

Tyler Wiederich

AGRO 803

2/21/2024

Introduction

- A. Introductory statistics courses typically consist of elementary methods and textbook examples of their application. ([Carver, College, and Everson 2016](#)) ([Tintle et al. 2021](#))
- B. One shortfall of such courses, albeit not unheard of, is that students seldom have the opportunity to participate in a statistical experiment. ([McGowan 2011](#)) ([Ashaari et al. 2011](#))
- C. Graphical displays of data are an important aspect of statistics and have well-established guidelines. ([Cleveland and McGill 1984](#)) ([Heer and Bostock 2010](#)) ([Loy 2021](#))
- D. However, the current state of 3D visualizations is mainly limited to their 2D projections, providing an opportunity for experiential learning in a novel area of true 3D graphics. ([Kraus et al. 2020](#)) ([Fisher, Dempsey, and Marousky 1997](#)) ([Barfield and Robless 1989](#))
- E. In this paper, we discuss the use of a graphical study in an introductory statistics classroom environment and its application as an educational tool.

Methods

Designing a Graphics Experiment

- A. We draw inspiration from Cleveland and McGill's seminal work on graphical perception to design our graphics study. ([Cleveland and McGill 1984](#))
- B. Our modernization of the 1984 study led us to create a Shiny app to collect data and administer the digital graphs. ([Chang et al. 2023](#))
 - Figure 1: Screenshot from the Shiny app used to administer the experiment.

- C. Due to limitations in modern software packages, multiple sources were required to create each graph type. ([Microsoft Corporation 2018](#)) ([Murdoch and Adler 2023](#)) ([Wickham 2016](#))
- D. With 42 treatment combinations, we opted to use an incomplete block design to select five of the seven possible ratios and use each plot type for each ratio.
- Figure 2: Visual display of the experimental design for students who participated in the 3D bar charts experiment.
- E. When administering the experiment, participants are asked to randomly select a bag containing the 3D printed graphs.

Experiential Learning

- A. Our experiment and classroom integration were split into six stages: informed consent, pre-experiment reflection, experiment participation, post-experiment reflection, abstract reflection, and presentation reflection.
- Table 1: List of questions for each module that students completed.
- B. Instructors for STAT 218, the introductory statistics course at University of Nebraska-Lincoln, were recruited for Summer 2023, Fall 2023, and Spring 2024 to administer the graphics project into their classroom.

Results

Student Participation

- A. Given the nature of the recruitment method, we were only able to recruit a few instructors for Summer and Fall semesters in 2023.
- Table 2: Number of valid student participants by semester.

Selected Responses from Reflections

- A. Prior to the experiment, students generally understood the purpose scientific research.
 - Figure 3: Word cloud for student responses to the pre-experiment prompt.
- B. Some students correctly identified parts of the questions asked in the post-experiment reflection, but many missed key components.
- C. The abstract unveiled the scope of the study to students, many of whom did not realize the underlying complexities.
- D. Lastly, students tended to favor the presentation over the abstract.

Discussion

- A. Our results show that students generally appreciated the progressively revealing nature of the graphics project.
- B. We acknowledge that our study is not without its limitations.
- C. In future studies, we plan to use a similar framework to conduct experiments on more typical 3-dimensional data, such as heatmaps.

References

Link to journal citation style: [here](#)

- Ashaari, Noraidah Sahari, Hairulliza Mohamad Judi, Hazura Mohamed, Tengku, and Meriam Tengku Wook. 2011. "Student's Attitude Towards Statistics Course." *Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences* 18: 287–94. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2011.05.041>.
- Barfield, Woodrow, and Robert Robless. 1989. "The Effects of Two- or Three-Dimensional Graphics on the Problem-Solving Performance of Experienced and Novice Decision Makers." *Behaviour & Information Technology* 8 (5): 369–85. <https://doi.org/10.1080/01449298908914567>.
- Carver, Robert, Stonehill College, and Michelle Everson. 2016. "Guidelines for Assessment and Instruction in Statistics Education (GAISE) College Report 2016."

- Chang, Winston, Joe Cheng, JJ Allaire, Carson Sievert, Barret Schloerke, Yihui Xie, Jeff Allen, Jonathan McPherson, Alan Dipert, and Barbara Borges. 2023. “Shiny: Web Application Framework for r.” <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=shiny>.
- Cleveland, William S., and Robert McGill. 1984. “Graphical Perception: Theory, Experimentation, and Application to the Development of Graphical Methods.” *Journal of the American Statistical Association* 79 (387): 531–54. <https://doi.org/10.1080/01621459.1984.10478080>.
- Fisher, Samuel H., John V. Dempsey, and Robert T. Marousky. 1997. “Data Visualization: Preference and Use of Two-Dimensional and Three-Dimensional Graphs.” *Social Science Computer Review* 15 (3): 256–63. <https://doi.org/10.1177/089443939701500303>.
- Heer, Jeffrey, and Michael Bostock. 2010. “CHI ’10: CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems.” In, 203–12. Atlanta Georgia USA: ACM. <https://doi.org/10.1145/1753326.1753357>.
- Kraus, Matthias, Katrin Angerbauer, Juri Buchmüller, Daniel Schweitzer, Daniel A. Keim, Michael Sedlmair, and Johannes Fuchs. 2020. “CHI ’20: CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems.” In, 1–14. Honolulu HI USA: ACM. <https://doi.org/10.1145/3313831.3376675>.
- Loy, Adam. 2021. “Bringing Visual Inference to the Classroom.” *Journal of Statistics and Data Science Education* 29 (2): 171–82. <https://doi.org/10.1080/26939169.2021.1920866>.
- McGowan, Herle M. 2011. “Planning a Comparative Experiment in Educational Settings.” *Journal of Statistics Education* 19 (2): 4. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10691898.2011.11889612>.
- Microsoft Corporation. 2018. “Microsoft Excel.” <https://office.microsoft.com/excel>.
- Murdoch, Duncan, and Daniel Adler. 2023. “Rgl: 3D Visualization Using OpenGL.” <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=rgl>.
- Tintle, Nathan, Beth L Chance, George W Cobb, Allan J Rossman, Soma Roy, Todd Swanson, and Jill VanderStoep. 2021. *Introduction to Statistical Investigations*.
- Wickham, Hadley. 2016. “Ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis.” <https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org>.