SOLID SERVICES

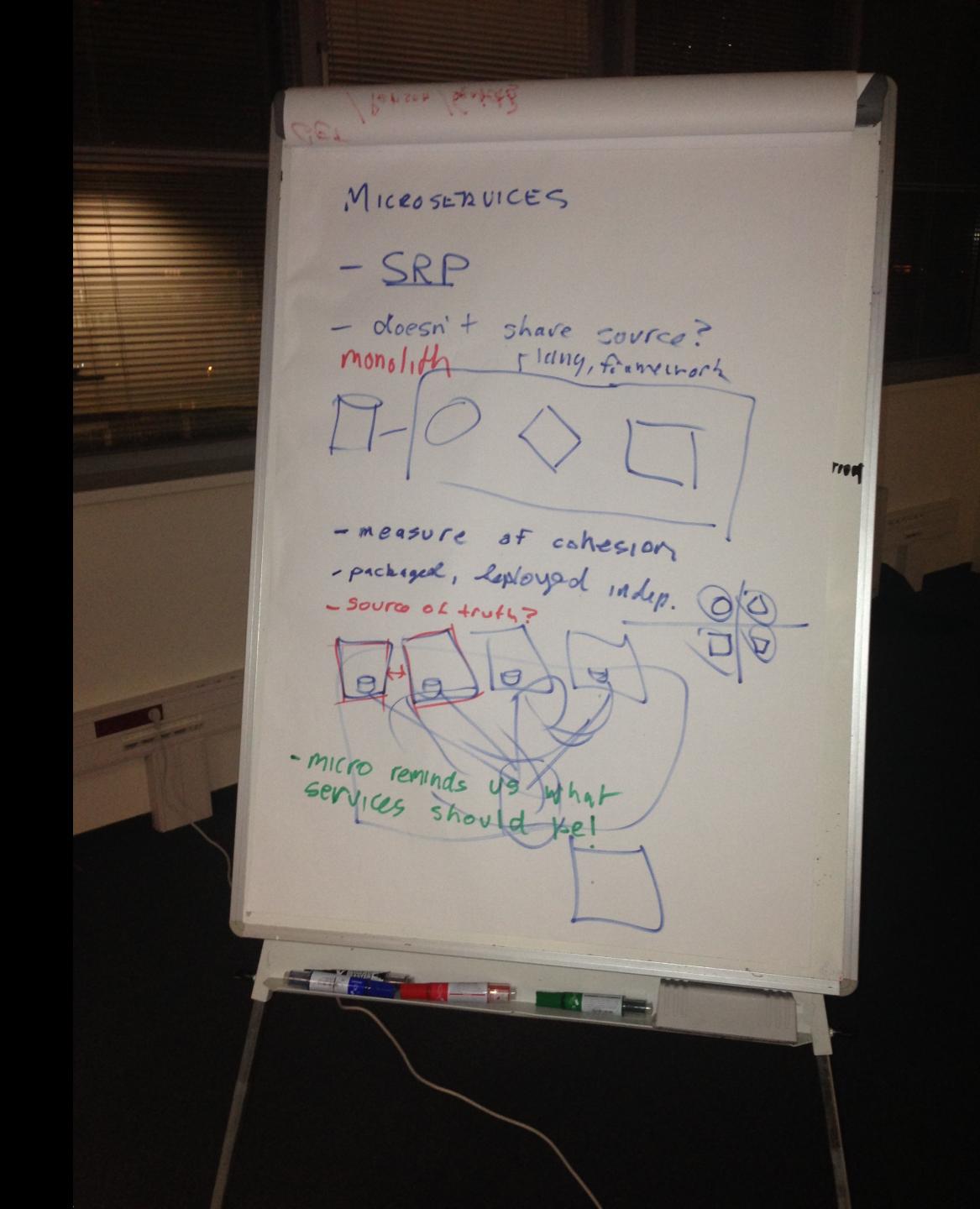
Ondřej Krajíček @hedragon @ysoftdevs

A Little Disclaimer

- Today, I am trying to give you a perspective or say a point of view.
- What I am presenting today are my own opinions.
- But I am not presenting a new invention. And if I have learnt anything, it was from my cooperation with my colleagues at Y Soft.
 Hey guys...:-).
- I am going to sometimes refer to buzzwords. I will try to make this explicit.
- No services were harmed during preparation of this talk.

In a Galaxy Far Far Away...

Geecon Prague 2014
Open Spaces with Bruce Eckel



Architecture (Latin architectura, after the Greek ἀρχιτέκτων – arkhitekton – from ἀρχι- "chief" and τέκτων "builder, carpenter, mason") is both the process and the product of planning, designing, and constructing buildings and other physical structures.

Why do we have **software** architecture?

Software Architecture gives answers to the most expensive questions.

Software Architecture

is a decomposition of software <u>products</u> into <u>systems</u>, based on their responsibilities and interactions.

Architecture envelops software design.

Software Architecture

is the servant of high-priority stakeholder values. Is as **simple** as possible, but **not simpler**. Is designed to be **replaceable**.

(Tom Gilb)

Functional vs. Non-Functional Requirements

Functional vs. Non-Functional Requirements

Functions (Features) and Qualities (Quality Requirements)

Stakeholders Values

Product Qualities

System Qualities

Microservices Architectural Style

What is a SERVICE?

Microservices (2014)

"In short, the microservice architectural style is an approach to developing a single application as a suite of small services, each running in its own process and communicating with <u>lightweight</u> mechanisms, often an HTTP resource API. These services are built around business capabilities and independently deployable by fully automated deployment machinery. There is a bare mininum of centralized management of these services, which may be written in different programming languages and use different data storage technologies."

