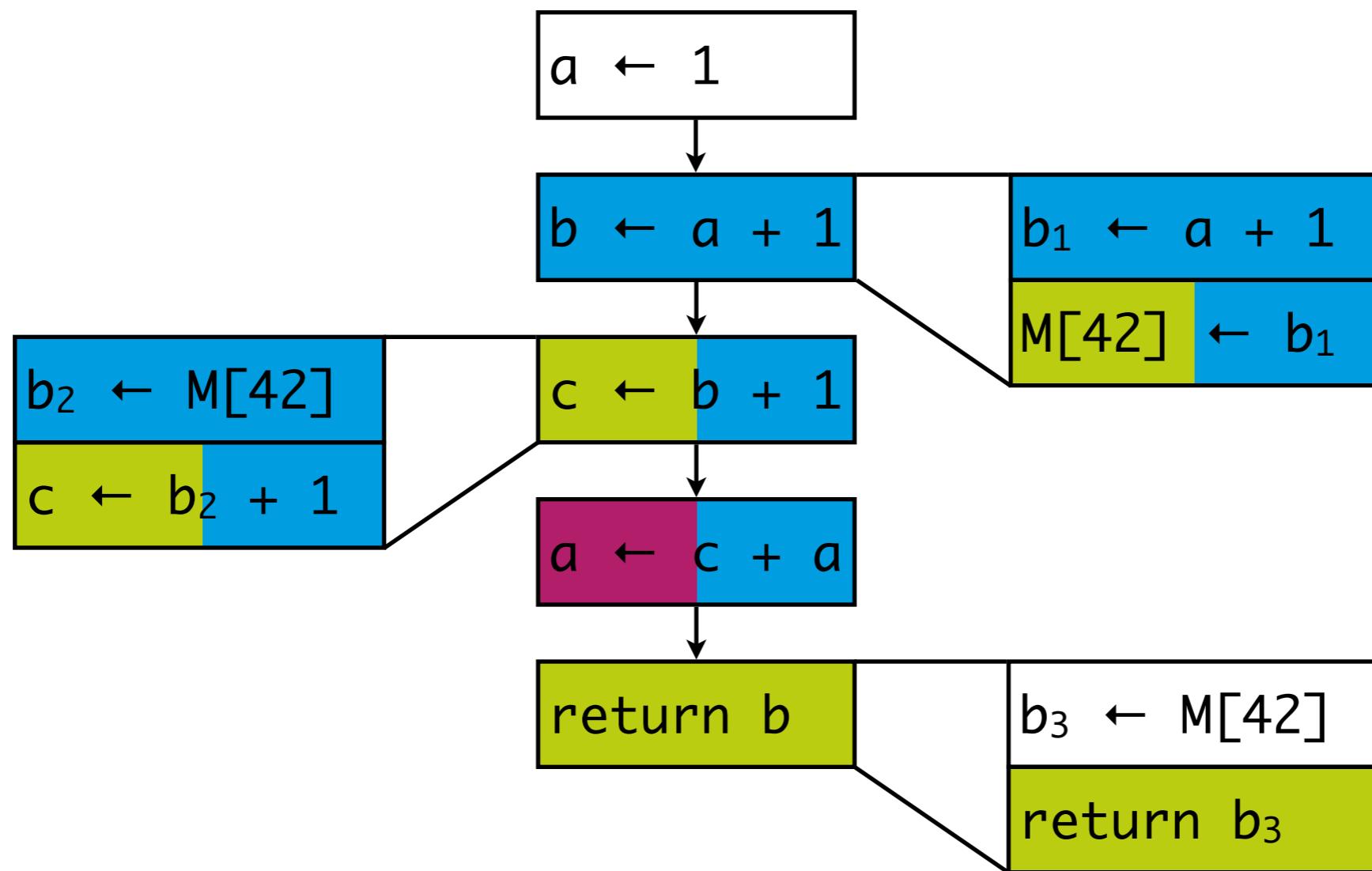
# Spilling example



# Spilling example



# Spilling example



# IV

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## Coalescing

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# Eliminating Move Instructions

## coalescing

```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

# Eliminating Move Instructions

## coalescing

```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

# Coalescing

coalesce |kəʊə'les|

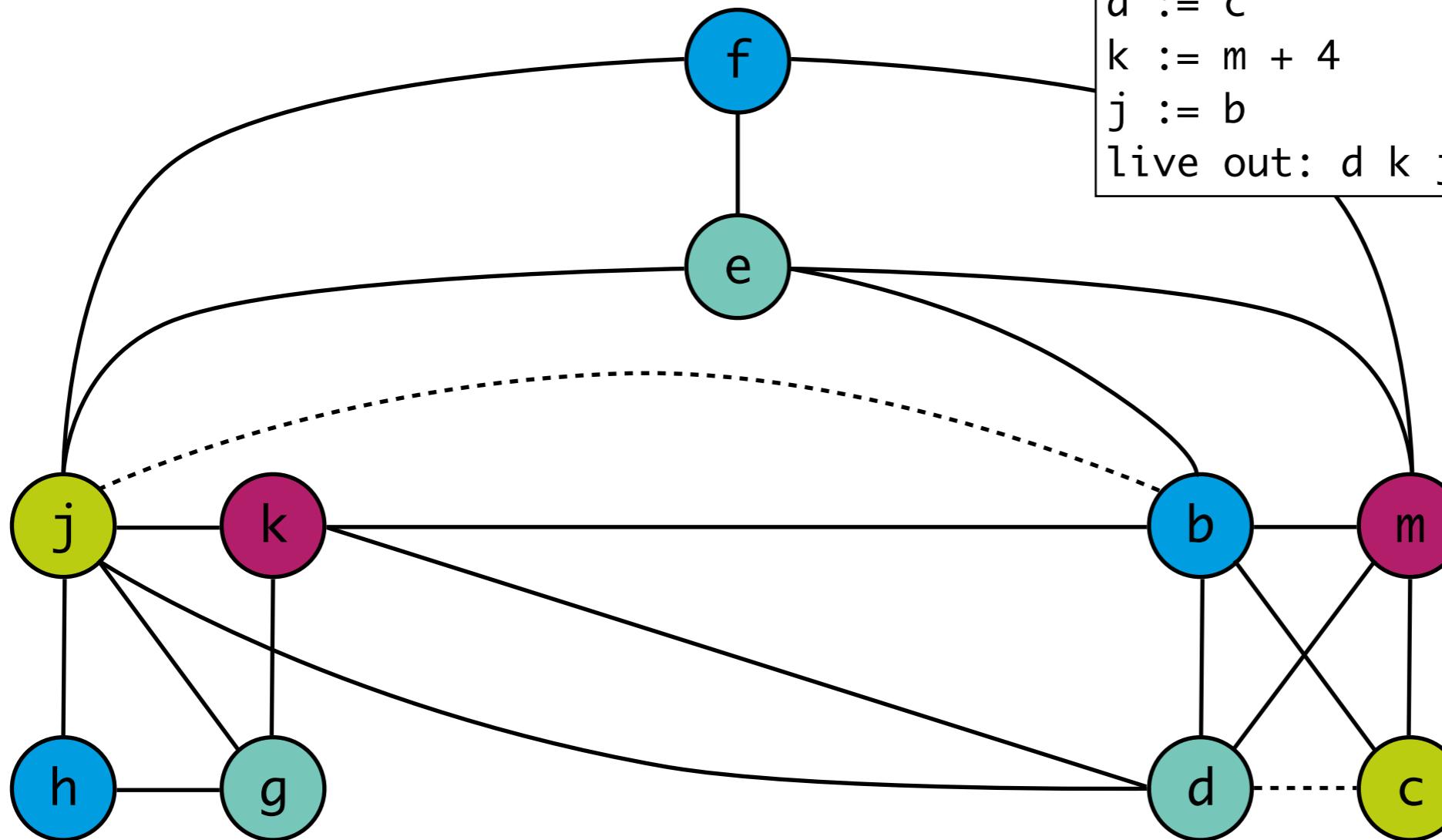
verb [no object]

come together to form one mass or whole: *the puddles had coalesced into shallow streams.*

• [with object] combine (elements) in a mass or whole: *his idea served to coalesce all that happened into one connected whole.*

# Recap: Graph Coloring example

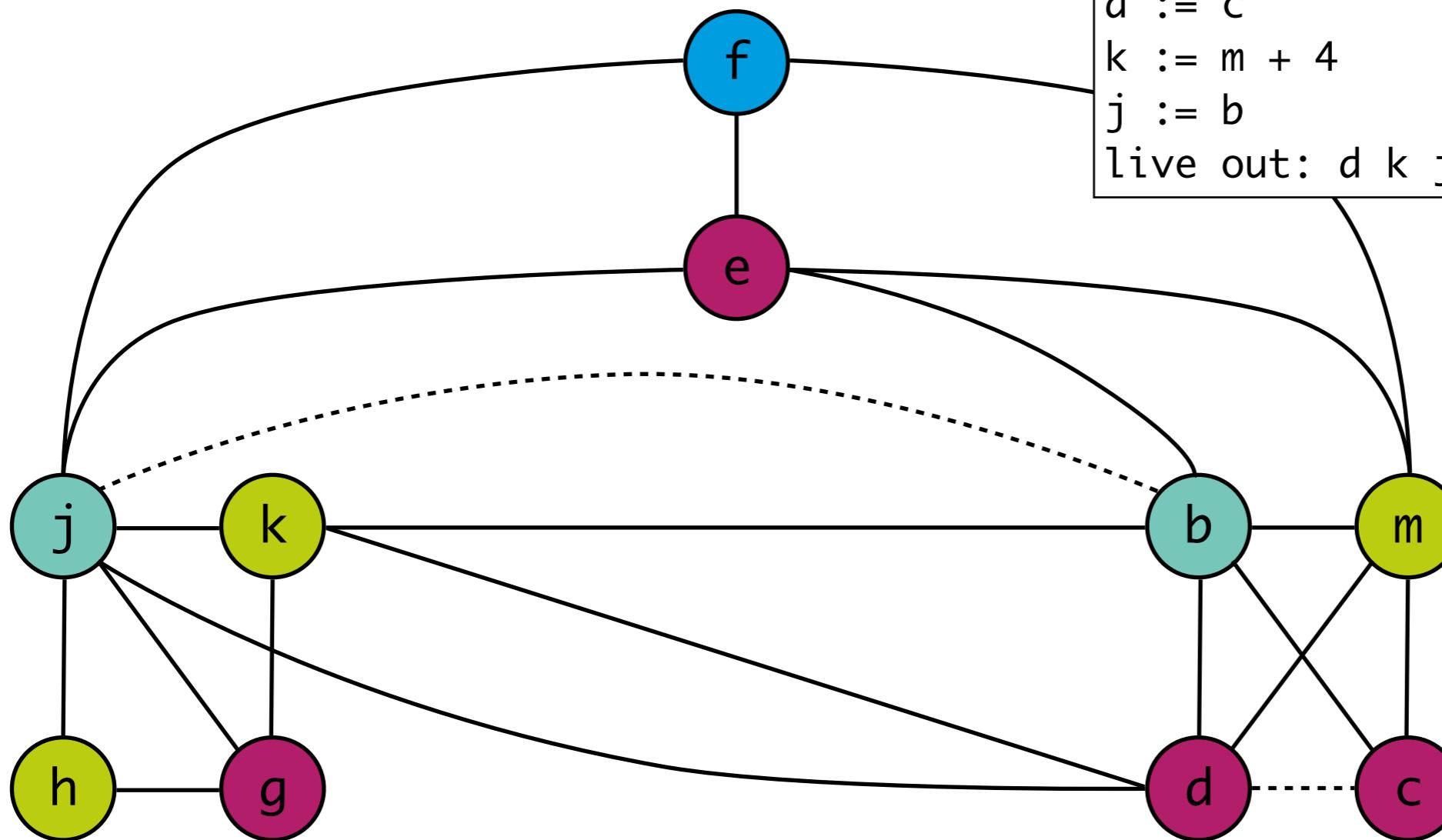
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

# Coalescing better solution

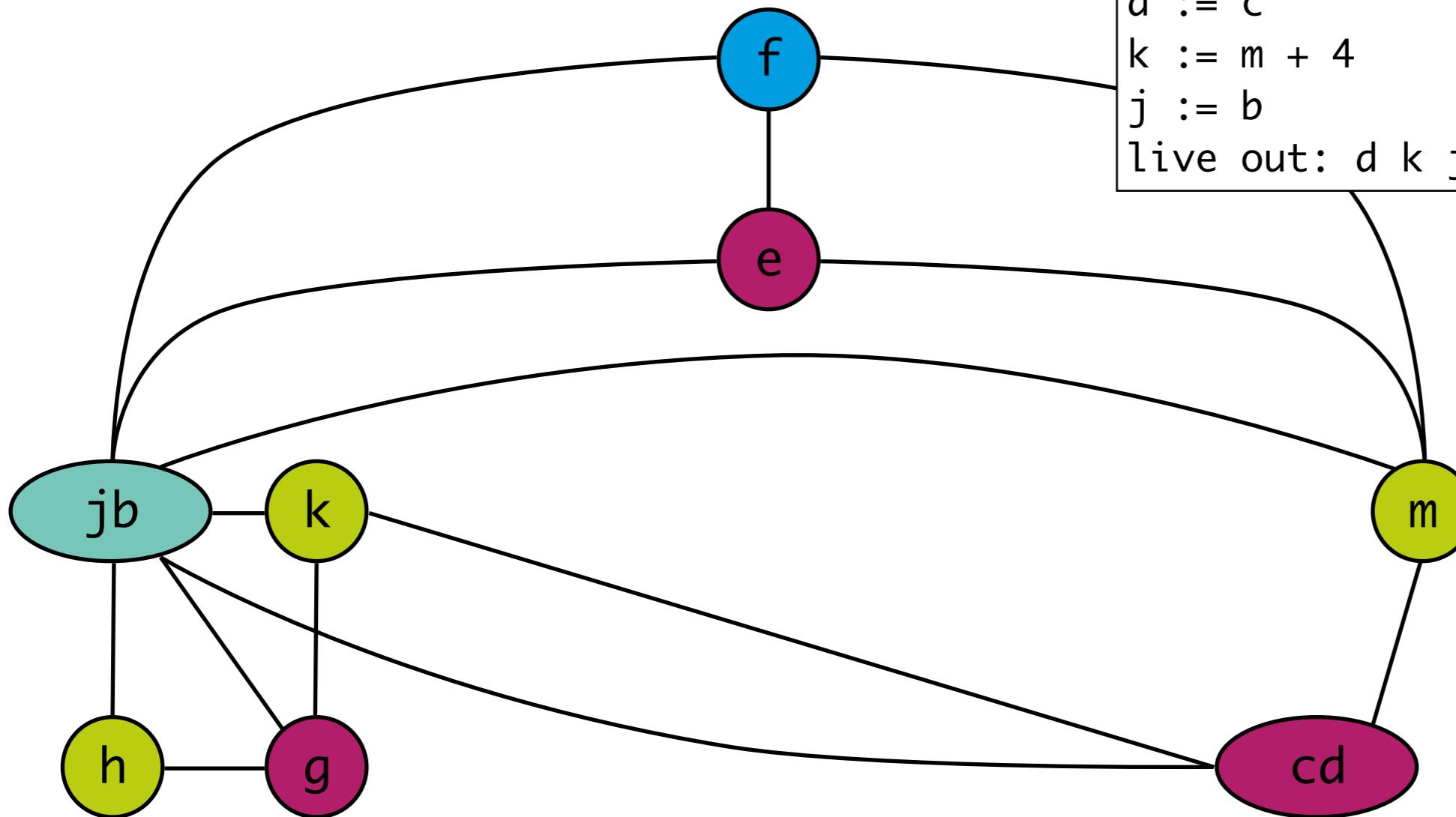
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

# Coalescing coalescing nodes

```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```



# Coalescing conservative strategies

Briggs

- $a/b$  has fewer than  $k$  neighbours of **significant** degree
- nodes of **insignificant** degree and  $a/b$  can be simplified
- remaining graph is colorable

George

- all neighbours of  $a$  of significant degree interfere also with  $b$
- neighbours of  $a$  of **insignificant** degree can be simplified
- subgraph of original graph is colorable

# Graph Coloring

## steps

Simplify

remove **non-move-related** node of **insignificant** degree

Coalesce

Freeze

turn **move-related** node of **insignificant** degree into **non-move-related**

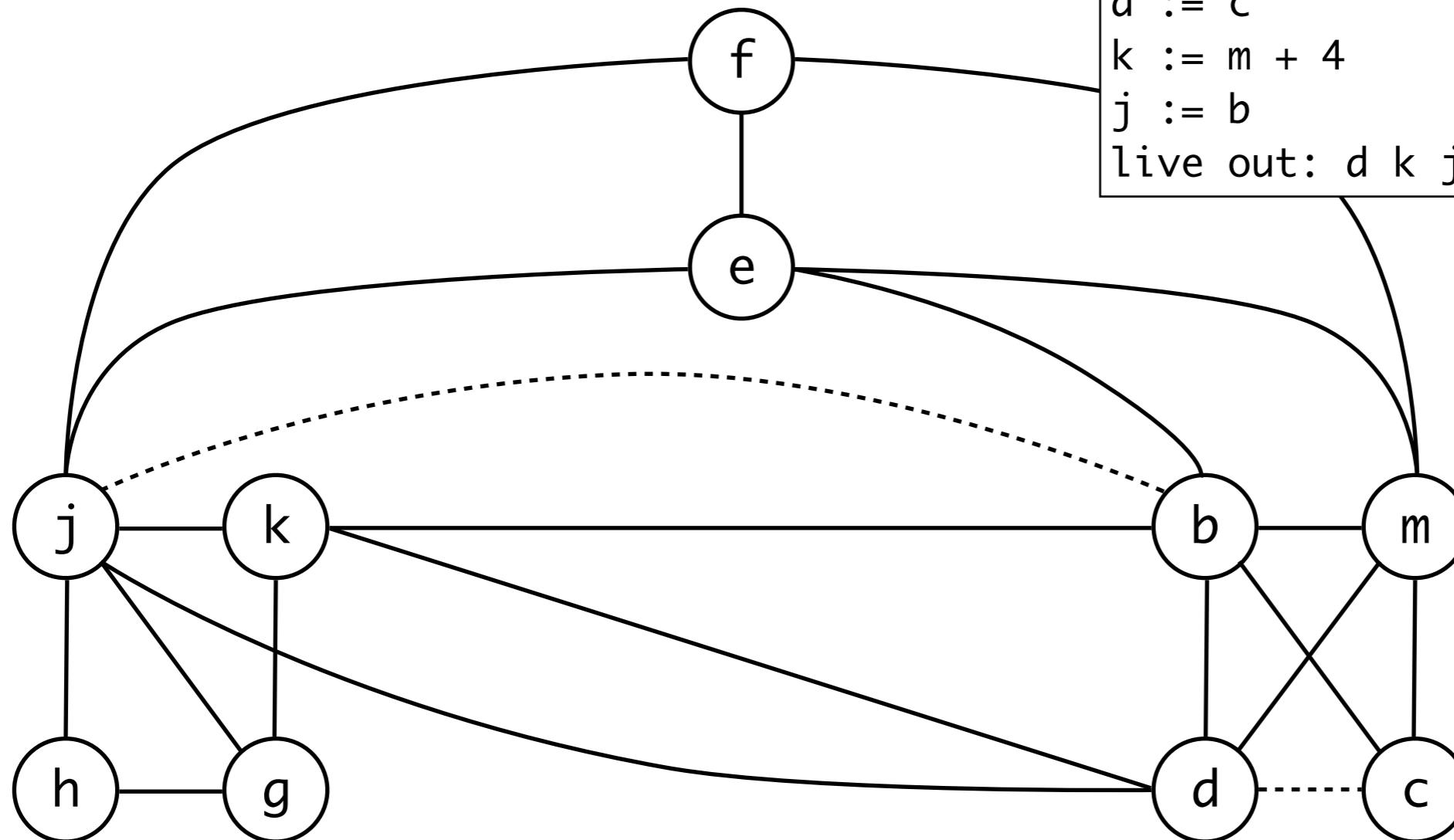
Spill

Select

Start over

# Coalescing example

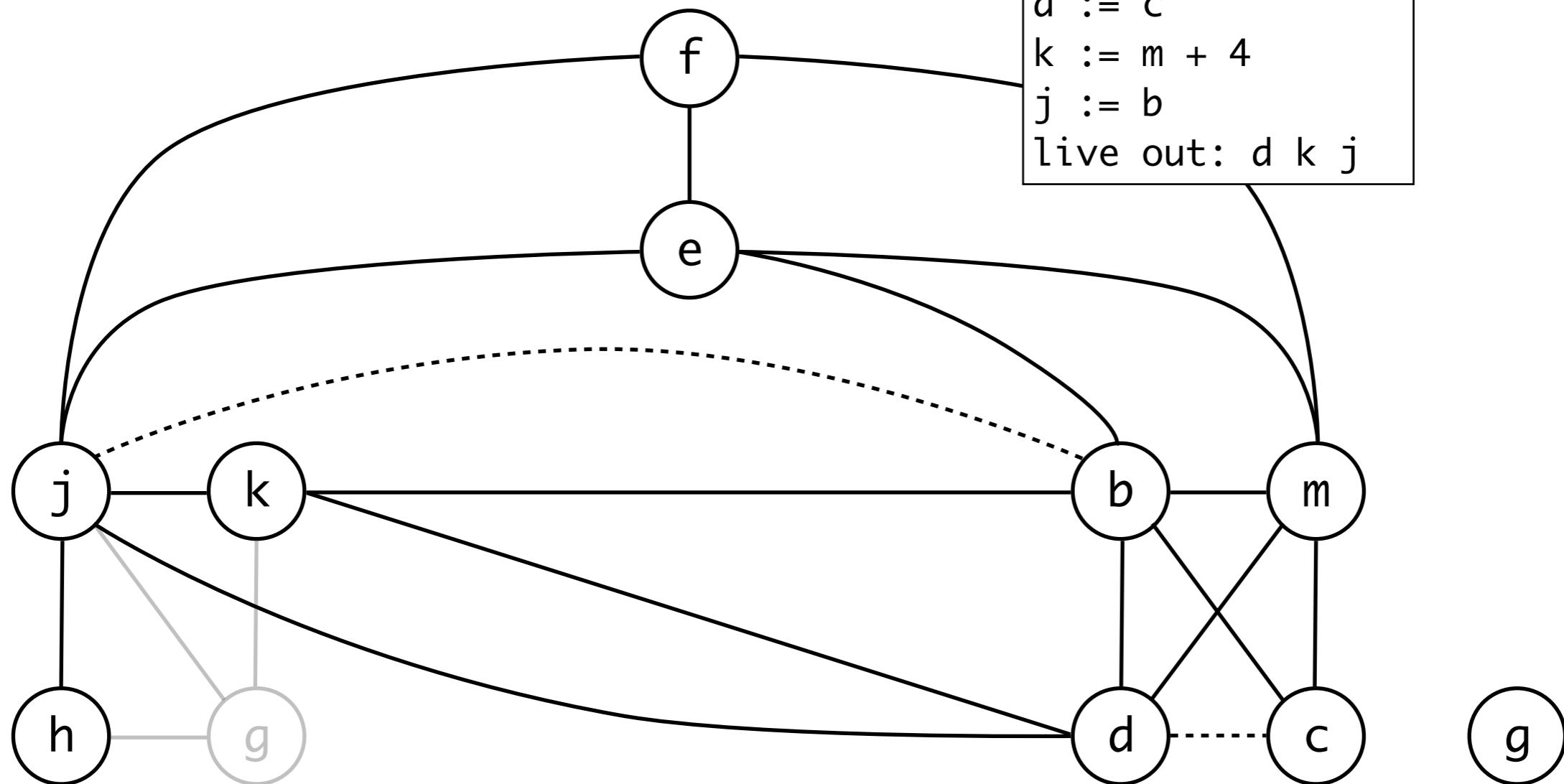
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k j  
g := mem[j + 12]  
h := k - 1  
f := g * h  
e := mem[j + 8]  
m := mem[j + 16]  
b := mem[f]  
c := e + 8  
d := c  
k := m + 4  
j := b  
live out: d k j
```

