#### main

Group4 4/9/2018

#### Step 0: Load the packages

```
#if (!require("")) install.packages("")
#default the wd to the fold this rmd file exists
```

#### Step 1: Load and process the data

```
MS_train <- read.csv("../data/data_sample/MS_sample/data_train.csv")
MS_test <- read.csv("../data/data_sample/MS_sample/data_test.csv")
movie_train <- read.csv("../data/data_sample/eachmovie_sample/data_train.csv")
movie_test <- read.csv("../data/data_sample/eachmovie_sample/data_test.csv")</pre>
```

#### Step 2: Transformation

Convert the original dataset to a matrix which rows represents users and columns represents items For dataset 1 (MS), we assign 0 to those items which users never visited. For dataset 2 (Movie), we assign NA to those items which users never rated.

```
source("../lib/MemoryBased.R")

MS_train <- Transform_ms(MS_train)

MS_test <- Transform_ms(MS_test)

# save(MS_train, file = "../output/MS_train.RData")

# save(MS_test, file = "../output/MS_test.RData")

movie_train <- Transform_m(movie_train)
movie_test <- Transform_m(movie_test)

# save(movie_train, file = "../output/movie_train.RData")

# save(movie_test, file = "../output/movie_test.RData")</pre>
```

### **Memory-based Algorithm**

#### Step 3 : Similarity Weight

Pearson Correlation & Mean-square-difference & SimRank

```
load("../output/MS train.RData")
load("../output/MS test.RData")
load("../output/movie train.RData")
load("../output/movie test.RData")
#For dataset 1 (MS)
#Pearson Correlation
#ms pc <- pearson corr(MS train)
#save(ms pc, file = "ms pc.RData")
#Mean-square-difference
#ms msd <- MSD Weight(MS train)</pre>
#save(ms msd, file = "../output/ms msd.RData")
#SimRank
#ms sr <- simrank(MS train)
#save(ms sr, file = "../output/simrank MS train.RData")
#For dataset 2 (Movie)
#Pearson Correlation
#movie_pc <- pearson_corr(movie_train)</pre>
#save(movie_pc, file = "movie_pc.RData")
#Mean-square-difference
#movie msd <- MSD Weight(movie train)</pre>
#save(movie msd, file = "../output/movie msd.RData")
```

## No Variance Weighting Step 4: Selecting Neighbors

```
# Implementation on Dataset 1

# MSD + WT
# ms_msd_wt <- corr_thresh(ms_msd, 0.5)
# save(ms_msd_wt, file = "../output/ms_msd_wt.RData")

# MSD + BNN
# ms_msd_bnn <- Select_BNN(ms_msd, 20)
# save(ms_msd_bnn, file = "../output/ms_msd_bnn.RData")

# MSD + combine
# ms_msd_combine <- corr_thresh(ms_msd, 0.5)</pre>
```

```
# save(ms_msd_combine, file = "../output/ms_msd_combine.RData")
\# PC + WT
# ms_pc_wt <- corr_thresh(ms_pc, 0.5)</pre>
# save(ms pc wt, file = "../output/ms pc wt.RData")
\# PC + BNN
# ms_pc_bnn <- Select_BNN(ms_pc, 20)</pre>
# save(ms_pc_bnn, file = "../output/ms_pc_bnn.RData")
# PC + combine
# ms pc combine <- combine(ms pc, 0.005, 20)</pre>
# save(ms_pc_combine, file = "../output/ms_pc_combine.RData")
# Simrank + WT
# ms sr wt <- corr thresh(ms sr, 0.5)</pre>
# save(ms_sr_wt, file = "../output/ms_pc_wt.RData")
# Simrank + BNN
# ms sr bnn <- Select BNN(ms sr, 20)
# save(ms sr bnn, file = "../output/ms sr bnn.RData")
# Simrank + combine
# ms sr combine <- combine(ms sr, 0.005, 20)</pre>
# save(ms sr combine, file = "../output/ms sr combine.RData")
# Implementation on Dataset 2
# MSD + WT
# movie msd wt <- corr thresh(movie msd, 0.5)</pre>
# save(movie_msd_wt, file = "../output/movie_msd_wt.RData")
# MSD + BNN
# movie_msd_bnn <- Select_BNN(movie_msd, 20)</pre>
# save(movie_msd_bnn, file = "../output/movie_msd_bnn.RData")
# MSD + combine
# movie msd combine <- combine(movie msd, 0.005, 20)</pre>
# save(movie_msd_combine, file = "../output/movie_msd_combine.RData")
\# PC + WT
# movie_pc_wt <- corr_thresh(movie_pc, 0.5)</pre>
# save(movie_pc_wt, file = "../output/movie_pc_wt.RData")
# PC + BNN
```

```
# movie_pc_bnn <- corr_thresh(movie_pc, 0.5)
# save(movie_pc_bnn, file = "../output/movie_pc_bnn.RData")

# PC + combine
# movie_pc_combine <- combine(movie_pc, 0.005, 20)
# save(movie_pc_combine, file = "../output/movie_pc_combine.RData")</pre>
```

