# TEKNOFEST AEROSPACE AND TECHNOLOGY FESTIVAL

## ROBOTAXI-FULL SCALE AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE COMPETITION

(UNIQUE VEHICLE CATEGORY)

PRELIMINARY DESIGN AND SIMULATION REPORT

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**APPLICATION ID: 468176** 

**TEAM NAME:** TUNSA Space Robotics

VEHICLE NAME: TUNSA's Martian Settler Robotaxi (TUNMSR)

**TEAM CAPTAIN: ELYES KHECHINE** 

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#### I. Summary

- A. TUNMSR's Mission
- **B.** Vehicle Design Process
- C. Vehicle Unique Aspects
- D. Vehicle Software Architecture
- E. Vehicle Performance
- F. Acquired Skills

#### II. Team Organization

- A. Team Introduction
- **B.** Team Ambitions
- C. Team Members
- D. Task Partitioning
- E. Task Dependencies
- F. Project Preliminary Timeline

#### **III.** Vehicle Features

- A. Vehicle Body & Design
  - 1. Design Inspiration
  - 2. Vehicle Dimensions
  - 3. Vehicle Model
- **B.** Manual Vehicle Control
  - 1. Steer-by-wire Design
  - 2. Pedal-by-wire Design
  - 3. Brake-by-wire Design
- C. Vehicle Drivetrain
- D. Vehicle Batteries
- E. Automotive User Interfaces
  - 1. Manual Driving Controls
  - 2. Autonomous Driving Controls
  - 3. Infotainment
- F. Vehicle Wiring Harness





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#### IV. Originality

#### V. Sensors

- A. Localization Sensors
  - 1. Localization Requirements for TUNMSR
  - 2. Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU)
  - 3. GNSS Module
- **B.** Visual Perception Sensors
  - 1. Perception Requirements for TUNMSR
  - 2. Computer Vision (CV) Sensor: Options Assessment
    - i. LiDAR
    - ii. 3D Flash LiDAR
    - iii. 4D/3D Imaging Radars
    - iv. Pseudo-LiDARs: Stereo Cameras
    - v. Breakdown Comparison
  - 3. Preliminary CV Sensor Choice: Stereo Camera

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- 4. Time-of-flight Sensors
- C. Powertrain Sensors
  - 1. Powertrain Requirements for TUNMSR
  - 2. Electronic Battery Sensor
  - 3. Temperature Sensor
  - 4. Transmission Sensor
  - 5. Wheel-speed Sensor
- D. Breakdown of Sensors
- E. Sensor Wiring
- F. Sensor Mounting
- G. Sensor Autonomy Coverage
- H. Sensor Fusion
  - 1. Sensor Synchronization
  - 2. Sensor Raw Data Processing
  - 3. Sensor Fusion Algorithm

#### VI. Vehicle Control Unit

- A. High-level Control Unit
  - 1. VCU Selection Criteria for TUNMSR
  - 2. Options Assessment

#### 3. Preliminary VCU Choice: NVIDIA DRIVE AGX Pegasus Developer Kit

#### **B.** Low-level Control Unit

- 1. Longitudinal Actuation
- 2. Lateral Actuation

#### C. Wireless Control Unit

- 1. Wireless Controller
  - Requirements
  - ii. Selection
- 2. Wireless Communication System
  - i. Wireless Communication Protocols
  - ii. Wireless Control Software

#### VII. Autonomous Driving Algorithms

- A. Vehicle Kinematics & Dynamics Modeling
- B. Vehicle 2D Control
  - 1. Longitudinal PID Control
  - 2. Lateral Model-Predictive Control (MPC)

#### C. Visual Perception

- 1. Computer Vision Toolbox
  - i. CNNs
  - ii. TensorFlow
  - iii. Object Detection with YOLOR
- 2. Stereo Camera Data Processing
- 3. Semantic Lane Estimation & Tracking
- TECHNOLOGY FESTIVAL 4. Visual Servoing & Trajectory Drawing
  - i. Visual Servoing Approach
  - ii. Coordinate Transformations
  - iii. Drawing Planned Trajectory
- 5. Object Detection
  - i. Traffic Sign Detection
  - ii. Traffic Light Detection
  - iii. Obstacle Avoidance

#### D. Motion Planning

- 1. Global Path Planner
  - i. Options Assessment
    - Hybrid A\*
    - Rapidly-exploring Random Tree (RRT)
    - RRT-A\*
    - ABIT\*

#### i. Implementation

#### 2. Behavioral Planner

- i. Options Assessment
  - Finite State Machines (FSMs)
  - Extended Finite State Machines (EFSMs)
  - Hierarchical Finite State Machines (HFSMs): Harel Approach
  - Behavior Trees (BTs)
- ii. Implementation

#### 3. Local Re-Planner

- i. Options Assessment
  - CBB-RRT\*
  - Lattice-based Path Planner
  - **Optimal Control Improvement**
- ii. Implementation
- 4. Velocity Planner
  - i. Options Assessment
    - Trapezoidal Profile Generation
    - Position Quintic Polynomial for Trajectory Generation
    - Speed Quartic Polynomial Trajectory Generation
    - Symmetric Polynomial Trajectory Generation
  - ii. Implementation

#### E. State Estimation and Real-time Localization

- 1. Options Assessment
  - i. Extended Kalman Filter (EKF)
  - ii. Error-State Extended Kalman Filter (ES-EKF)
  - iii, Unscented Kalman Filter (UKF)
- PACE AND TECHNOLOGY FESTIVAL 2. Implementation of the UKF

#### VIII. Security Precautions

- A. Security Hardware
  - 1. Signal Lights
  - 2. Stop Lamps
- B. Battery Management System (BMS)
  - 1. Voltage Monitoring
  - 2. Current Monitoring
  - 3. Temperature Monitoring
  - 4. State of Charge (SOC)
  - 5. State of Health (SOH)
  - 6. Balancing System
- C. Electrical Safety

- 1. Ingress Protection (IP)
- 2. Low Current Emergency Disconnect Switch
- 3. High Current Emergency Disconnect Switch
- 4. Emergency Stop Button (Circuit Breaker)
- 5. Overcurrent Breakers
- 6. Remote Emergency Response System (RERS)
- D. Software Security

#### IX. Simulation