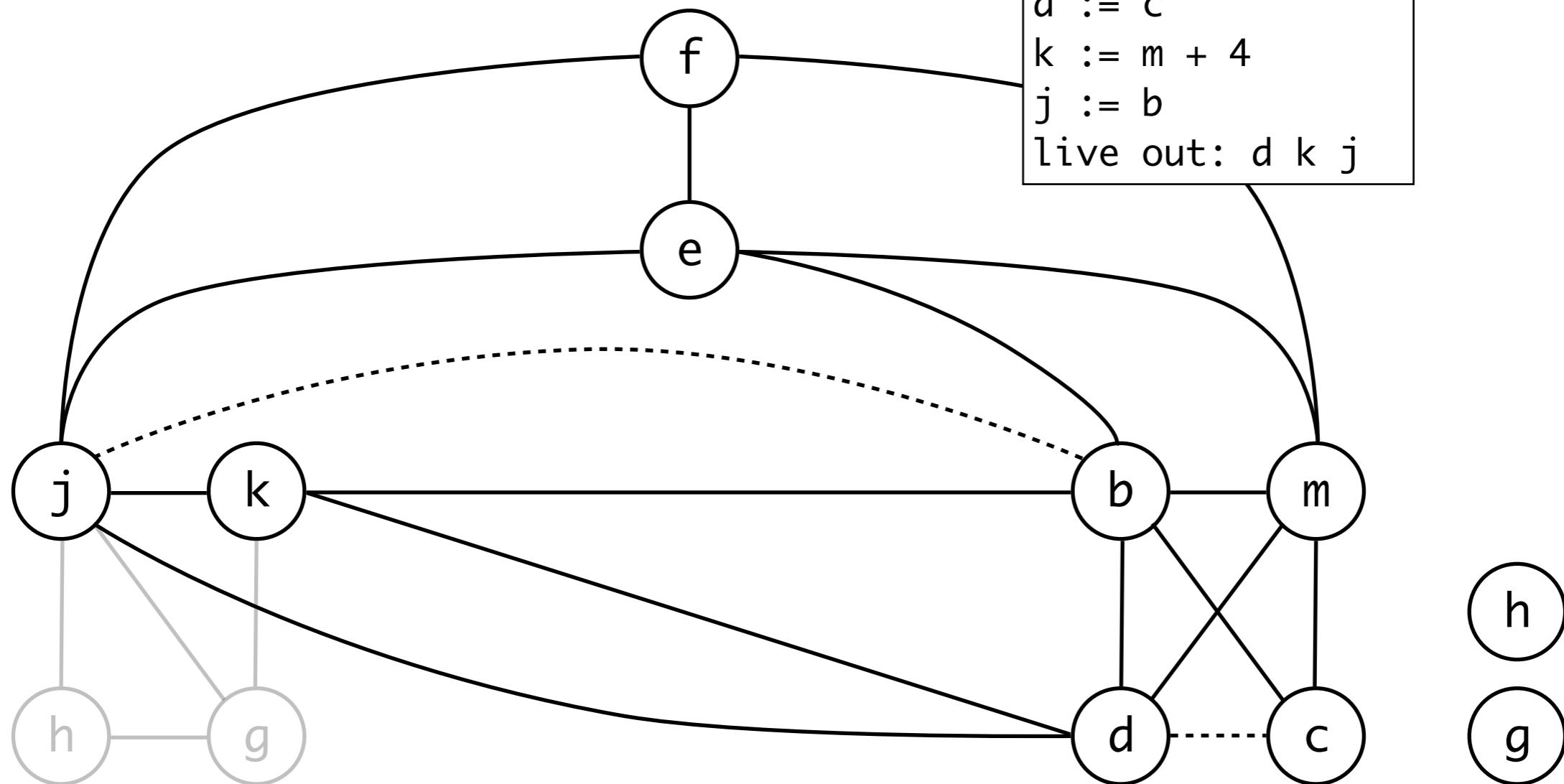
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



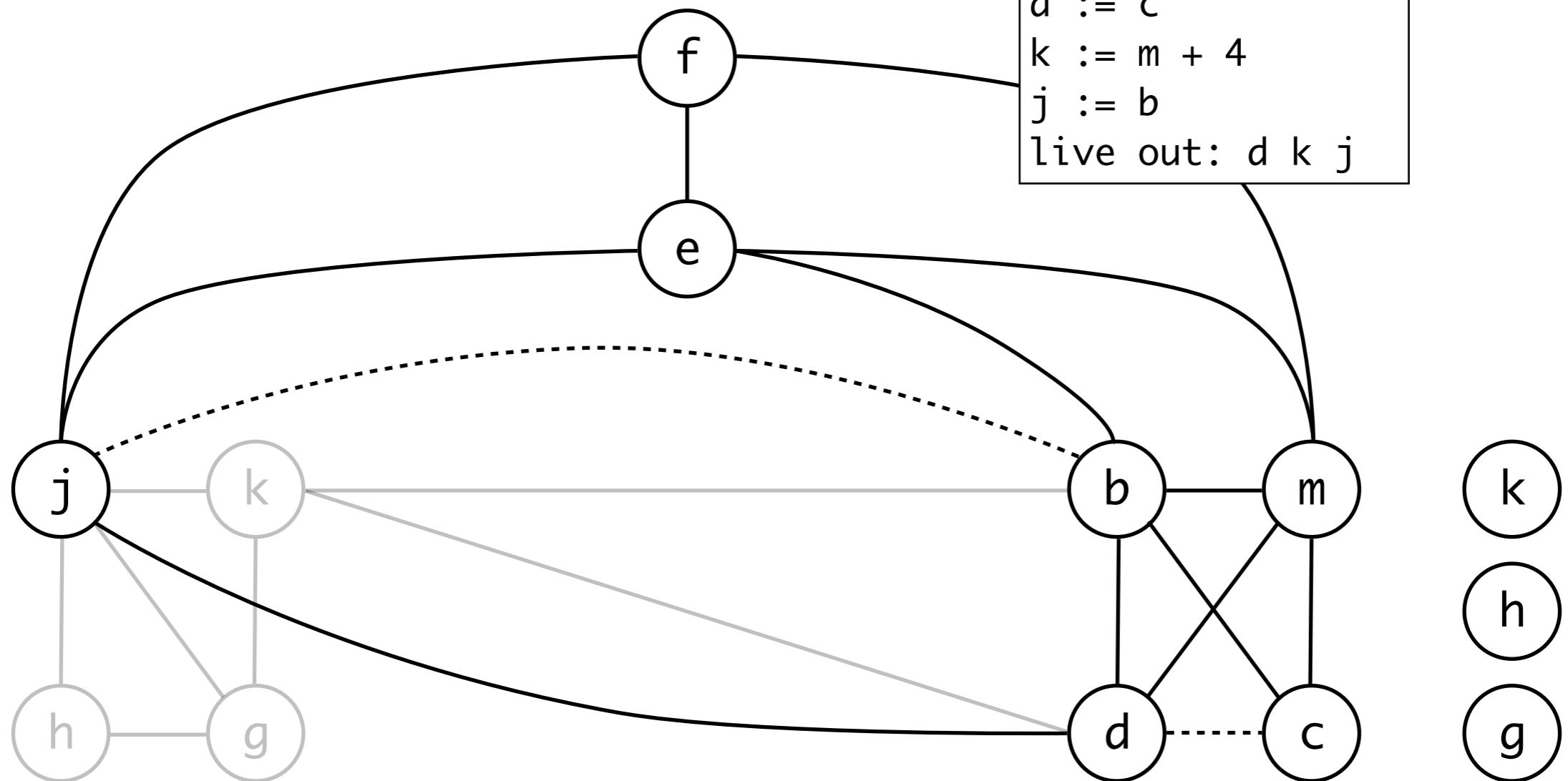
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



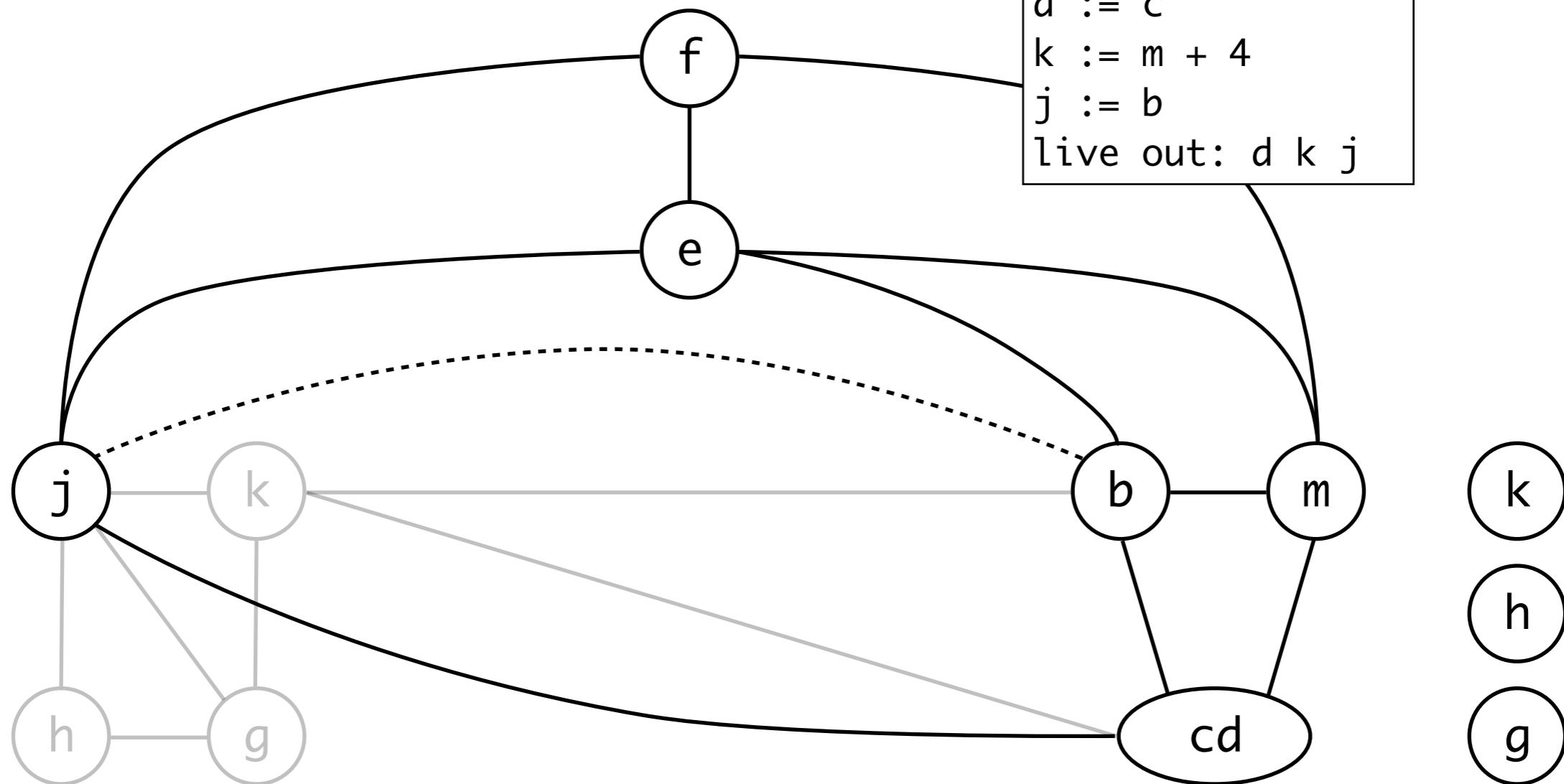
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$

