

**The Ninth Grade Math Competition Class**  
**Base Numbers 1**  
**Anthony Wang**

1. What is the largest base 10 number that can be expressed as a three-digit base 5 number?

$$444_5 = 4 \cdot 5^2 + 4 \cdot 5^1 + 4 = 124_{10}$$

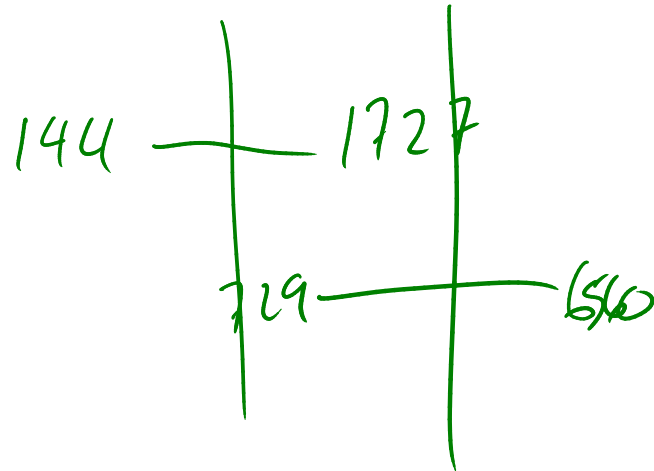
2. How many natural numbers require 3 digits when written in base 12, but require 4 digits when written in base 9?

$$100_{12} = 144$$

$$BBB_{12} = 1727$$

$$1000_9 = 729$$

$$8888_9 = 6560$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 1727 \\ - 729 \\ \hline 998 \end{array}$$

999

3. Given  $9^6 = 531441$ , how would you represent 531440 in base 9?

$$1,000,000_9$$

$$9^6 - 1 = 888888_9 \text{ in base } 9$$

$$1,000,000$$

$$10^6 - 1 = 999999 \text{ in base } 10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 888888_9 \\ \times 000001_9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

---


$$888888_9$$

- $$1992_{10} = 2201210_3$$
- $$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 6 & 0 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ , & 1 & 1 & , & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$$
- $$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 128$$
- 
- $$127$$

$$1992_{10} = 2201210_3$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 128$$

127

5. When written in base 3, a positive integer has two terminal zeros. When written in base 4 or base 5, this same integer has one terminal zero. In how many other positive integral bases greater than 1 must the representation of this integer have at least one terminal zero?

6. Find the  $100^{th}$  smallest positive integer that can be written using only the digits 1, 3, and 5 in base 7.

7. A number  $N$  has three digits when expressed in base 7. When  $N$  is expressed in base 9, the digits are reversed. Find the middle digit in either representation of  $N$ .