#### Step 5: Prediction

```
# Implementation on Dataset 1
# MSD + WT
# pred ms msd wt <- avg dev pred(MS train, MS test, ms msd, ms msd wt)</pre>
# MSD + BNN
# ZScore_ms_msd_bnn<- ZScore_Mat(ms_msd, ms_msd_bnn, MS_train, MS_test)</pre>
# MSD + combine
# pred_ms_msd_combine <- avg_dev_pred(MS_train,MS_test,ms_msd, ms_msd_combine)</pre>
\# PC + WT
# pred ms pc wt <- avg dev pred(MS train, MS test, ms pc, ms pc wt)</pre>
\# PC + BNN
# ZScore_ms_pc_bnn<- ZScore_Mat(ms_pc, ms_pc_bnn, MS_train, MS_test)</pre>
# PC + combine
# pred ms pc combine <- avg dev pred(MS train, MS test, ms pc, ms pc combine)</pre>
# Simrank + WT
# pred ms sr wt <- avg dev pred(MS train, MS test, ms sr, ms sr wt)</pre>
# Simrank + BNN
# ZScore ms sr bnn<- ZScore Mat(ms sr, ms sr bnn, MS train, MS test)
# Simrank + combine
# pred_ms_sr_combine <- avg_dev_pred(MS_train,MS_test, ms_sr, ms_sr_combine)</pre>
# Implementation on Dataset 2
# MSD + WT
# pred_movie_msd_wt <- avg_dev_pred(movie_train,movie_test,movie_msd, movie_msd_wt)</pre>
# MSD + BNN
# ZScore_movie_msd_bnn<- ZScore_Mat(movie_msd, movie_msd_bnn, movie_train, movie_test
```

```
# MSD + combine
# pred_movie_msd_combine <- avg_dev_pred(movie_train,movie_test,movie_msd, movie_msd_
combine)

# PC + WT
# pred_movie_pc_wt <- avg_dev_pred(movie_train,movie_test,movie_pc, movie_pc_wt)

# PC + BNN
# ZScore_movie_pc_bnn<- ZScore_Mat(movie_pc, movie_pc_bnn, movie_train, movie_test)

# PC + combine
# pred_movie_pc_combine <- avg_dev_pred(movie_train,movie_test,movie_pc, movie_pc_combine)</pre>
```