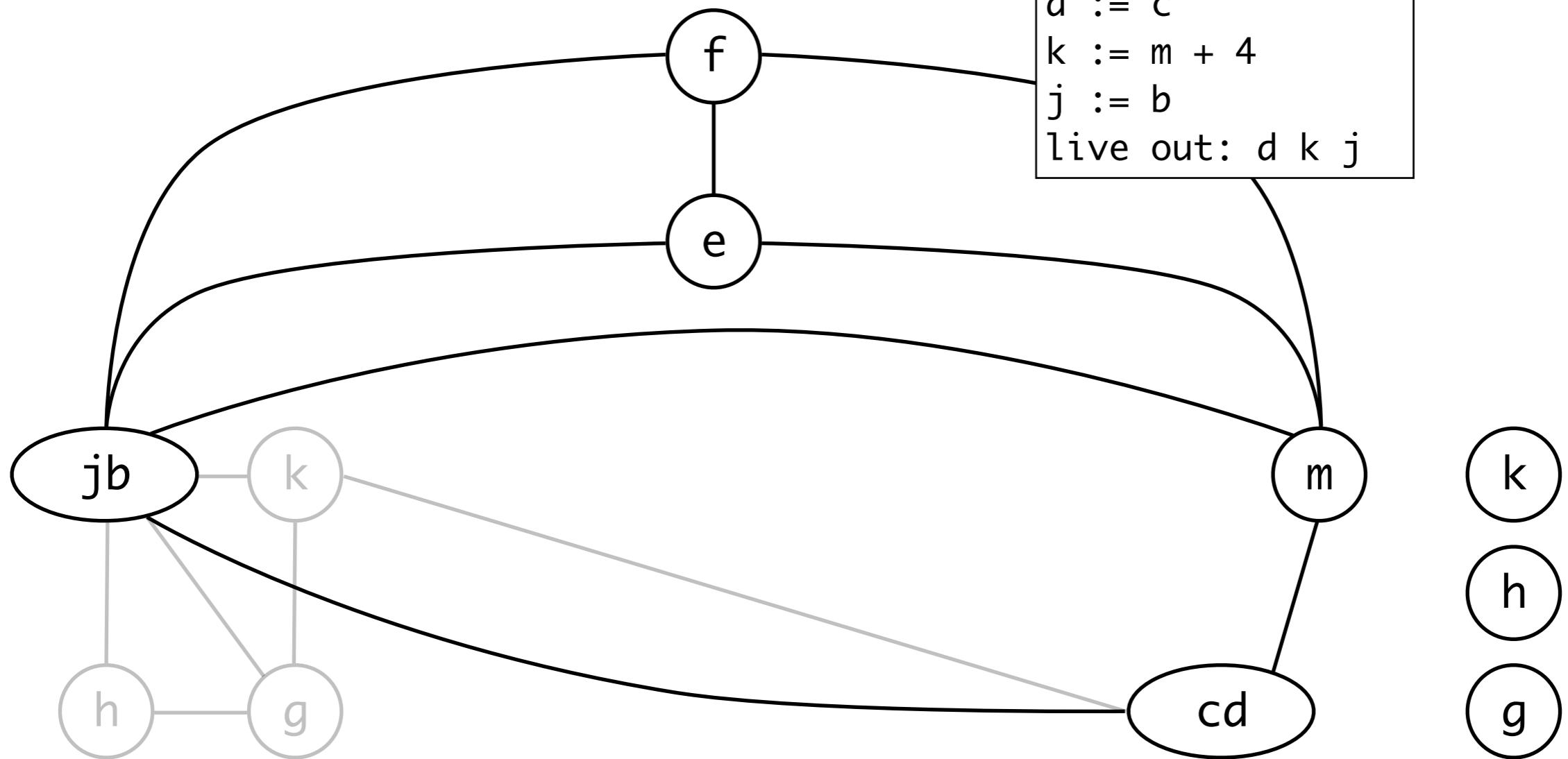


```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

k  
h  
g

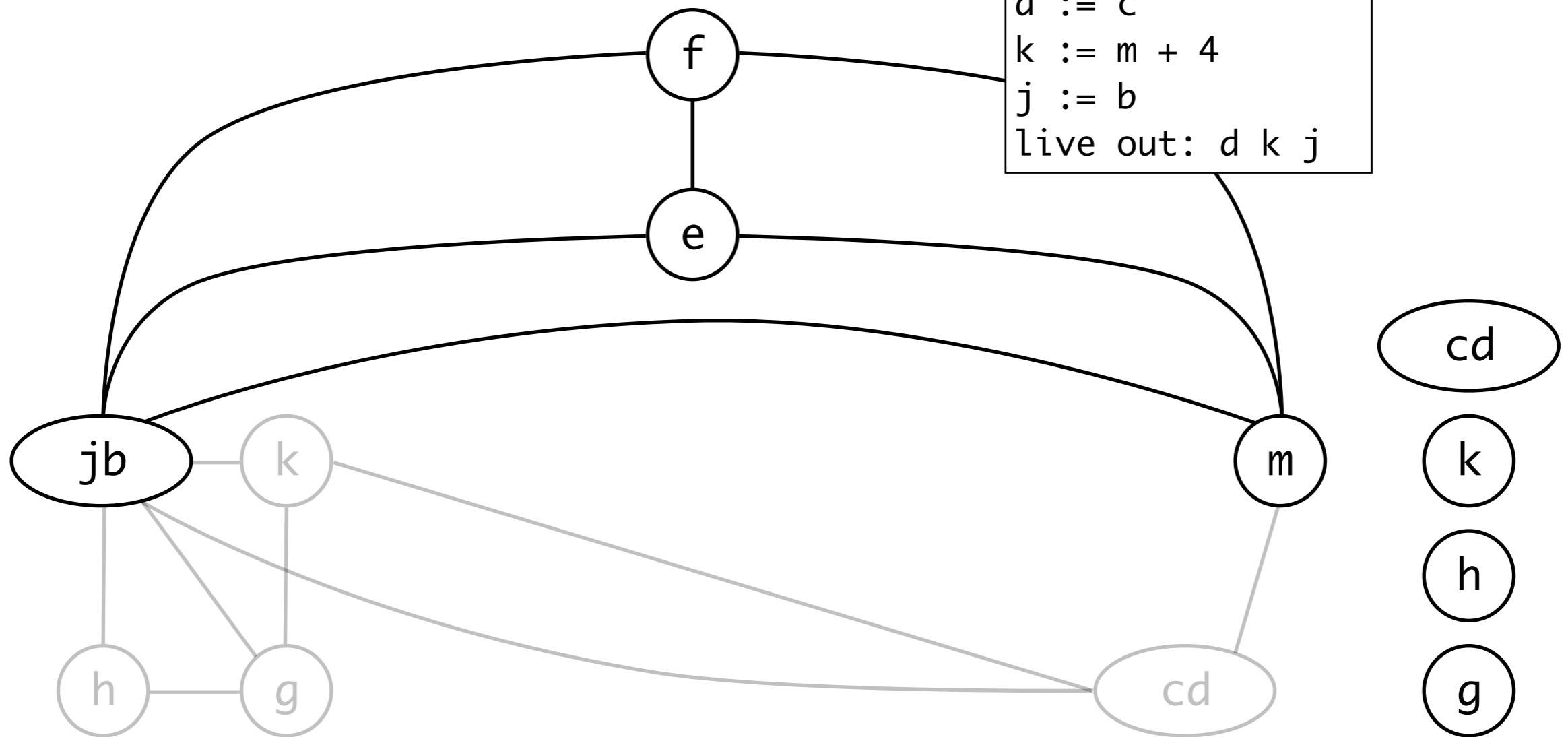
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Coalescing example

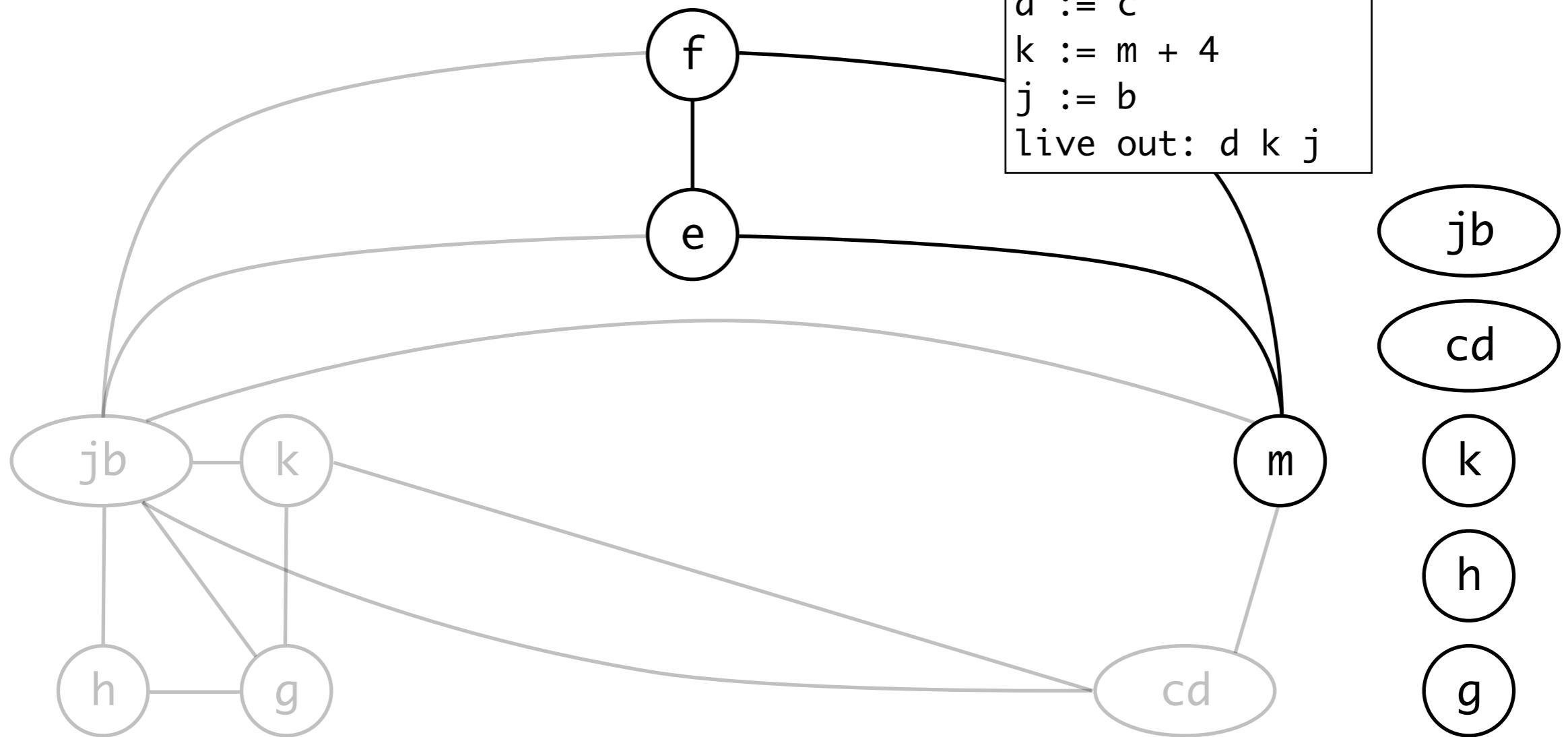
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

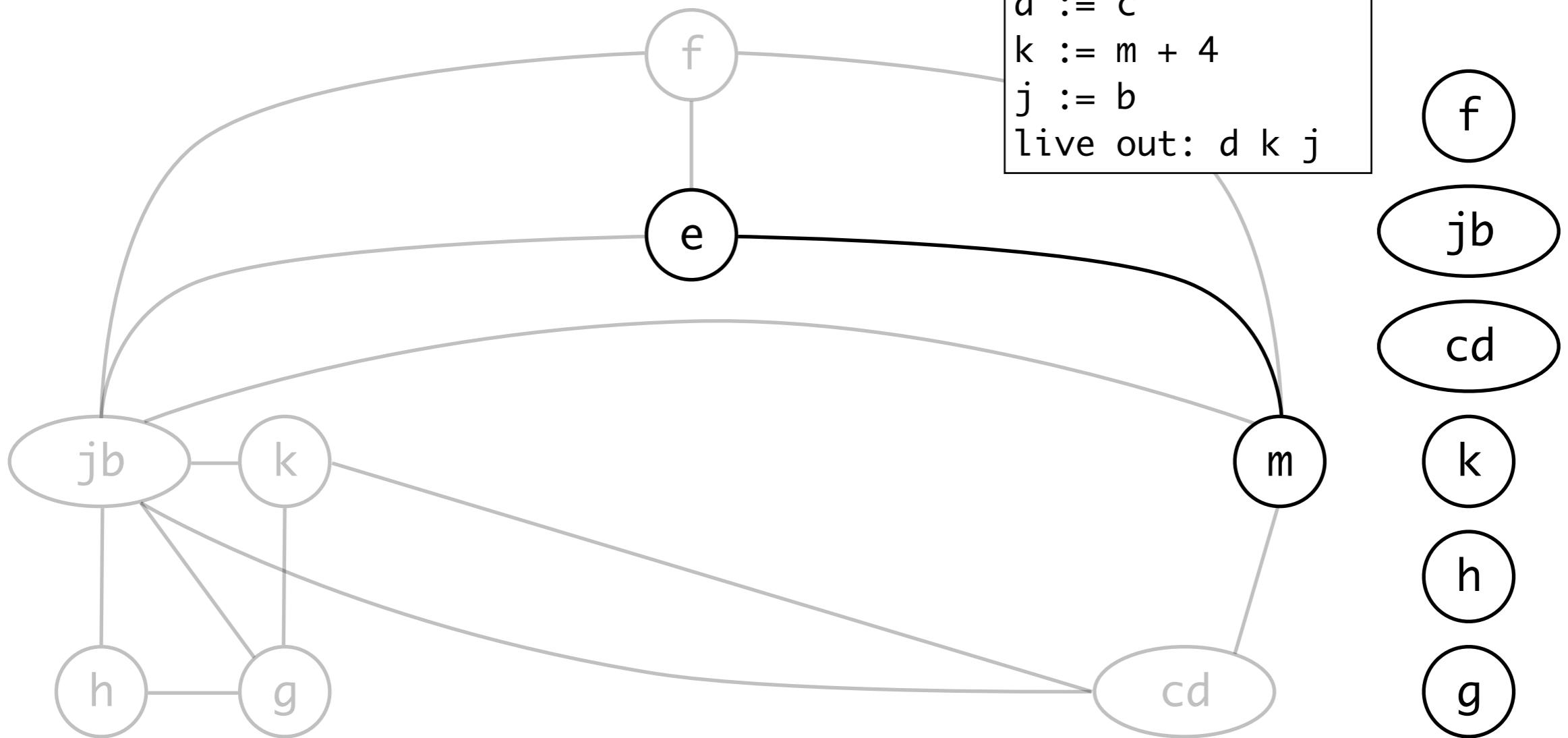
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Coalescing example

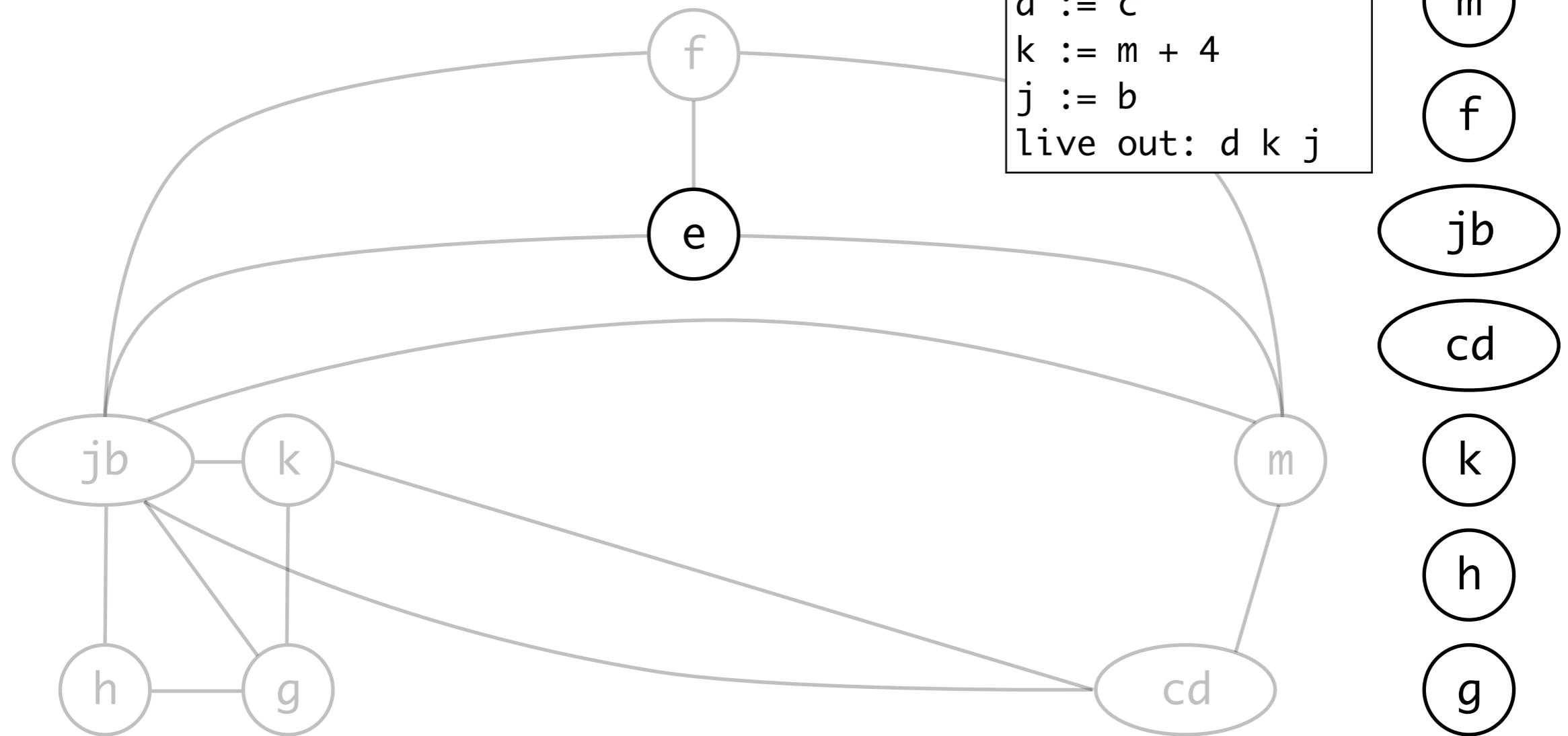
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Coalescing example

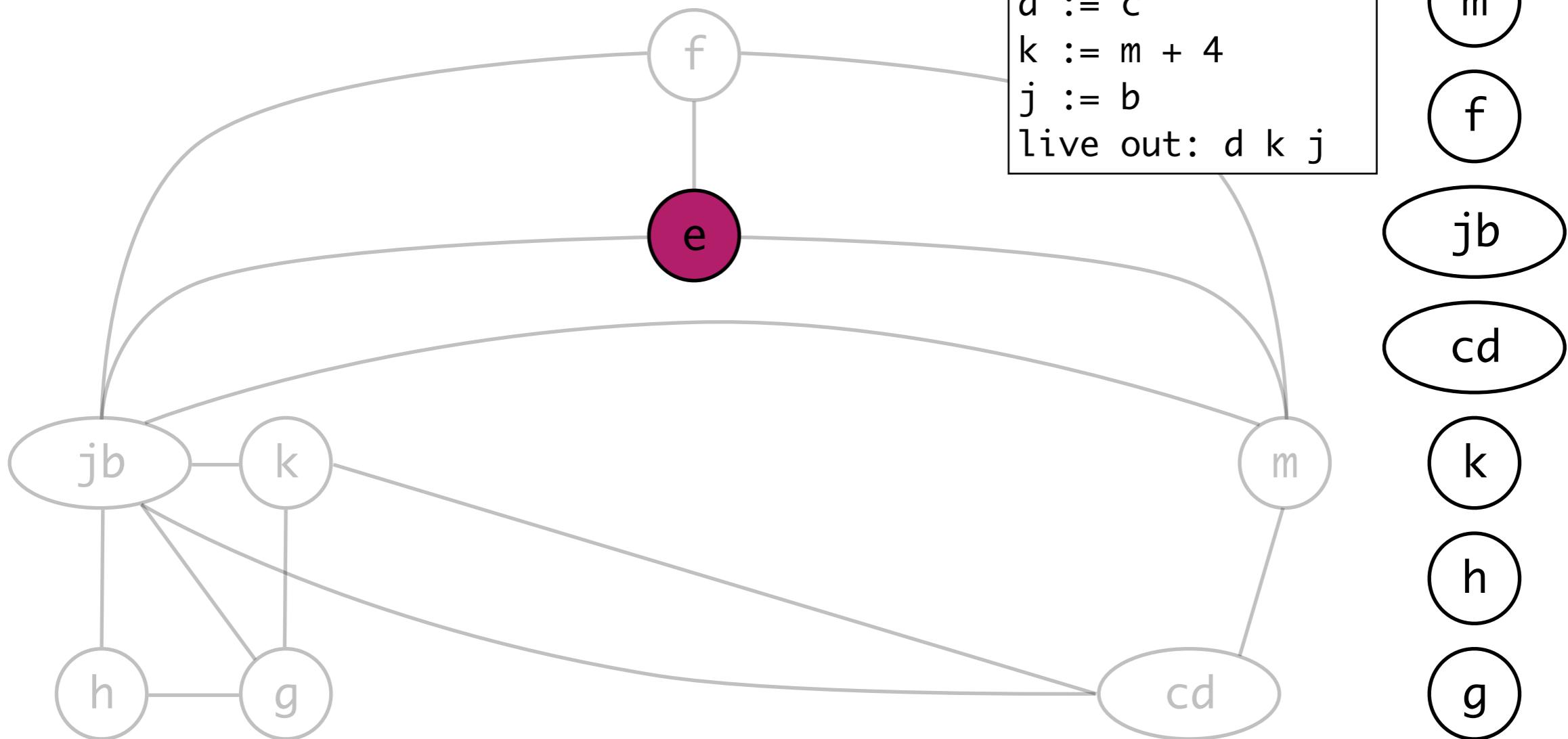
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$

```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
e := mem[j + 8]
m := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := e + 8
d := c
k := m + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```



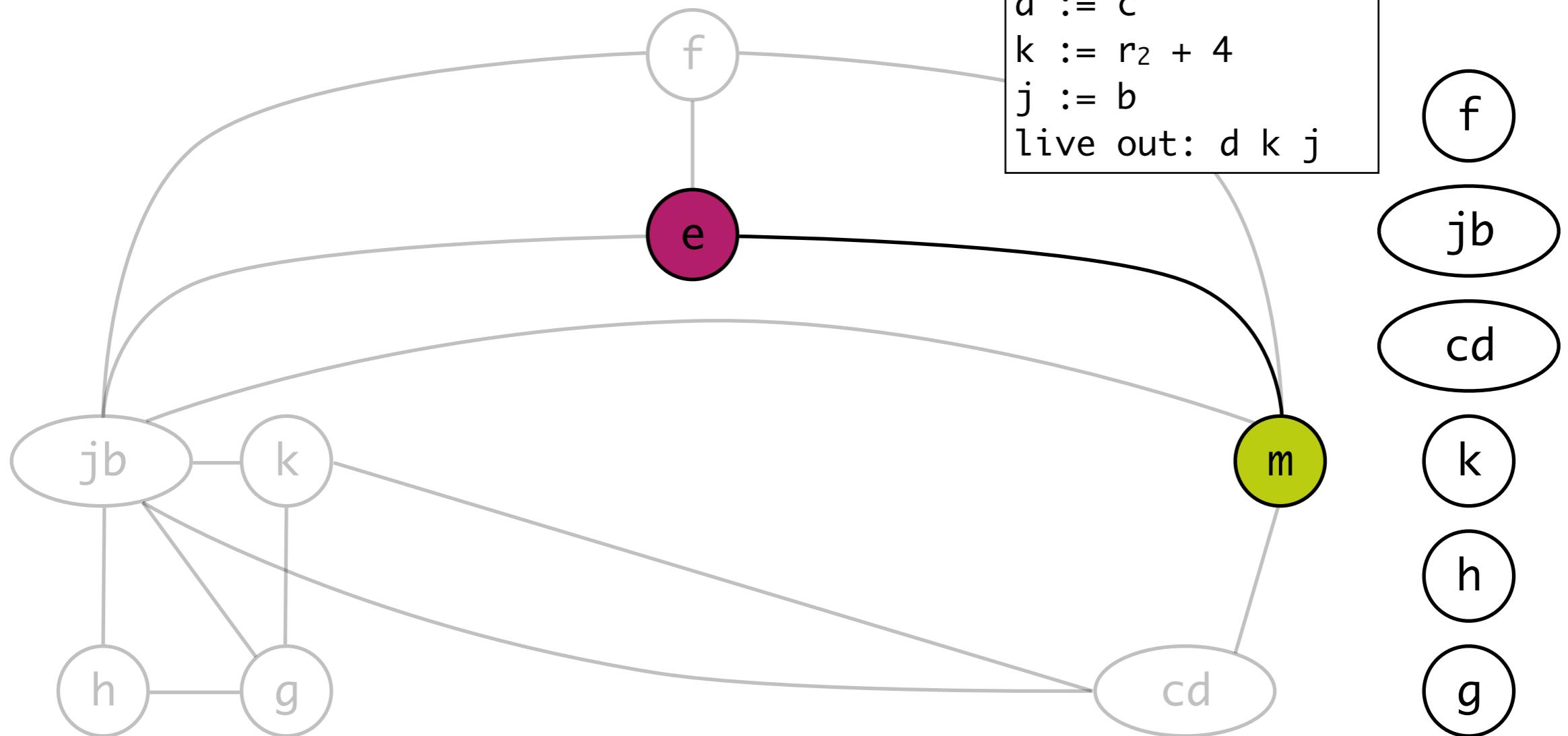
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Coalescing example

