# SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- Majority of Titanic passengers were **young adults**; children and elderly were fewer.

- Passenger class influenced demographics — **higher classes had older passengers**.

- Fare had a **positive relationship with survival** — wealthier passengers had better outcomes.

- Age alone was not a strong predictor of survival, but **children had slightly better chances**.

- Class and Fare show strong inverse relationship — an indicator of socioeconomic differences on board.