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§ 4.6 常返态的判别

主讲: 王湘君



#### 首次进入分解定理





引理4.6.1 对
$$i,j \in I$$
,  $p_{ij}^{(n)} = \sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{ij}^{(k)} p_{jj}^{(n-k)}$ . (4.6.1)



$$p_{ij}^{(n)} = P(X_{m+n} = j | X_m = i) = P(X_{m+n} = j, T_{ij} \le n | X_m = i)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{n} P(X_{m+n} = j, T_{ij} = k | X_m = i)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{n} P(T_{ij} = k | X_m = i) P(X_{m+n} = j | X_m = i, T_{ij} = k)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{ij}^{(k)} P(X_{m+n} = j | X_m = i, X_{m+1} \ne j, \dots, X_{m+k-1} \ne j, X_{m+k} = j)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{ij}^{(k)} P(X_{m+n} = j | X_{m+k} = j) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{ij}^{(k)} p_{jj}^{(n-k)}.$$



### 常返与非常返的判别准则





定理5.3.6 对任意 $i \in I$ , i常返的充要条件是  $\sum p_{ii}^{(n)} = +\infty$ .

$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} p_{ii}^{(n)} = +\infty.$$

证 明 在(5.3.1)中,取i = j,并对n从1到N求和,有

$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)} = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{ii}^{(k)} p_{ii}^{(n-k)} ,$$

交换求和次序,有

$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)} = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \sum_{n=k}^{N} f_{ii}^{(k)} p_{ii}^{(n-k)}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} \int_{a_{i}(k)} \sum_{n=k}^{N-k} f_{ii}^{(n-k)} \sum_{n=k}^{N-k} f_{ii}^{(n$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left( f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N-k} p_{ii}^{(m)} \right).$$

(4.6.2)



#### 充分性



若
$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} p_{ii}^{(n)} = +\infty$$
,由(4.6.2),

$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)} = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left( f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N-k} p_{ii}^{(m)} \right)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)} \le \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left( f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N} p_{ii}^{(m)} \right) = \sum_{k=1}^{N} f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N} p_{ii}^{(m)},$$

所以,

$$\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)}}{1 + \sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)}} \le \sum_{k=1}^{N} f_{ii}^{(k)},$$

 $令N \to +∞,有$ 

$$\sum_{k=1}^{+\infty} f_{ii}^{(k)} = 1.$$



### 必要性



若 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} p_{ii}^{(n)} = \alpha < +\infty$$
,由(4.6.2), 取 $N' < N$ ,有 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} p_{ii}^{(n)} = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left( f_{ik}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N-k} p_{ii}^{(m)} \right)$$
 
$$\geq \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left( f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N-k} p_{ii}^{(m)} \right)$$
 
$$\geq \sum_{k=1}^{N'} \left( f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N-N'} p_{ii}^{(m)} \right)$$
 
$$= \sum_{k=1}^{N'} f_{ii}^{(k)} \sum_{m=0}^{N-N'} p_{ii}^{(m)}$$
,

先令
$$N \to +\infty$$
,有 $\frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha} \ge \sum_{k=1}^{N'} f_{ii}^{(k)}$ ,



### 关于判别准则的说明



#### 定义

$$I_n(i) = \begin{cases} 1, & X_n = i, \\ 0, & X_n \neq i, \end{cases} \quad S(i) = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} I_n(i),$$

$$E(S(i)|X_0 = i) = \sum_{\substack{n=0\\+\infty\\+\infty}}^{+\infty} E(I_n(i)|X_0 = i)$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{n=0\\+\infty\\+\infty}}^{+\infty} P(X_n = i|X_0 = i)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} p_{ii}^{(n)}.$$



## 9 作业





#### 证明

若i为非常返态,

$$\sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} p_{ii}^{(n)} = \frac{1}{1 - f_{ii}}$$



# 谢谢斯