

Lab 4-2: OOP in PHP

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5.1. Prepare

Create Lab5 directory in the lab exercise project.

5.2. Constructor & Destructor

Step 1. Con_des.php

```
1 <?php
2 class BaseClass {
3     protected $name = "BaseClass";
4     function __construct() {
5         print("In " . $this->name . " constructor<br>");
6     }
7     function __destruct() {
8         print("Destroying " . $this->name . "<br>");
9     }
10 }
11 class SubClass extends BaseClass {
12     function __construct() {
13         $this->name = "SubClass";
14         parent::__construct();
15     }
16     function __destruct() {
17         parent::__destruct();
18     }
19 }
20 ?>
```

Step 2. Add the following code to the end of con_des.php file:

```
$obj1 = new SubClass();
```

Run and give comments.

Step 3. Add the following code to the end of con_des.php file:

```
$obj2 = new BaseClass();
```

Run and give comments.

5.3. Counter – Static member

Step 1. Counter.php

```
1 <?php
2 class Counter {
3     private static $count = 0;
4     const VERSION = 2.0;
5
6     function __construct()
7     {
8         self::$count++;
9     }
10
11    function __destruct()
12    {
13        self::$count--;
14    }
15
16    static function getCount()
17    {
18        return self::$count;
19    }
20 }
21
22 $c1 = new Counter;
23 print($c1->getCount() . "<br>\n");
24
25 $c2 = new Counter();
26 print(Counter::getCount() . "<br>\n");
27
28 $c2 = NULL;
29
30 print($c1->getCount() . "<br>\n");
31 print("Version used: " . Counter::VERSION . "<br>\n");
32 ?>
```

Step 2. Run

```
1
2
1
Version used: 2
```

5.4. Object Cloning

Step 1. ObjectCloning.php

```
<?php
class ObjectTracker {
    private static $nextSerial = 0;
    private $id, $name;

    function __construct($name) {
        $this->name = $name;
        $this->id = ++self::$nextSerial;
    }

    function __clone() {
        $this->name = "Clone of $this->name";
        $this->id = ++self::$nextSerial;
    }

    function getId() {
        return($this->id);
    }

    function getName() {
        return($this->name);
    }

    function setName($name) {
        $this->name = $name;
    }
}

$ot = new ObjectTracker("Zeev's Object");
$ot2 = clone $ot; $ot2->setName("Another object");

//1 Zeev's Object
print($ot->getId() . " " . $ot->getName() . "<br>");

//2 Clone of Zeev's Object
print($ot2->getId() . " " . $ot2->getName() . "<br>");
?>
```

Step 2. Run

```
1 Zeev's Object
2 Another object
```

Step 3. Modify ObjectCloning.php

Do not use clone but using = operator to assign ot to ot2. Observe the result and give comments.

5.5. Overloading

Step 1. AttributeOverloading.php

```
1 <?php
2 class PropertyTest {
3     /** Location for overloaded data. */
4     private $data = array();
5
6     /** Overloading not used on declared properties. */
7     public $declared = 1;
8
9     /** Overloading only used on this when accessed outside the class. */
10    private $hidden = 2;
11
12    public function __set($name, $value) {
13        echo "Setting '$name' to '$value'\n";
14        $this->data[$name] = $value;
15    }
16
17    public function __get($name) {
18        echo "Getting '$name'\n";
19        if (array_key_exists($name, $this->data)) {
20            return $this->data[$name];
21        }
22
23        $trace = debug_backtrace();
24        trigger_error(
25            'Undefined property via __get(): ' . $name .
26            ' in ' . $trace[0]['file'] .
27            ' on line ' . $trace[0]['line'],
28            E_USER_NOTICE);
29        return null;
30    }
31
32    /** As of PHP 5.1.0 */
33    public function __isset($name) {
34        echo "Is '$name' set?\n";
35        return isset($this->data[$name]);
36    }
37
38    /** As of PHP 5.1.0 */
39    public function __unset($name) {
40        echo "Unsetting '$name'\n";
41        unset($this->data[$name]);
42    }
43
44    /** Not a magic method, just here for example. */
45    public function getHidden() {
46        return $this->hidden;
47    }
48 }
49
50
51 echo "<pre>\n";
52
53 $obj = new PropertyTest;
54
55 $obj->a = 1;
56 echo $obj->a . "\n\n";
57
58 var_dump(isset($obj->a));
59 unset($obj->a);
60 var_dump(isset($obj->a));
61 echo "\n";
```

```

62
63 echo $obj->declared . "\n\n";
64
65 echo "Let's experiment with the private property named 'hidden':\n";
66 echo "Privates are visible inside the class, so __get() not used...\n";
67 echo $obj->getHidden() . "\n";
68 echo "Privates not visible outside of class, so __get() is used...\n";
69 echo $obj->hidden . "\n";
70 ?>

