## GR5243 Project 4 Doubly Robust Estimations(Scaled)

## Group3 - Zi Fang

```
In [1]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import time
         from matplotlib import style
         from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
         from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         %matplotlib inline
         # set seed
         random_state = 2021
In [2]:
         lowdim_data = pd.read_csv('../data/lowDim_dataset.csv')
         highdim data = pd.read csv('../data/highDim dataset.csv')
In [3]:
         # function to scale the datasets
         def scaled data(data):
             x = data.drop(['A', 'Y'], axis = 1)
             y = data[["A"]]
             data columns = data.columns.drop(['Y','A'])
             x_scaled = StandardScaler().fit_transform(x)
             data scaled = pd.DataFrame(x scaled, index = data.index, columns = data columns)
             data_scaled['A'] = data['A']
             data_scaled['Y'] = data['Y']
             display(data_scaled.head())
             return data scaled
In [4]:
         # scale the high dimentional dataset
         highdim_scale_data = scaled_data(highdim_data)
```

```
V1
                   V2
                             V3
                                       V4
                                                 V5
                                                            V6
                                                                      V7
                                                                               V8
                                                                                         V9
0 -1.015114  0.482748  -1.161393  0.303352
                                           1.487812 -1.171070 -1.423520 1.686961
                                                                                    1.203321
                                                                                              0.382
1 -1.015114 -2.071474 -1.650640 -1.477143 -0.512424 -1.171070 0.204290 0.524392
                                                                                    1.203321
                                                                                              0.80
```

```
V1
                  V2
                                                                                     V9
                            V3
                                     V4
                                               V5
                                                         V6
                                                                  V7
                                                                           V8
2 -1.015114 -2.071474
                       0.795598 -1.922267 -0.876103 -0.415004
                                                            -0.880917 0.669713
                                                                                1.203321 -0.037
    0.985111 -2.071474 -1.324475 -1.477143 -1.239782
                                                  -1.171070
                                                            -0.700049
                                                                      0.698777
                                                                               -0.831034
                                                                                         -0.456
    0.214934
                                0.971038
                                                    0.492274
                                                             2.012968 0.756906
                                                                                1.203321
                                                                                         0.382
5 rows × 187 columns
 # scale the low dimentional dataset
 lowdim scale data = scaled data(lowdim data)
         V1
                  V2
                            V3
                                     V4
                                              V5
                                                        V6
                                                                 V7
                                                                           V8
                                                                                    V9
  -0.502205 -0.352816 -0.257883
                               -0.266592 -0.34195 -0.465776 -0.266412 -0.649809
                                                                               -0.35092 -0.1590
   -0.502205 -0.352816 -0.257883
                               -0.266592
                                         -0.34195 -0.465776 -0.266412
                                                                      1.034631
                                                                               -0.35092 -0.1590
   -0.502205
           -0.352816 -0.257883
                                -0.266592
                                         -0.34195 -0.465776 -0.266412
                                                                     -0.649809
                                                                               -0.35092 -0.1590
    3.441468
            -0.352816 -0.257883
                               -0.266592
                                         -0.34195 -0.465776 -0.266412
                                                                     -0.649809
                                                                               -0.35092 -0.1590
   -0.253654
            0.209949 -0.150877 -0.081459 -0.34195
                                                   0.445723
                                                            0.162041
                                                                      0.493204
                                                                                1.15826 -0.0714
5 rows × 24 columns
 def best_param(data, random_state, param_grid, cv=10):
     Purpose: to find the best parameter "C" (coefficient of regularization strength) fo
     Parameters:
     data - dataset to best tested on
     random_state - set seed
     param grid - set of parameter values to test on
     cv - number of folds for cross-validation
      . . .
     x = data.drop(['A', 'Y'], axis = 1)
     y = data[['A']].values.ravel()
     x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.25, random_st
     model cv = GridSearchCV(LogisticRegression(penalty='11',solver = 'liblinear'), para
     model_cv.fit(x_train, y_train)
     print("The best tuned coefficient of regularization strength is",model_cv.best_para
            "with a testing accuracy of", model_cv.score(x_test, y_test))
     return model cv.best params .get('C')
```

In [5]:

In [6]:

In [7]: def propensity\_score(data, C=0.1, plot = True):

```
Purpose: to estimate propensity score with L1 penalized logistic regression
              Parameters:
              data - dataset to estimate on
              C - coeficient of regularization strength
              plot - print out visualization to show distribution of propensity scores
              Returns:
              1. ps for Propensity Score
              2. Visualization plot to show distribution of propensity scores
              111
              T = 'A'
              Y = 'Y'
              X = data.columns.drop([T,Y])
              ps model = LogisticRegression(random state=random state, penalty='11',
                                            solver='liblinear').fit(data[X], data[T])
              ps = ps model.predict proba(data[X])[:,1] # we are interested in the probability of
              if plot:
                  df_plot = pd.DataFrame({'Treatment':data[T], 'Propensity Score':ps})
                  sns.histplot(data=df_plot, x = "Propensity Score", hue = "Treatment", element =
                  plt.title("Distribution of Propensity Score by Treatment Group", size=20)
                  plt.show()
              return ps
 In [8]:
          # setting parameters
          param grid = {"C":[0.01,0.05,0.1,0.3,0.5,0.7,1]}
        Low Dimensional Case
 In [9]:
          # use 10-fold cross-validation to tune for the best parameter for logistic regression
          DR low start = time.time()
          c_low = best_param(lowdim_scale_data, random_state=random_state, param_grid=param_grid)
         The best tuned coefficient of regularization strength is 0.3 with a testing accuracy of
         0.792
In [10]:
          # calculate propensity score for low dimensional case
          PS_low = propensity_score(lowdim_scale_data, C = c_low, plot = False)
In [11]:
          # reload data, add propensity score column and divide data into treat and control group
          lowdim_data_new = pd.read_csv('../data/lowDim_dataset.csv')
          lowdim_data_new['PS_low'] = pd.Series(PS_low, index=lowdim_data_new.index)
          lowdim_treat = lowdim_data[lowdim_data['A'] == 1].reset_index(drop = True)
          lowdim control = lowdim data[lowdim data['A'] == 0].reset index(drop = True)
In [12]:
         # fit regression models to treat and control group
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```
xlow_treat = lowdim_treat.drop(['A','Y'],axis=1)
                    ylow treat = lowdim treat['Y']
                    lr_low_treat = LinearRegression().fit(xlow_treat, ylow_treat)
                    xlow_control = lowdim_control.drop(['A','Y'],axis=1)
                    ylow_control = lowdim control['Y']
                    lr low control = LinearRegression().fit(xlow control, ylow control)
In [13]:
                    # make prediction based on trained models and construct a full dataset
                    xlow = lowdim_data_new.drop(['A','Y','PS_low'],axis=1)
                    lowdim data new['mtreat'] = lr low treat.predict(xlow)
                    lowdim data new['mcontrol'] = lr low control.predict(xlow)
In [14]:
                    # perform Doubly Robust Estimation algorithm
                    DR low 1 = 0
                    DR_low_0 = 0
                    for i in range(len(lowdim data new)):
                            DR_low_1 = DR_low_1 + (lowdim_data_new['A'][i] * lowdim_data_new['Y'][i] - (lowdim_
                            DR_low_0 = DR_low_0 + ((1-lowdim_data_new['A'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i] + (lowdim_data_new['Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i] + (lowdim_data_new['A'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i] + (lowdim_data_new['A'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i] + (lowdim_data_new['Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i] + (lowdim_data_new['Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new['Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new[Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new[Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new[Y'][i])* lowdim_data_new[Y'][i]* lowdim_data_new[Y'][i]
                    DR low ETA = (DR low 1 - DR low 0)/len(lowdim data new)
                    DR low accu = 1 - abs((DR low ETA - 2.0901)/2.0901)
                    DR low end = time.time()
                    DR low time = DR low end - DR low start
In [15]:
                    # print the ETA, accuracy and algorithm running time results
                    print(f'Doubly robust estimation method for low dimensional dataset:\n ETA = {DR low ET
                  Doubly robust estimation method for low dimensional dataset:
                    ETA = 2.085
                    Accuracy = 0.998
                    DR running time = 0.644
                 High Dimensional Case
In [16]:
                    # use 10-fold cross-validation to tune for the best parameter for logistic regression
                    DR_high_start = time.time()
                    c_high = best_param(highdim_scale_data, random_state=random_state, param_grid=param_gri
                  The best tuned coefficient of regularization strength is 0.05 with a testing accuracy of
                  0.716
In [17]:
                    # calculate propensity score for high dimensional case
                    PS_high = propensity_score(highdim_scale_data, C = c_high, plot = False)
In [18]:
                    # reload data, add propensity score column and divide data into treat and control group
                    highdim data new = pd.read csv('../data/highDim dataset.csv')
                    highdim_data_new['PS_high'] = pd.Series(PS_high, index=highdim_data.index)
                    highdim treat = highdim data[highdim data.A == 1].reset index(drop = True)
```

highdim\_control = highdim\_data[highdim\_data.A == 0].reset\_index(drop = True)

```
In [19]: | # fit regression model to treat and control group
          xhigh_treat = highdim_treat.drop(['A','Y'],axis=1)
          yhigh_treat = highdim_treat['Y']
          lr_high_treat = LinearRegression().fit(xhigh_treat, yhigh_treat)
          xhigh control = highdim control.drop(['A','Y'],axis=1)
          yhigh control = highdim control['Y']
          lr high control = LinearRegression().fit(xhigh control, yhigh control)
In [20]:
          # make prediction based on trained models and construct a full dataset
          xhigh = highdim data new.drop(['A','Y','PS high'],axis=1)
          highdim_data_new['mtreat'] = lr_high_treat.predict(xhigh)
          highdim_data_new['mcontrol'] = lr_high_control.predict(xhigh)
In [21]:
          # perform Doubly Robust Estimation algorithm
          DR high 1 = 0
          DR high 0 = 0
          for i in range(len(highdim_data_new)):
              DR_high_1 = DR_high_1 + (highdim_data_new['A'][i] * highdim_data_new['Y'][i] - (highligh_1)
              DR_high_0 = DR_high_0 + ((1-highdim_data_new['A'][i])* highdim_data_new['Y'][i] + (
          DR high ETA = (DR high 1 - DR high 0)/len(highdim data new)
          DR_high_accu = 1 - abs((DR_high_ETA - (-54.8558))/(-54.8558))
          DR high end = time.time()
          DR_high_time = DR_high_end - DR_high_start
In [22]:
          # print the ETA, accuracy and algorithm running time result
          print(f'Doubly robust estimation method for high dimensional dataset:\n ETA = {DR high
         Doubly robust estimation method for high dimensional dataset:
          ETA = -57.038
          Accuracy = 0.960
          DR running time = 15.592
```