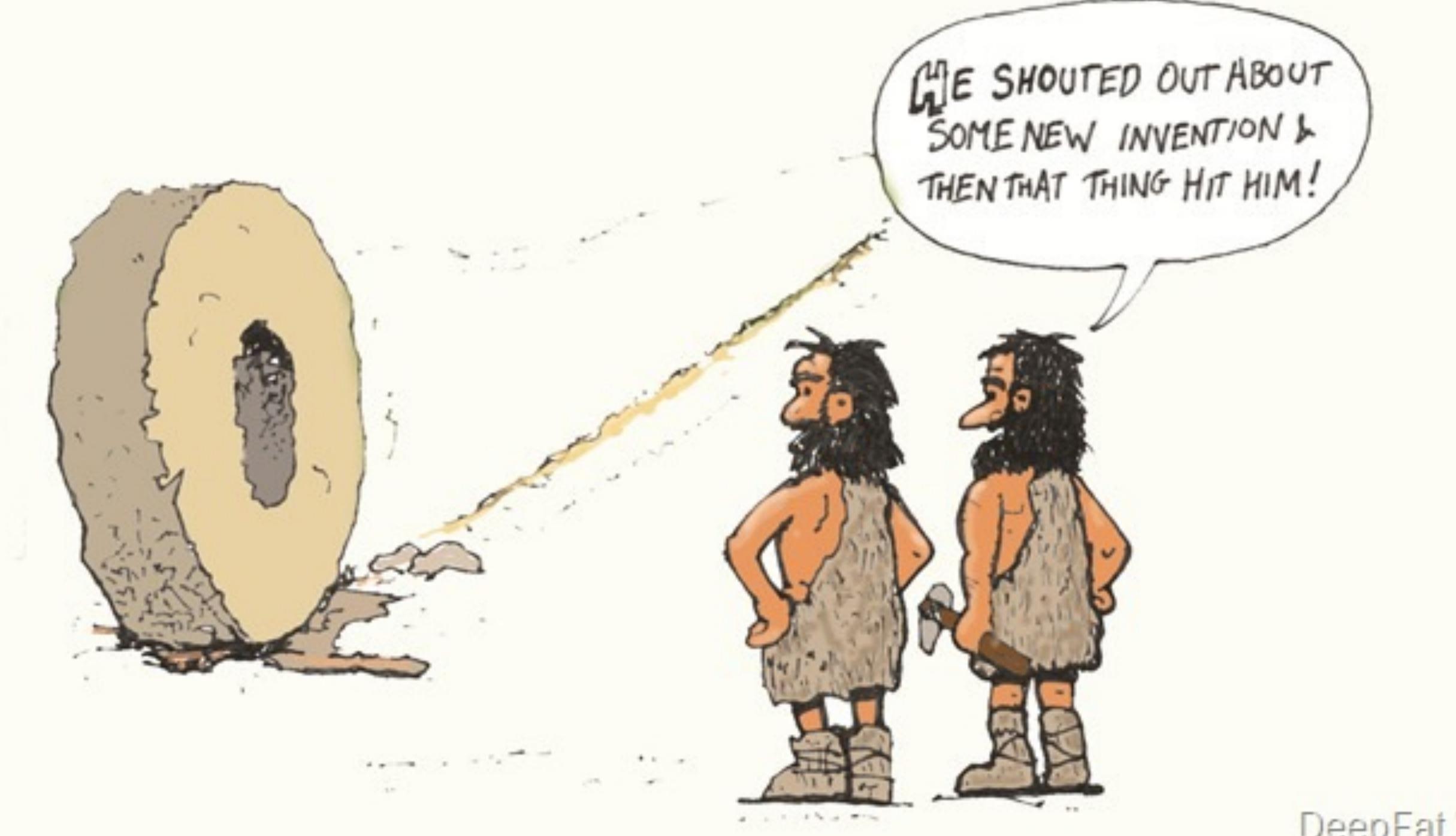
Martin Fowler

Microservices (2014)

- Single Service per Process
- Lightweight Network Communication Encapsulated Network and Interoperability
- Based on Business Concepts
- Programming Language Agnostic
- Synchronous / Asynchronous
- Independent from others

RPC (1991)

- Single Service per Process
- Communication and Interoperability
- Based on Business Concepts
- Programming Language Agnostic
- Synchronous / Asynchronous
- Independent from others



Microservices vs. Monoliths

By popular demand, the new technology is replacing the old, obsolete one.

Deja-Vu

Tight vs. Loose Coupling

Local vs. Remote Procedure Call

Pooling Resources

Database Connection Pools reused by several services

Memory and Latency Conservation

• Micro-Kernel (Mach) vs. Modular Kernel (WinNT) vs. Monolith (Linux)

It all has been invented already (compare microservices to CSPs, WSRF, Globus Toolkit, OGSI, Agents, Actors, Data Driven Systems, Message Passing Systems, P2P Networks, etc.)

Let's Apply some Engineering...

SOLID

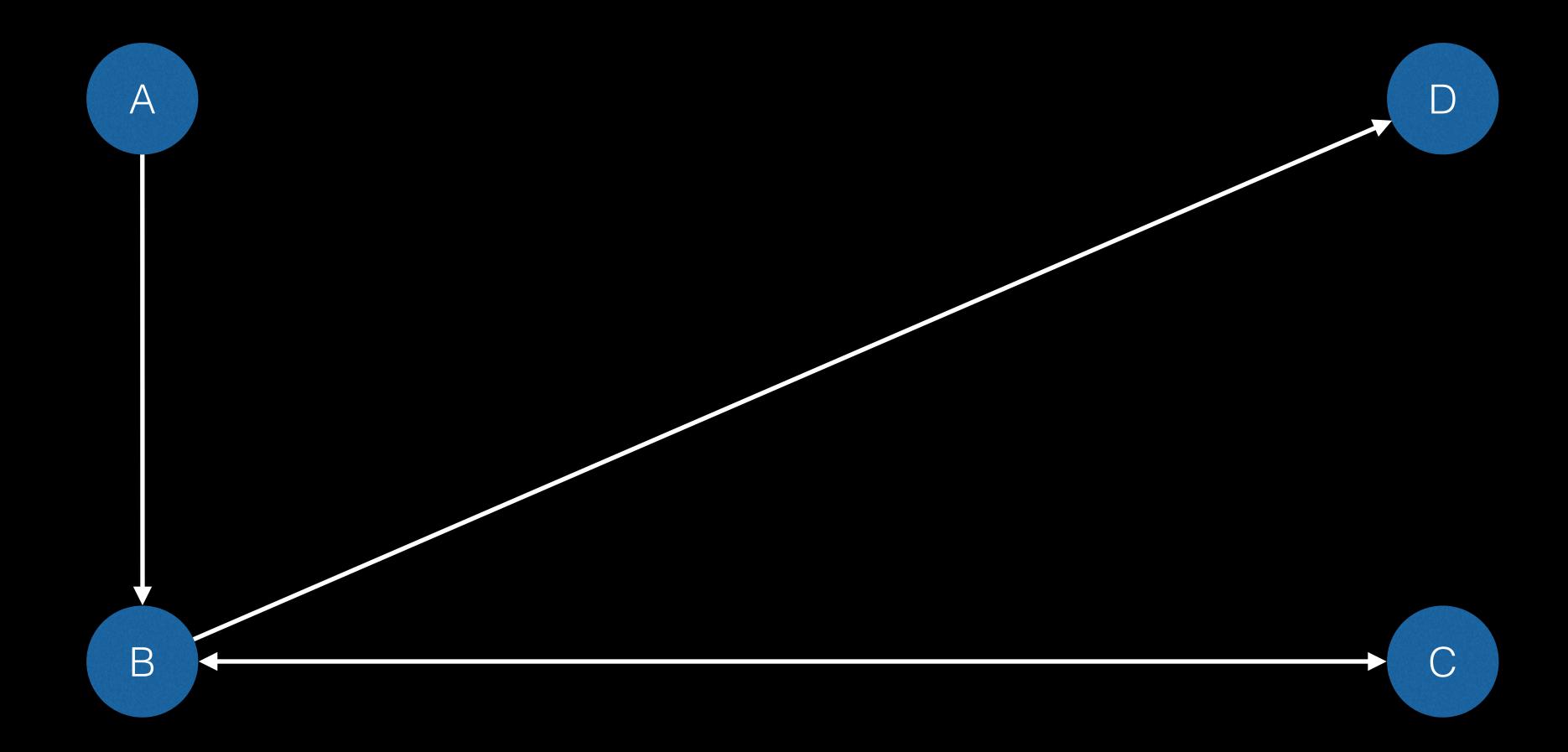
- Single Responsibility Principle
- Open for Extension / Closed for Modification Principle
- Liskov Substitution Principle
- Interface Segregation Principle
- Dependency Inversion

