

Report on the 2024 Asilomar Conference on Signals,  
Systems, and Computers  
Special Session on  
*Perceptual and Higher Level Loss and Distance  
Functions for Audio and Acoustics*

Gerald Schuller  
Ilmenau University of Technology, Germany

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# Asilomar Conference Overview

- The Asilomar Conference on Signals, Systems, and Computers is an annual conference focused on digital signal processing for media and communications.
- In 2024, a special session was dedicated to *Perceptual and Higher Level Loss and Distance Functions for Audio and Acoustics*.
- The session aimed to explore new loss functions and distance metrics that improve optimization in audio and acoustic applications.

# Importance of Loss Functions in Audio Processing

- Loss functions are critical in training models, particularly in deep learning
- In audio processing, designing perceptually relevant loss functions can lead to better sound quality and more efficient algorithms.
- Challenges include ensuring smoothness, continuity, and convexity to facilitate optimization, or to focus on desired features.

# Key Properties for Optimization

- **Smoothness:** Ensures gradient-based optimization methods perform effectively.
- **Continuity:** Prevents abrupt changes that could hinder convergence.
- **Convexity:** Helps in finding global minima, avoiding local minima traps.
- **Few Local Minima:** Simplifies the optimization landscape.
- **Focus on Desired Features:** This should lead to a desired optimum.

# Talk 1: Similarity Metrics for Late Reverberation

**Presenter:** Gloria Del Santo et al.

## Highlights:

- Introduced metrics like *Energy Decay Convergence* and *Averaged Power Convergence*.
- Focused on room impulse response similarity for optimizing artificial reverberation.
- Proposed methods smooth the distance function, aiding optimization.

# Talk 2: Time-Frequency Audio Similarity using Optimal Transport

**Presenter:** Linda Fabiani et al.

## Highlights:

- Applied *Optimal Transport* theory to spectrograms for measuring audio similarity.
- Provided a framework that is both mathematically rigorous and perceptually relevant.
- Enhanced the smoothness and continuity of the loss function in audio comparisons.

# Tailoring Loss Functions to Specific Properties


- Beyond optimization-friendly properties, loss functions can focus on perceptual aspects.
- Incorporating human auditory models can lead to improvements in tasks like compression and synthesis.
- Emphasis on properties such as timbre, pitch, and intelligibility.



# Talk 3: A Psycho-Acoustic Loss Function Based on a Psycho-Acoustic Model

**Presenter:** Gerald Schuller et al.

## Highlights:

- Developed a loss function incorporating masking effects of the human ear.
- Used a psycho-acoustic model from a Python audio coder.
- <https://github.com/TUIlmenauAMS/Python-Audio-Coder>
- Focused on perceptual relevance rather than convexity.
- This means non-convex optimization might be needed.
- Presented listening test comparisons demonstrating effectiveness.
-  Open

# Talk 4: Instrumental Timbre Transfer Based on Disentangled Representation of Timbre and Pitch

**Presenter:** Yin Le et al.

## Highlights:

- Proposed a method for timbre transfer using disentangled representations.
- Developed a loss function focusing on timbre characteristics.
- Included sound examples and interactive elements like a chatbot.
- Advanced the field of musical style transfer and synthesis.

• [▶ Open](#)

# Talk 5: STOI-Optimized Pruned Recurrent Deep Autoencoders

**Presenter:** Reemt Hinrichs et al.

## Highlights:

- Targeted low-complexity compression for cochlear implants at zero delay.
- Utilized the *Vocoder Short Time Objective Intelligibility* (VSTOI) score.
- Introduced a "pruning aware loss" for smooth network retraining during pruning.
- Improved speech intelligibility for cochlear implant users.

# Key Takeaways

- The session highlighted the importance of designing loss functions that are both optimization-friendly and perceptually relevant.
- Integrating domain-specific knowledge, such as psycho-acoustic models, enhances the performance of audio processing systems.
- Future work may explore combining these approaches for even more effective audio and acoustic applications.

# Acknowledgments

- Thanks to all the presenters and attendees for their valuable contributions.
- Special thanks to the organizing committee of the Asilomar Conference 2024.

# References

- Special session outline: [https://cmsworkshops.com/Asilomar2024/view\\_session.php?SessionID=1126](https://cmsworkshops.com/Asilomar2024/view_session.php?SessionID=1126)
- Presentation materials:
  - Psycho-Acoustic Loss Function:  
<https://github.com/TUilmenauAMS/PsychoacousticLoss>  
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  - Instrumental Timbre Transfer:  
<https://github.com/TUilmenauAMS/timbre-transfer>  
▶ Open

## Gerald Schuller

- Email: `gerald.schuller@tu-ilmenau.de`
- Institution: Ilmenau University of Technology, Germany