



# Image Super Resolution



## Group 8

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# Our Mission

Create an mobile AI program that can enhance the resolution of blurry and low-resolution images



# Functionality

## Efficiency

- Running Time
  - Feature Construction
  - Train
  - Super Resolution

## Performance

- PSNR

$$PSNR = 20 \log_{10}(MAX_I) - 10 \log_{10}(MSE)$$



# Our Approach

## Baseline Model

- Feature
- Cross Validation
- Training
- Super Resolution
  - **Vectorization**
  - **Parallelization**



## Improved Model

- Feature
  - **Key point detection**
- Cross Validation
  - **Label Information**
- Training
- Super Resolution



# Data

**Train**  
**1200**

**Test**  
**300**



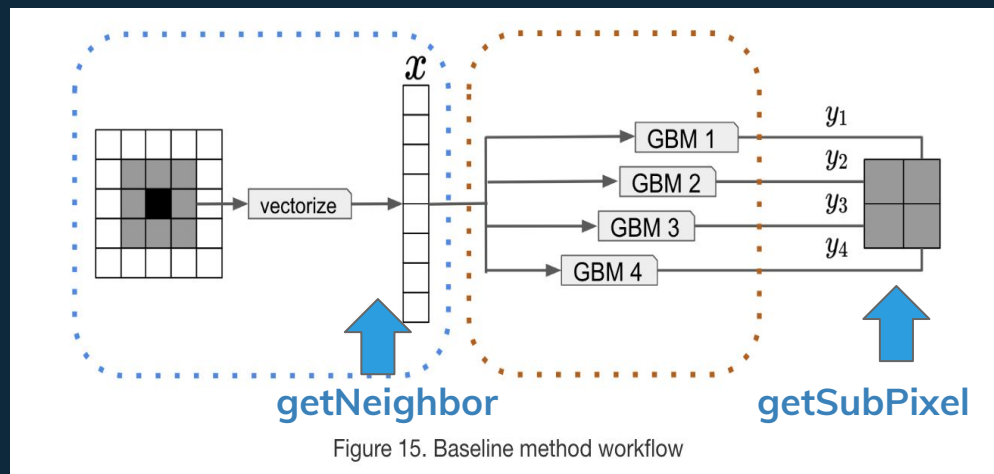
A decorative pattern of hexagons in various shades of blue and cyan on the left side of the slide. Some hexagons contain icons: a lightbulb, a thumbs up, a smartphone, a magnifying glass, and a gear. A large cyan hexagon in the center of this pattern contains the number '1'.