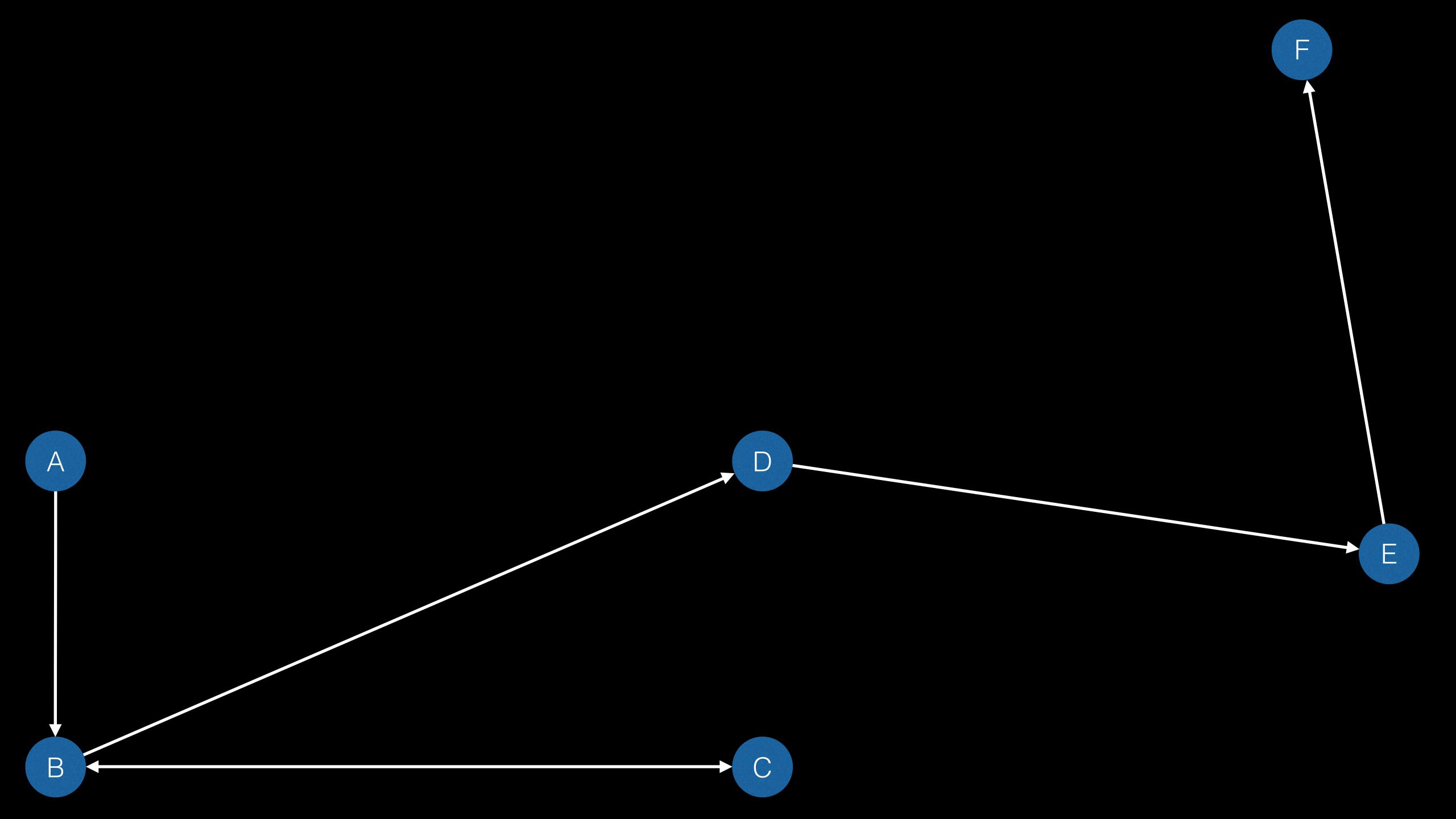
How can we apply principles from structured / object oriented design to (micro)services?