```

Step 2. Run

```

Setting 'a' to '1'
Getting 'a'
1

Is 'a' set?
bool(true)
Unsetting 'a'
Is 'a' set?
bool(false)

1

Let's experiment with the private property named 'hidden':
Privates are visible inside the class, so __get() not used...
2
Privates not visible outside of class, so __get() is used...
Getting 'hidden'

```

Step 3. MethodOverloading.php

```

1
2 <?php
3 class MethodTest {
4     public function __call($name, $arguments) {
5         // Note: value of $name is case sensitive.
6         echo "Calling object method '$name' "
7             . implode(', ', $arguments). "<br>";
8     }
9
10    /** As of PHP 5.3.0 */
11    public static function __callStatic($name, $arguments) {
12        // Note: value of $name is case sensitive.
13        echo "Calling static method '$name' "
14            . implode(', ', $arguments). "<br>";
15    }
16 }
17
18 $obj = new MethodTest;
19 $obj->runTest('in object context');
20
21 MethodTest::runTest('in static context'); // As of PHP 5.3.0
22 ?>

```

Step 4. Run

```

Calling object method 'runTest' in object context
Calling static method 'runTest' in static context

```

5.6. Abstract methods and abstract classes

Step 1. Shape.php (New Class)

```
1 <?php
2 //abstract root class
3 abstract class Shape
4 {
5     abstract function getArea();
6 }
7 ?>
```

Step 2. Polygon.php (New Class)

```
1 <?php
2 include "Shape.php";
3 //abstract child class
4 abstract class Polygon extends Shape
5 {
6     abstract function getNumberOfSides();
7 }
```

Step 3. Triangle.php (New Class)

```
3 require "Polygon.php";
4 //concrete class
5 class Triangle extends Polygon
6 {
7     public $base;
8     public $height;
9
10    public function getArea()
11    {
12        return(($this->base * $this->height)/2);
13    }
14
15    public function getNumberOfSides()
16    {
17        return(3);
18    }
19 }
```

Step 4. Rectangle.php (New Class)

```
3 require "Polygon.php";
4 //concrete class
5 class Rectangle extends Polygon
6 {
7     public $width;
8     public $height;
9
10    public function getArea()
11    {
12        return($this->width * $this->height);
13    }
14
15    public function getNumberOfSides()
16    {
17        return(4);
18    }
19 }
```

Step 5. Circle.php (New Class)

```
3 require "Shape.php";
4 //concrete class
5 class Circle extends Shape
6 {
7     public $radius;
8
9     public function getArea()
10    {
11        return(pi() * $this->radius * $this->radius);
12    }
13 }
```

Step 6. Color.php

```
3 //concrete root class
4 class Color
5 {
6     public $name;
7 }
```

Step 7. Test_Shape.php

```
1 <?php
2
3 $myCollection = array();
4
5 //make a rectangle
6 $r = new Rectangle;
7 $r->width = 5;
8 $r->height = 7;
9 $myCollection[] = $r;
10 unset($r);
11
12 //make a triangle
13 $t = new Triangle;
14 $t->base = 4;
15 $t->height = 5;
16 $myCollection[] = $t;
17 unset($t);
18
19 //make a circle
20 $c = new Circle;
21 $c->radius = 3;
22 $myCollection[] = $c;
23 unset($c);
24
25 //make a color
26 $c = new Color;
27 $c->name = "blue";
28 $myCollection[] = $c;
29 unset($c);
30
```



```

31     foreach($myCollection as $s)
32     {
33         if($s instanceof Shape)
34         {
35             print("Area: " . $s->getArea() .
36                 "<br>\n");
37         }
38
39         if($s instanceof Polygon)
40         {
41             print("Sides: " .
42                 $s->getNumberOfSides() .
43                 "<br>\n");
44         }
45
46         if($s instanceof Color)
47         {
48             print("Color: $s->name<br>\n");
49         }
50
51         print("<br>\n");
52     }
53
54     ?>

```

Step 8. Add autoloading class scripts at the beginning of Test_Shape.php so that when running Test_Shape.php; it gives the following result:

Area: 35

Sides: 4

Area: 10

Sides: 3

Area: 28.274333882308

Color: blue

Step 9. Try to use namespace for each class.