1

# Baseline Model

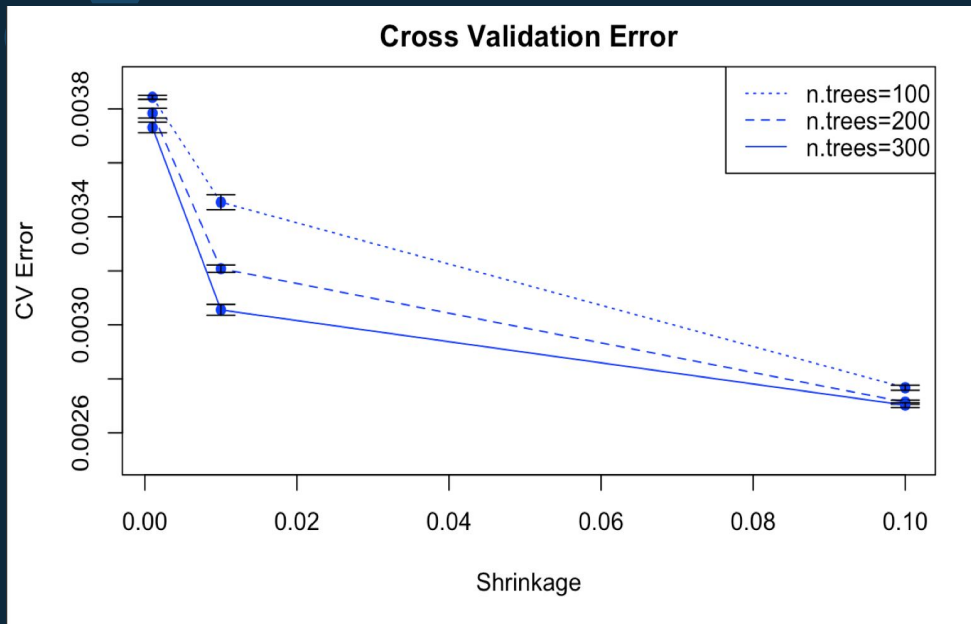
**Boosted Decision Stumps - GBM**

# Feature Construction



- **Uniformly** sample 1000 points
- Zero Padding
- Two helper functions **apply** on sampled points
  - getNeighbor
  - getSubPixel

# Cross Validation



- Method
  - Five-Fold Cross Validation
- Tuning Parameters
  - Shrinkage
  - Number of trees
- One Standard Error Rule
  - **Shrinkage = 0.1**
  - **Number of trees = 200**



# Train & Super Resolution

## Parallelization

- Fitting and prediction on 12 models (4 sub pixels \* 3 channels )
- Super Resolution on test images
- Packages: doMC, plyr

## Vectorization

- Recover 3D array of generated HR images

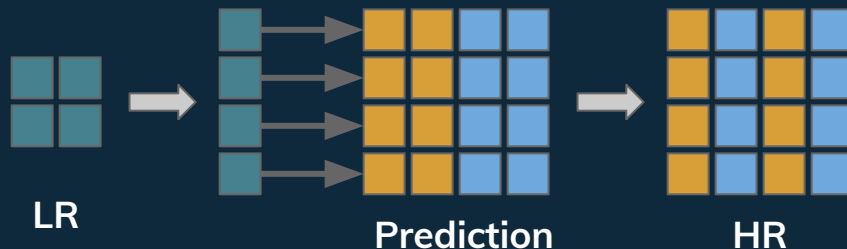


Figure: A Simple Illustration of Vectorization




# Model Evaluation

## Running Time

	Feature	Training	Super Resolution
Total Time (s)	172	1157	467
Time Per Image (s)	0.14	0.96	1.56

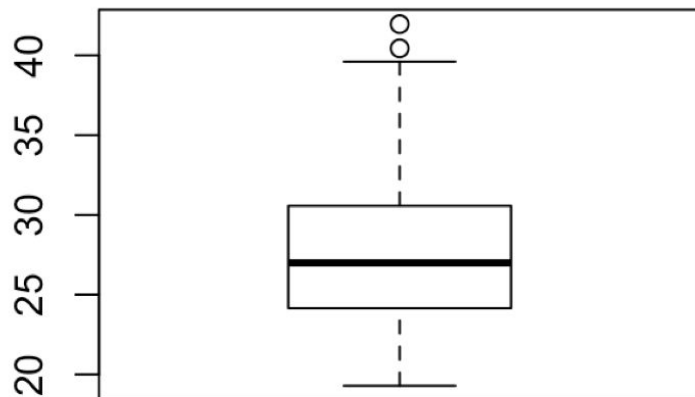
\* Time may vary on different computers



# Model Evaluation

## Performance

**boxplot of test PSNR**



Min	19.29
Mean	27.68
Max	41.95



# Example

PSNR=31.15



True Image



Baseline Model



# Example

PSNR=36.35



True Image



Baseline Model



How to Improve?



# Key Point Detection

## Shannon's Sampling Theorem

For better sampling efficiency, we should have a higher sample rate for high frequency signals, where color changes drastically.