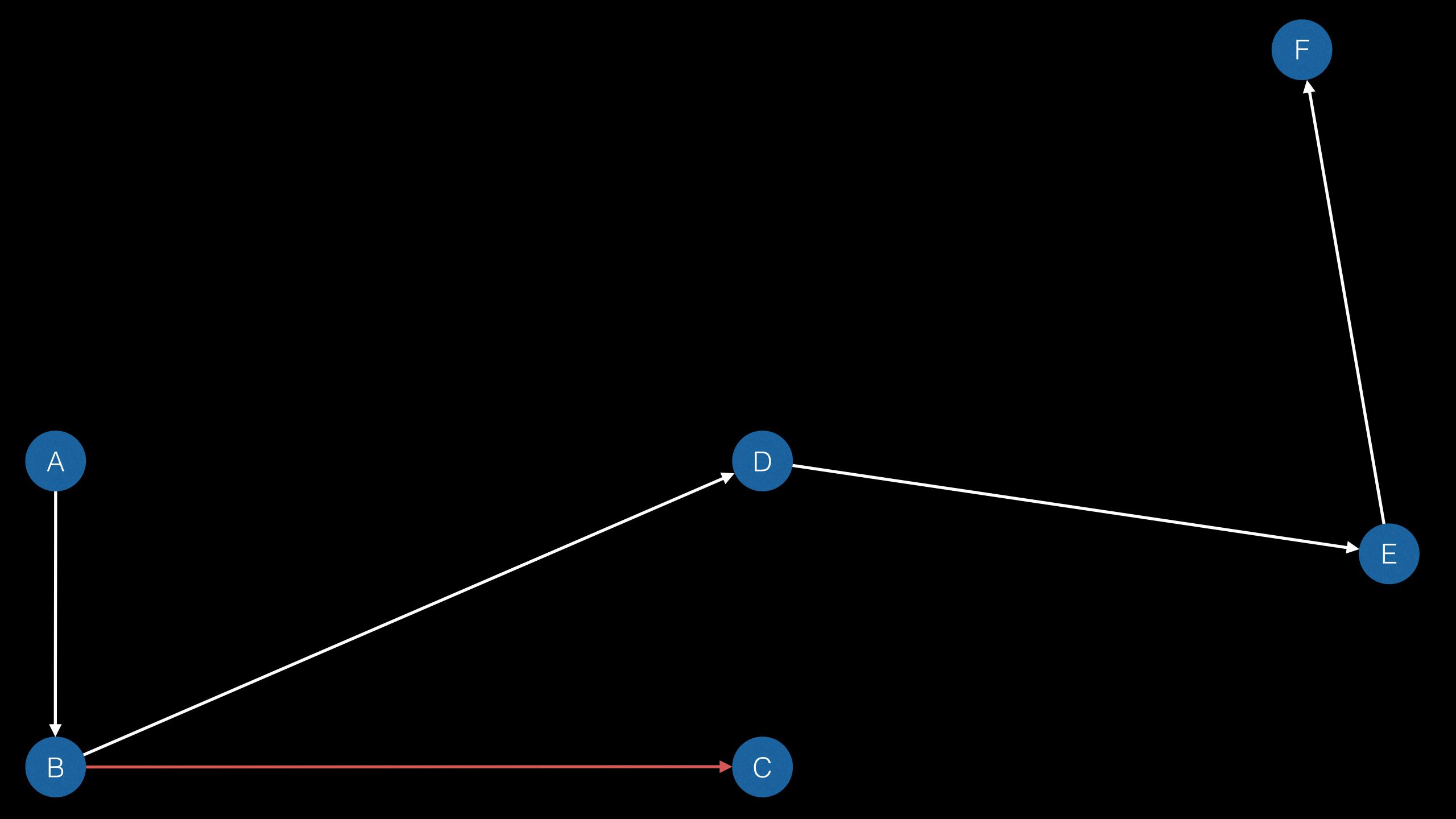
A case for cohesion and coupling

Single Responsibility Principle

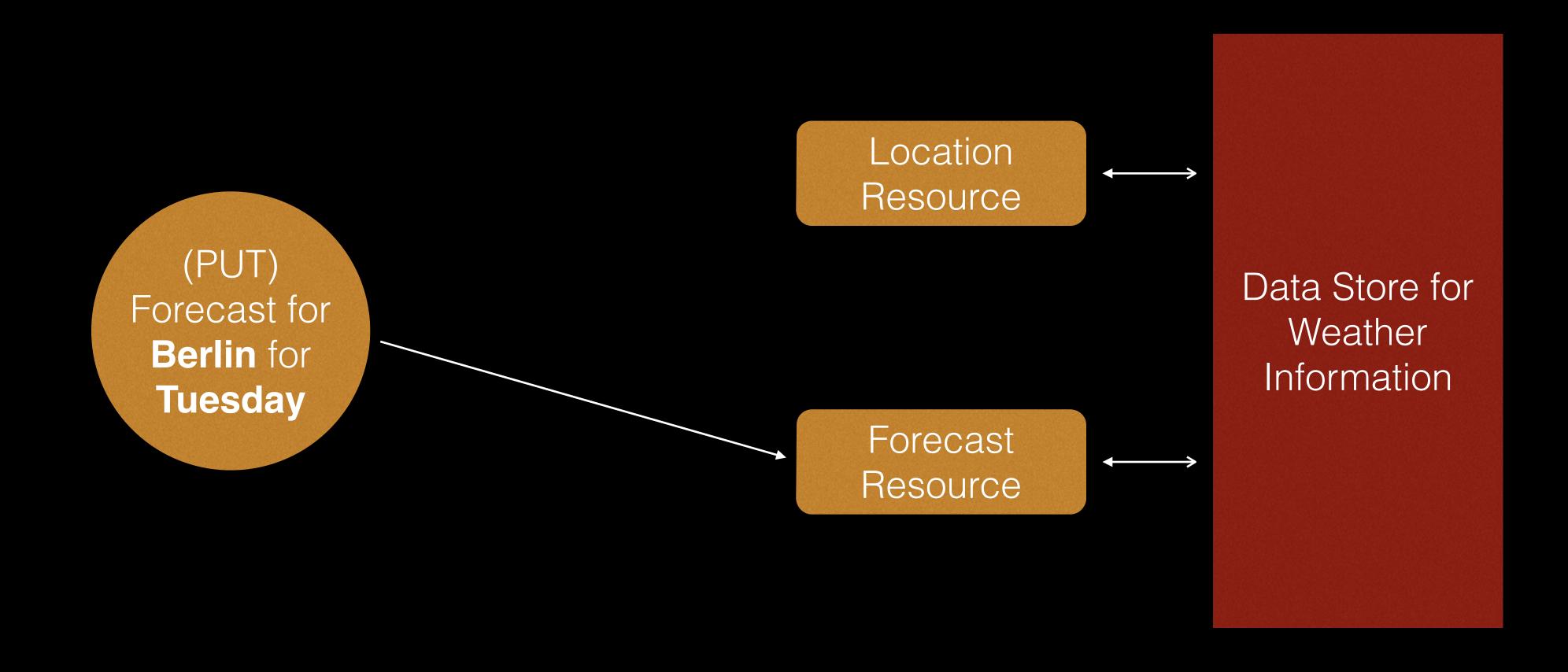
- Single Responsibility = A Case for Coupling and Cohesion
- How to measure and evaluate cohesion?
- REACHABILITY
 - http://www.cs.colostate.edu/~bieman/Pubs/tse98.pdf
 - Or a **simple concept** of semi-connected graphs might suffice (cohesion is the inverse of semi-connected components).