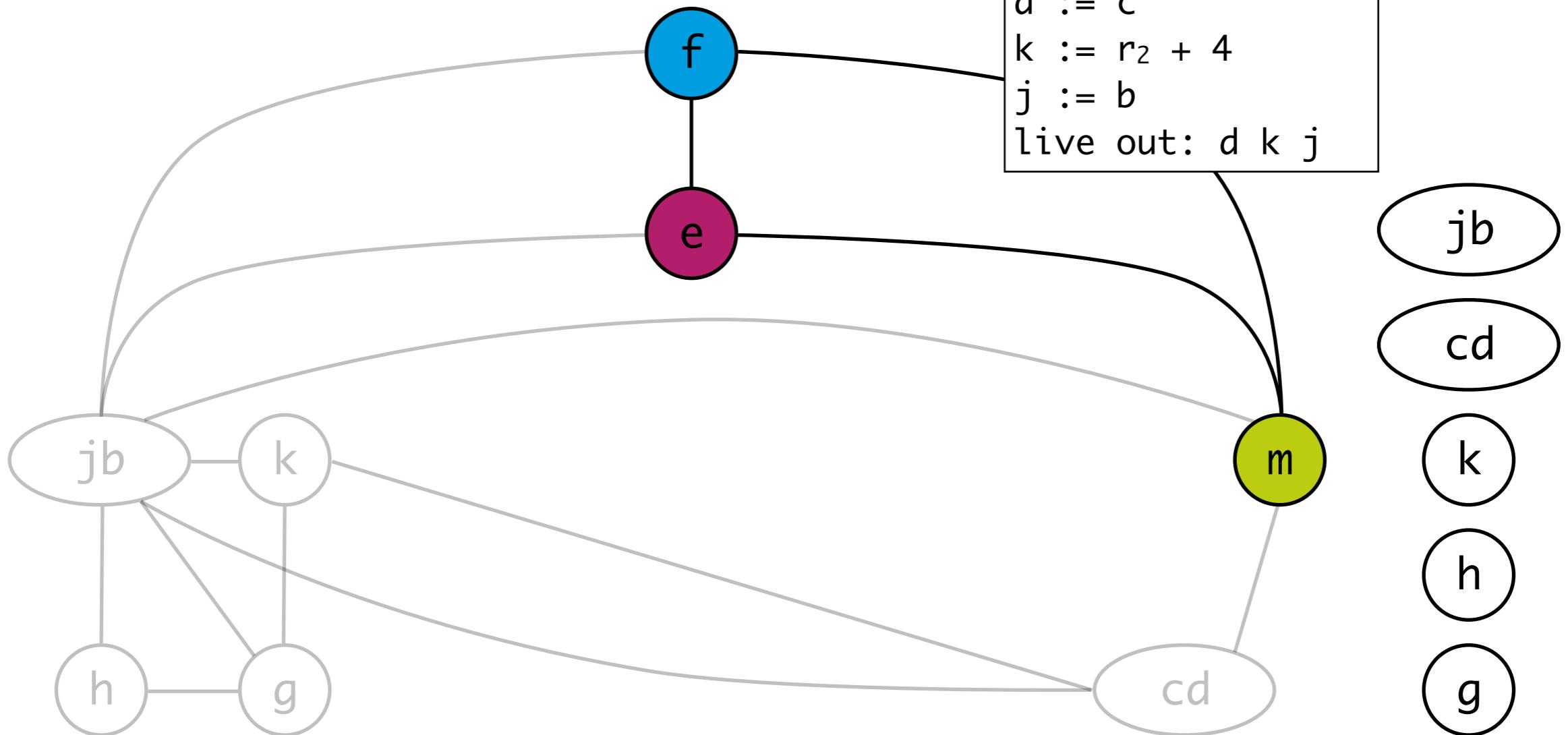
$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



```
live-in: k j
g := mem[j + 12]
h := k - 1
f := g * h
r1 := mem[j + 8]
r2 := mem[j + 16]
b := mem[f]
c := r1 + 8
d := c
k := r2 + 4
j := b
live out: d k j
```

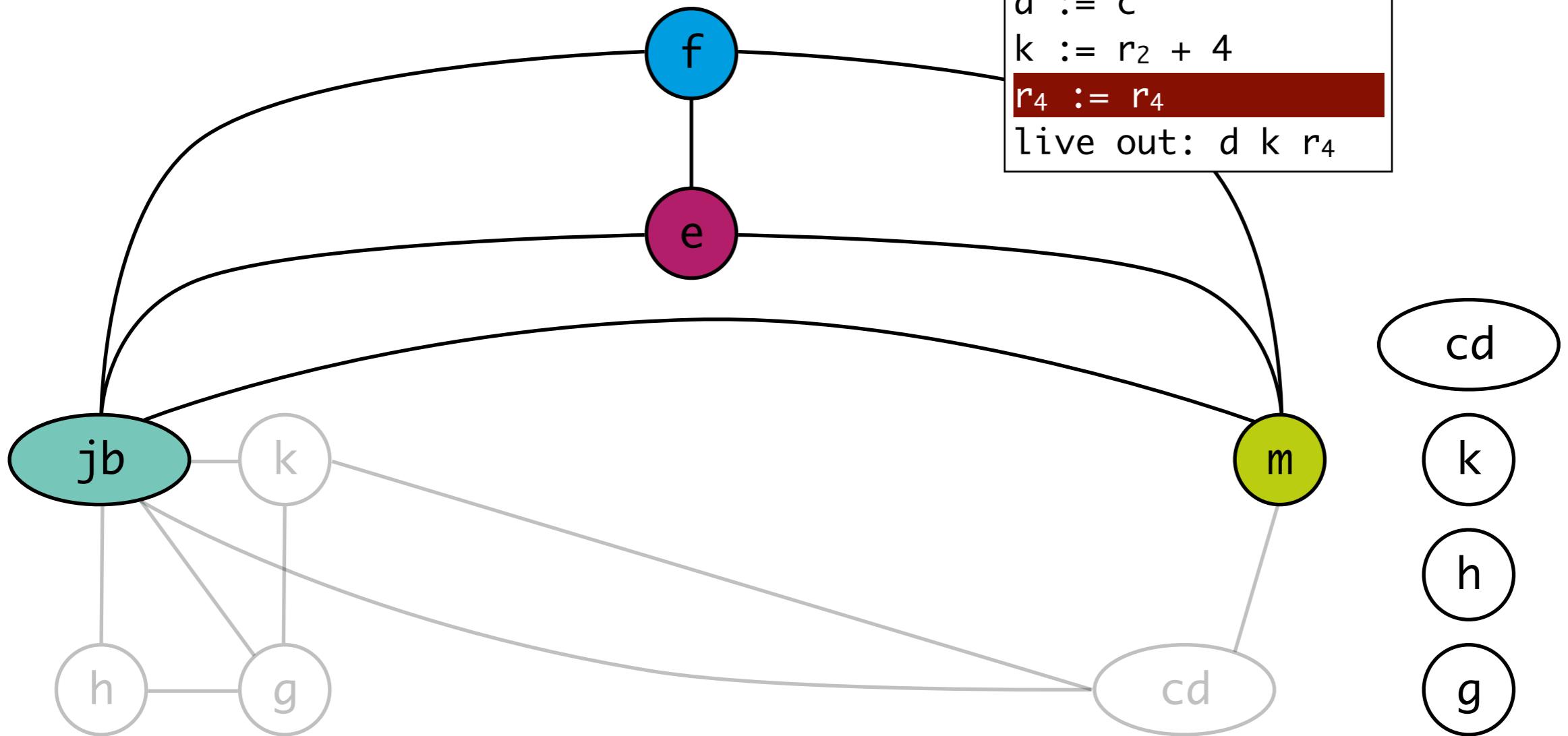
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



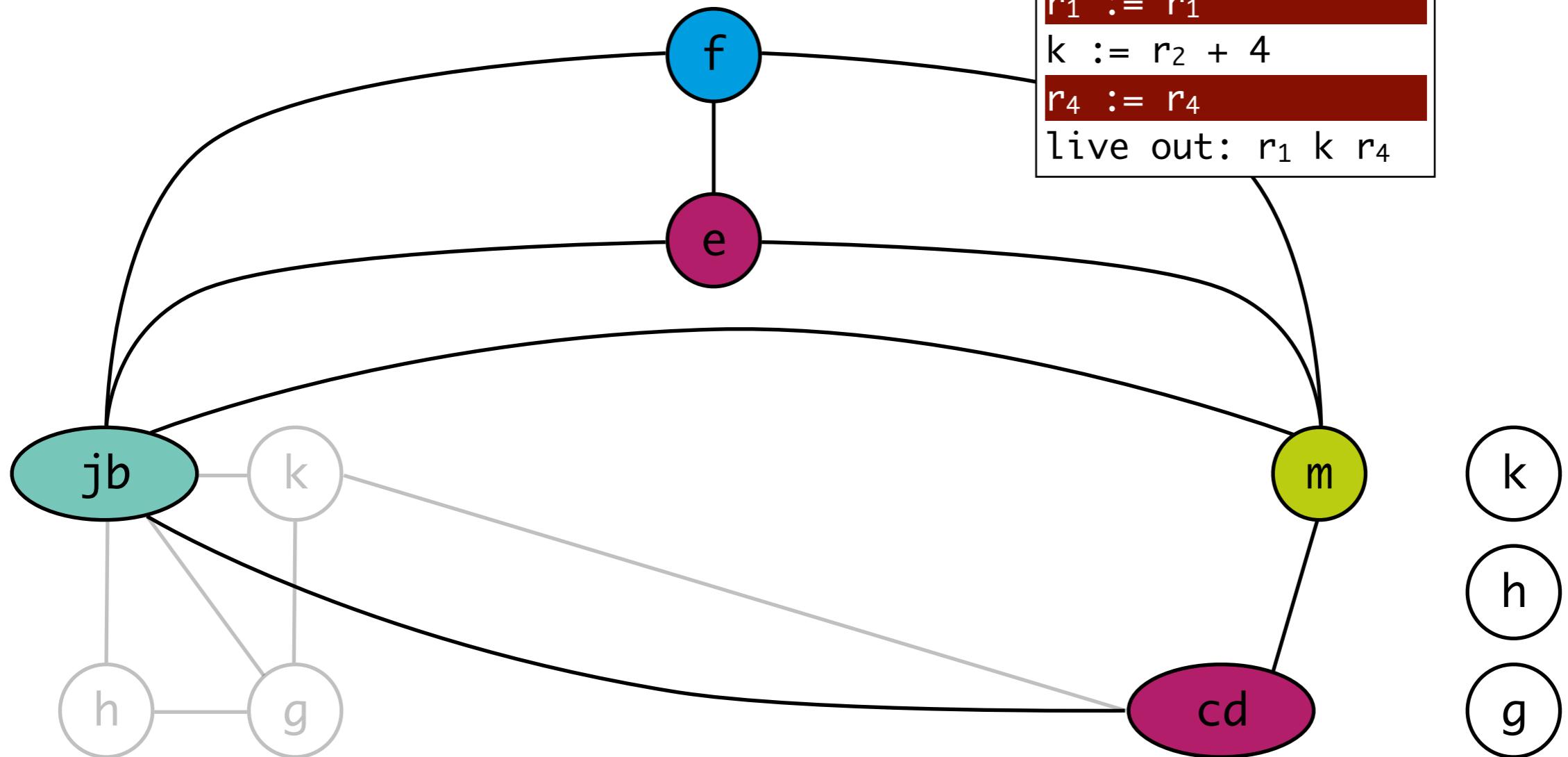
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



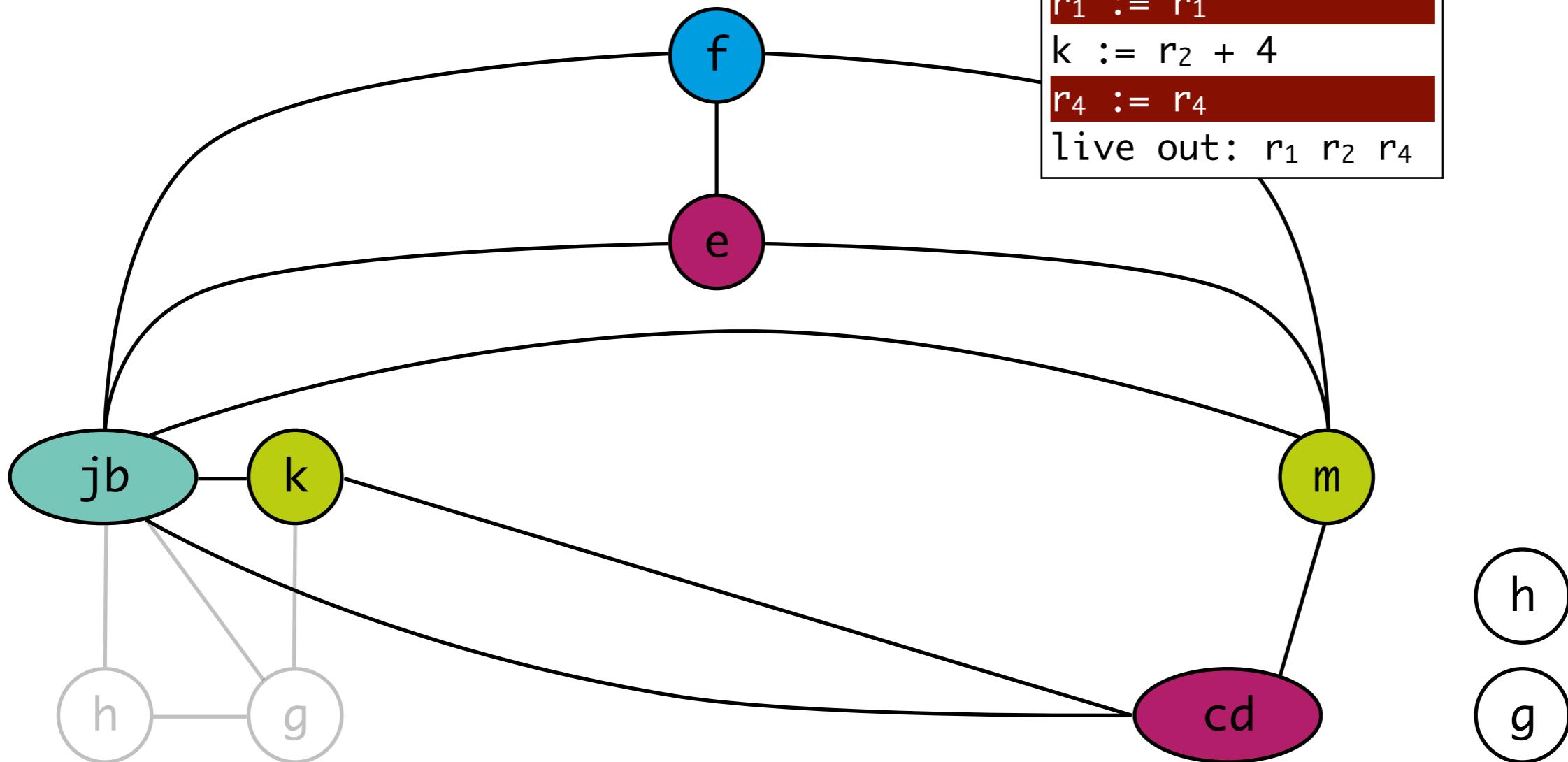
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



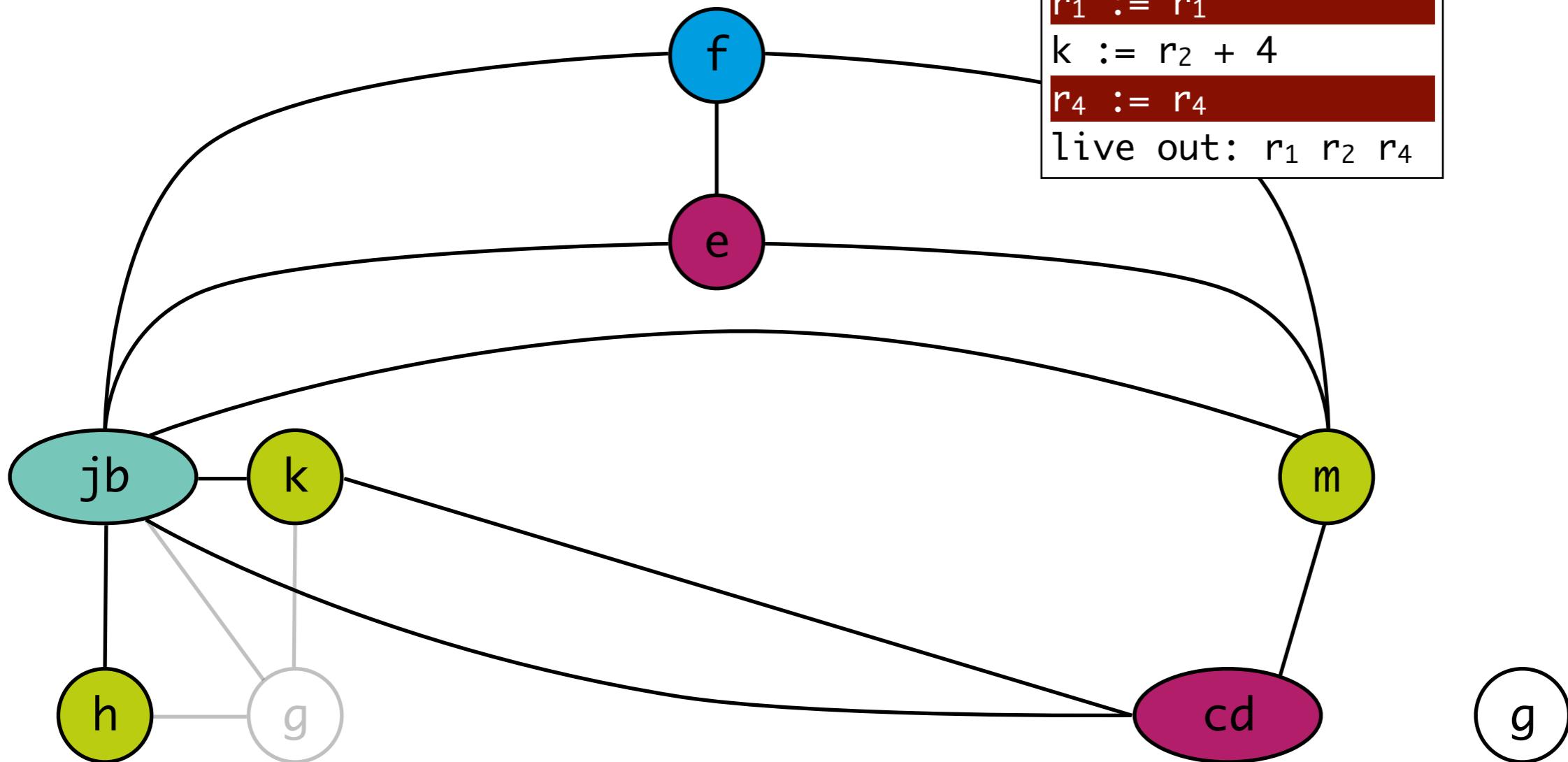
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



