



# Blinker 版

## 材料

硬件

- esp8266 nodeMCU 开发板
- 舵机

软件

- Arduino IDE
- Blinker APP

## 一句话原理

十二月 17 星期四

将 ESP8266 NodeMCU 看成一个可以联网的单片机，可以通过 Blinker 的按钮来控制单片机。

## Blinker 配置

 [Blinker 配置教程](#)

## 代码


### 1) 网络

```
1  #define BLINKER_WIFI
2  #define BLINKER_MQTT_LIGHT
3
4  #include <Blinker.h>
5
6  char auth[] = "5b76962ec546"; //点灯 Key279babef0a2c
7  char ssid[] = "TX";           //wifi名称
8  char psd[] = "20020603wz";    //wifi密码
9
10 // 新建组件对象
11 BlinkerButton Button1("test");
12
13 int counter = 0;
14
15 void miotPowerState(const String & state)//电源类操作（用户自定义电源类操作的回调函数）
16 {
17     BLINKER_LOG("need set power state: ", state);
18     /*****在此开始开启Blinker的操作*****/
19
20     /*****在此结束开启Blinker的操作*****/
21
22     /*****在此开始关闭Blinker的操作*****/
23
24     /*****在此结束关闭Blinker的操作*****/
25 }
26
27 // 按下按键即会执行该函数
```

```
28 void button1_callback(const String & state)
29 {
30     BLINKER_LOG("get button state: ", state);
31     /*****在此开始开关灯的操作*****/
32
33     /*****在此结束开关灯的操作*****/
34
35 }
36
37 // 如果未绑定的组件被触发，则会执行其中内容
38 void dataRead(const String & data)
39 {
40     BLINKER_LOG("Blinker readString: ", data);
41     counter++;
42
43 }
44
45 void setup()
46 {
47     // 初始化串口
48     Serial.begin(115200);
49     BLINKER_DEBUG.stream(Serial);
50     /*****在此开始开初始化的操作*****/
51
52     /*****在此结束初始化的操作*****/
53     BlinkerMIOT.attachPowerState(miotPowerState);
54
55     // 初始化blinker
56     Blinker.begin(auth, ssid, pswd);
57     Blinker.attachData(dataRead);
58
59     Button1.attach(button1_callback);
60 }
61
62 void loop() {
63     Blinker.run();
64 }
```

C ∨

## 2) 控制

 在此用 servo.h 库

```
1  #include <Servo.h>
2
3  Servo myservo; //定义舵机
4
5
6  void miotPowerState(const String & state) //电源类操作（用户自定义电源类操作的回调函数）
7  {
8      BLINKER_LOG("need set power state: ", state);
9      /*****在此开始开启Blinker的操作*****/
10     if (state == BLINKER_CMD_ON) {
11
12         myservo.write(170); //收到“on”的指令后舵机旋转 170 度（待修改）
13         BlinkerMIOT.powerState("on");
14         BlinkerMIOT.print(); //反馈状态
15         delay(1000); //延时 1 秒
16         myservo.write(0); //舵机归零，回到垂直状态
17
18     }
19     /*****在此结束开启Blinker的操作*****/
20
21     /*****在此开始关闭Blinker的操作*****/
22     else if (state == BLINKER_CMD_OFF) {
23
24         myservo.write(170); //舵机偏转 170°
25         BlinkerMIOT.powerState("off");
26         BlinkerMIOT.print();
27         delay(1000);
28         myservo.write(0);
29     }
30     /*****在此结束关闭Blinker的操作*****/
```

```

31
32
33 }
34
35 // 按下按键即会执行该函数
36 void button1_callback(const String & state)
37 {
38     BLINKER_LOG("get button state: ", state);
39     /*****在此开始开关灯的操作*****/
40     if (state=="on")
41     {
42         myservo.write(170); //收到“on”的指令后舵机旋转 170
43         delay(1000); //延时
44         myservo.write(0); //舵机归零垂直
45
46     } else if(state=="press" || state=="tap")
47     {
48         myservo.write(170); //长按开关按键后舵机旋转 170
49         delay(1000); //延时
50         myservo.write(0); //舵机归零垂直
51     }
52     /*****在此结束开关灯的操作*****/
53
54 }
55
56
57
58 void setup()
59 {
60     /*****在此开始开初始化的操作*****/
61     // 初始化舵机
62     myservo.attach(2); //舵机的 I0 口，nodemcu 的 D4 口
63     myservo.write(0); //上电时舵机归零垂直
64     /*****在此结束初始化的操作*****/
65
66 }

