

# Week 1 Molecular Dynamics

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**TUM CIT** 

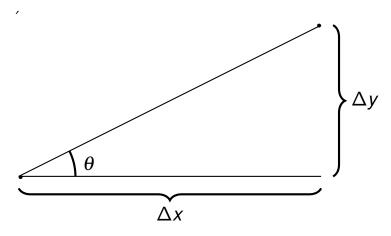
Lehrstuhl für wissenschaftliches Rechnen

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### 2 Dimensional Force Calculation



$$\Delta x = x_2 - x_1 \tag{1}$$

$$\Delta y = y_2 - y_1 \tag{2}$$

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 (2)  

$$|F| = \frac{m_1 m_2}{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2}$$
 (3)

$$F_{x} = \cos(\theta) \cdot |F| = \Delta x \cdot \frac{m_{1} m_{2}}{\left(\Delta x^{2} + \Delta y^{2}\right)^{3/2}}$$
(4)

$$F_y = \sin(\theta) \cdot |F| = \Delta y \cdot \frac{m_1 m_2}{(\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2)^{3/2}}$$
 (5)



The naive approach  $(n \cdot (n-1))$  Force calculations):

```
for all Particles p:
    for all Particles p'!=p:
        computeF(p,p')
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1



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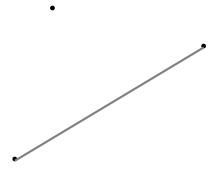


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A better approach  $(\frac{1}{2}n \cdot (n-1))$  Force calculations):

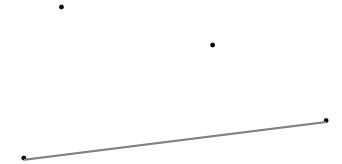
```
for all ParticlePairs (p,p'):
     computeF(p,p')
```







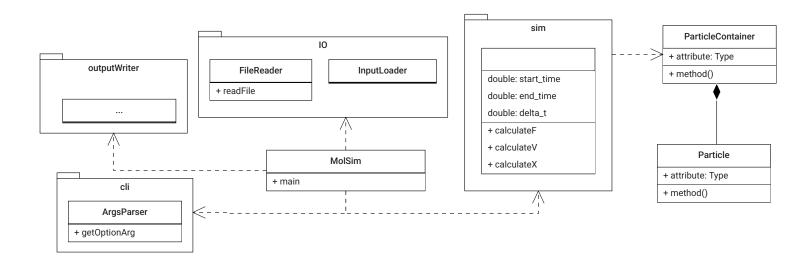
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## Refactoring





## Use of the Program





### Generic IO

```
template <typename LOCATOR, void (*LOAD)(LOCATOR, std::list < Particle > &)>
class InputLoader {
    private:
    std::list < Particle > buffer;
    LOCATOR locator;
    public:
    explicit InputLoader(LOCATOR loc) : locator(loc) {}
    InputLoader(const InputLoader& i) = delete;
    void reload() { LOAD(locator, buffer); }
    void getParticles(std::vector < Particle > & buf) {...}
};
```



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#### What happened:

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- Funfact: Compiling the exact same code with the exact same compiler settings will result in the same output
- First-hand encounter of the inaccuracies of numerical programming





# bloopers



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- Data structure locality (for later exercises)