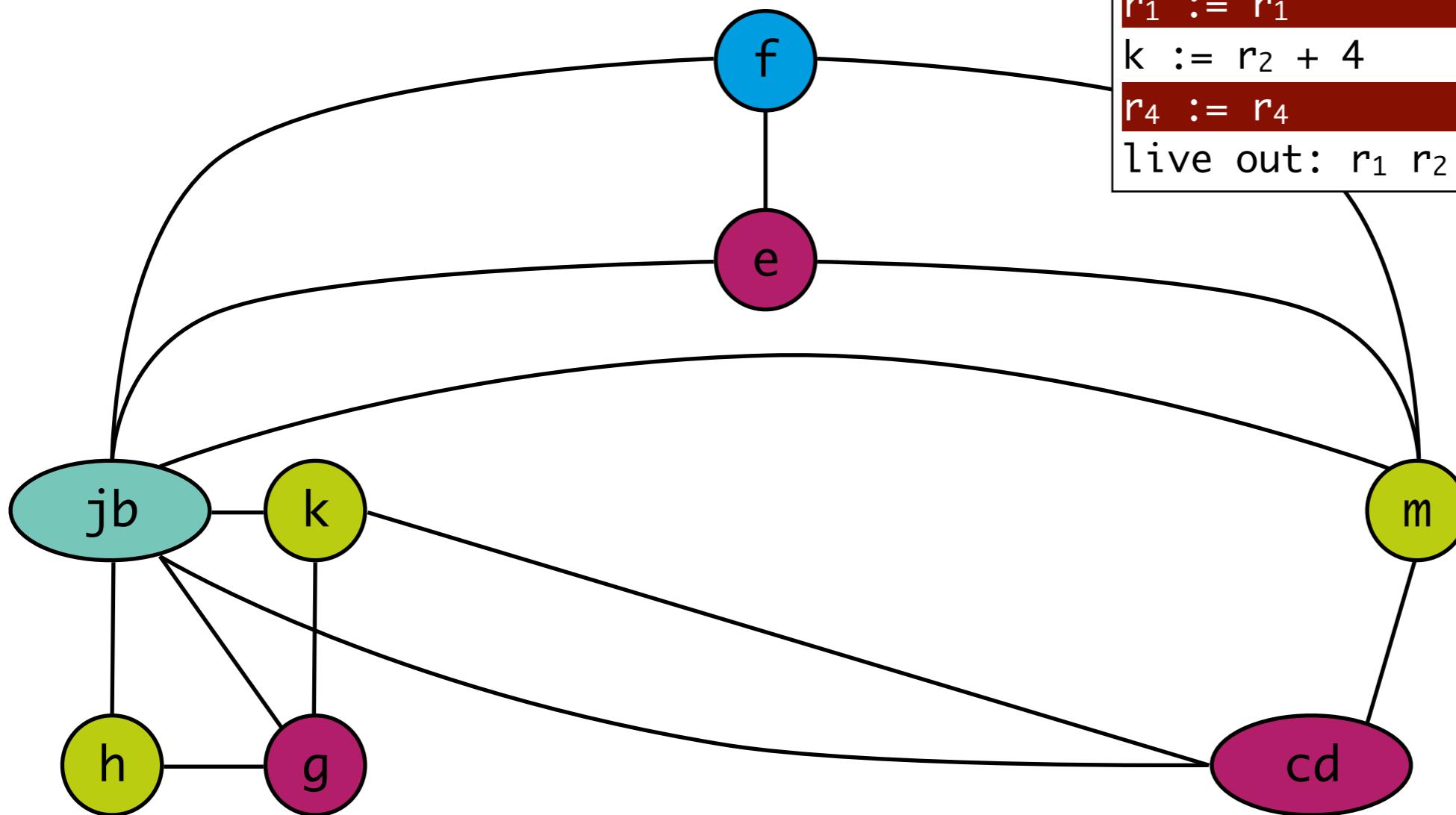
# Coalescing example

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# Coalescing coalescing nodes

$r_1$   
 $r_2$   
 $r_3$   
 $r_4$



# V

---

## Pre-Colored Nodes

---

# Recap: Calling Conventions

## CDECL

### Caller

- push parameters right-to-left on the stack
- clean-up stack after call

```
push 21  
push 42  
call _f  
add ESP 8
```

### Callee

- save old BP
- initialise new BP
- save registers
- return result in AX
- restore registers
- restore BP

```
push EBP  
mov EBP ESP  
mov EAX [EBP + 8]  
mov EDX [EBP + 12]  
add EAX EDX  
pop EBP  
ret
```

# Recap: Calling Conventions

## STDCALL

### Caller

- push parameters right-to-left on the stack

```
push 21  
push 42  
call _f@8
```

### Callee

- save old BP
- initialise new BP
- save registers
- return result in AX
- restore registers
- restore BP

```
push EBP  
mov EBP ESP  
mov EAX [EBP + 8]  
mov EDX [EBP + 12]  
add EAX EDX  
pop EBP  
ret 8
```

# Recap: Calling Conventions

## FASTCALL

### Caller

- passes parameters in registers
- pushes additional parameters right-to-left on the stack
- cleans up the stack

```
mov ECX 21  
mov EDX 42  
call @f@8
```

### Callee

- save old **BP**, initialise new **BP**
- save registers
- return result in **AX**
- restore registers
- restore **BP**

```
push EBP  
mov EBP ESP  
mov EAX ECX  
add EAX EDX  
pop EBP  
ret
```

# Recap: Calling Conventions

## saving registers

Not enough registers for all local variables across life time

- save register to memory to free for other use

Caller-save registers

- Caller is responsible for saving and restoring register

Callee-save registers

- Callee is responsible for saving and restoring register

Use callee-save registers to pass parameters

# Pre-Colored Nodes representing registers

## Nodes

- register = pre-colored node
- no simplify, no spill
- coalesce possible

## Edges

- all registers interfere with each other
- explicit usage of registers
- call and return instructions influence liveness

# Callee-Save Register in Temporary pre-colored nodes

```
enter: def(r7)  
...  
exit: use(r7)
```

```
enter: def(r7)  
t ← r7  
...  
r7 ← t  
exit: use(r7)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

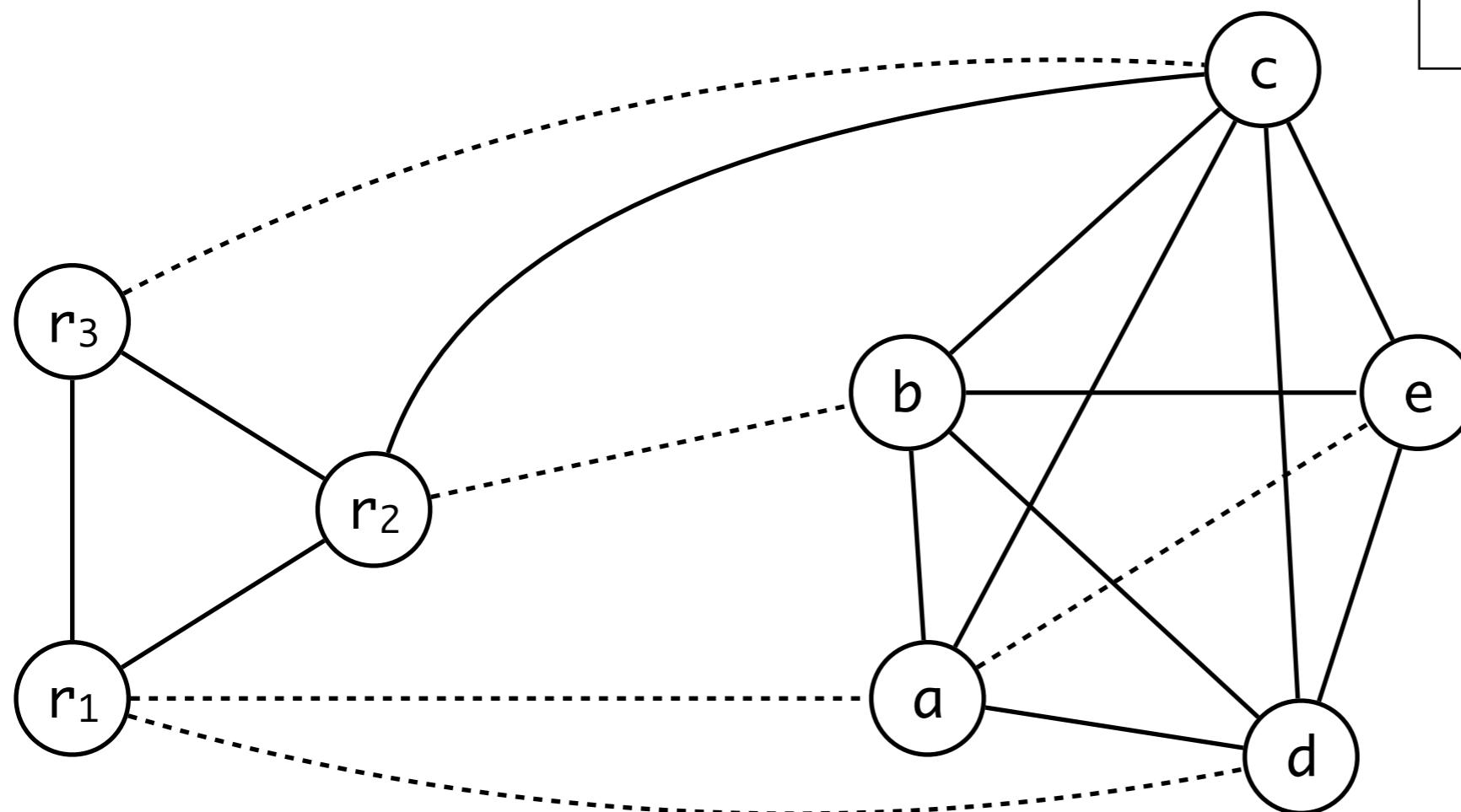
```
int f(int a, int b) {  
    int d = 0;  
    int e = a;  
    do {  
        d = d + b;  
        e = e - 1;  
    } while (e > 0);  
    return d;  
}
```

```
enter : c ← r3 // callee-save  
         a ← r1 // caller-save  
         b ← r2 // caller-save  
         d ← 0  
         e ← a  
loop :  d ← d + b  
         e ← e - 1  
         if e > 0 goto loop  
         r1 ← d  
         r3 ← c  
         return (r1, r3 live out)
```

machine has 3 registers

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

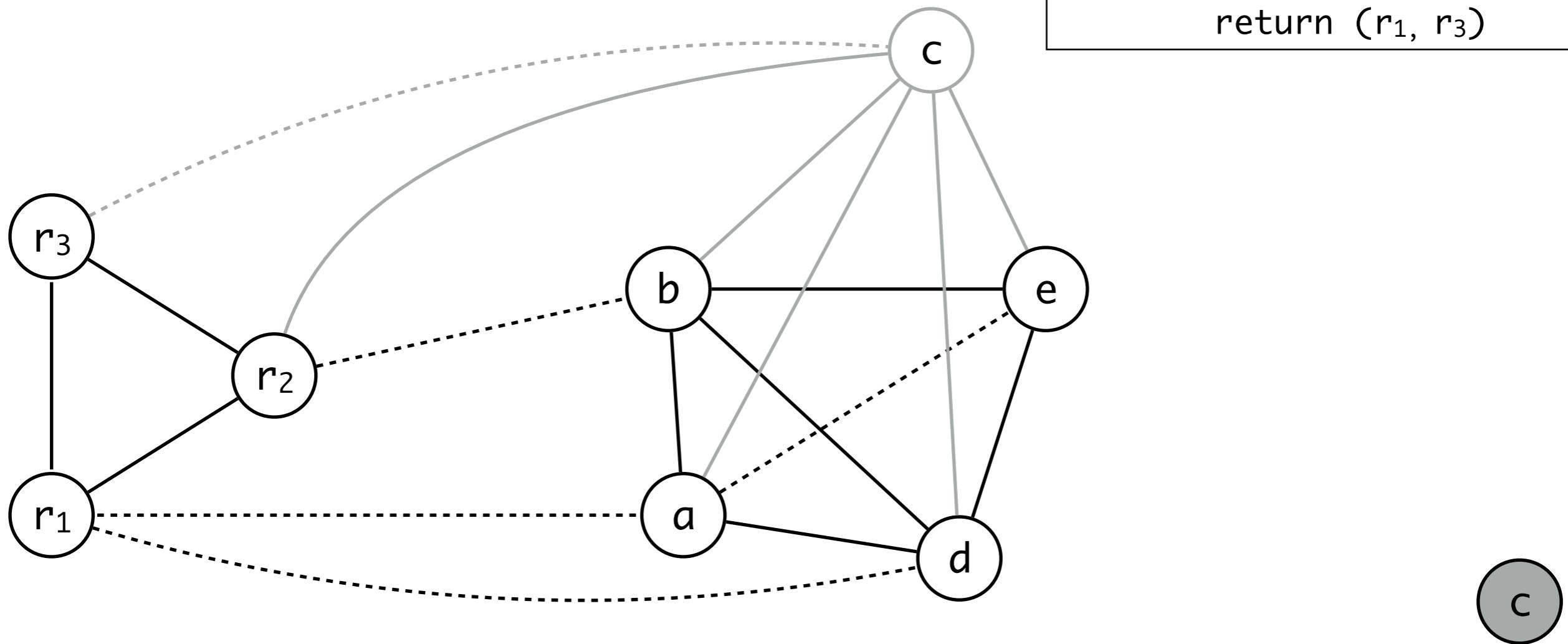


```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

example

spill c

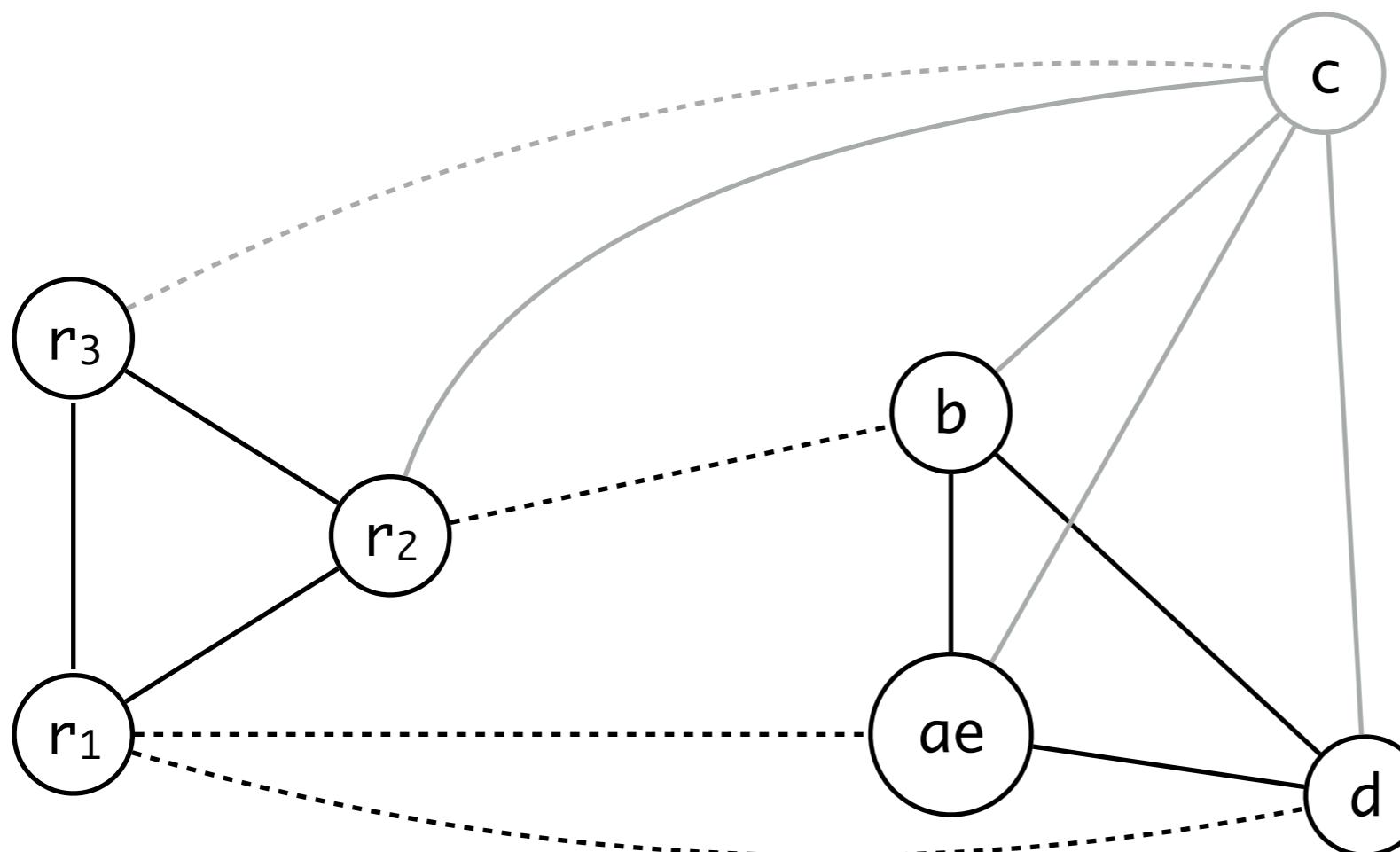


```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

coalesce a and e

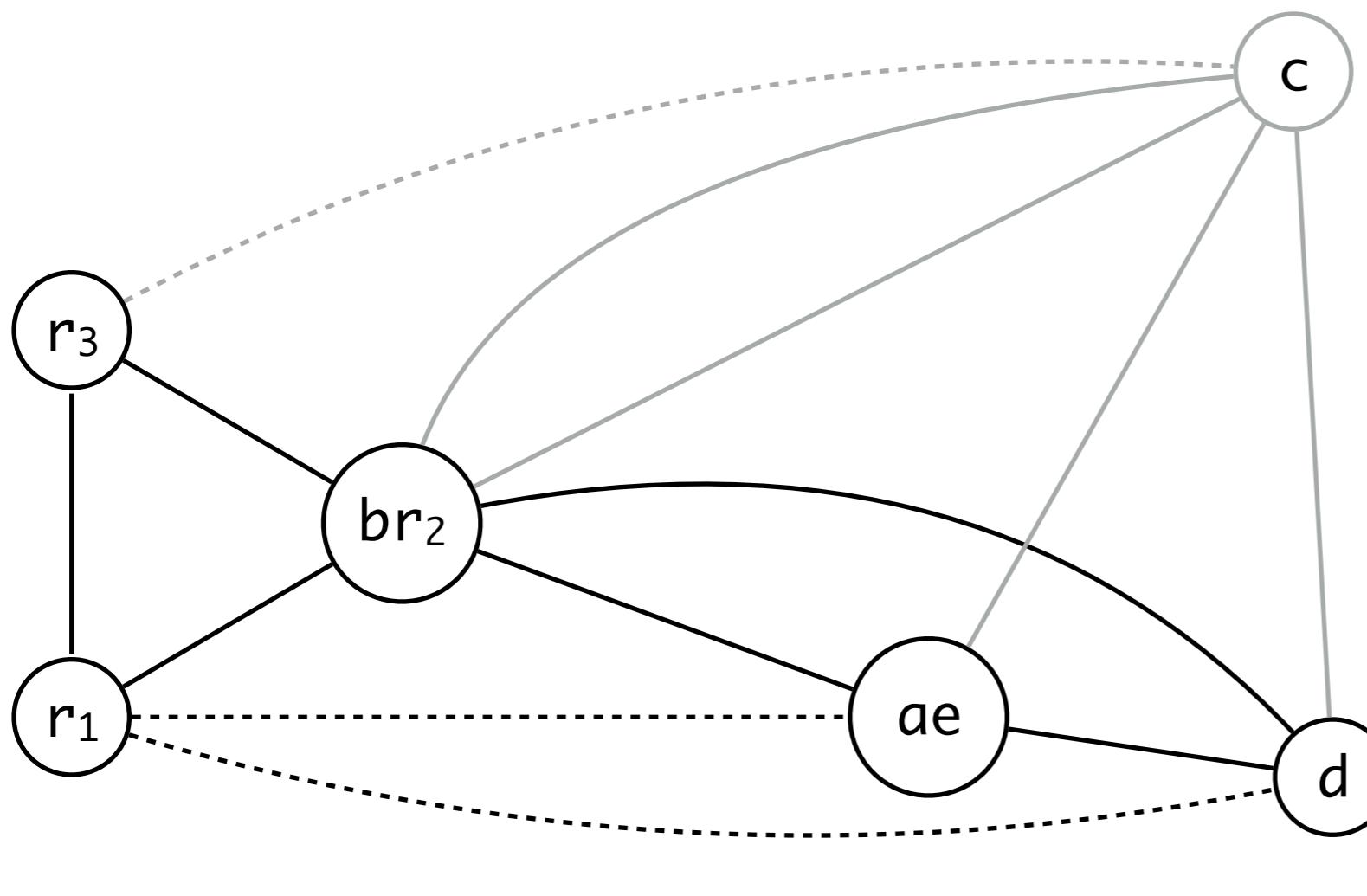