## Feature Construction

Uniformly Sample 1000 Points  $\longrightarrow$  Sampling with Weights



# Example



Figure: Squared Error (GBM)

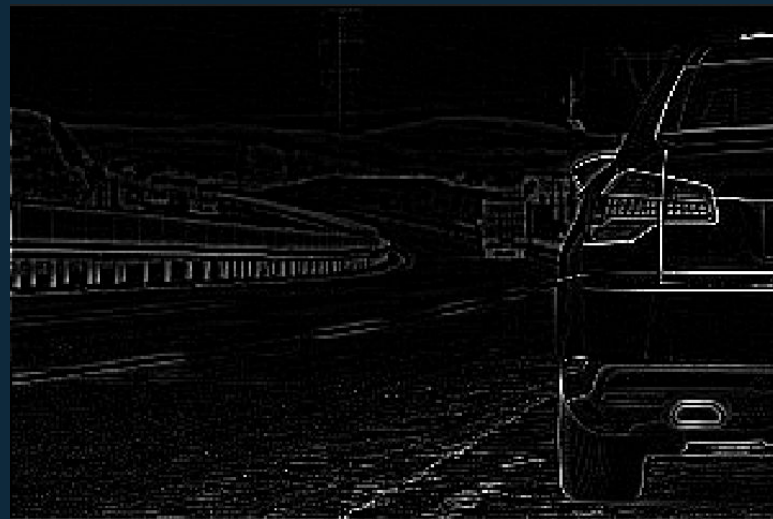


Figure: High Pass Laplacian Filter



# Example

Larger Pixel Value  $\rightarrow$  Higher Probability in Sampling

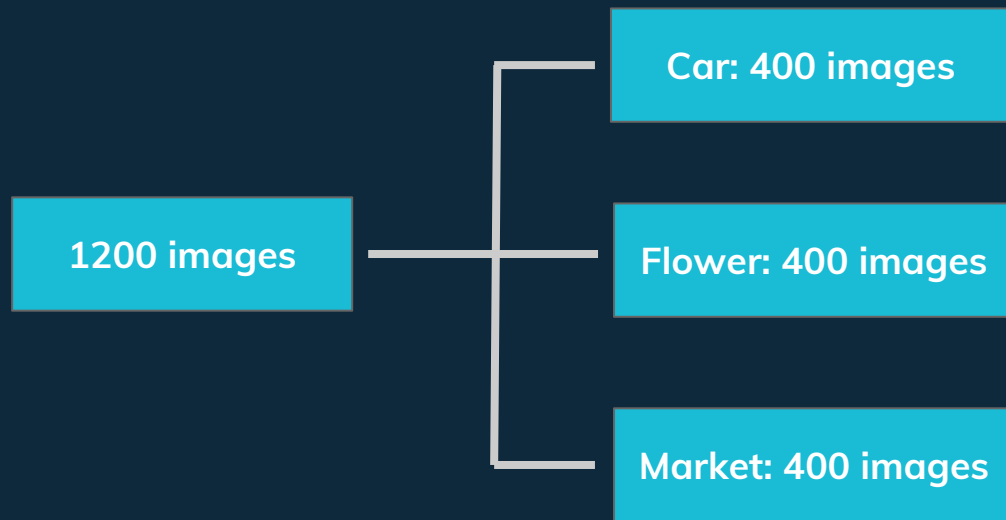


Figure: Squared Error (GBM)