Services abstraction: processes owning and exposing **resources** responding to **messages**

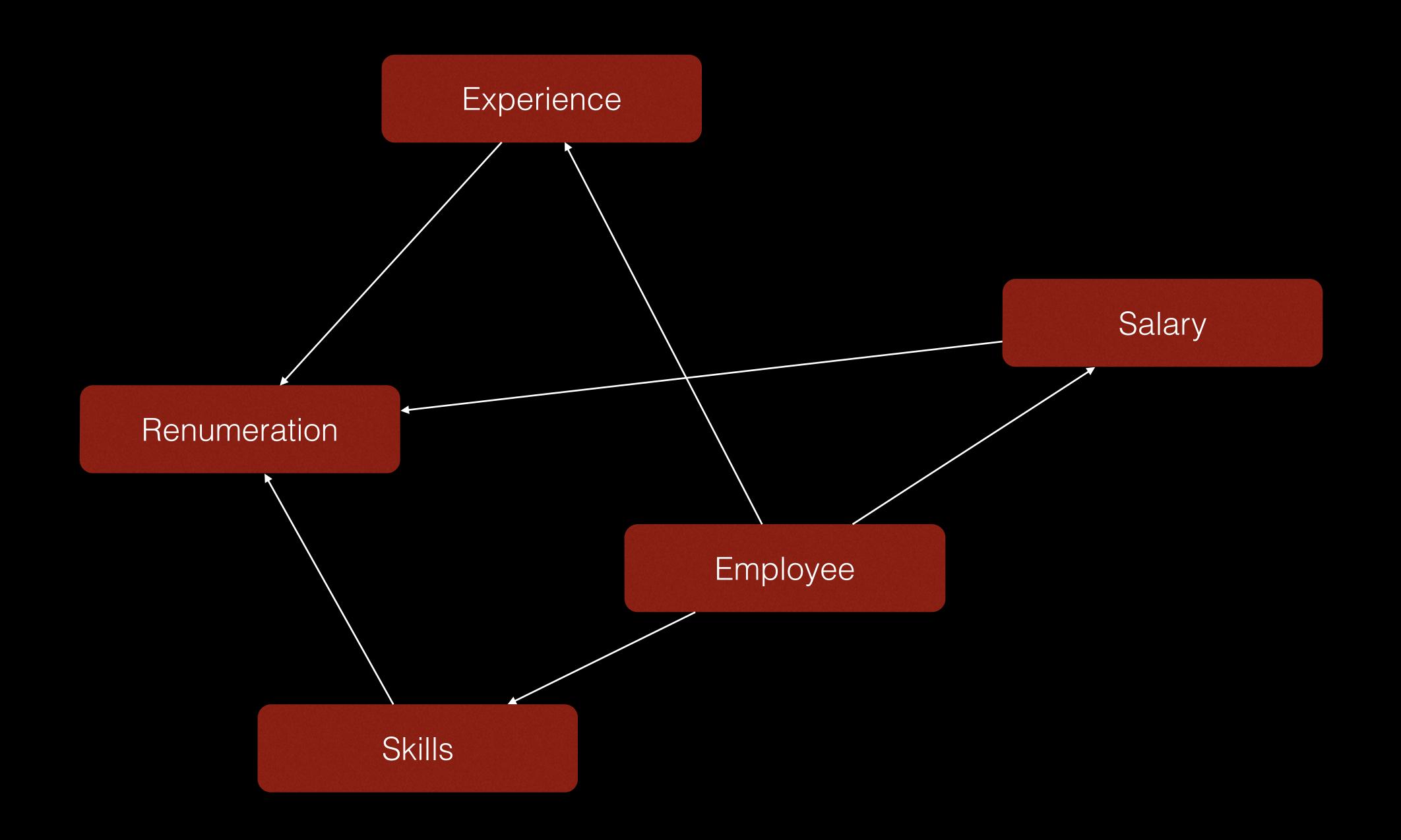


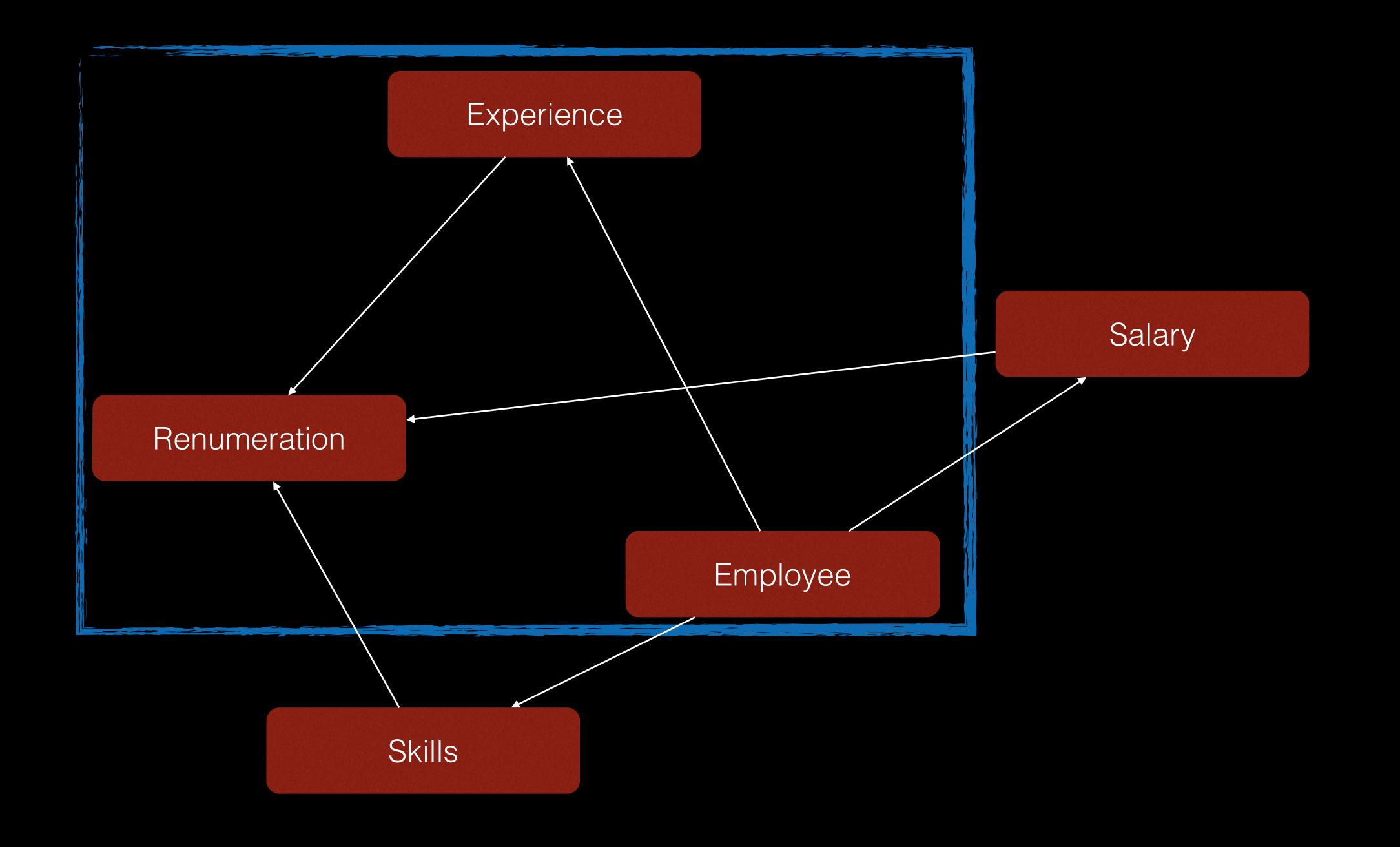
RESOURCE COHESION

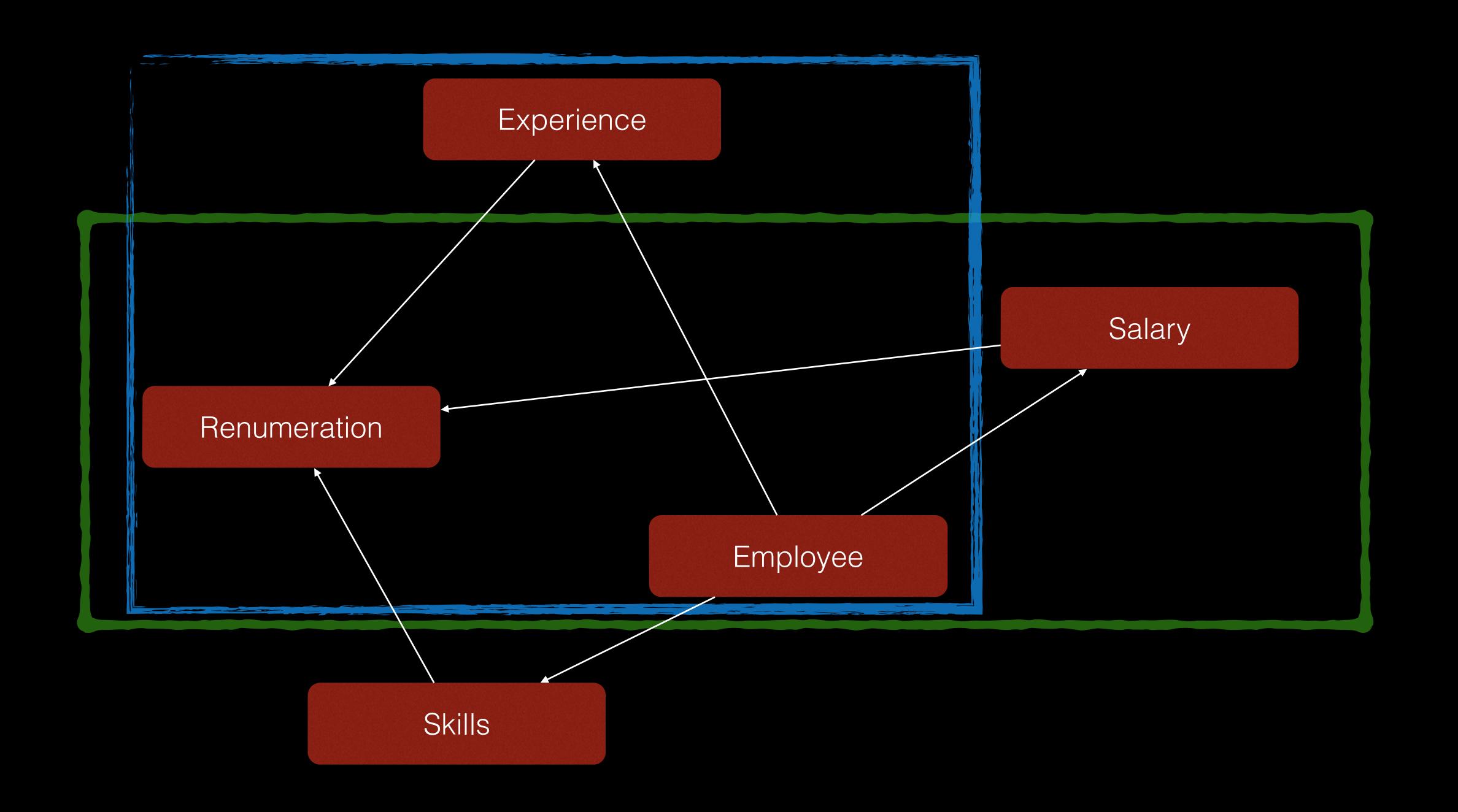
- There is a connection between resources iff...
 - There is a reference in a message directed at a resource (forecast refers to location).
- References induces edges in resource graph, then...
 - Cohesion is inverse to the number of semi-connected components.