```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

coalesce  $r_2$  and  $b$

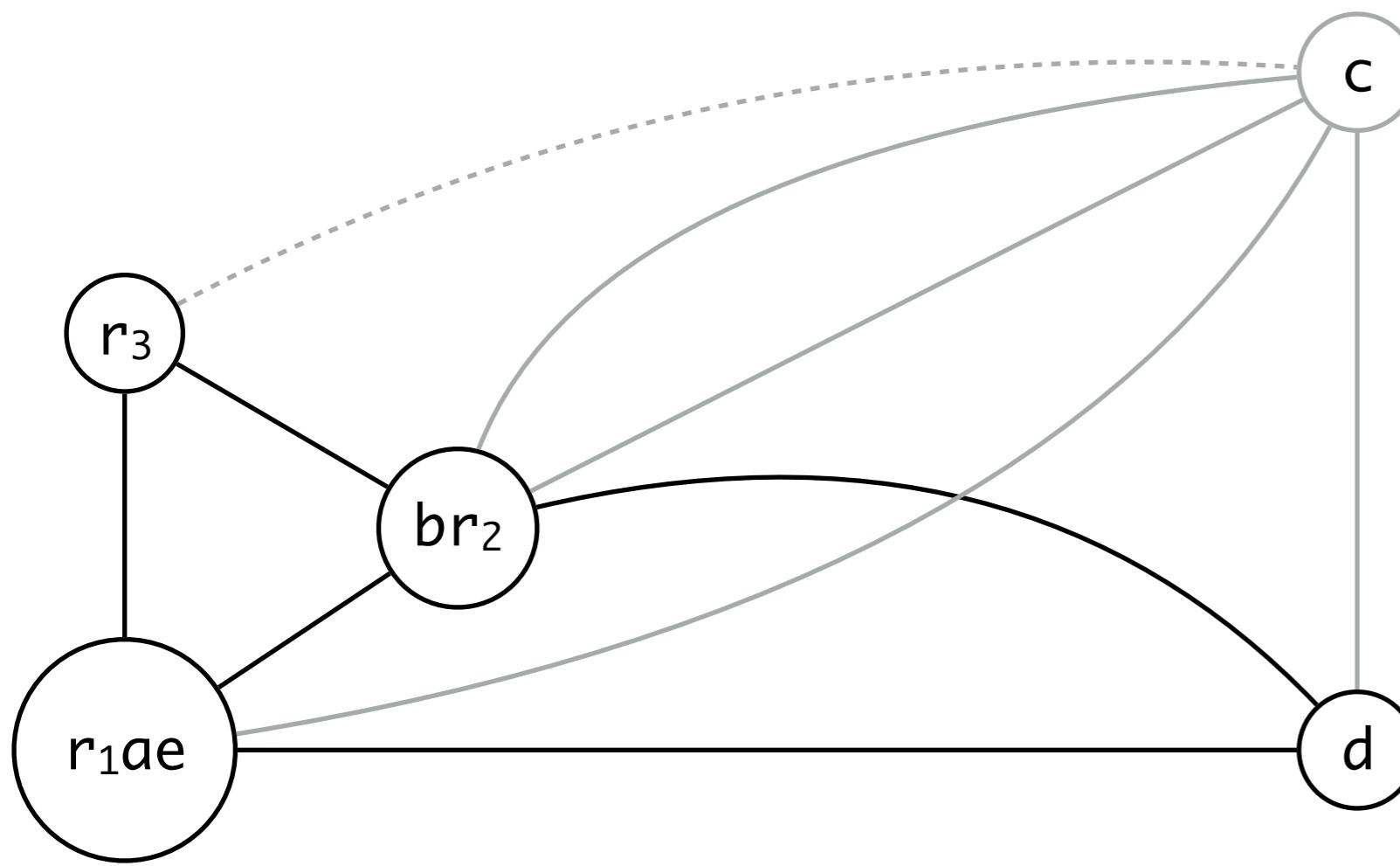


```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop  : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```

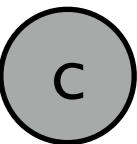
# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

coalesce  $r_1$  and  $ae$



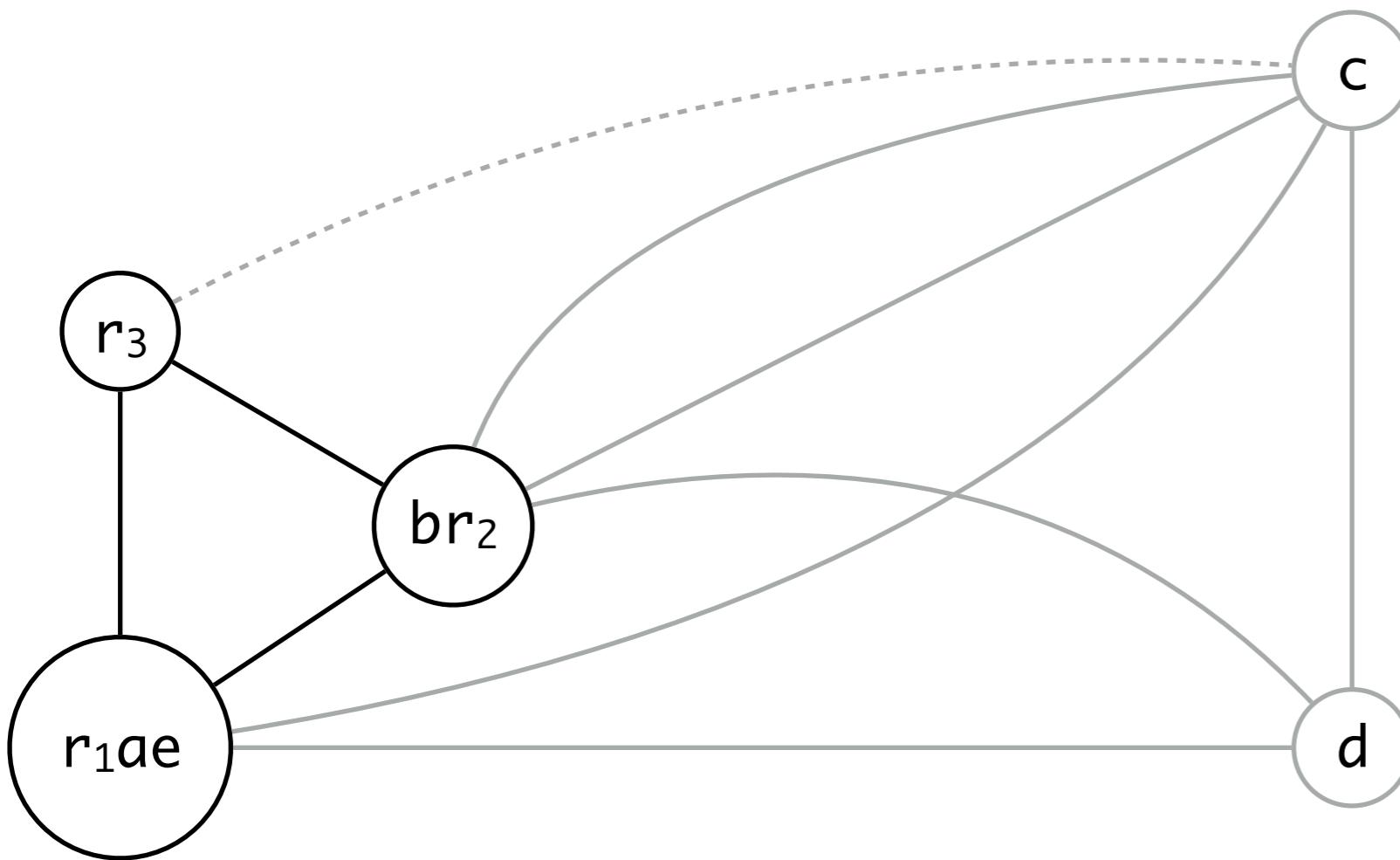
```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```



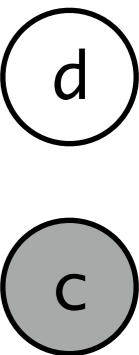
# Pre-Colored Nodes

example

simplify d



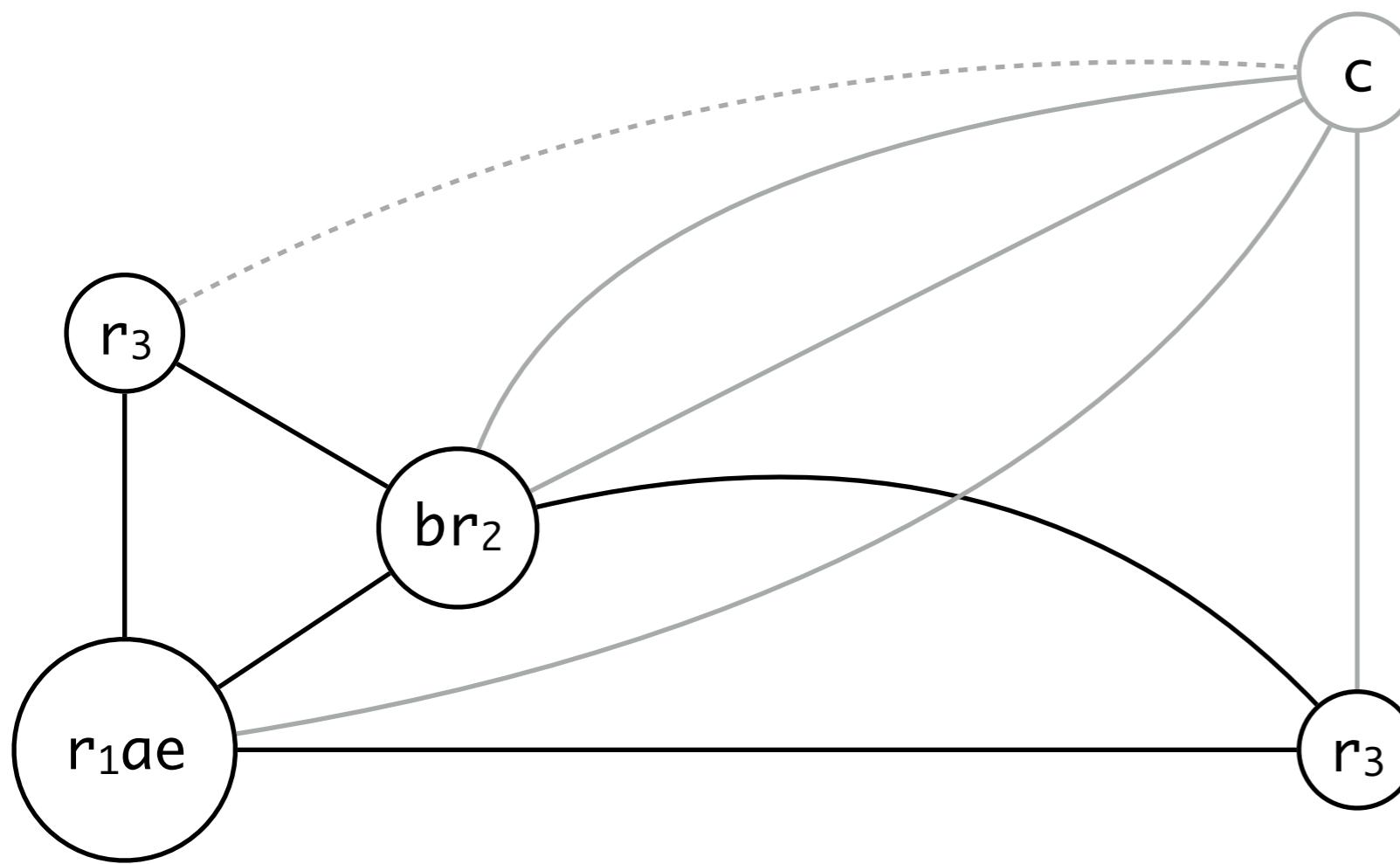
```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop  : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```



# Pre-Colored Nodes

example

color d as r<sub>3</sub>

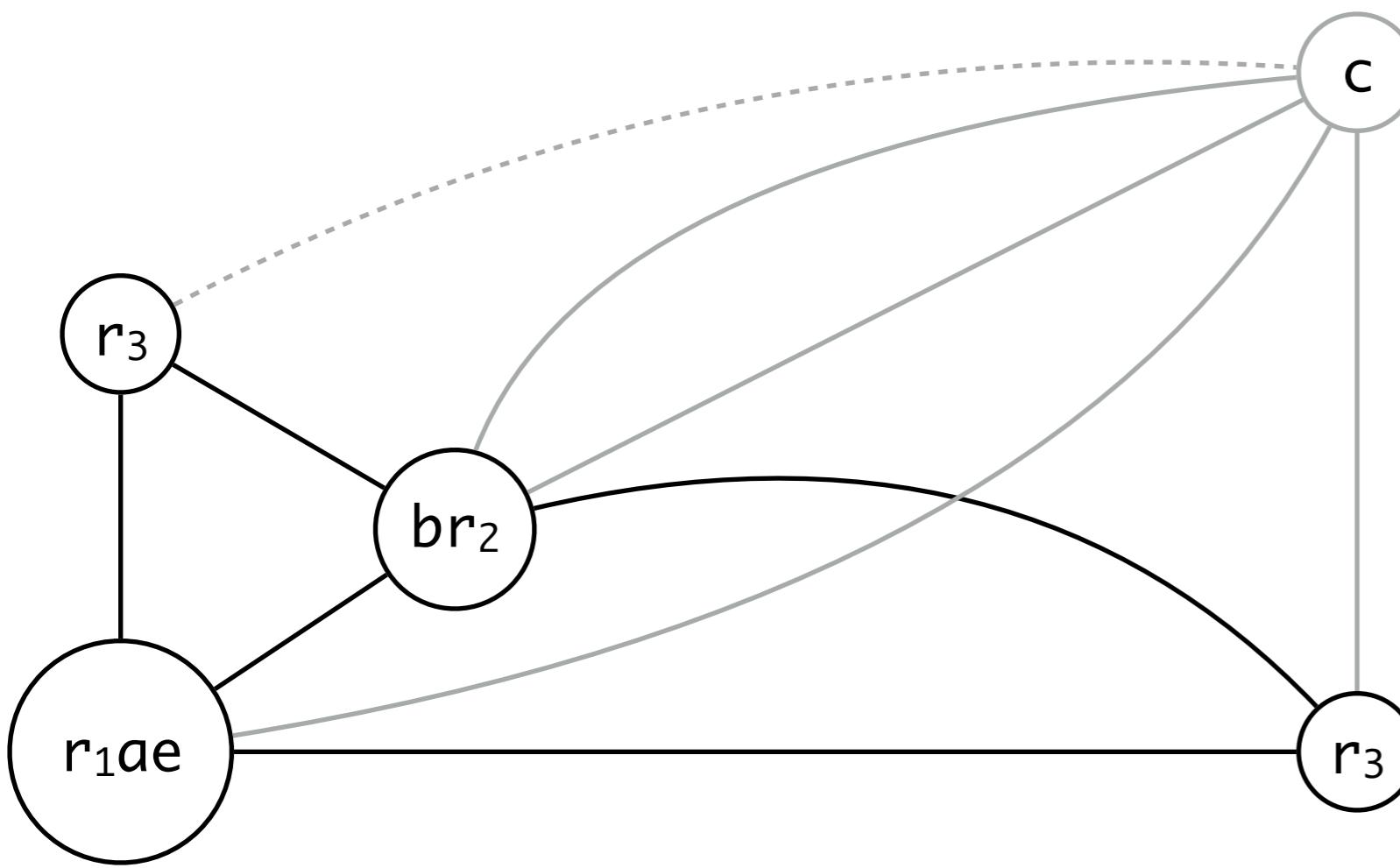