#### Step 6: Valuation

```
# Implementation on Dataset 1: ranked scoring
# MSD + WT
# ms msd wt RS <- Rank Score(pred ms msd wt, MS test)
# save(ms msd wt RS, file = "../output/ms msd wt RS.RData")
# MSD + BNN
# ms msd bnn RS <- Rank Score(ZScore ms msd bnn, MS test)
# save(ms msd bnn RS, file = "../output/ms msd bnn RS.RData")
# MSD + combine
# ms msd combine RS <- Rank Score(pred ms msd combine, MS test)
# save(ms_msd_combine_RS, file = "../output/ms_msd_combine_RS.RData")
\# PC + WT
# ms_pc_wt_RS <- Rank_Score(pred_ms_pc_wt, MS_test)</pre>
# save(ms pc wt RS, file = "../output/ms pc wt RS.RData")
\# PC + BNN
# ms_pc_bnn_RS <- Rank_Score(ZScore_ms_pc_bnn, MS_test)</pre>
# save(ms_pc_bnn_RS, file = "../output/ms_pc_bnn_RS.RData")
# PC + combine
# ms pc_combine_RS <- Rank_Score(pred_ms_pc_combine, MS_test)</pre>
# save(ms_pc_combine_RS, file = "../output/ms_pc_combine_RS.RData")
# Simrank + WT
```

```
# ms sr wt RS <- Rank Score(pred ms sr wt, MS test)
# save(ms sr wt RS, file = "../output/ms sr wt RS.RData")
# Simrank + BNN
# ms sr bnn RS <- Rank Score(ZScore ms sr bnn, MS test)
# save(ms sr bnn RS, file = "../output/ms sr bnn RS.RData")
# Simrank + combine
# ms sr combine_RS <- Rank_Score(pred_ms_sr_combine, MS_test)</pre>
# save(ms_sr_combine_RS, file = "../output/ms_sr_combine_RS.RData")
# Implementation on Dataset 2: MAE
\# MSD + WT
# movie msd wt MAE <- MAE(pred movie msd wt, movie test)</pre>
# save(movie msd wt MAE, file = "../output/movie msd wt MAE.RData")
# MSD + BNN
# movie msd bnn MAE <- MAE(ZScore movie msd bnn, movie test)
# save(movie msd bnn MAE, file = "../output/movie msd bnn MAE.RData")
# MSD + combine
# movie msd combine MAE <- MAE(pred movie msd combine, movie test)
# save(movie msd combine MAE, file = "../output/movie msd combine MAE.RData")
\# PC + WT
# movie pc wt MAE <- MAE(pred movie pc wt, movie test)</pre>
# save(movie_pc_wt_MAE, file = "../output/movie_pc_wt_MAE.RData")
\# PC + BNN
# movie msd pc MAE <- MAE(ZScore movie pc bnn, movie test)</pre>
# save(movie msd pc MAE, file = "../output/movie msd pc MAE.RData")
# PC + combine
# movie_pc_combine_MAE <- MAE(pred_movie_pc_combine, movie_test)</pre>
# save(movie_pc_combine_MAE, file = "../output/movie_pc_combine_MAE.RData")
```

# Model-based Algorithm Step 3: Cluster Model

```
load("../output/movie_train.RData")
load("../output/movie_test.RData")
train <- movie_train</pre>
```