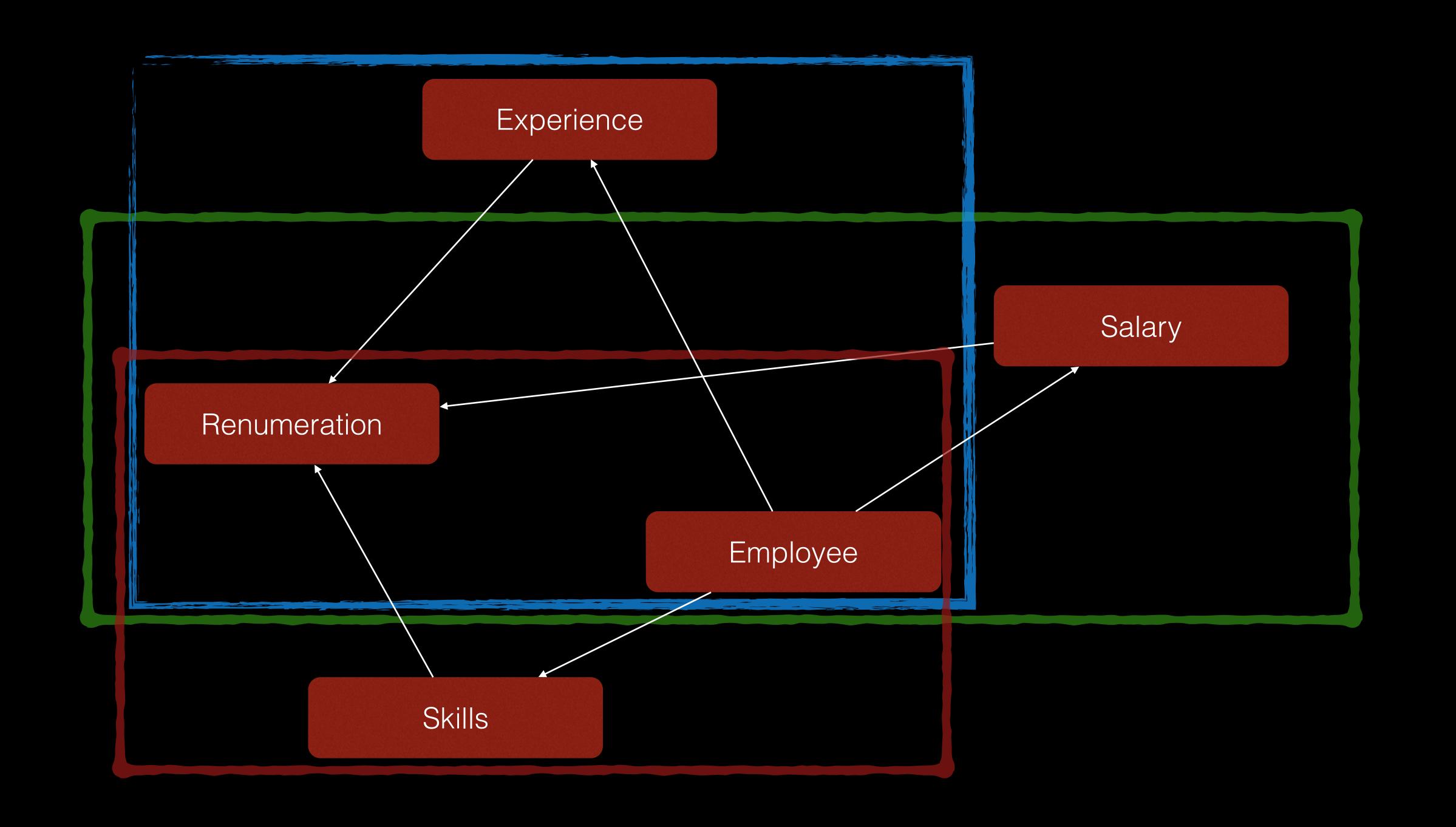
HR Module in ERP System

a trivial example



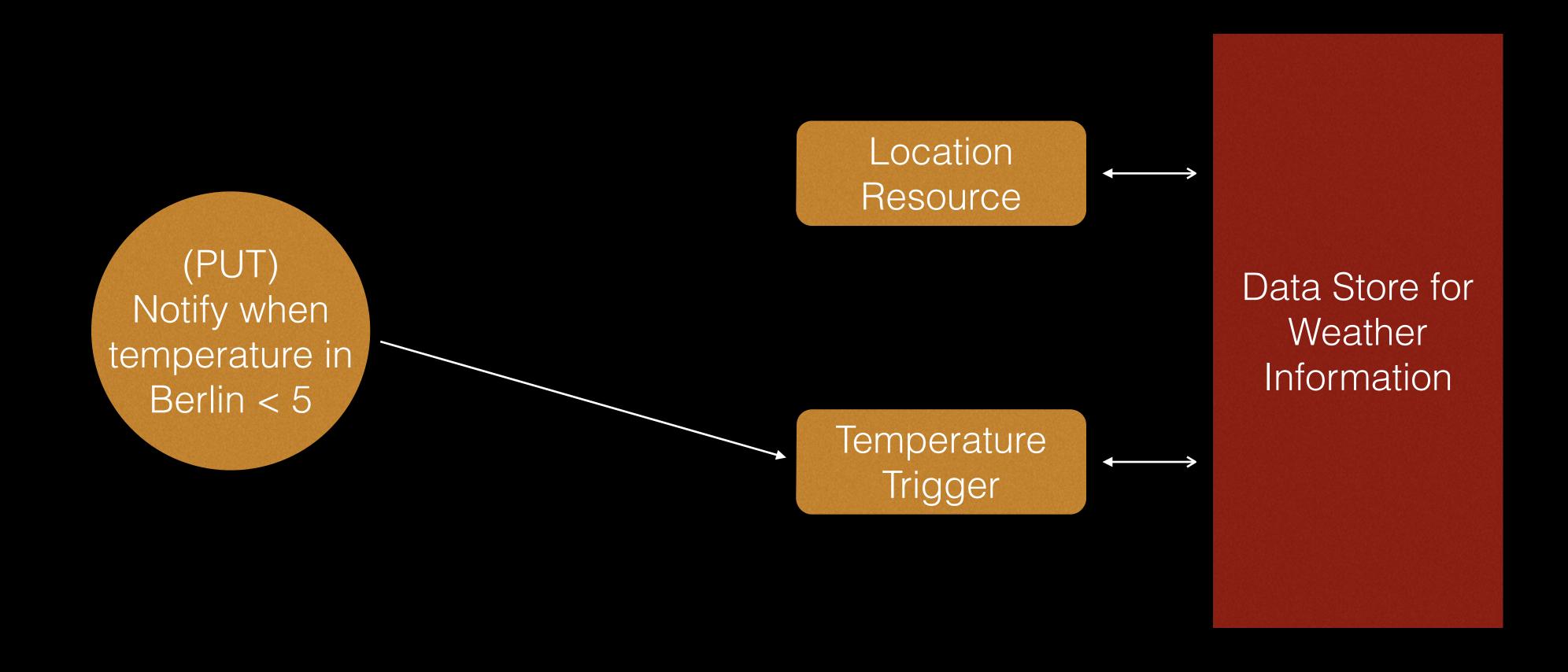




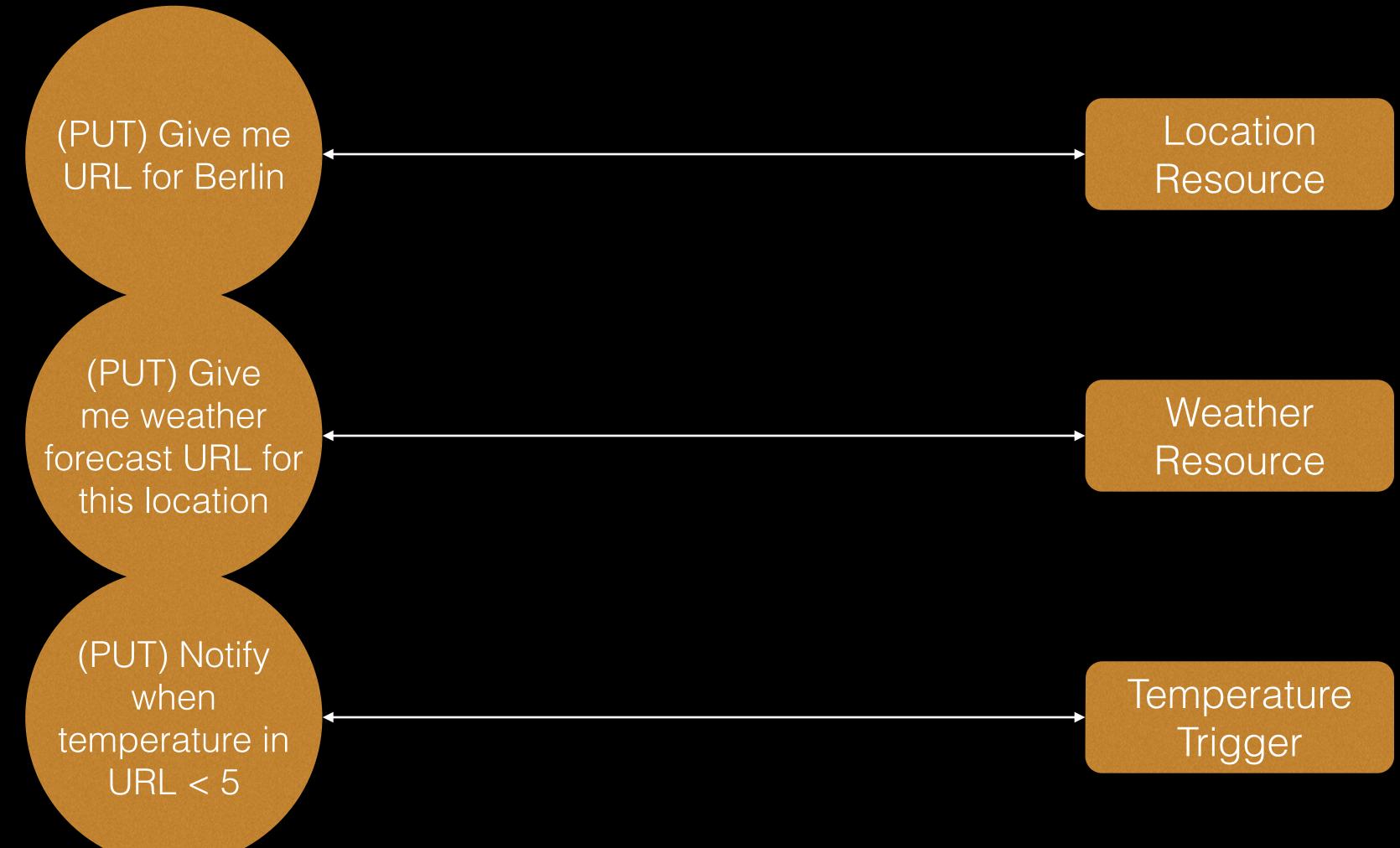


A Case for Dependency Inversion

A problem of **resource** dependencies can be resolved on resource level.



A problem of **resource** dependencies can be resolved on resource level.



- The issue of trust...
 - The fact that I trust the client does not mean that I trust whatever resource URL the client throws at me.
- The issue of availability...
 - What happens if the resource identified by the client is no longer available?
- The issue of interoperability...
 - Does the service identified by the client speaks my language? A need to for standard / conventional contracts arises (again).

Food for Thought

- Brown, Simon. Distributed big balls of mud (http://www.codingthearchitecture.com/2014/07/06/distributed_big_balls_of_mud.html)
- Meilir Page-Jones. Practical Guide to Structured Systems Design. Prentice-Hall. ISBN: 007-6092032779
- Yourdon, Edward; Constantine, Larry L. (1979) [1975]. Structured Design: Fundamentals of a Discipline of Computer Program and Systems Design. Yourdon Press. ISBN 0-13-854471-9
- Gilb, Tom (2005). Competitive Engineering. Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann. ISBN 0-7506-6507-6.
- Brown, Simon. Software Architecture for Developers. https://leanpub.com/software-architecture-for-developers

Principles over Patterns

(and definitely much less buzzwords)

THANK YOU!