5.7. ClassIntrospection.php

```

1  <?php
2  function display_classes ( ) {
3      $classes = get_declared_classes( );
4      foreach($classes as $class) {
5          echo "Showing information about $class<br />";
6
7          echo "$class methods:<br />";
8          $methods = get_class_methods($class);
9          if(!count($methods)) {
10             echo "<i>None</i><br />";
11         }
12         else {
13             foreach($methods as $method) {
14                 echo "<b>$method</b> ( )<br />";
15             }
16         }
17     }

```

```

18     echo "$class properties:<br />";
19     $properties = get_class_vars($class);
20     if(!count($properties)) {
21         echo "<i>None</i><br />";
22     }
23     else {
24         foreach(array_keys($properties) as $property) {
25             echo "<b>\$$property</b><br />";
26         }
27     }
28
29     echo "<br />";
30 }
31 }
32
33 display_classes();
34
35 ?>

```

Showing information about stdClass

stdClass methods:

None

stdClass properties:

None

Showing information about Exception

Exception methods:

__construct()

getMessage()

getCode()

getFile()

getLine()

getTrace()

getPrevious()

getTraceAsString()

__toString()

Exception properties:

None

Showing information about ErrorException

ErrorException methods:

__construct()

getSeverity()

getMessage()

getCode()

getFile()

getLine()

getTrace()

getPrevious()

getTraceAsString()

Done

5.8. ObjectInstrospection.php

```
1 <?php
2 // return an array of callable methods (include inherited methods)
3 function get_methods($object) {
4     $methods = get_class_methods(get_class($object));
5
6     if(get_parent_class($object)) {
7         $parent_methods = get_class_methods(get_parent_class($object));
8         $methods = array_diff($methods, $parent_methods);
9     }
10
11     return $methods;
12 }
13
14 // return an array of inherited methods
15 function get_inherited_methods($object) {
16     $methods = get_class_methods(get_class($object));
17
18     if(get_parent_class($object)) {
19         $parent_methods = get_class_methods(get_parent_class($object));
20         $methods = array_intersect($methods, $parent_methods);
21     }
22
23     return $methods;
24 }
25
26 // return an array of superclasses
27 function get_lineage($object) {
28     if(get_parent_class($object)) {
29         $parent = get_parent_class($object);
30         $parent_object = new $parent;
31
32         $lineage = get_lineage($parent_object);
33         $lineage[] = get_class($object);
34     }
35     else {
36         $lineage = array(get_class($object));
37     }
38
39     return $lineage;
40 }
41
42 // return an array of subclasses
43 function get_child_classes($object) {
44     $classes = get_declared_classes( );
45
46     $children = array( );
47     foreach($classes as $class) {
48         if (substr($class, 0, 2) == '__') {
49             continue;
50         }
51         if(get_parent_class($class) == get_class($object)) {
52             $children[] = $class;
53         }
54     }
55
56     return $children;
57 }
```

```

58
59 // display information on an object
60 function print_object_info($object) {
61     $class = get_class($object);
62     echo '<h2>Class</h2>';
63     echo "&<p>$class</p>";
64
65     echo '<h2>Inheritance</h2>';
66
67     echo '<h3>Parents</h3>';
68     $lineage = get_lineage($object);
69     array_pop($lineage);
70     echo count($lineage) ? ('<p>' . join(' -&gt; ', $lineage) . '</p>')
71         : '<i>None</i>';
72
73     echo '<h3>Children</h3>';
74     $children = get_child_classes($object);
75     echo '<p>' . (count($children) ? join(', ', $children)
76         : '<i>None</i>') . '</p>';
77
78     echo '<h2>Methods</h2>';
79     $methods = get_class_methods($class);
80     $object_methods = get_methods($object);
81     if(!count($methods)) {
82         echo "<i>None</i><br />";
83     }
84     else {
85         echo '<p>Inherited methods are in <i>italics</i>.</p>';
86         foreach($methods as $method) {
87             echo in_array($method, $object_methods) ? "<b>$method</b>( );<br />"
88                 : "<i>$method</i>( );<br />";
89         }
90     }
91
92     echo '<h2>Properties</h2>';
93     $properties = get_class_vars($class);
94     if(!count($properties)) {
95         echo "<i>None</i><br />";
96     }
97     else {
98         foreach(array_keys($properties) as $property) {
99             echo "<b>\$${property}</b> = " . $object->$property . '<br />';
100         }
101     }
102
103     echo '<br />';
104 }
105
106 class A {
107     var $foo = 'foo';
108     var $bar = 'bar';
109     var $baz = 17.0;
110
111     function first_function( ) { }
112     function second_function( ) { }
113 };
114
115 class B extends A {
116     var $quux = false;
117
118     function third_function( ) { }
119 };
120
121 class C extends B {
122

```

```

124     $a = new A;
125     $a->foo = 'sylvie';
126     $a->bar = 23;
127
128     $b = new B;
129     $b->foo = 'bruno';
130     $b->quux = true;
131
132     $c = new C;
133
134     print_object_info($a);
135     print_object_info($b);
136     print_object_info($c);
137     ?>

```

Result:

Class

A

Inheritance

Parents

None

Children

B

Methods

Inherited methods are in *italics*.

first_function();
second_function();

Properties

Sfoo = sylvie
Sbar = 23
Sbaz = 17

Class

5.9. Exercise

Represented as a UML diagram, the Page class is shown in the following figure:

Page
-page : string -title : string -year : int -copyright : string
-addHeader() : void +addContent(in content : string) : void -addFooter() : void +get() : string

Write classes and web pages to generate several different pages and save/display them in a web browser.