```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop  : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

spill c

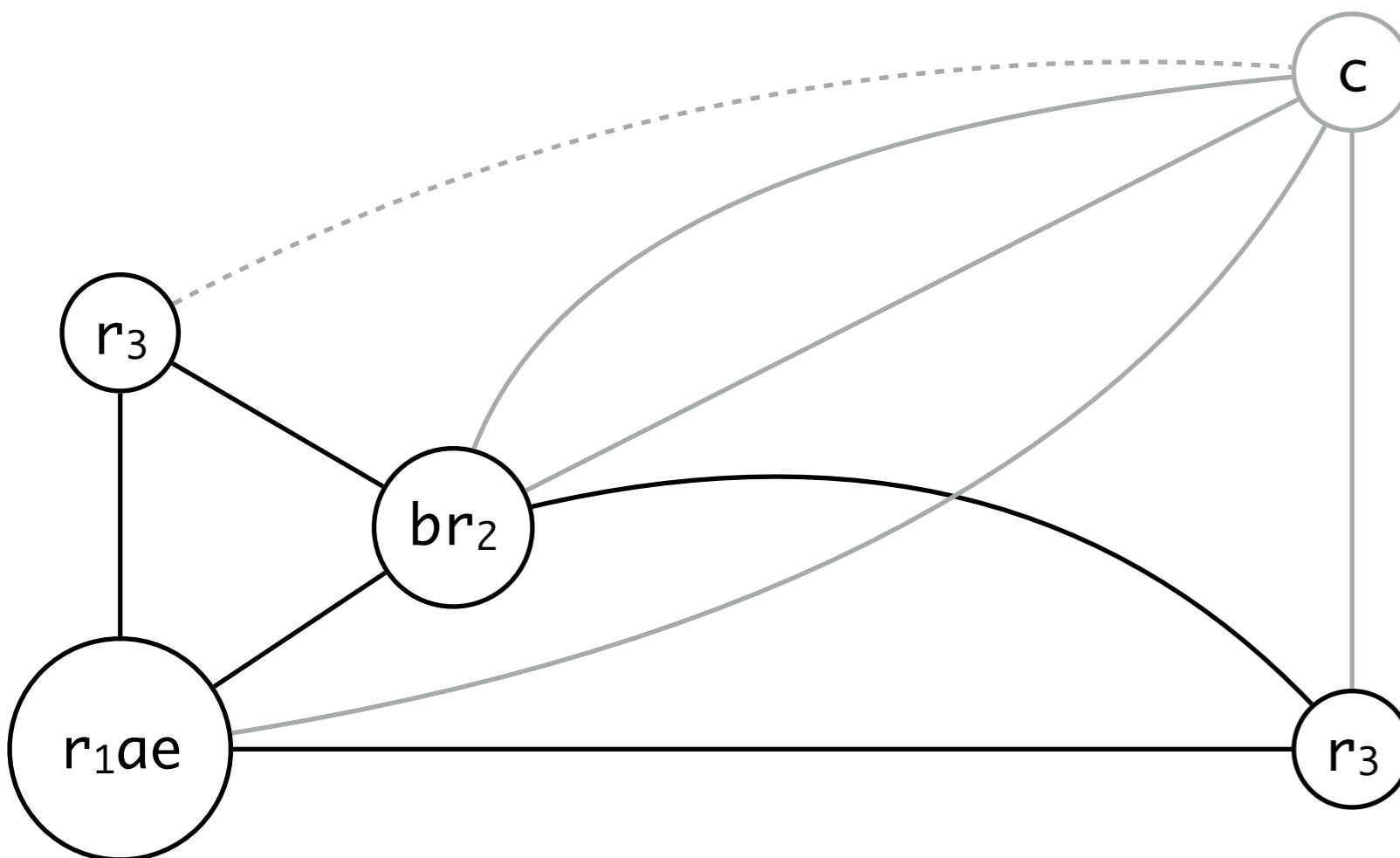


```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
         $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
        if  $e > 0$  goto loop
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

spill c

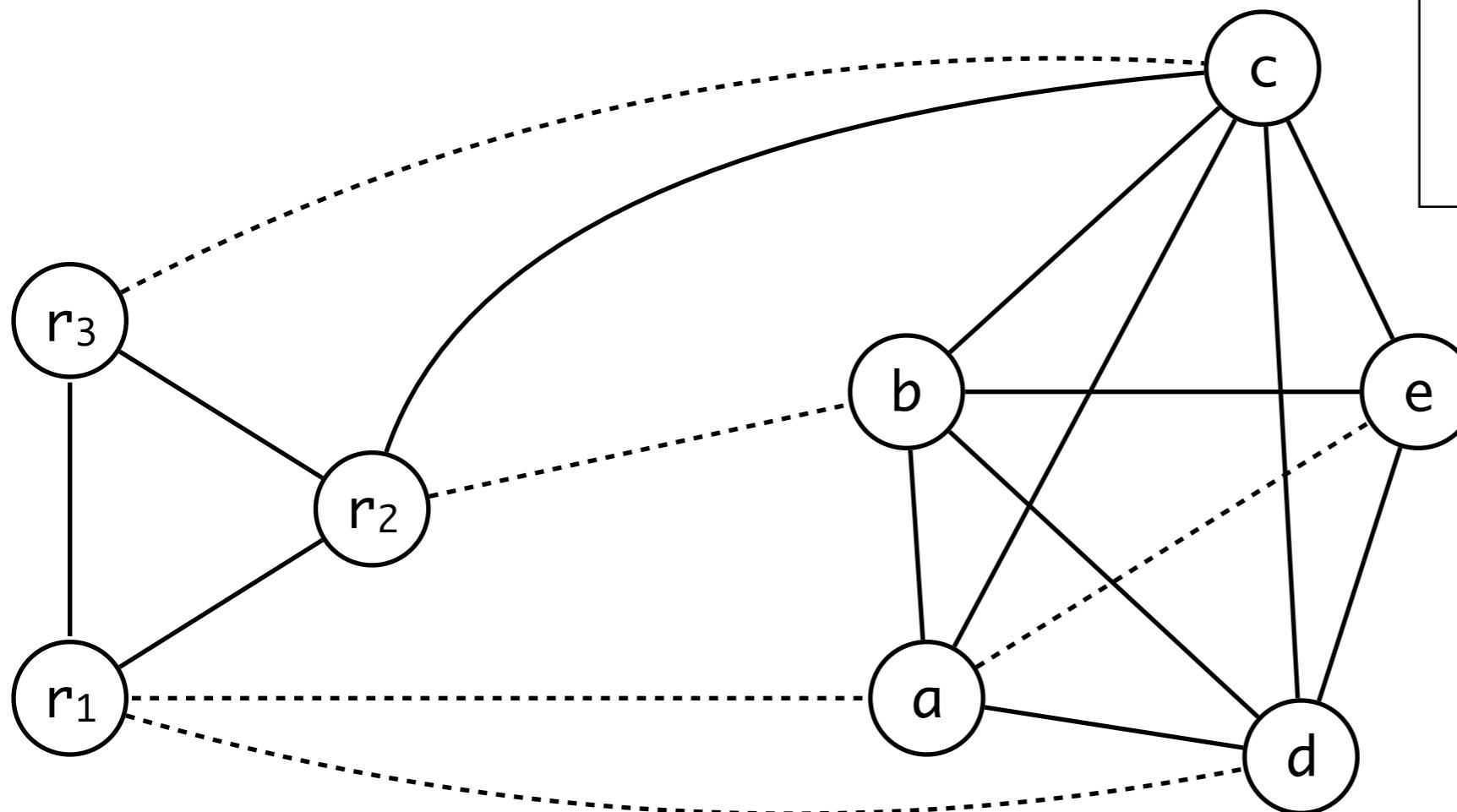


```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop  :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
         $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
        if  $e > 0$  goto loop
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

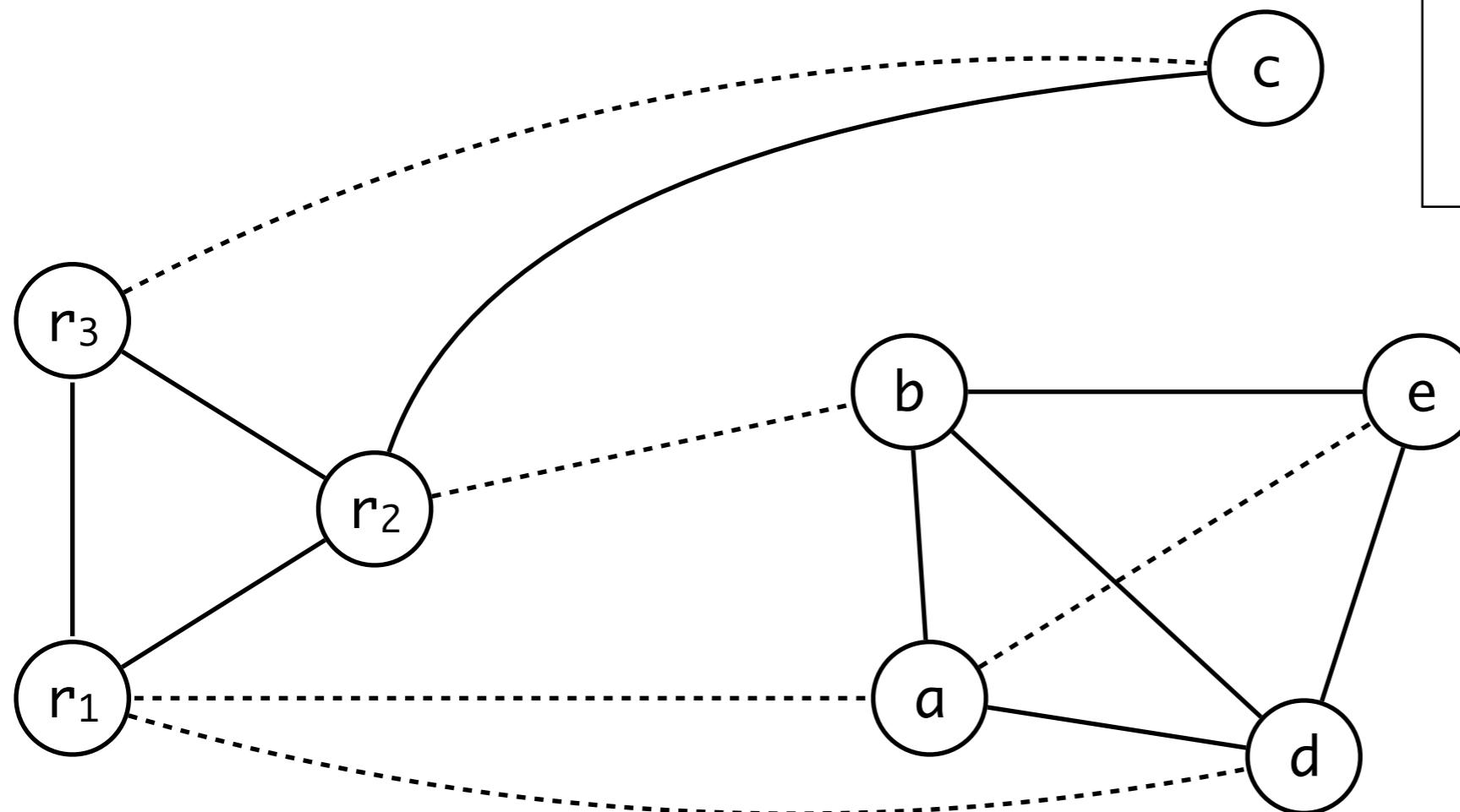
start over



```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
         $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
        if  $e > 0$  goto loop
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples



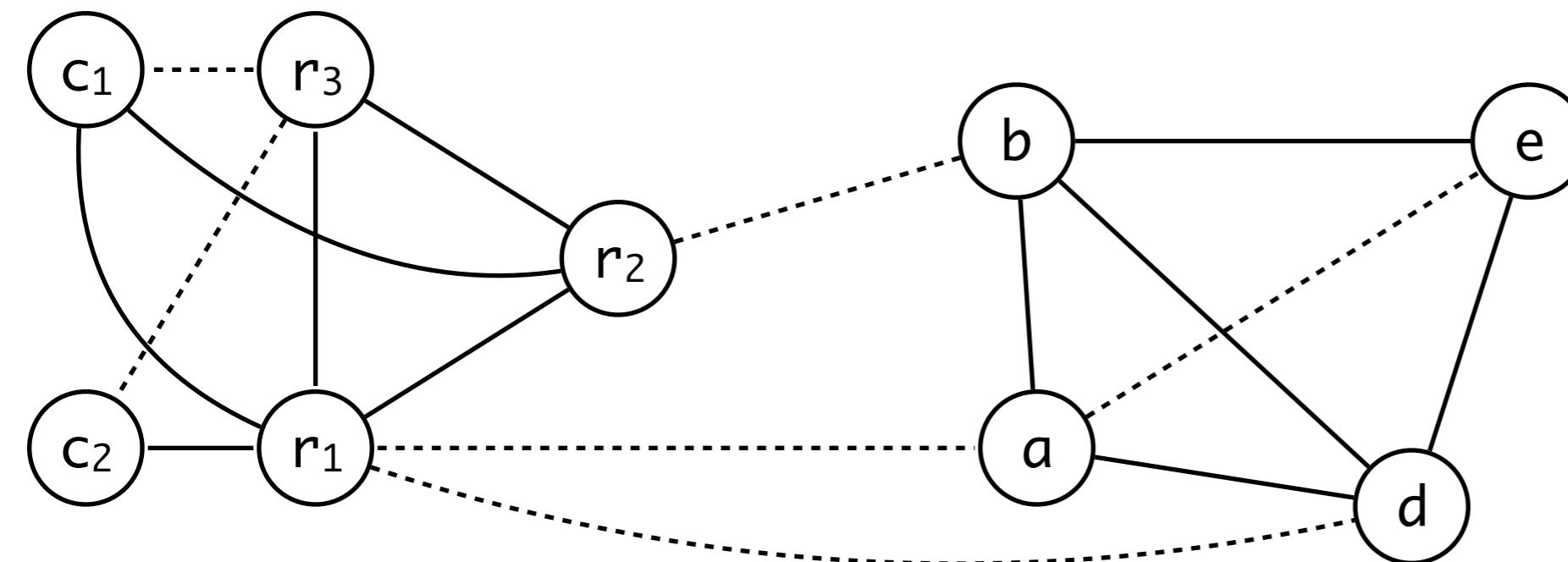
```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$   
 $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$   
 $a \leftarrow r_1$   
 $b \leftarrow r_2$   
 $d \leftarrow 0$   
 $e \leftarrow a$   
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$   
 $e \leftarrow e - 1$   
if  $e > 0$  goto loop  
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$   
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$   
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$   
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

new graph

```
enter : c1 ← r3
        M[cloc] ← c1
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c2
        c2 ← M[cloc]
        return (r1, r3)
```

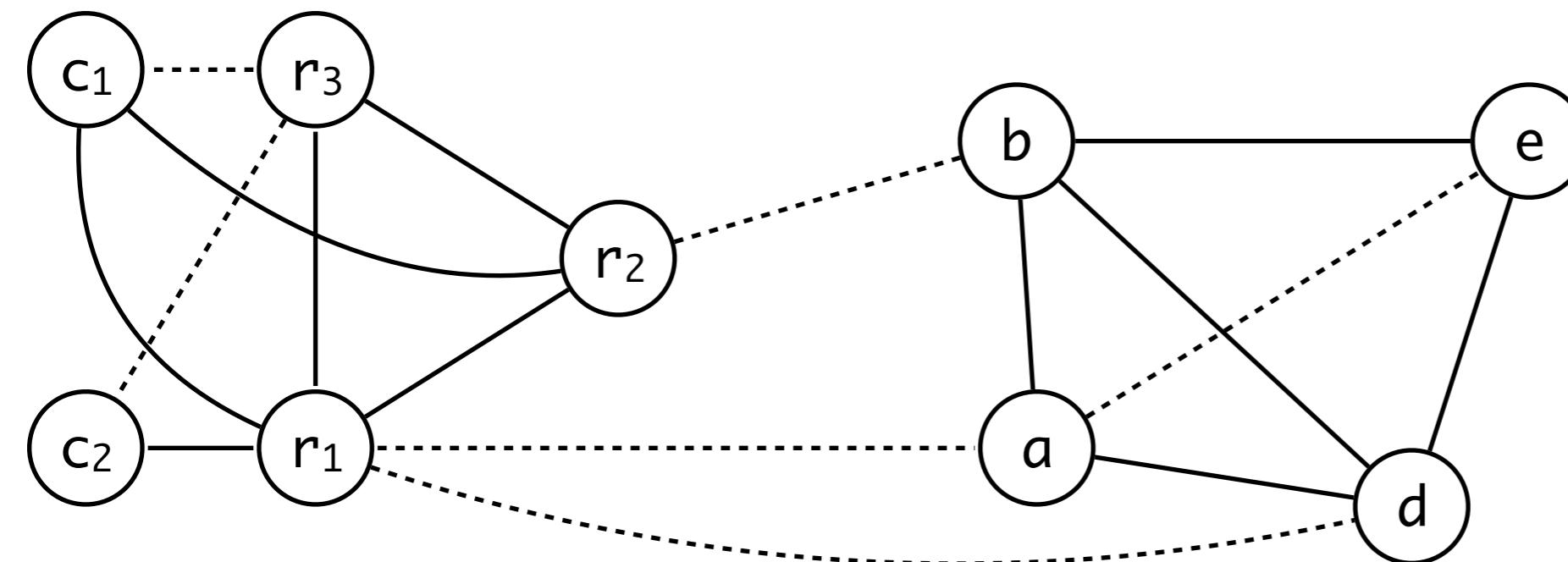


# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

coalesce  $c_1, c_2, r_3$

```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
        $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
       if  $e > 0$  goto loop
        $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
        $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
        $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
       return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

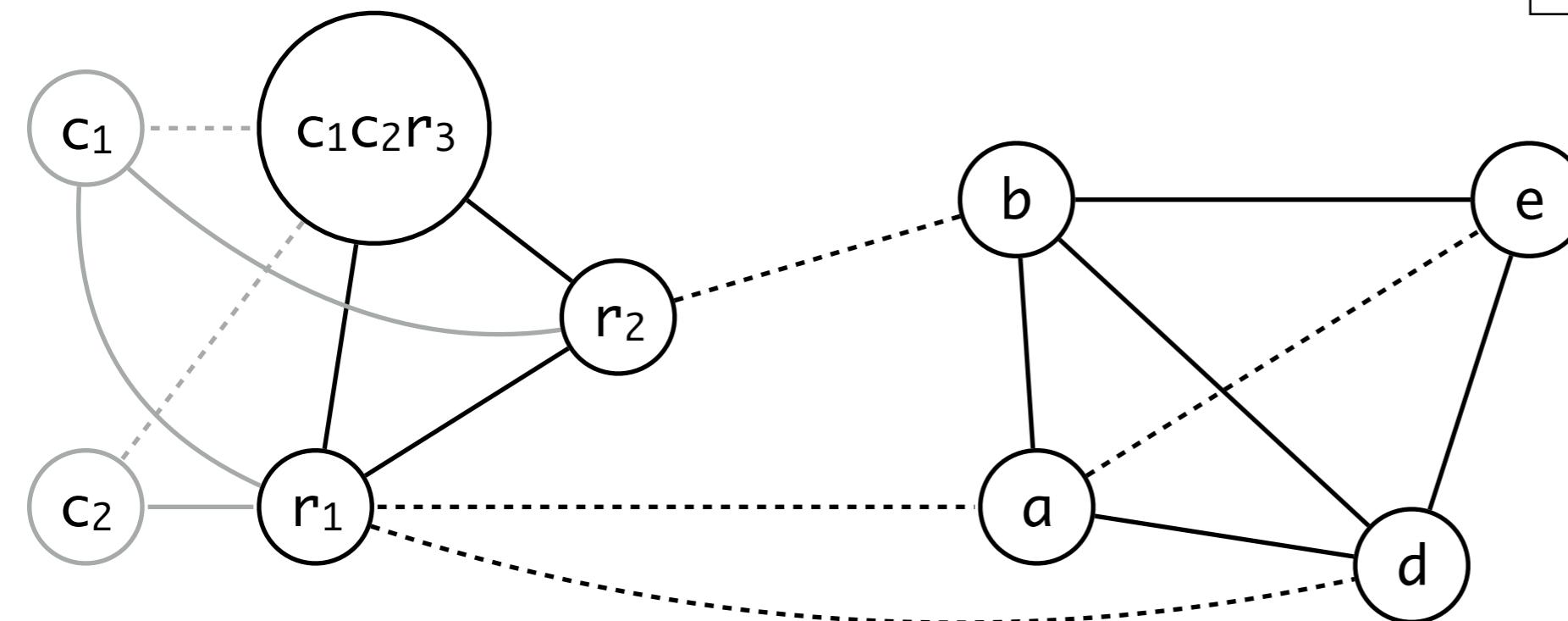


# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

coalesce  $c_1, c_2, r_3$

```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
        $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
       if  $e > 0$  goto loop
        $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
        $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
        $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
       return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

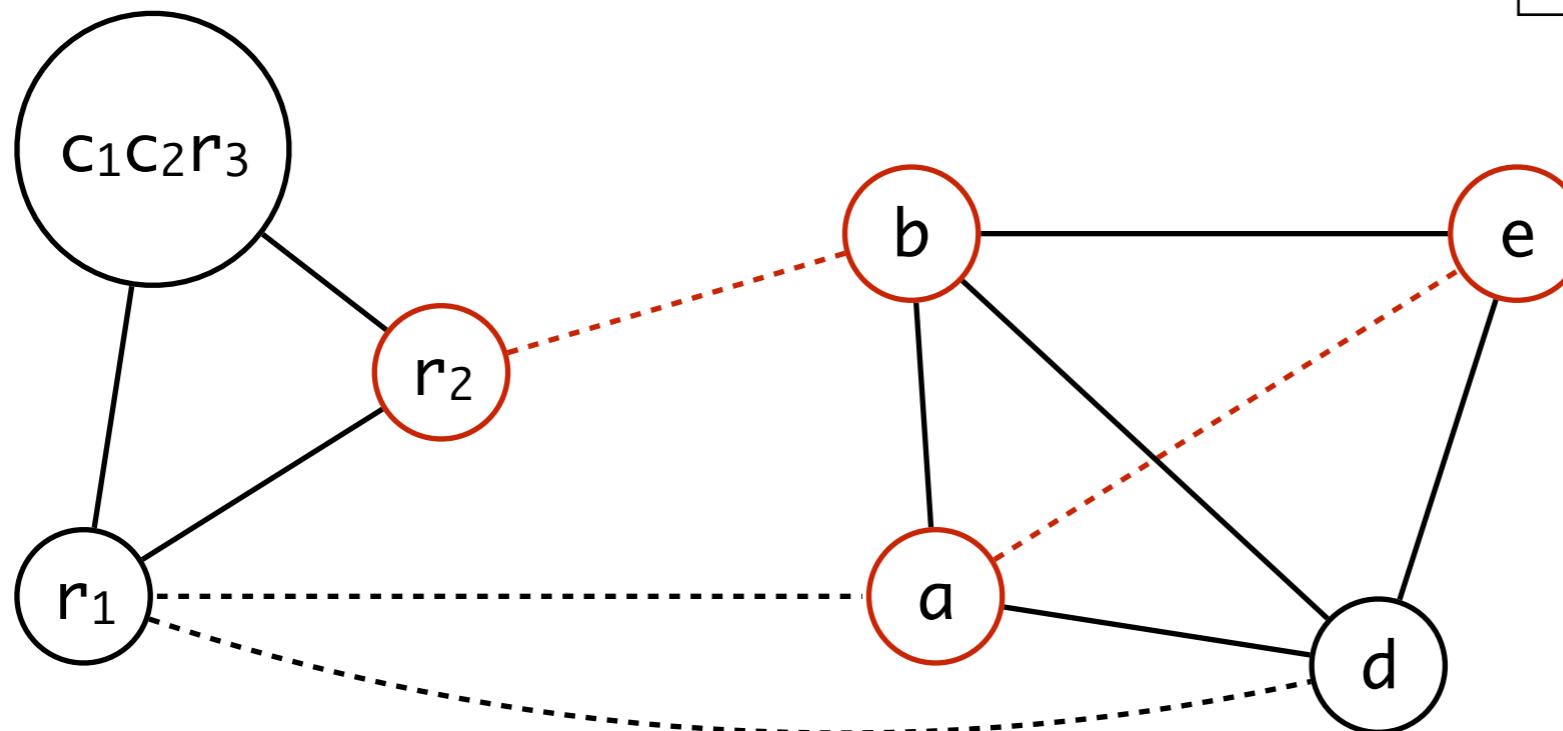


# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

coalesce ( $b, r_2$ ) and ( $a, e$ )