```

C ∨

### 3) 总体代码

```

1  #define BLINKER_WIFI
2  #define BLINKER_MIoT_LIGHT
3
4  #include <Blinker.h>
5  #include <Servo.h>
6
7  Servo myservo; //定义舵机
8
9  char auth[] = "5b76962ec546"; //点灯 Key279babef0a2c
10 char ssid[] = "TX"; //wifi名称
11 char pswd[] = "20020603wz"; //wifi密码
12
13 // 新建组件对象
14 BlinkerButton Button1("test");
15
16 int counter = 0;
17
18 void miotPowerState(const String & state) //电源类操作（用户自定义电源类操作的回调函数）
19 {
20     BLINKER_LOG("need set power state: ", state);
21     /*****在此开始开启Blinker的操作*****/
22     if (state == BLINKER_CMD_ON) {
23
24         myservo.write(170); //收到“on”的指令后舵机旋转 170 度（待修改）
25         BlinkerMIOT.powerState("on");
26         BlinkerMIOT.print(); //反馈状态
27         delay(1000); //延时 1 秒
28         myservo.write(0); //舵机归零，回到垂直状态
29
30     }
31     /*****在此结束开启Blinker的操作*****/
32
33     /*****在此开始关闭Blinker的操作*****/
34     else if (state == BLINKER_CMD_OFF) {

```

```
35
36     myservo.write(170); //舵机偏转 170°
37     BlinkerMIOT.powerState("off");
38     BlinkerMIOT.print();
39     delay(1000);
40     myservo.write(0);
41 }
42 /*****在此结束关闭Blinker的操作*****/
43 }
44
45 // 按下按键即会执行该函数
46 void button1_callback(const String & state)
47 {
48     BLINKER_LOG("get button state: ", state);
49     /*****在此开始开关灯的操作*****/
50     if (state=="on")
51     {
52         myservo.write(170); //收到“on”的指令后舵机旋转 170
53         delay(1000); //延时
54         myservo.write(0); //舵机归零垂直
55
56     } else if (state=="press" || state=="tap")
57     {
58         myservo.write(170); //长按开关按键后舵机旋转 170
59         delay(1000); //延时
60         myservo.write(0); //舵机归零垂直
61     }
62     /*****在此结束开关灯的操作*****/
63 }
64
65 // 如果未绑定的组件被触发，则会执行其中内容
66 void dataRead(const String & data)
67 {
68     BLINKER_LOG("Blinker readString: ", data);
69     counter++;
70
71 }
72
73 void setup()
74 {
75     // 初始化串口
76     Serial.begin(115200);
77     BLINKER_DEBUG.stream(Serial);
78     /*****在此开始开初始化的操作*****/
79     // 初始化舵机
80     myservo.attach(2); //舵机的 I/O 口，nodemcu 的 D4 口
81     myservo.write(0); //上电时舵机归零垂直
82     /*****在此结束初始化的操作*****/
83
84     // 初始化 blinker
85     Blinker.begin(auth, ssid, pswd);
86     Blinker.attachData(dataRead);
87
88     Button1.attach(button1_callback);
89 }
90
91 void loop() {
92     Blinker.run();
93 }
```

C ▾

## 效果展示

### 1) upload



Done Saving

```
Executable segment sizes:
ICACHE : 32768      - flash instruction cache
IROM   : 499556     - code in flash      (default or ICACHE_FLASH_ATTR)
IRAM   : 29737 / 32768 - code in IRAM      (IRAM_ATTR, ISRs...)
DATA   : 1740  )     - initialized variables (global, static) in RAM/HEAP
RODATA : 3848  ) / 81920 - constants      (global, static) in RAM/HEAP
BSS    : 30904  )     - zeroed variables   (global, static) in RAM/HEAP

Sketch uses 534881 bytes (51%) of program storage space. Maximum is 1044464 bytes.
Global variables use 36492 bytes (44%) of dynamic memory, leaving 45428 bytes for local variables. Maximum is 81920 bytes.
esptool.py v3.0
Serial port COM5
Connecting....
Chip is ESP8266EX
Features: WiFi
Crystal is 26MHz
MAC: 30:83:98:a2:cd:d6
Uploading stub...
Running stub...
Stub running...
Configuring flash size...
Auto-detected Flash size: 4MB
Compressed 539040 bytes to 384963...
```

```
Compressed 539040 bytes to 384963...
Writing at 0x00000000... (4 %)
Writing at 0x00004000... (8 %)
Writing at 0x00008000... (12 %)
Writing at 0x0000c000... (16 %)
Writing at 0x00010000... (20 %)
Writing at 0x00014000... (25 %)
Writing at 0x00018000... (29 %)
Writing at 0x0001c000... (33 %)
Writing at 0x00020000... (37 %)
Writing at 0x00024000... (41 %)
Writing at 0x00028000... (45 %)
Writing at 0x0002c000... (50 %)
Writing at 0x00030000... (54 %)
Writing at 0x00034000... (58 %)
Writing at 0x00038000... (62 %)
Writing at 0x0003c000... (66 %)
Writing at 0x00040000... (70 %)
Writing at 0x00044000... (75 %)
Writing at 0x00048000... (79 %)
Writing at 0x0004c000... (83 %)
Writing at 0x00050000... (87 %)
Writing at 0x00054000... (91 %)
Writing at 0x00058000... (95 %)
Writing at 0x0005c000... (100 %)
Wrote 539040 bytes (384963 compressed) at 0x00000000 in 34.0 seconds (effective 126.8 kbit/s)...
Hash of data verified.

Leaving...
Hard resetting via RTS pin...
```

## 2) serial monitor



### 3) Blinker



TX-Leo