Figure: High Pass Laplacian Filter

# Label Information



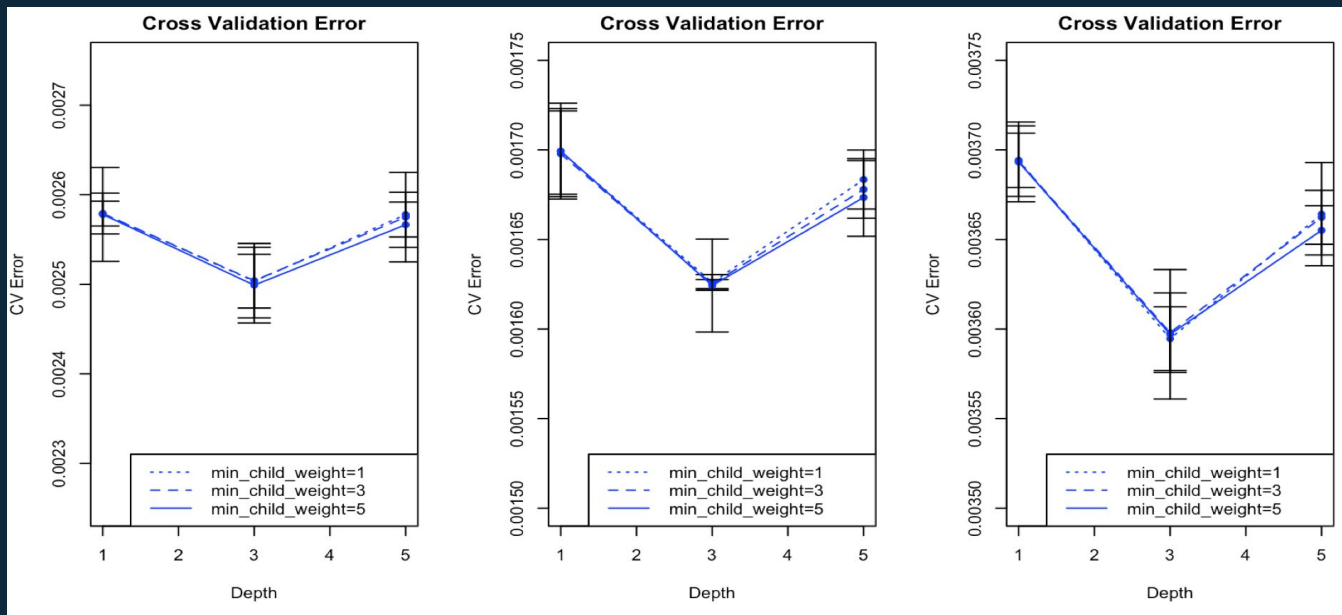
A decorative pattern of hexagons in various shades of blue and cyan. Some hexagons contain icons: a lightbulb, a thumbs up, a smartphone, a magnifying glass, and a gear. A network of dots is also visible on the left side.

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# Improved Model

**Gradient Boosting - XGBoost**

# Cross Validation



Car  
depth=3  
weight=5

Flower  
depth=3  
weight=5

Market  
depth=3  
weight=1



# Model Evaluation

## Running Time

	Feature	Training	Super Resolution
Total Time (s)	315	1293	767
Time Per Image (s)	0.26	1.07	2.55

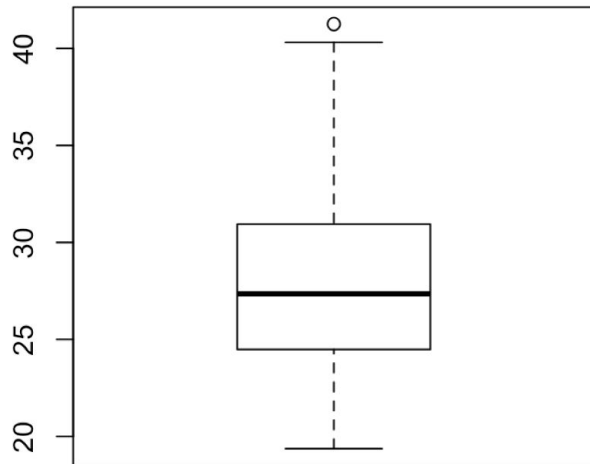
\* Time may vary on different computers



# Model Evaluation

PSNR

boxplot of test PSNR



	Overall	Car	Flower	Market
Min	<b>19.37</b>	19.81	22.15	19.37
Mean	<b>27.98</b>	28.25	30.23	25.44
Max	<b>41.25</b>	41.25	38.22	37.93

# Example

PSNR=33.04



Improved Model

PSNR=32.14



Baseline Model



# Example

PSNR=36.33



Improved Model

PSNR=34.70



Baseline Model







# Model Comparison

	Baseline Model	Improved Model
Time for Feature Construction	172	315
Time for Training	1157	1293
Time for Super Resolution	467	767
Average Test PSNR	27.68	27.98
Average PSNR by Class	28.07 / 29.72 / 25.24	28.25 / 30.23 / 25.44



# Application

- ◇ Scanned Old Photos
- ◇ Medical Diagnosis
- ◇ Video Surveillance
- ◇ Zoom in with more details



# Thanks!

**Any questions?**

