

Project One Pseudocode & Runtime Analysis

VECTOR

Reading File:

OPEN file using fstream

IF return value == -1

 THEN file not found

ELSE file is found

 WHILE not EOF (End of File)

 READ each line

 IF < 2 values

 return ERROR

 ELSE

 read parameters

 IF 3 or more parameter is first elsewhere

 CONTINUE

 ELSE

 Return ERROR

CLOSE file

Creating Course Objects

Initialize Course vector

Loop through file

WHILE != EOF

 For each line in file

 For first and second value

 Push_back() to add value

 If there's a third value

 Push_back() to add value until new line

Searching Data Structure

PROMPT for user input

LOOP through vector

IF input == course number

 PRINT course information

 For each prereq

 PRINT prereq information

Code	Line Cost	# Times Executes	Total Cost
Open <u>fstream</u>	1	1	1
<u>While</u> != EOF, read each line	1	n	n
IF > 2 values, return error	1	n	n
ELSE continue	1	n	n
Initialize course vector	1	1	1
For each line	1	n	n
ADD value to vector	1	n	n
<u>Push_back()</u> item	1	n	n
Total Cost			7n+2
Runtime			O(n)

HASH TABLE

Read file:

OPEN file using fstream

IF file returns -1

 DISPLAY Error message

ELSE

 WHILE file != EOF

 Read each line

 IF < 2 values within line

 RETURN Error message

 ELSE

 Read parameters

IF > 2 parameter

CONTINUE

CLOSE file

Create Course Objects:

Create Hash Table

Insert bid into table

Loop through file

WHILE != EOF

For each line in file

For first and second values

CREATE temp item to hold values

IF there is a third value

ADD to current value

RETURN

Print from Hash Table:

Prompt for input

Assign input to key

IF KEY is found

PRINT course information

For each course preq found

PRINT prereq course info

ELSE

IF key not found

DISPLAY Error message

RETURN

Code	Line Cost	# Times Executes	Total Cost
Open <u>fstream</u>	1	1	1
<u>While</u> != EOF, read each line	1	n	n
IF > 2 values, return error	1	n	n
ELSE continue	1	n	n
CREATE <u>HashTable</u>	1	1	1
INSERT bid	1	n	n
LOOP through file	1	n	n
For each line	1	n	n
CREATE temporary item to hold value	1	n	n
Total Cost			8n+2
Runtime			O(n)

TREE DATA STRUCTURE

Reading File:

Open file with `fstream`

IF file returns -1

 DISPLAY Error message

ELSE

 WHILE file != EOF

 Read each line

 IF < 2 values within line

 RETURN error message

 ELSE read parameters

 IF > 2 parameter

 CONTINUE

CLOSE file

Create Course Objects Structure

Create `BinarySearchTree`

Insert bids within tree

WHILE != EOF

 Loop through file

 For each line in file

 For first and second value

 ADD course ID & course name

 If a third value exists

 Add prereq until newline found

Search & Print from Tree

Prompt for user input

Create a search and print method

IF root != NULL

 Traverse left

 IF node == course ID

 DISPLAY course information

 For each course prerequisite

 PRINT prereq course info

ELSE

 Traverse right

 IF node == course ID

 DISPLAY course information

 For each course prerequisite

 PRINT prereq course info

RETURN

Code	Line Cost	# Times Executes	Total Cost
Open <u>fstream</u>	1	1	1
<u>While</u> != EOF, read each line	1	n	n
IF > 2 values, return error	1	n	n
ELSE continue	1	n	n
Create <u>BinarySearchTree</u>	1	1	1
INSERT bids	1	n	n
<u>WHILE</u> != EOF	1	n	n
Loop through file	1	n	n
FOR each line	1	n	n
FOR 1 st & 2 nd value, ADD <u>courseID</u> & <u>coursename</u>	1	n	n
IF 3 rd value exists, add <u>prereq</u> until newline found	1	n	n
Total Cost			10n+2
Runtime			O(n)

MENU

CREATE bid variable

WHILE input != 4;

PRINT 1. Load Data Structure;

PRINT 2. Course List;

PRINT 3. Course;

PRINT 4. Exit

SWITCH (userInput):

Case 1:

loadBids(bid);

break;

Case 2:

PRINT Course List;

break;

Case 3:

PRINT Course;

break;

Case 4:

PRINT Exit Message

exit();

// sorting alphanumeric items

SET mid to $\text{low} + (\text{high} - \text{low}) / 2$

SET pivot to `courseName(mid)`

WHILE `courseName(low) < pivot`

SET low to $\text{low} + 1$

ENDWHILE

WHILE `pivot < courseName(high)`

SET high = $\text{high} - 1$

ENDWHILE

IF low is \geq high

RETURN

ELSE

CREATE temp to `courseName(low)`

SET `courseName(low) == courseName(high)`

```
SET courseName(high) == temp

SET low to low + 1

SET high to high - 1

ENDIF

RETURN high

FUNCTION main()

CALL quicksort(courseName, 0, SIZE - 1)

DISPLAY "Sorted in alphabetical order: "

FOR each course
```

Advantages & Disadvantages

With a vector, the advantage is that they're the fastest when it comes to reading files and even adding a course it's quick. The disadvantage is if there are a ton of courses, it can be slow in searching through them.

With a hash table, the advantage is that they're quick in searching through a list; however, the disadvantage is that they're difficult to organize data alphabetically or even numerically. Because of this, I wouldn't recommend it for this project.

With a tree, the advantage is that they're faster than a vector, and even easier to use since it's organized numerically. The disadvantage with them is that when it's being organized, the height of the tree increases which means the runtime is increased.

I would recommend personally recommend using a vector to complete this project, based on its speed when it comes to reading and adding objects.