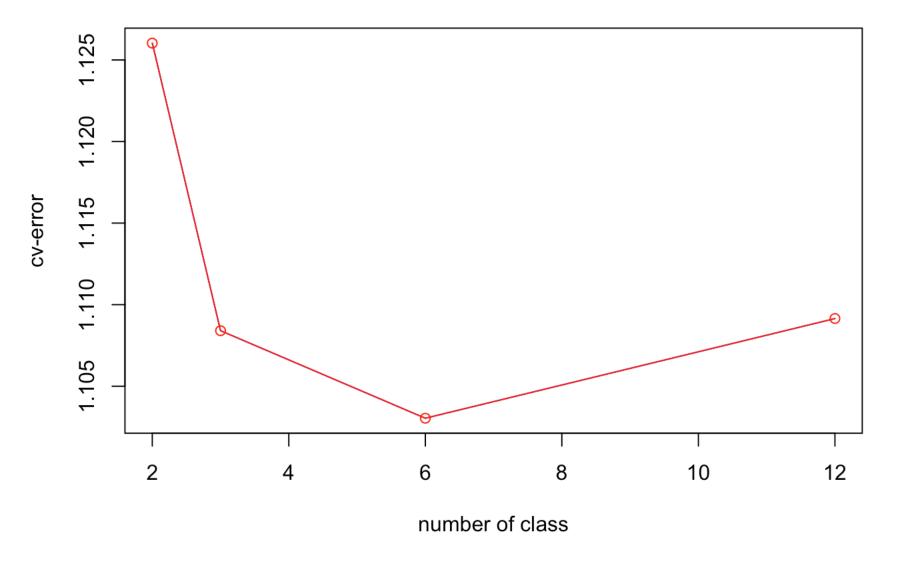
```
test <- movie_test</pre>
N <- nrow(train)</pre>
M <- ncol(train)</pre>
user <- rownames(train)</pre>
movie <- colnames(train)</pre>
### cluster model
em fun <- function(data, C, thres){</pre>
  #Input: train data, number of classes, threshold to determine convergence
  #Output: parameters for cluster models:
       mu: probability of belonging to class c, vector
  # gamma: probability of scores for a movie given the class, 3 dimentions
  #=========
  # Step 1 - initialization
  #=========
  set.seed(2)
  mu <- runif(C)</pre>
  mu <- mu/sum(mu)</pre>
  gamma <- array(NA,c(M,C,6)) #each matrix represents a class</pre>
  #the i,j-th element means the probability of rating jth movie with score i in the c
lass
  for(m in 1:M){
    for(c in 1:C){
      gamma[m,c,] <- runif(6)</pre>
      gamma[m,c,] <- gamma[m,c,]/sum(gamma[m,c,])</pre>
    }
  }
  v \leftarrow array(0, c(M,N,7))
  for(k in 1:6){
    v[,,k] \leftarrow ifelse(t(data)==(k-1), 1, 0)
    v[,,k] \leftarrow ifelse(is.na(v[,,k]), 0, v[,,k])
    v[,,7] \leftarrow v[,,7] + v[,,k]
  }
  mu new <- mu
  gamma new <- gamma
  ## Iterations based on the stop criterion
  thres1 <- 1000
  thres2 <- 1000
  thres1 new <- 0
  thres2 new <- 0
  count <- 0
```

```
while((thres1>thres|thres2>thres)&(abs(thres1-thres1 new)>thres|abs(thres2-thres2 n
ew)>thres))
  {
   count <- count + 1</pre>
   print(paste0("iteration = ", count))
   thres1 new <- thres1
   thres2 new <- thres2
   mu <- mu new
    gamma <- gamma new
    #=========
    # Step 2 - Expectation
    #=========
    #expectation pi with rows meaning classes and columns meaning users
   phi <- matrix(0, C, N)</pre>
    for(k in 1:6){
      phi <- phi + t(log(gamma[,,k]))%*%v[,,k]</pre>
    }
   phi <- phi-rep(colMeans(phi),each=C)</pre>
    for(c in 1:C){
      phi[c,] \leftarrow mu[c]*exp(phi)[c,]
    }
   phi <- ifelse(phi == rep(colSums(phi),each=C), 1, phi/rep(colSums(phi), each=C))</pre>
    #=========
    # Step 3 - Maximization
    #=========
   mu new <- rowSums(phi)/N #update mu vector</pre>
    for(k in 1:6){
      gamma_new[,,k] \leftarrow v[,,k]%*%t(phi)/v[,,7]%*%t(phi) #update gamma
    }
    gamma new[gamma new == 0] <- 10^{(-100)}
    if(sum(is.na(gamma_new)) != 0){
      is_zero <- which(is.na(gamma_new))</pre>
      gamma new[is zero] <- rep(1/6, length(is zero))</pre>
    }
    ## Check convergence
    thres1 <- mean(abs(mu new - mu)) #mean absolute difference of mu
    thres2 <-0
    for(c in 1:C){
      thres2 <- max(thres2, norm(as.matrix(gamma_new[,c,] - gamma[,c,]), "O"))
    }
```

```
print(paste0("threshold1 = ", thres1, " threshold2 = ", thres2))
  }
  return(list(mu = mu, gamma = gamma))
}
#predict score estimate function
cm predict <- function(train df, test df, par){</pre>
  set.seed(2)
  mu <- par$mu
  gamma <- par$gamma
  C <- length(mu)</pre>
  v \leftarrow array(0, c(M,N,7))
  for(k in 1:6){
    v[,,k] \leftarrow ifelse(t(train df)==(k-1), 1, 0)
    v[,,k] \leftarrow ifelse(is.na(v[,,k]),0,v[,,k])
  }
  v[,,7] \leftarrow ifelse(!is.na(t(test df)), 1, 0)
  ##using Naive Bayes formula
  prob \leq array(0,c(N,M,7))
  prob_mu <- matrix(mu, N, C, byrow = TRUE)</pre>
  phi <- matrix(0, C, N)</pre>
  for(k in 1:6){