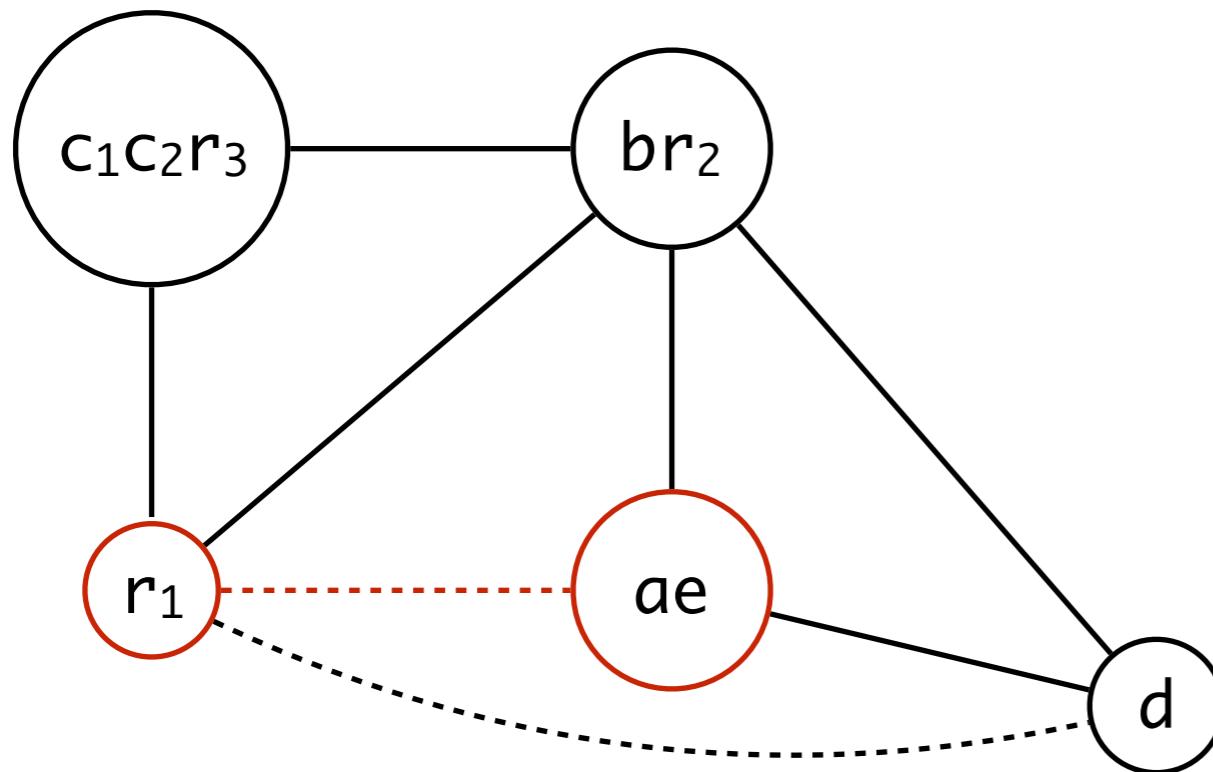
```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
         $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
        if  $e > 0$  goto loop
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```



# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

coalesce ( $ae$ ,  $r_1$ )

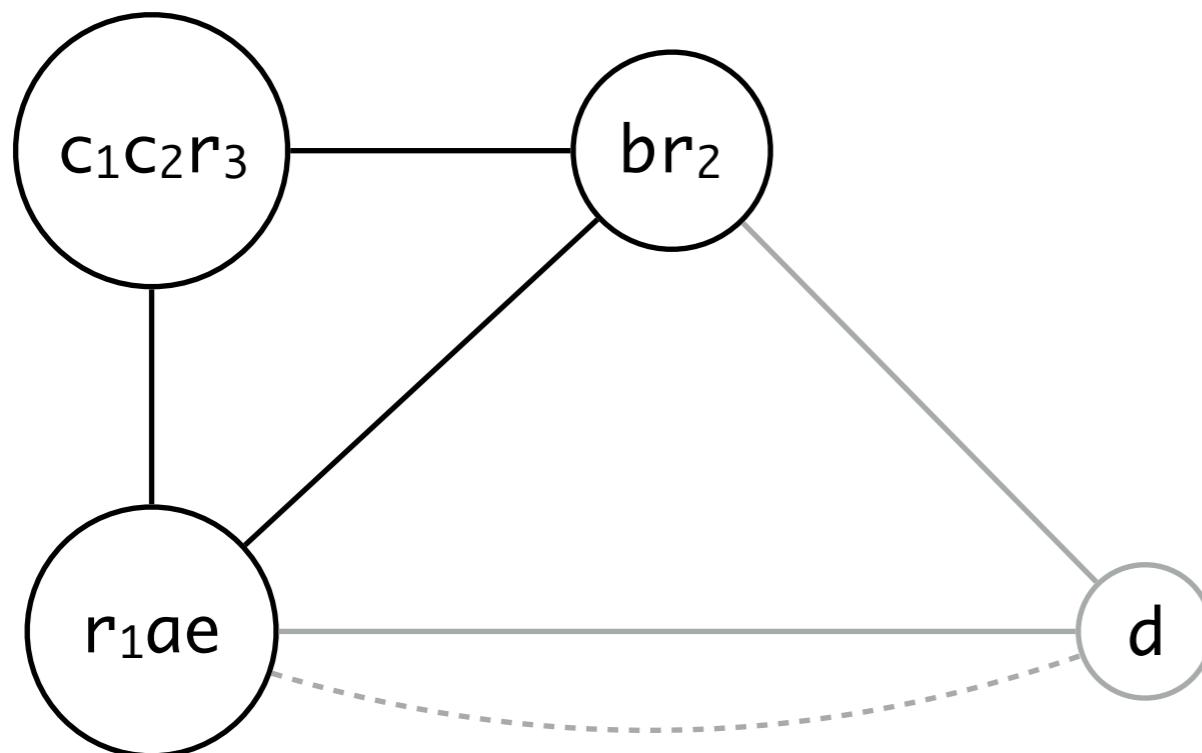


```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
         $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
        if  $e > 0$  goto loop
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

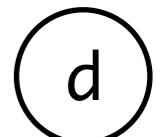
# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

simplify d



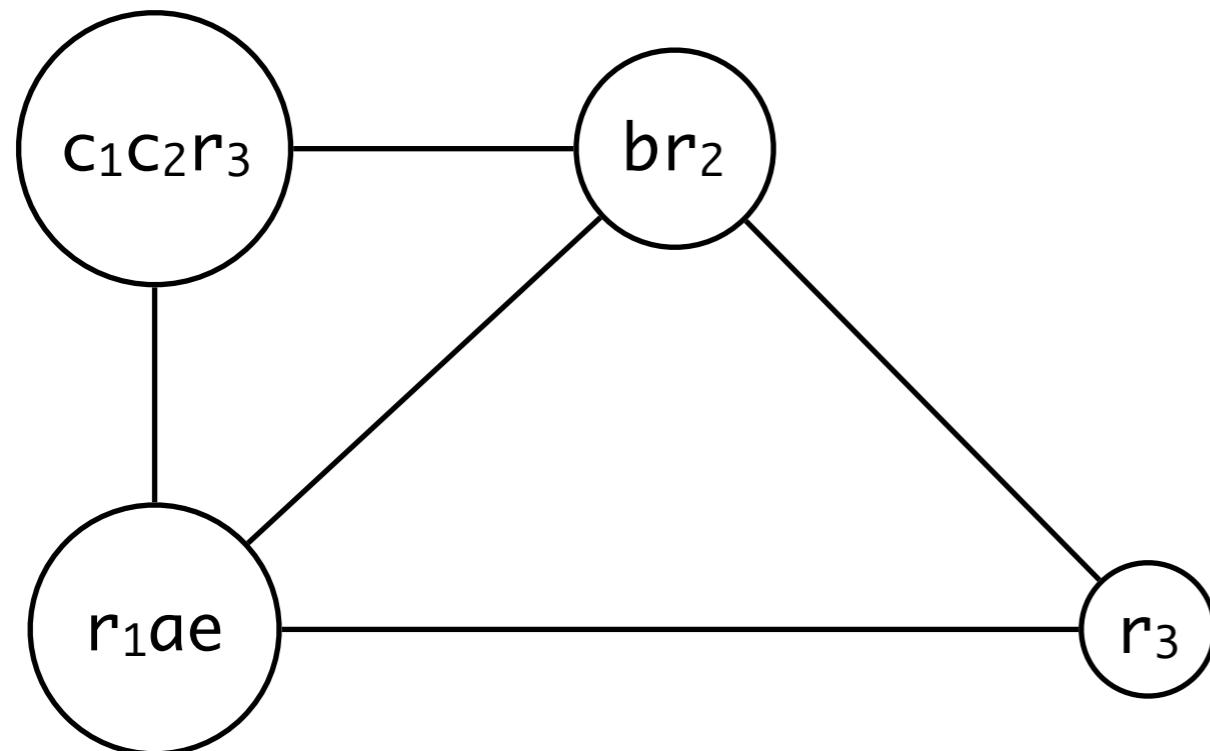
```
enter :  $c_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow c_1$ 
         $a \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $b \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $d \leftarrow 0$ 
         $e \leftarrow a$ 
loop  :  $d \leftarrow d + b$ 
         $e \leftarrow e - 1$ 
        if  $e > 0$  goto loop
 $r_1 \leftarrow d$ 
 $r_3 \leftarrow c_2$ 
 $c_2 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```



# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

color d as r<sub>3</sub>

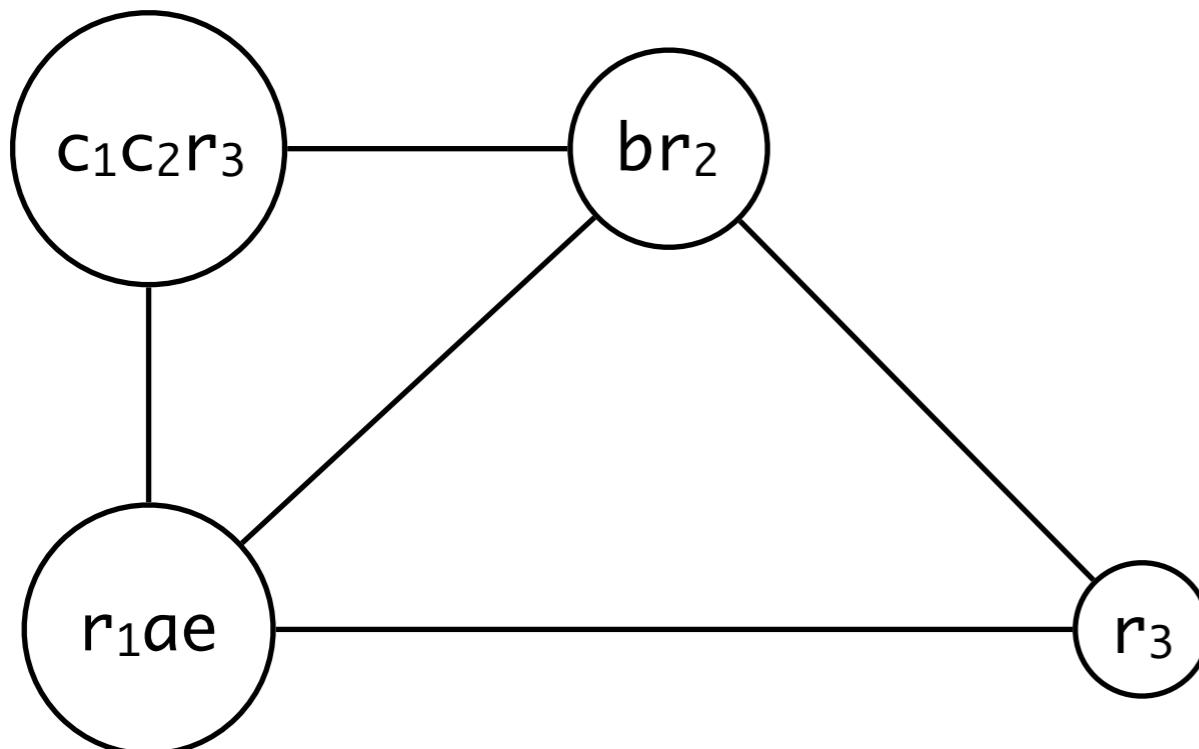


```
enter : c1 ← r3
        M[cloc] ← c1
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c2
        c2 ← M[cloc]
        return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## examples

apply register assignment



```
enter :  $r_3 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $M[c_{loc}] \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $r_1 \leftarrow r_1$ 
         $r_2 \leftarrow r_2$ 
         $r_3 \leftarrow 0$ 
         $r_1 \leftarrow r_1$ 
loop :  $r_3 \leftarrow r_3 + r_2$ 
         $r_1 \leftarrow r_1 - 1$ 
        if  $r_1 > 0$  goto loop
         $r_1 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $r_3 \leftarrow r_3$ 
         $r_3 \leftarrow M[c_{loc}]$ 
return ( $r_1, r_3$ )
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop :  d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
        return (r1, r3)
```

```
enter : r3 ← r3
        M[cloc] ← r3
        r1 ← r1
        r2 ← r2
        r3 ← 0
        r1 ← r1
loop : r3 ← r3 + r2
        r1 ← r1 - 1
        if r1 > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← r3
        r3 ← r3
        r3 ← M[cloc]
        return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop  : d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
        return (r1, r3)
```

```
enter : r3 ← r3
        M[cloc] ← r3
        r1 ← r1
        r2 ← r2
        r3 ← 0
        r1 ← r1
loop  : r3 ← r3 + r2
        r1 ← r1 - 1
        if r1 > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← r3
        r3 ← r3
        r3 ← M[cloc]
        return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

```
enter : c ← r3
        a ← r1
        b ← r2
        d ← 0
        e ← a
loop :  d ← d + b
        e ← e - 1
        if e > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← d
        r3 ← c
        return (r1, r3)
```

```
enter : M[cloc] ← r3
        r3 ← 0
loop :  r3 ← r3 + r2
        r1 ← r1 - 1
        if r1 > 0 goto loop
        r1 ← r3
        r3 ← M[cloc]
        return (r1, r3)
```

# Pre-Colored Nodes

## example

```
int f(int a, int b) {  
    int d = 0;  
    int e = a;  
    do {  
        d = d + b;  
        e = e - 1;  
    } while (e > 0);  
    return d;  
}
```

```
enter : M[cloc] ← r3  
        r3 ← 0  
loop :  r3 ← r3 + r2  
        r1 ← r1 - 1  
        if r1 > 0 goto loop  
        r3 ← M[cloc]  
        return (r1, r3)
```

# VI

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## Summary

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# Summary lessons learned

How can we assign registers to local variables and temporaries?

- perform liveness analysis
- build interference graph
- color interference graph

What to do if the graph is not colorable?

- keep local variables in memory

How to handle move instructions efficiently?

- coalesce nodes safely

# Literature

[learn more](#)

Andrew W. Appel, Jens Palsberg: Modern Compiler Implementation in Java, 2nd edition. 2002

Lal George, Andrew W. Appel: Iterative Register Coalescing.  
POPL 1996

Lal George, Andrew W. Appel: Iterative Register Coalescing.  
TOPLAS 18(3), 1996

# Outlook

## coming next

### Compiler components & their generators

- Lecture 12: Data-Flow Analysis **Dec 6**
- Lecture 13: Register Allocation **Dec 13**
- Lecture 14: LL Parsing **Dec 20**
- Lecture 15: LR Parsing **Jan 10**

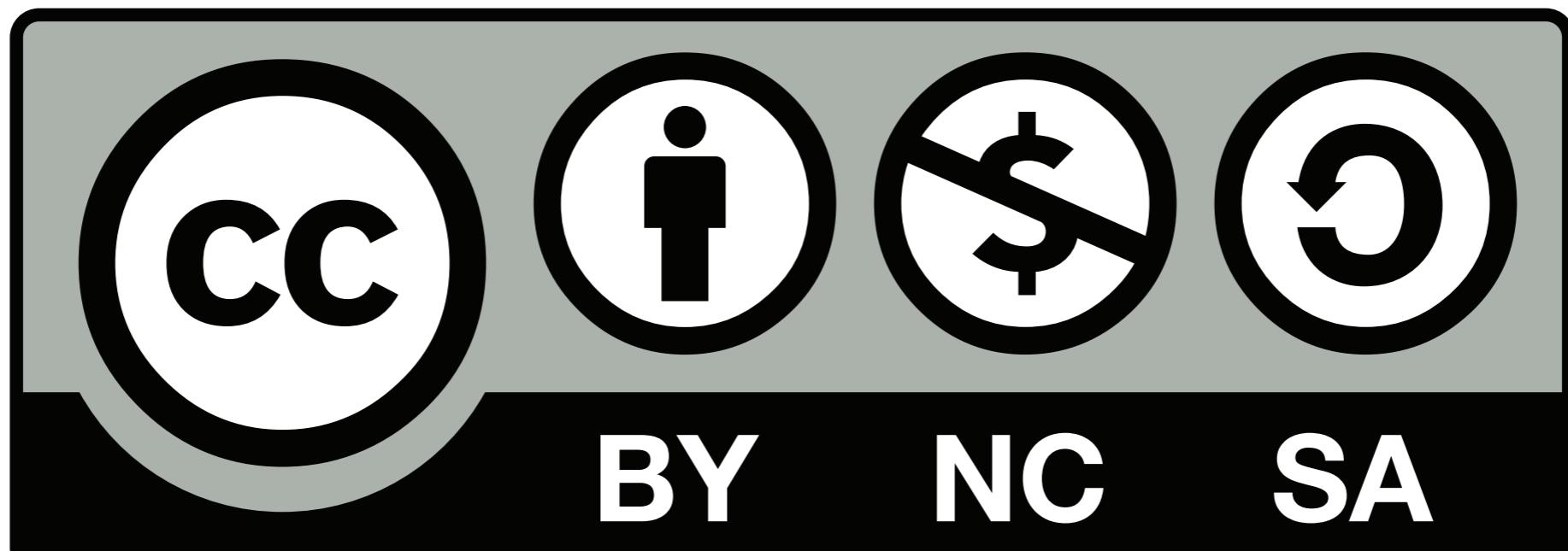
### Exam preparation

- Question & Answer & Outlook **Jan 24**
- Exam **Jan 31**

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