## Physics 158 Circuits Homework 1

Aim for this homework is to cover the following topics:

- Introductory resistor circuits problems that can be used as a review for students who have not seen them in high school (aim for 1 problem)
- Analyzing circuits with capacitors, inductors, and switches in initial states and after long periods of time (aim for 2-3 problems)
- Analyzing RC and RL circuits and time constants (aim for 2-3 problems)

Review topics/guides to support these topics:

- Can include a document and optional MP homework assignment that introduces students to the concept of circuits if they haven't seen them before
- Can have a short guide or example going over how to find the expression for current/voltage of a time dependent RC/LR circuit using ODEs. Students are not expected to know this but it can be very helpful for them to know so we should provide an optional introduction to the topic for those interested in the modivation behind some of these equations.

## Learning Goals to Address

- 1. Describe how series and parallel circuits function and how they differ
- 2. Apply Kirchhoff's laws to various simple and complex series and parallel circuits
- 3. Apply Ohm's law to various simple and complex series and parallel circuits
- 4. Understand how to apply and calculate voltage, resistance and current rules to various simple and complex series and parallel circuits
- 5. Distinguish between EMF, potential difference and terminal voltage and determine their relation to the internal resistance of a battery
- 6. Understand and be able to calculate power and energy within various circuits, including energy transfer and power dissipation
- 7. Distinguish between capacitors and inductors
- 8. Calculate the equivalent capacitance and inductance of various circuits
- 9. Calculate the energy stored in a capacitor and in an inductor

- 10. Calculate the time dependence of current charge and potential difference for a charging and discharging capacitor in an RC circuit (graphically as well)
- 11. Determine the time dependence of current charge and potential difference for a charging and discharging inductor in an LR circuit (graphically as well)
- 12. Understand the relevance and representation of the time constant in RC and LR circuits
- 13. Calculate the time constant within various circuits, including RC and LR circuits

## Brainstorming

Tutorial 3 problem 2 is very good for expressing conservation of charge and equivalent capacitance (same with HW2Q1)

Thought for tutorials: create simple problems that encourage design (this is for engineers after all). One example would be design a circuit that turns on a light for x seconds when the battery is disconnected.

## Problem 1 (Resistor Circuits)

LG: 1,2,3,4,

Problem 2 (Capacitor Conservation of Charge)

Problem 3 (Time Dependent Circuit With Switches)

Problem 4 (RC/LR Time Dependent)

Problem 5 (Application of RC/LR Circuits)

Using their newfound knowledge of LR circuits, a Phys 158 student came up with a clever idea for a prank. They want to design an alarm clock that will continue to play for 10 seconds after the battery is removed. The alarm clock can be thought of as a  $10 \, \mathrm{k}\Omega$  resistor which requires at least 2 Watts to operate. They designed the following circuit to achieve this.