    phi <- phi + t(log(gamma[,,k]))%*%v[,,k]</pre>
  }
  phi <- exp(phi)</pre>
  den <- matrix(diag(prob mu%*%phi), N, M, byrow=FALSE)</pre>
  #denominater in equation (2) of cluster model notes
  for(k in 1:6){
    print(paste0("k = ", k))
    num <- (t(phi)*prob mu)%*%t(gamma[,,k]) #numerator in equation (2) of cluster mod
    prob[,,k] <- ifelse(num==den & num == 0, runif(1)/6, num/den)</pre>
    prob[,,7] <- prob[,,7] + k*prob[,,k]</pre>
  return(prob[,,7]*t(v[,,7]))
}
### 5-fold cross validation to find best class number C among c list(2,3,6,12)
set.seed(2)
K < -5
n <- ncol(train)</pre>
```

```
m <- nrow(train)</pre>
n.fold <- floor(n/K)</pre>
m.fold <- floor(m/K)</pre>
s \leftarrow sample(rep(1:K, c(rep(n.fold, K-1), n-(K-1)*n.fold)))
s1 \leftarrow sample(rep(1:K, c(rep(m.fold, K-1), m-(K-1)*m.fold)))
c list <- c(2,3,6,12)
validation error <- matrix(NA, K, length(c list))</pre>
train data <- data.frame(matrix(NA, N, M))</pre>
colnames(train data) <- movie</pre>
rownames(train data) <- user
test data <- data.frame(matrix(NA, N, M))</pre>
colnames(test data) <- movie</pre>
rownames(test data) <- user</pre>
#cv 5 folds
#calculate cv error
cv fun <- function(train data, test data){</pre>
for(i in 1:K){
  train data[s1 != i, ] <- train[s1 != i, ]
  train data[s1 == i, s != i] <- train[s1==i, s != i]
  test data[s1 == i,s == i] <- train[s1 == i ,s == i]
  #write.csv(train data,paste0("../output/cluster model subtrain.csv"))
  #write.csv(test_data,paste0("../output/cluster_model_validation.csv"))
  estimate_data <- test_data</pre>
  for(c in 1:length(c list)){
    cm par <- em fun(data = train data, C = c list[c], thres = 0.05)</pre>
    estimate data <- cm predict(train df = train data, test df = test data, par = cm
par)
    validation error[i,c] <- sum(abs(estimate data-test data),na.rm = T)/sum(!is.na(e)</pre>
stimate data-test data))
  }}
  return(validation_error)
  }
#validation error <- cv fun(train data,test data)</pre>
#save(validation_error, file=paste0("../output/validation_err.RData"))
# Cluster number comparism
load("../output/validation err.RData")
cv_error<-colMeans(validation_error)</pre>
# setwd("../figs/")
# jpeg(file=paste("cv_err",".jpg") )
```

```
plot(c_list,cv_error,xlab="number of class",ylab="cv-error",col="blue",type="1")
points(c_list,cv_error,col="red",type="o")
```



```
#dev.off()

class = c_list[which.min(cv_error)]
print(paste("Best class number is", class))
```

```
## [1] "Best class number is 6"
```

```
class <- 6
#best par <- em fun(data = train, C = class, thres = 0.01)</pre>
#save(best_par, file = "../output/best_par.RData")
load("../output/best par.RData")
###estimate scores
#estimate <- cm predict(train, test, best par)</pre>
#write.csv(estimate, paste0("../output/cluster model estimate.csv"))
estimate <- read.csv("../output/cluster model estimate.csv")</pre>
estimate <- estimate[,-1]</pre>
# MAE of EM algorithm
coltest <- colnames(test)</pre>
colnames(estimate) <- movie</pre>
coltest <- which(is.element(movie, coltest))</pre>
estimate <- estimate[,coltest]</pre>
MAE <- function(pred, true){</pre>
  mae <- sum(abs(pred-test),na.rm = T)/sum(!is.na(abs(pred-test)))</pre>
  return (mae)
}
error_em<- MAE(estimate,test)</pre>
error em
```

```
## [1] 2.803069
```